

ANSWER KEY

Stative Verbs

- dislike
- own
- know
- matter
- belong
- love
- want
- hate
- agree
- understand
- appear
- suppose
- need
- seem
- believe
- promise
- like
- imagine
- prefer
- sound

Dynamic Verbs

- walk
- watch
- paint
- swim
- drink
- bring
- wash
- Climb
- open
- Carry
- play
- COOK
- drive
- speak
- touch
- sleep
- run
- Cry
- read
 rest
- 1621

SUBJECT AND VERB AGREEMENT

1110

Fill in the blanks with the appropriate forms of the verbs in brackets.

1.There _____ (be) some butter on the plate but there _____ (be) no eggs left in the fridge.

2.One of my colleagues _____ (have) spoken to the boss about the promotions.

3.Judy and Cindy _____ (be) going to meet and do some shopping this Saturday.

4.Anny as well as her brother _____ (have) attended the university exam.

5.Each of my uncles _____ (want) to buy a big house with a garden in Newcastle.

6.Three of the doctors in this hospital _____ (have) gone abroad for a cruise holiday.

7.Not only my uncles but also my aunt Susan (be) coming to see me.

8.Rice and meatballs,my favourite dish _____ (be) being served in this restaurant.

9.A large number of students _____ (have) bought tickets for the rock concert.

10.Fifteen days _____ (be) not a long time for a camping holiday.

11.Physics _____ (be) the most difficult subject at highschool.

12.The doctor and the patient's parents both _____ (expect) an improvement.

13.Richard _____ (have) always been one of my best students.

14.It is James not Peter and George that _____ (want) to be a student at Harvard University.

15.The Petersons' dog _____ (bark) whenever I pass in front of their house.

16.A great amount of money _____ (be) needed for the new conference hall.

17.Raising cattles _____ (have) always been the most popular occupation in the country.

18.Somebody _____ (have) telephoned and asked for you.I told him that you were out.

19.Of all the carpenters in the town, Chris . (do) the best work.

Circle the correct verbs in brackets so that there is an agreement between the subject and verbs.

- **1.Everybody (has,have) finished the race.**
- 2.Sandy (get,gets) up early on weekdays.
- **3.Some of the students (is, are) reading books.**

4.Peter as well as Tom (has,have) attended the meeting.

5.The Johnsons (is,are) moving to Darlington next month.

6.Each of the students (is-are) interested in photography club's activities.

7.The teacher and his son (has-have) come to the school trip.

8. 80% of teenagers (want-wants) to run their own business.

9.The members of the parliament but not the president (has-have) agreed on the project.

10.It is Brian not the other boys that (has-have) finished reading the story.

11.It is not the teachers but the school director who (agree-agrees) with cutting down the huge tree in the school garden.

12.Twenty plus forty-eight (is-are) sixty-eight.

13.A pair of sunglasses (is-are) just for £10 here in this new shopping center.

14.There (is-are) no apples left in the fridge. Can you buy a few kilos?

15.There (is-are) no milk in the bottle.I will drink orange juice then.

16.Neither of the schoolboys (was-were) tired after a two hour football match.

17.Somebody (has-have) stolen my purse.lt was on the table but I can't find it now.

18.Mary (don't-doesn't) know how to play the flute.

19.The timetable for the tournament matches (has-have) been changed because of the harsh weather conditions.

20.A high percentage of the people (was-were) sleeping when the eathquake happened.

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SUBJECT VERB AGREEMENT MULTIPLE CHO		
Circle the correct answer and fill in the blanks		
Everyone finished reading the Sither my uncle or my		
fairy tale.	grandparents going	
a) has b) have	to buy me a laptop.	
Some of the students left the	a) is b) are	
classroom for lunch.	16) either your brothers or	
a) has b) have	mother going to buy a new flat?	
3 Nobody come for the party yet.We're	a) is b) are	
still waiting.	17) Six times five divided by two fifteen.	
a) has b) have	a) is b) are	
Somebody spilt tea on the table	13) Three fifths of all the money already	
cloth.	been spent.	
a) has b) have	a) has b) have	
Since the second sec	1 9) Some of the children in the playground	
the meeting at the weekend.	playing hide and seek.	
a) are b) is	a) is b) are	
Neither of the two students in the	20) One fifth of the corn field destroyed	
library now.	by the grasshoppers.	
a) is b) are	a) was b) were	
A pair of jeans in the bathroom.	The students but not their teacher	
a) is b) are	decided to go for a picnic.	
My glasses on the table this morning.	a) has b) have	
a) was b) were	Half of the soldiers marching through	
Mathematics considered to be a	the mountains.	
difficult school subject among students.	a) was b) were	
a) is b) are	23) Somebody left his car in front of mine.	
10) Five and seven twelve.	l can't go anywhere.	
a) is b) are	a) has b) have	
 It's not the teachers but the director of the 	24) Some of the fruit cake gone.	
school who on the course schedule.	a) is b) are	
a) decide b) decides	 One of the women in the dance hall just fainted. a) has b) have 	
12) Forty percent of the milk been sold		
since the morning.		
a) has b) have	26) either your aunts or your mother at	
13) It is only Mike, not his classmates that	home at the moment?	
lunch in the classroom.	a) is b) are	
a) eat b) eats	The club meeting for the sixth time	
14) Everyone at the supermarket	this evening.	
looking for the missing girl.	a) is b) are	
a) was b) were	Here two pencils for you.	
Convright @ 2012, on dishu	a) is b) are sheets.com. All rights reserved.	

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the meeting at the weekend.	playing hide and seek.				
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Convright @ 2012, or glight	a) is b) are				

SUBJECT VERBAGREEMENT GRAMMAR RULES

J If the subject is singular, the verb must be singular. If the subject is plural, the verb must be plural.

The boy is playing. (The boys are playing.

Je two or more singular subjects are connected with "or" or "nor", the verb must be singular.

Mollie or Linda is organising the music.

The verb must agree with the subject, not with the phrase between the subject and the verb.

One of the students is missing.

The students who read that story are few. The president, as well as members of parliment is ready for the elections. The man in brown shoes is running.

Some words end with "s" ,but they are actually singular, so you must use a singular verb after them. (mathematics, measles, news, phonetics)

The news is bad for all the family members. Phonetics is the study of sounds.

2) After the nouns like "trousers, pants, glasses, tweezers, shears, scissors, sunglasses, you must use a plural verb.

His glasses are cool, aren't they? Sally's trousers are made in Turkey. Your sunglasses really look perfect on you.

If the subject is a collective noun, you can use both a singular or a plural Verb depending on the meaning. If you are referring a collective nouns as a unit, then use a singular Verb. If you are referring the members instead, use a plural Verbs. The flock is migrating to the south. The orchestra plays only on special days. The orchestra are leaving the party. If two or more singular subjects are connected with "and", the verb must be plural.

The dog and the Cat are having lunch.

If the subjects include both singular and plural nouns connected with "or" or "nor", the verb must agree with the subject that is closer to it.

The Johnsons or Sue is Coming for dinner. Sue or Johnsons are Coming for dinner.

6 After the words "anybody,anyone, everybody,everyone,somebody,someone,nob ody,no one,each,each one,either,neither", you must use a singular verb. Everyone is Coming to the birthday party. Somebody is knocking the front door.

The word "money" is always singular and must be followed by a singular verb.When you use currencies " dollars,pounds,euros etc.", you may use a singular or plural noun depending on the meaning.If you are talking about the amount of money, you must use a singular verb.But if you are referring to the currency itself, you must use a plural verb.

A lot of money is needed for our school. Ten pounds is good for a weekly pocket money.

If the subject is singular and followed by some expressions like "with, including, accompanied by, in addition to, as well as", we use a singular verbs. If the subject is plural, we use a plural verb.

The teacher, as well as his students, is going to visit the museum.

The major, accompanied by his Children, is doing some shopping.

Those toys, including the red Car, are old.

ETHE SUBORD	INATE CLAUSE	
 1 he finished his homework he played his guitar and sang. a) although b) after c) so that d)uploss 	 9 reading novels James prefers reading short stories. a) even though b) provided that c) in order that d) rather than 	
c) so that d)unless	c) in order that d) rather than	
 2 Brenda washed the dishes , Asley dusted the furniture. a) while b) because c) unless d)in order that 	 10 you give my blue pencil back , I will go and talk to the teacher. a) even though b) because c) unless d) whereas 	
 3 it was raining heavily , she refused to get in the car.She was really angry. a) even if b) because c) so that d) although 	 11. Don't forget to check the electricity and gas you leave for your cruise holiday. a) after b) although c) unless d) before 	
4. Rachel decided to sunbathe on the beach the sand was yellow as gold.	 12. Sandra will never forgive you you apologise a thousand times. a) even if b) even though 	
a) wherever b) whereas	a) even if b) even though	
c) where d) whether	c) in order that d) rather than	
 5. My father will buy me a playstation I finish highschool. a) though b) why c) once d) whereas 	 c) in order that d) rather than 13. Take a taxi right now you can ge the meeting on time. a) so that b) provided that c) rather than d) whether 	
6. I will lend you my bicycle you	14. Mary says she doesn't know her	
promise to give it back before Thursday.	parents will move to Cambridge.	
a) even if b) provided that	a) while b) whether	
c) before d) until	c) because d) where	
7. Those t-shirts are both cheap and nice.You can buy you want.	15. Uncle Sammy has got three violins he doesn't know how to play them.	
a) whichever b) wherever	a) provided that b) unless	
c) whomever d) whoever	c) even though d) because	
8 comes first in the song contest will win the golden microphone.	16 people cut a lot of trees there won't be enough oxygen to breathe.	
a) whichever b) whoever	a) though b) even if	
c) whomever d) wherever	c) before d) if	

THE SUBORDINATE CLAUSE ANSWER KEY

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ALTHOUGH OR DESPITE ? EXPRESSING CONTRAST

Fill in the blanks with "although" or "despite" to complete the sentences



1. _____ Mrs.Parker does exercises every morning , she can't lose much weight.



5. _____ the heavy rain , there were a lot of people out in the city center yesterday.



9. _____ Pamela and Thomas were on a strict diet , they both had chocolate icecream.



13. _____ attending the course only a few times , Rose and Mark could dance perfectly.



2. _____ the terrible accident he had , Mr.Johnson only had a broken arm.



6. _____ Simon had only one toy , he was very happy to play with it.



10. _____ the loud music at the party last night , Fanny and Anny could talk to each other.



14. _____ Brian was very good at playing basketball , the coach didn't accept him for school team.



3. _____ there was no school and it was holiday , David woke up early in the morning.



7. _____ it's being small and expensive Mrs.Pearson decided to buy the house in Rose Street.



11. _____ his being hardworking and successful , the company didn't give him a promotion.



15. _____ working for long hours every day , William liked his job at the company.



4. _____ they shared everything as friends , they usually talked behind each other's back.



8. _____ Claire had a lot of homework to do , she talked to her friend all night.



12. _____ Steven can't see anything , he can find all the shops in the town alone.



16. _____ the bell for the lesson has already rung, Sue is still skipping rope in the school garden.

ALTHOUGH OR DESPITE ? EXPRESSING CONTRAST ANSWER KEY

Fill in the blanks with "although" or "despite" to complete the sentences



1. <u>Although</u> Mrs.Parker does exercises every morning , she can't lose much weight.



5. <u>Despite</u> the heavy rain , there were a lot of people out in the city center yesterday.



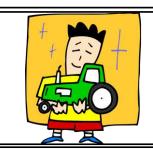
9. <u>Although</u> Pamela and Thomas were on a strict diet , they both had chocolate icecream.



13. <u>Despite</u> attending the course only a few times , Rose and Mark could dance perfectly.



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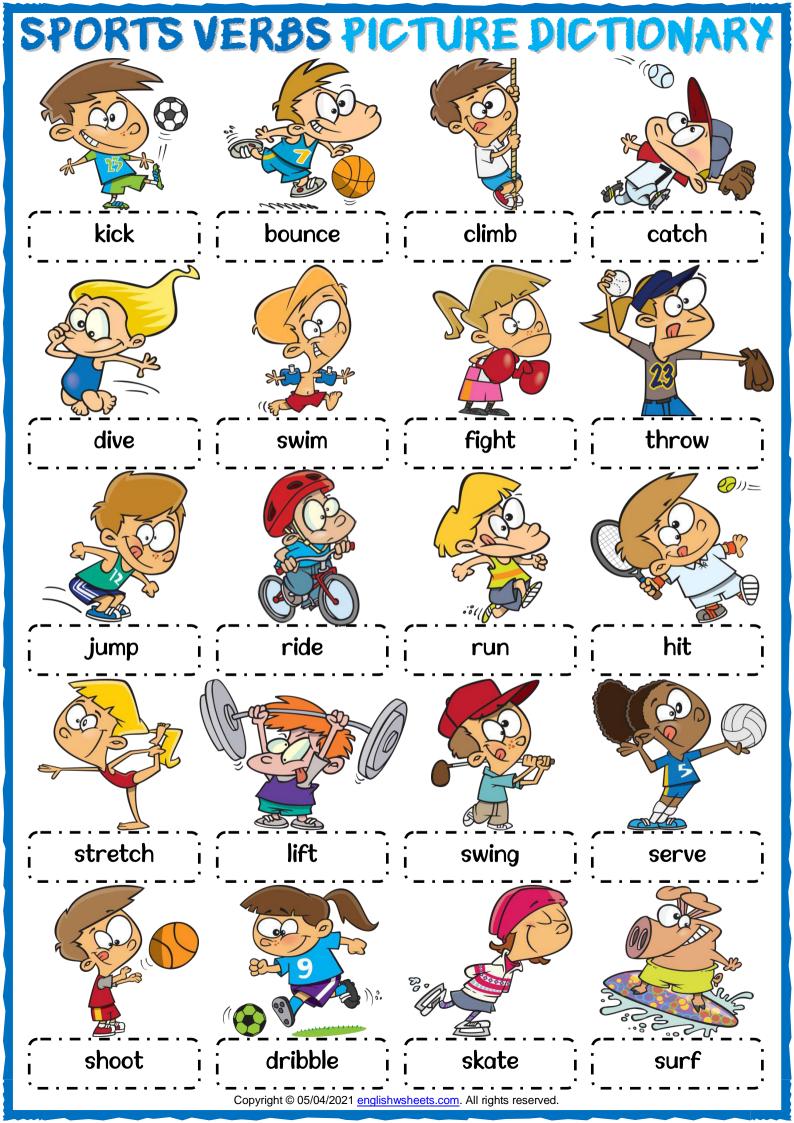
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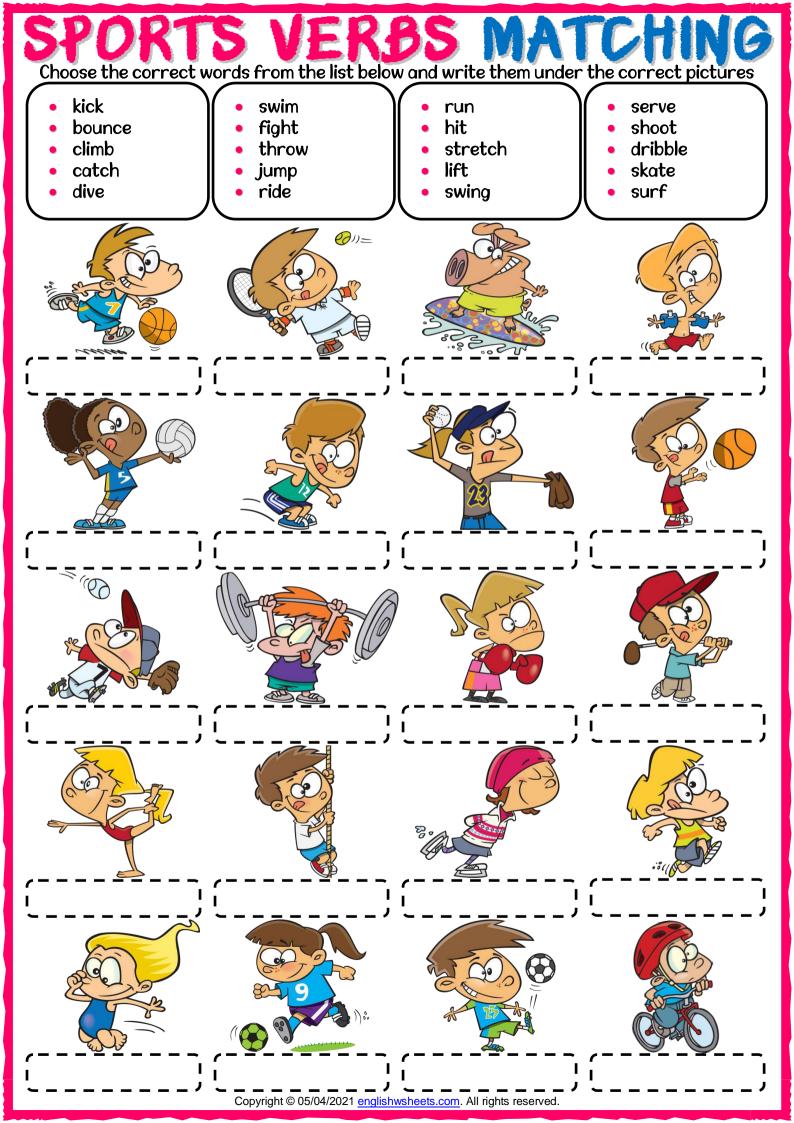


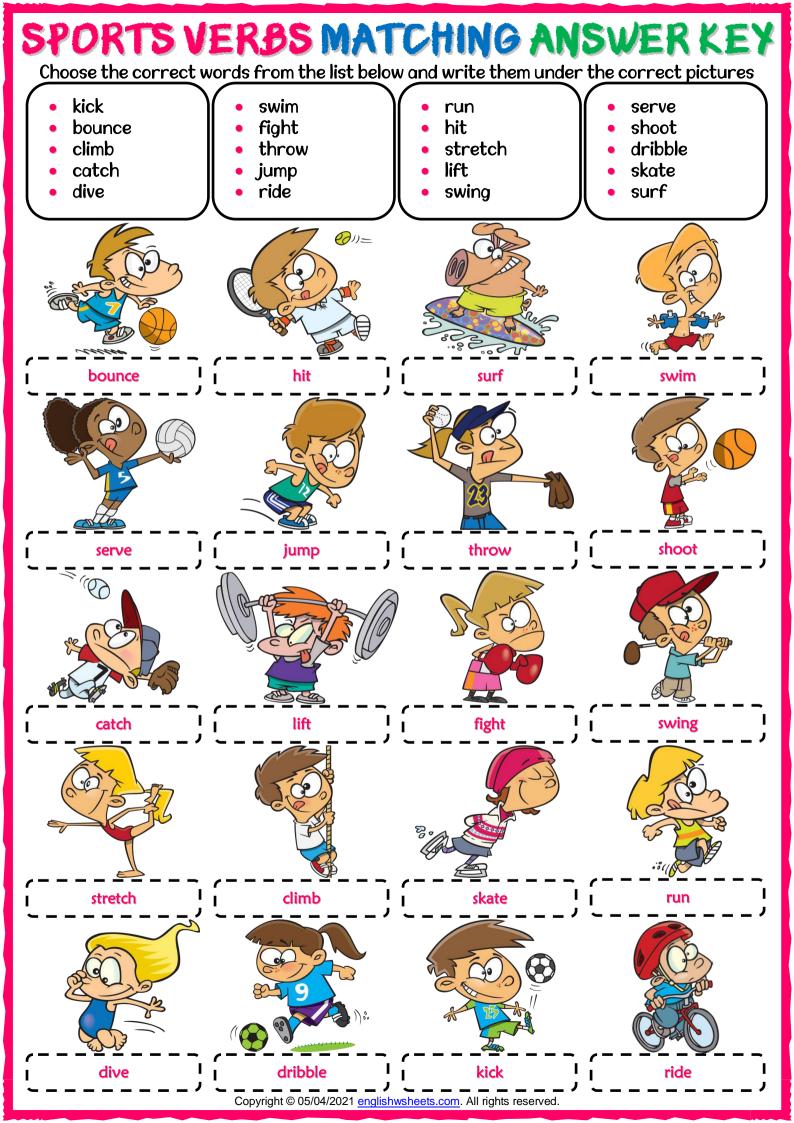
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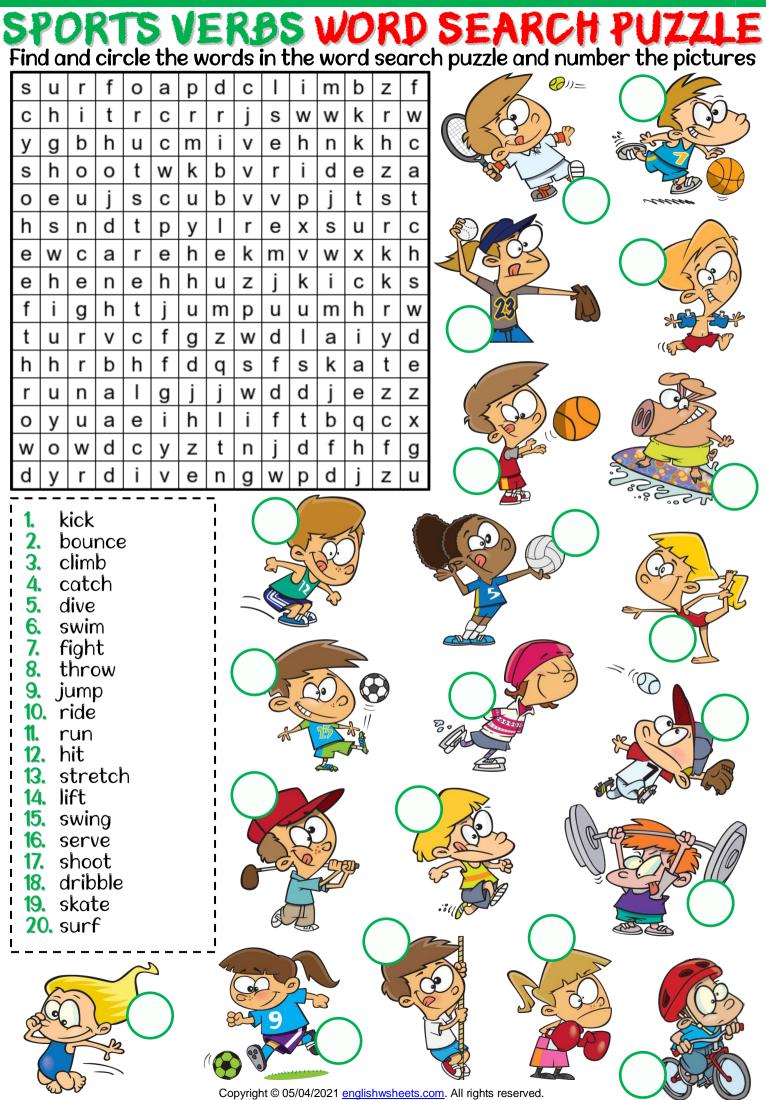


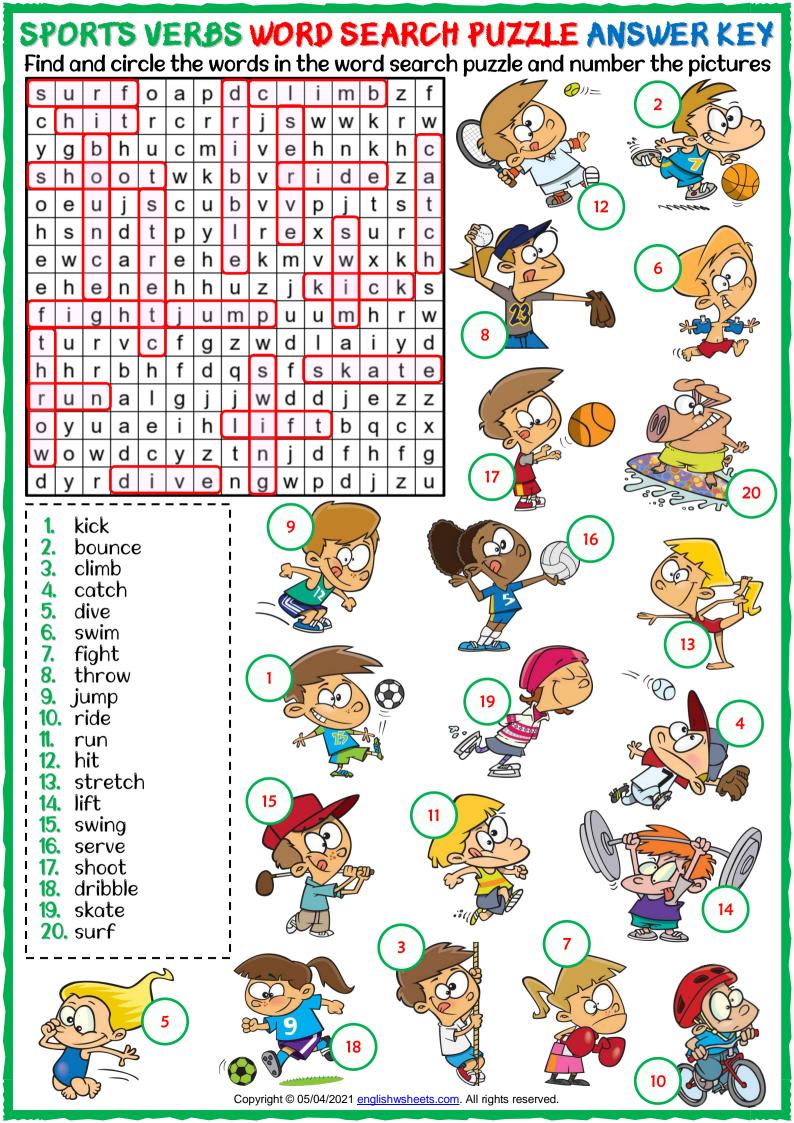
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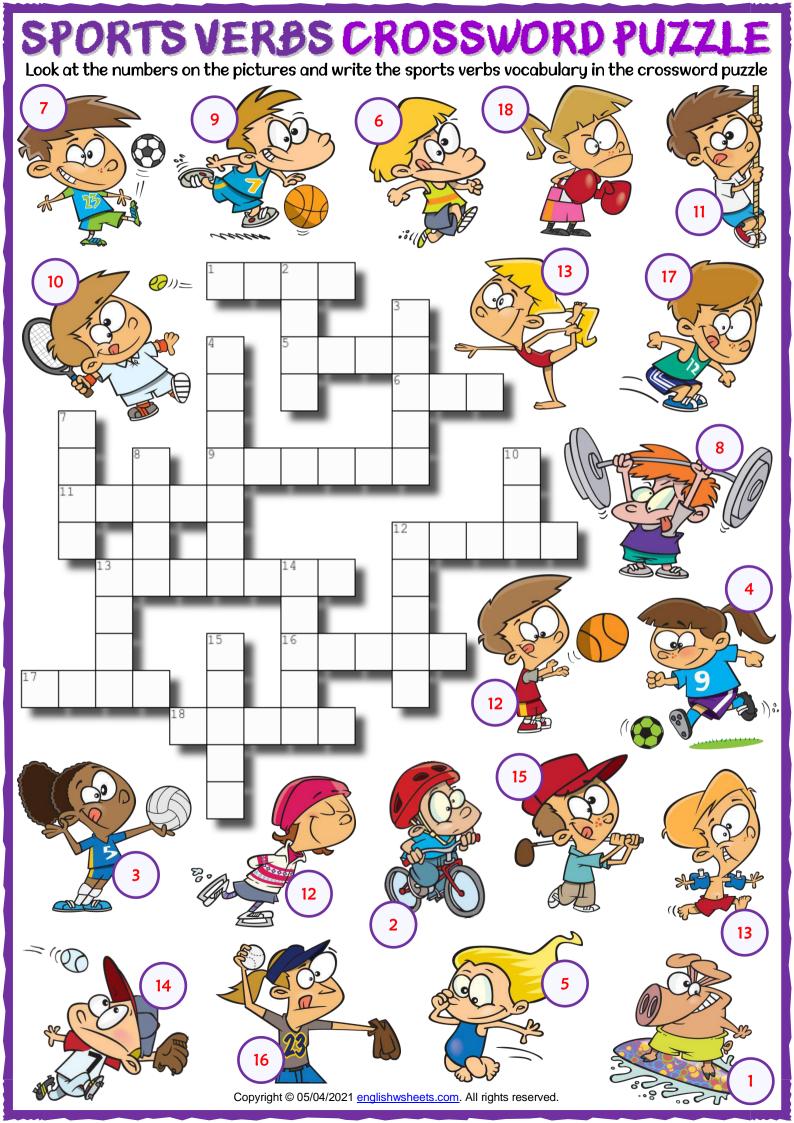












ANSWER KEY

Across

1. surf

5. dive

6. run

9. bounce

11. climb

12. skate

13. stretch

16. throw

17. jump

18. fight

Down

- 2. ride
- 3. serve
- 4. dribble

7. kick

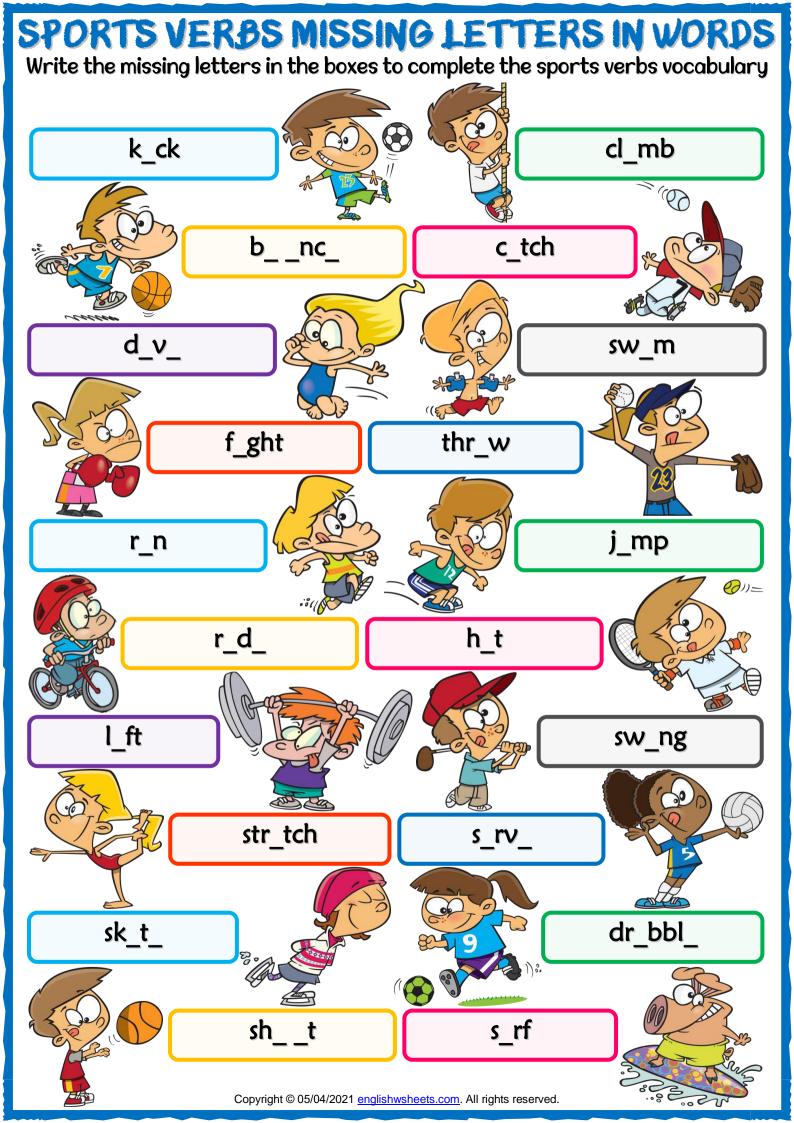
8. lift

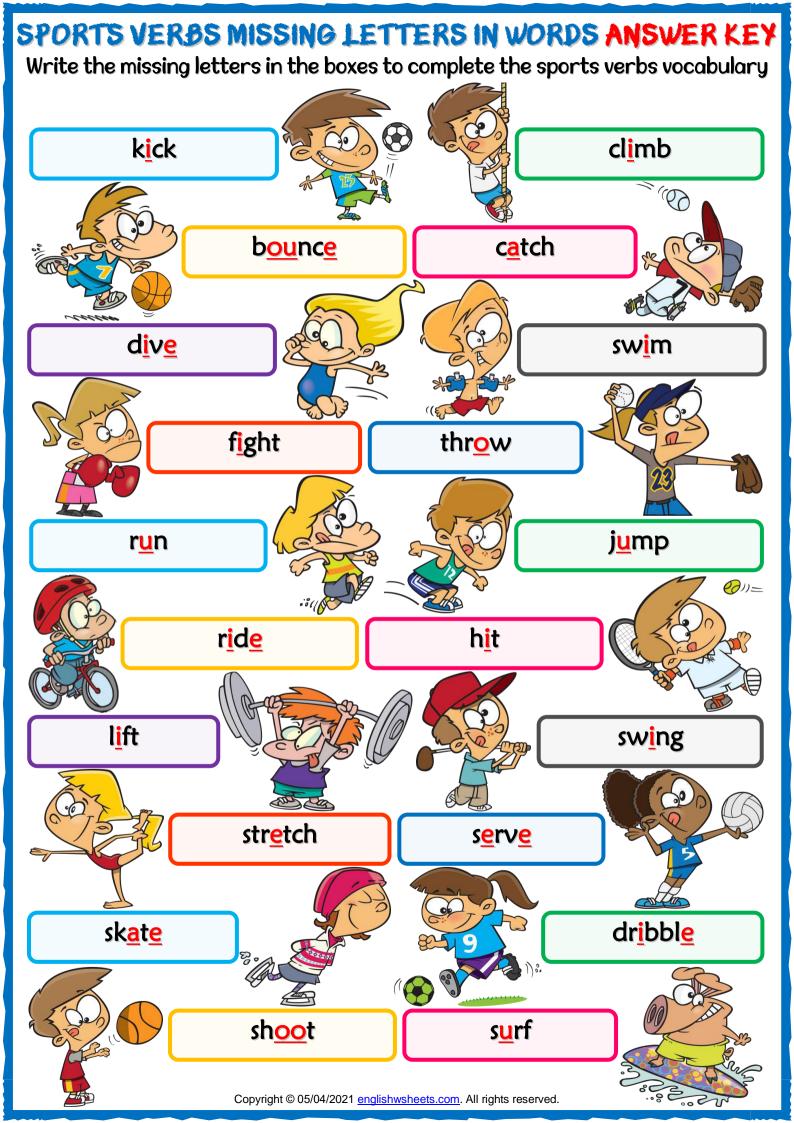
10. hit

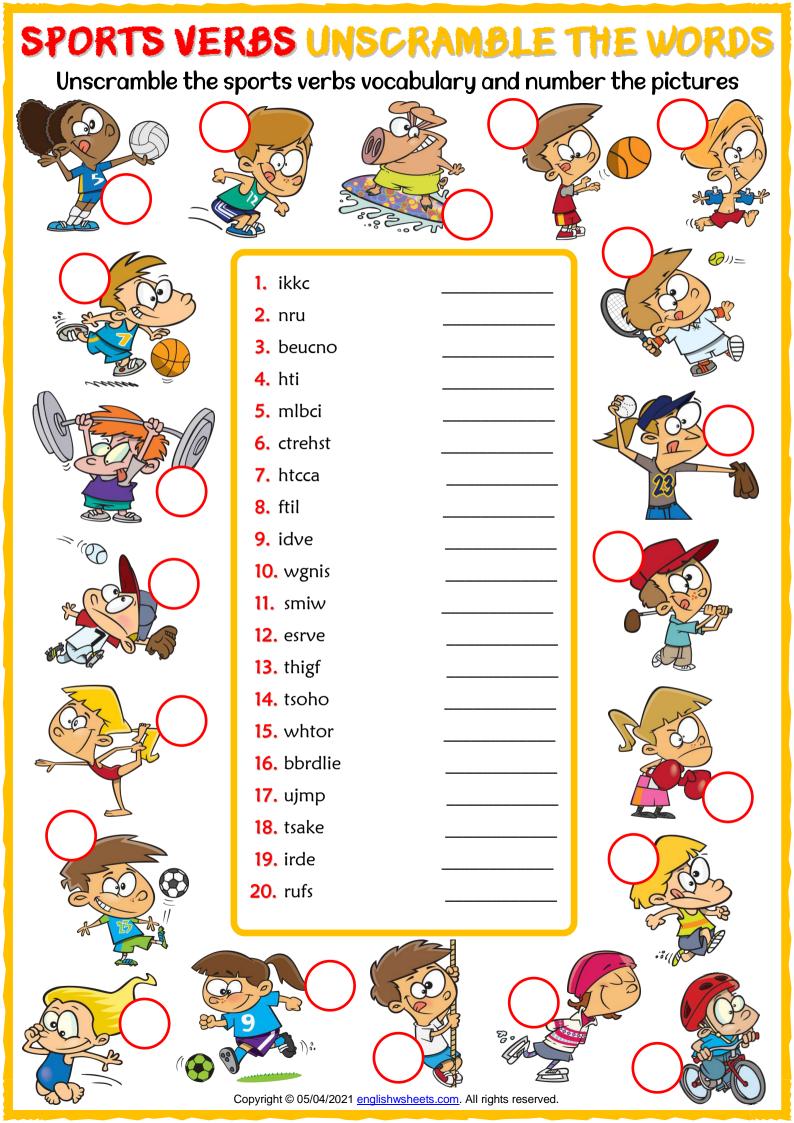
12. shoot

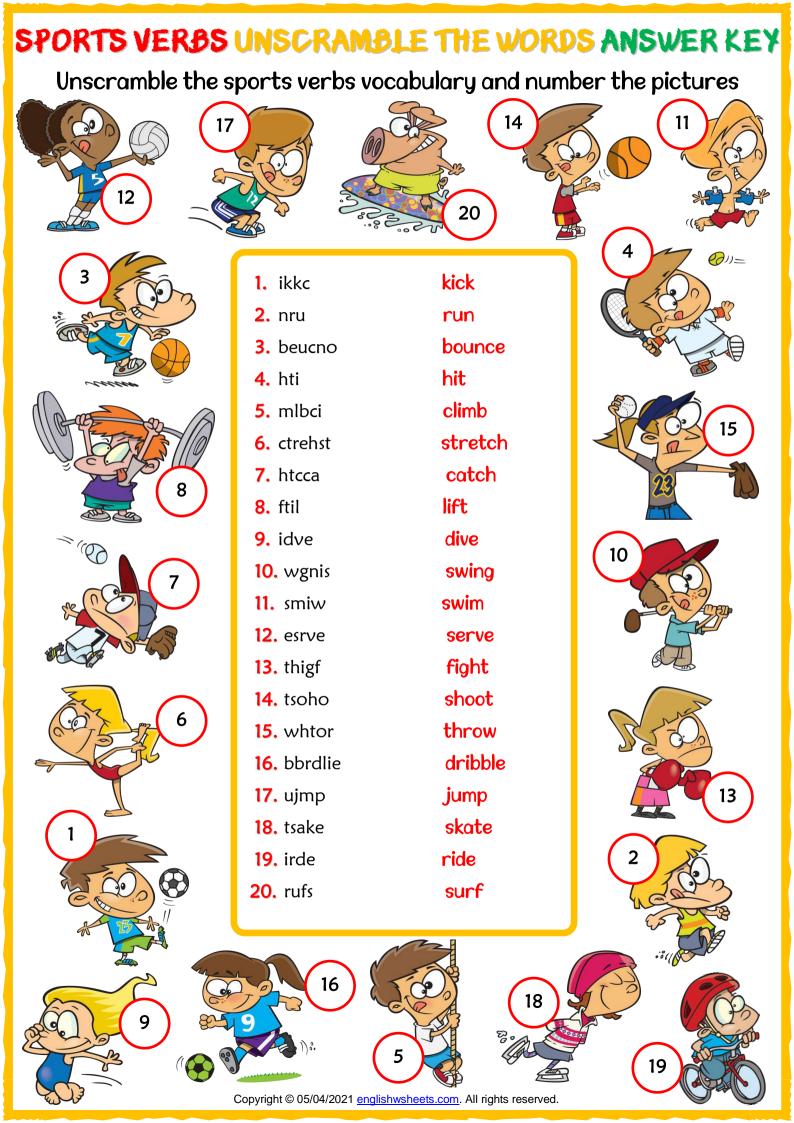
13. swim

- 14. catch
- 15. swing



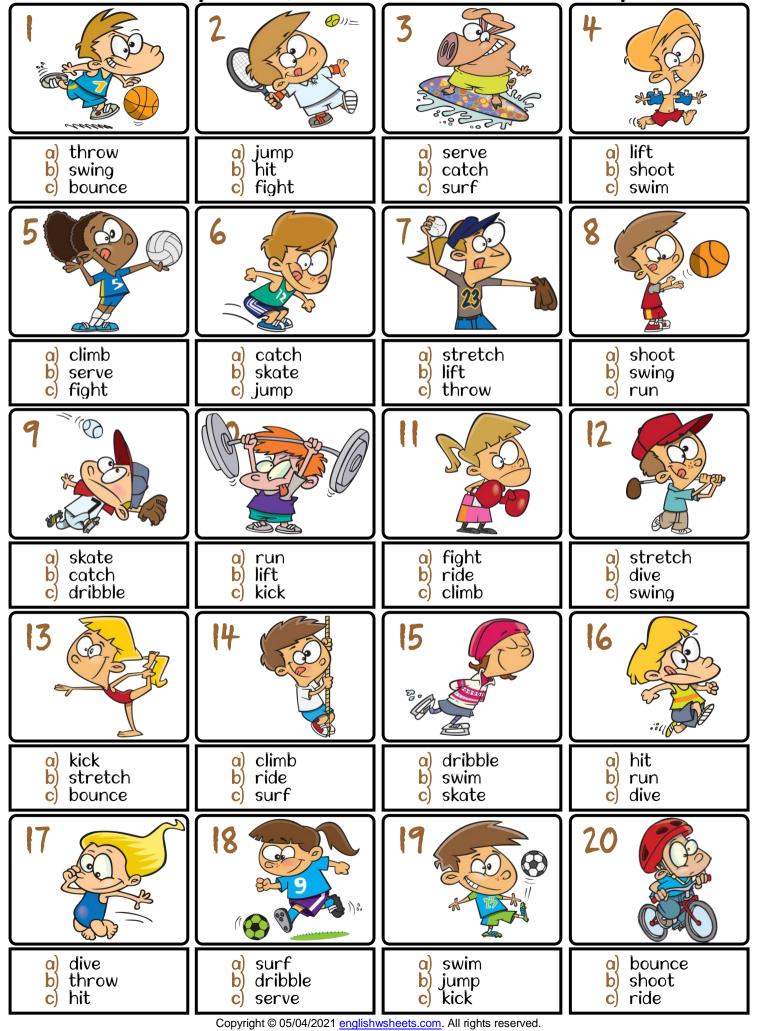






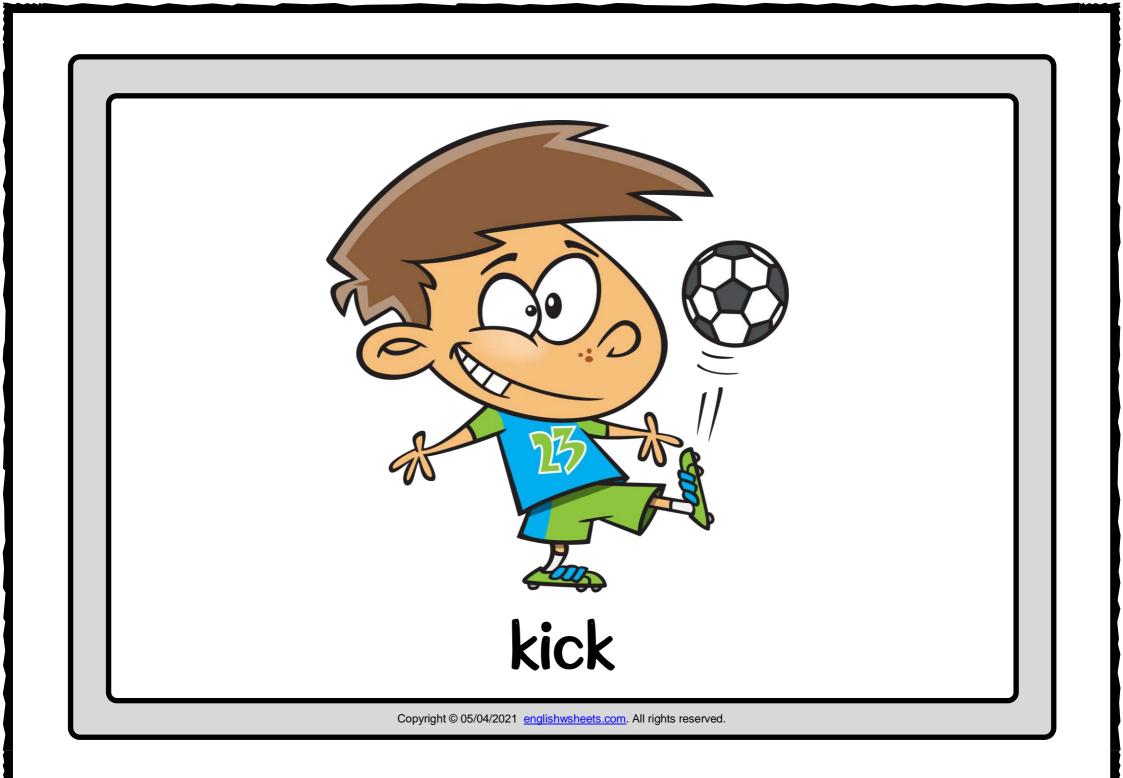
SPORTS VERBS MULTIPLE CHOICE TEST

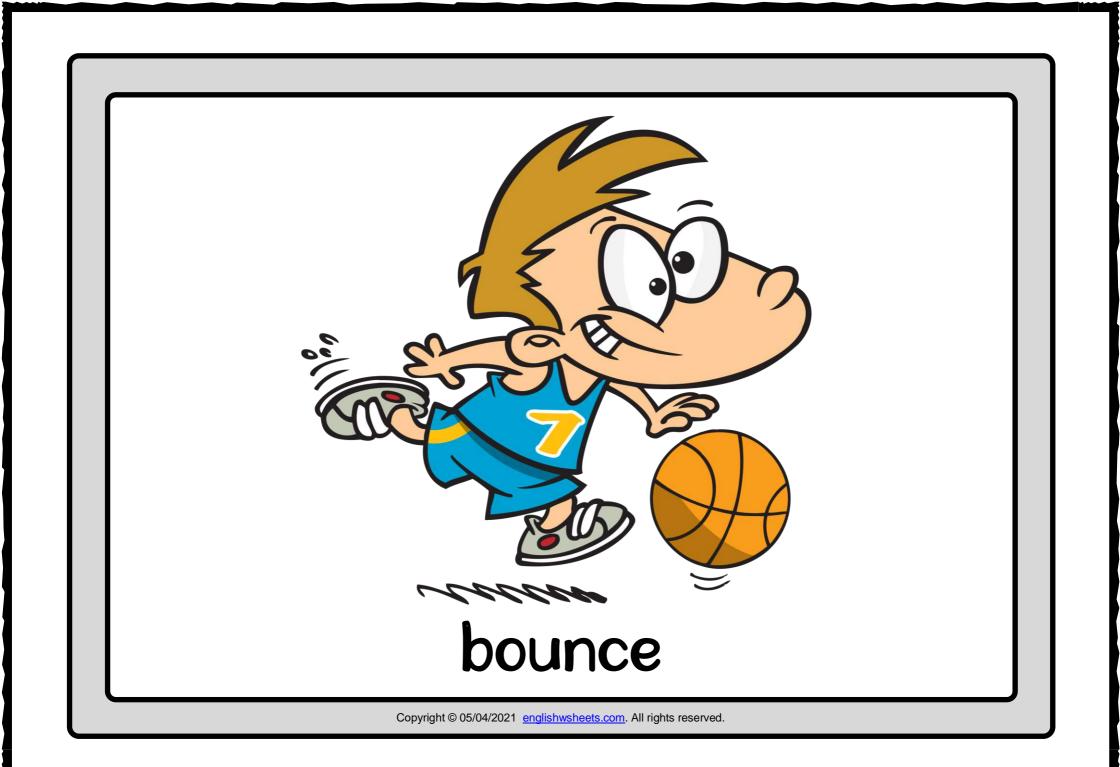
Look at the pictures, choose and circle the correct option.



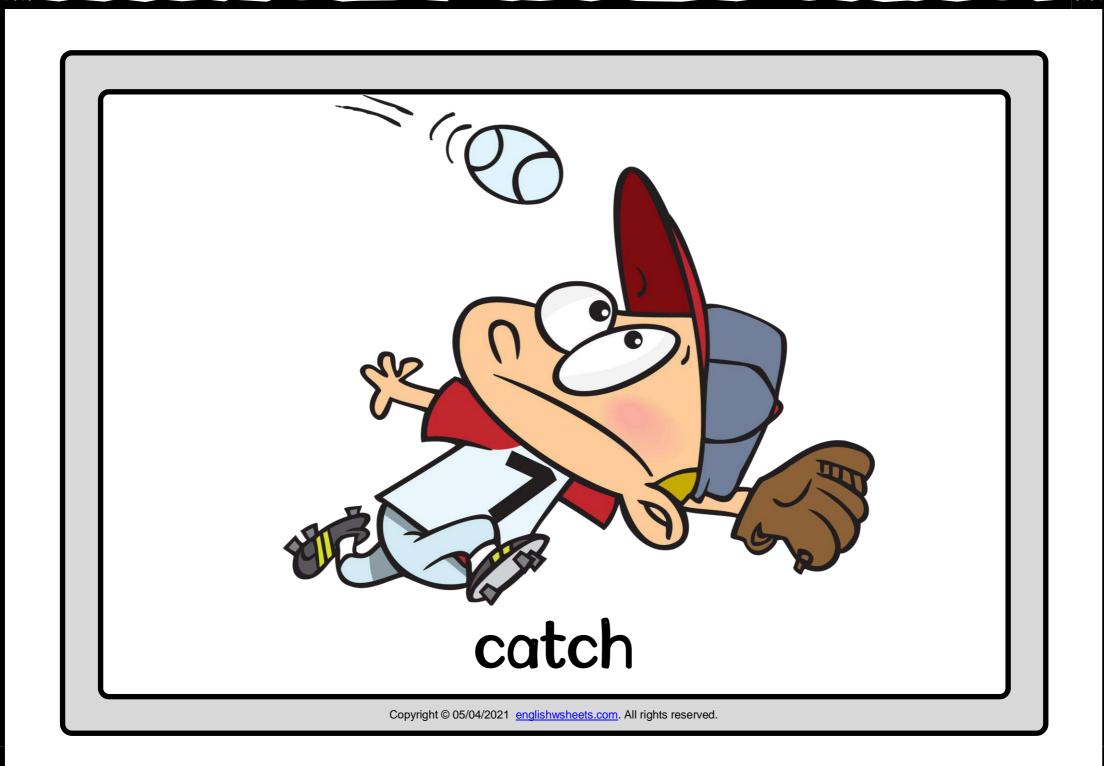
SPORTS VERBS MULTIPLE CHOICE TEST ANSWER KEY

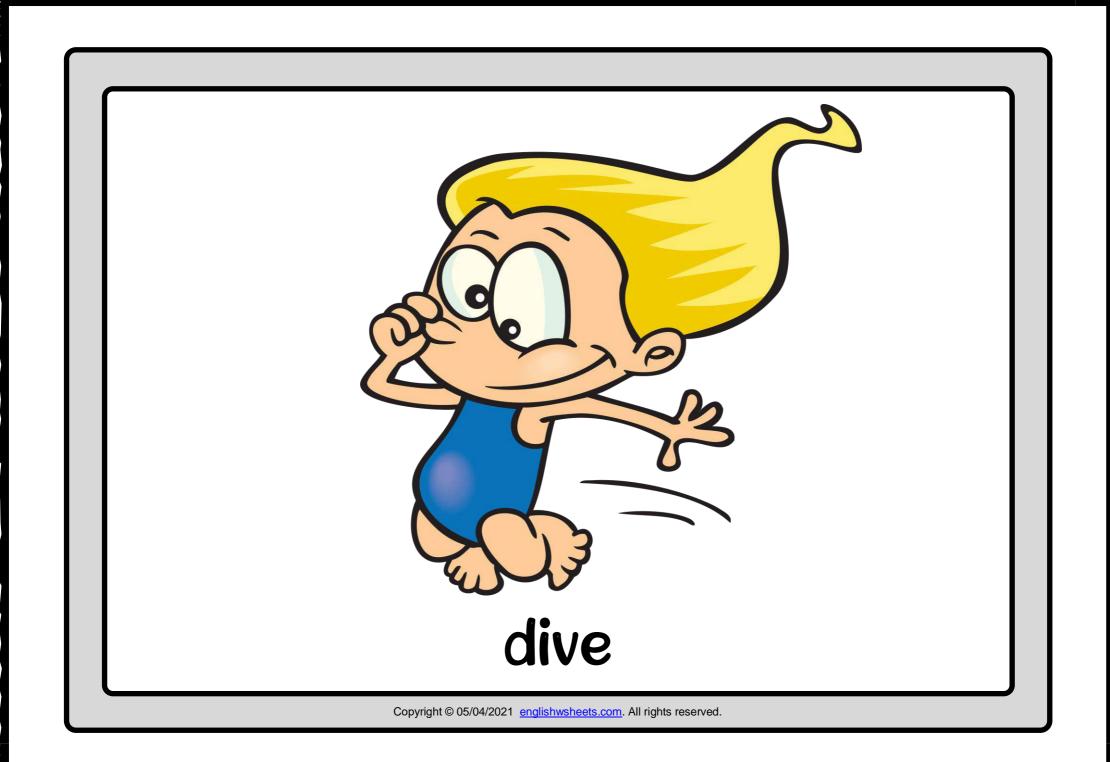
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1) c	
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<mark>3)</mark> c	
4) c	
<mark>5)</mark> b	
<mark>6)</mark> c	
7) c	
<mark>8)</mark> a	
<mark>9)</mark> b	
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12) c	
<mark>13)</mark> b	
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15) c	
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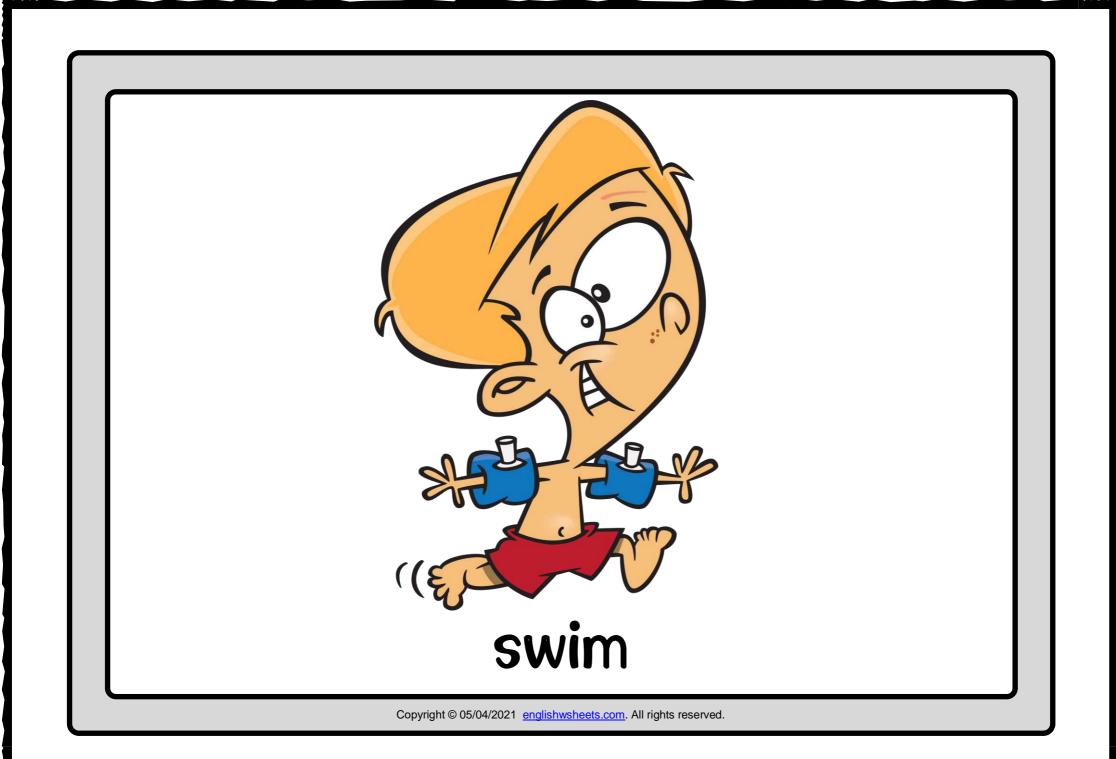


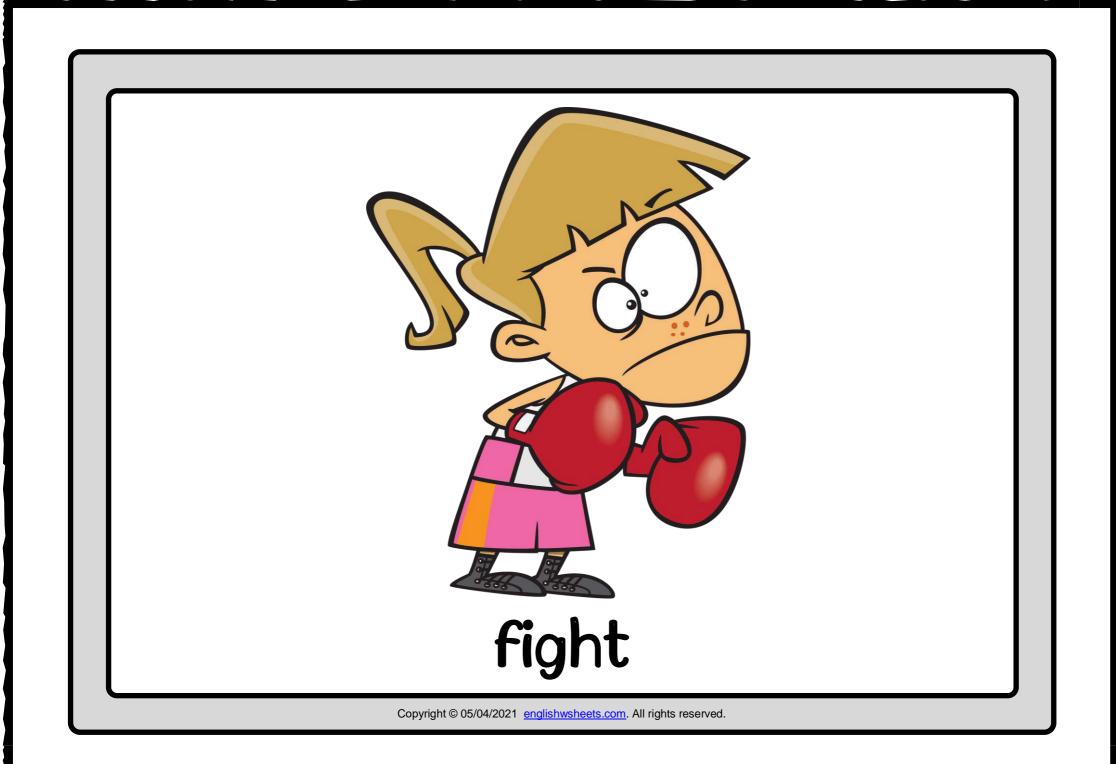




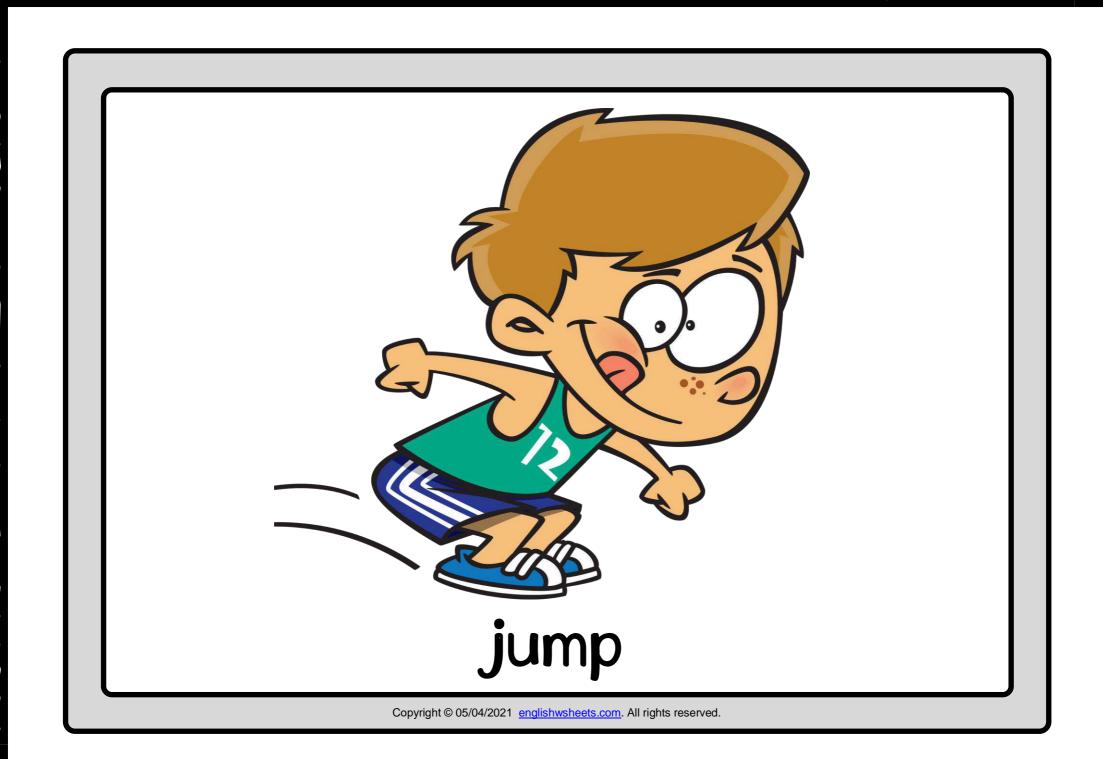


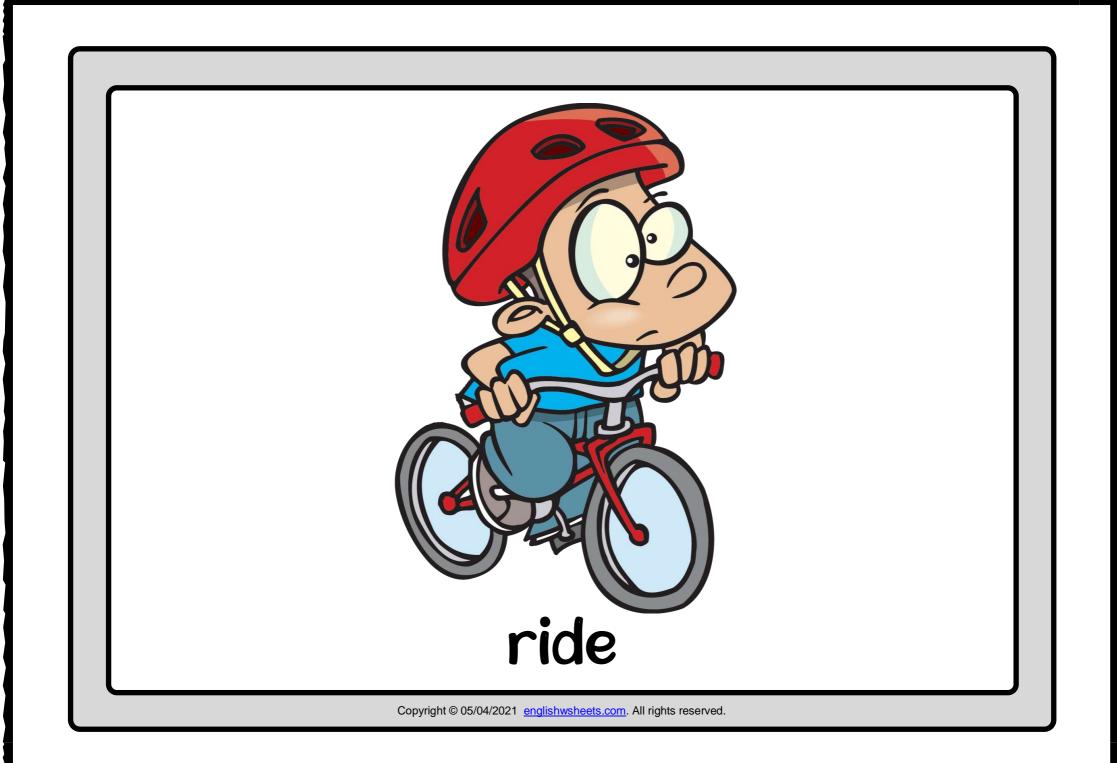


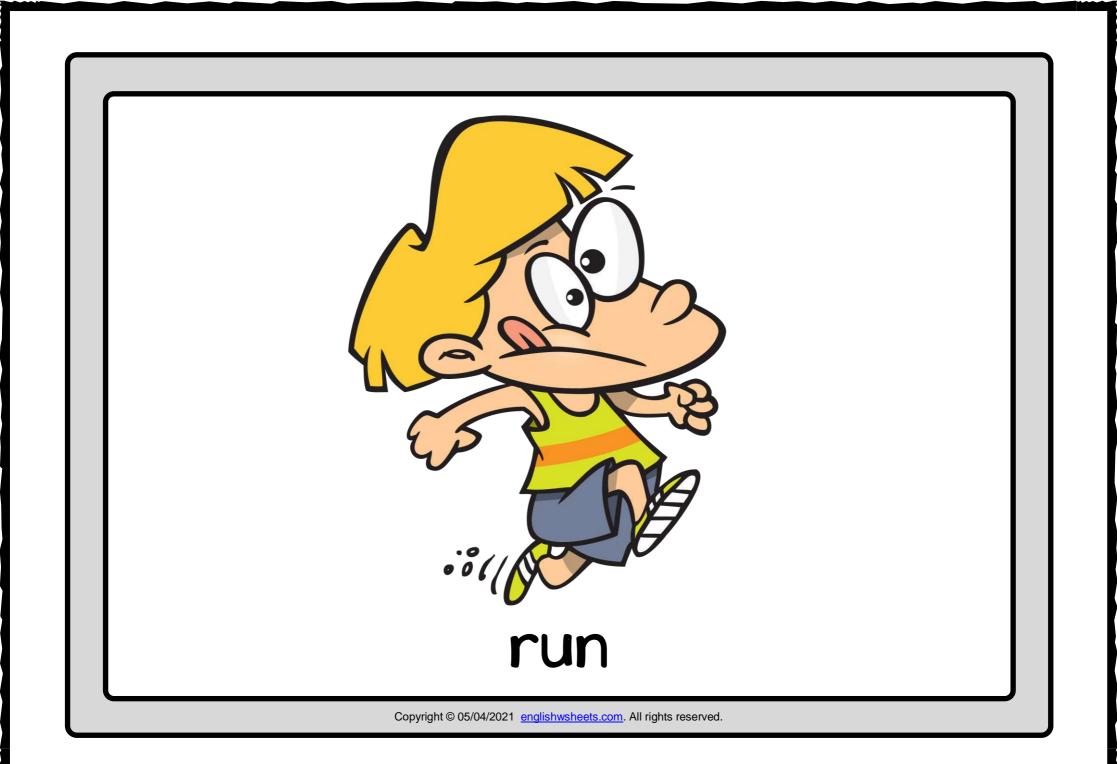


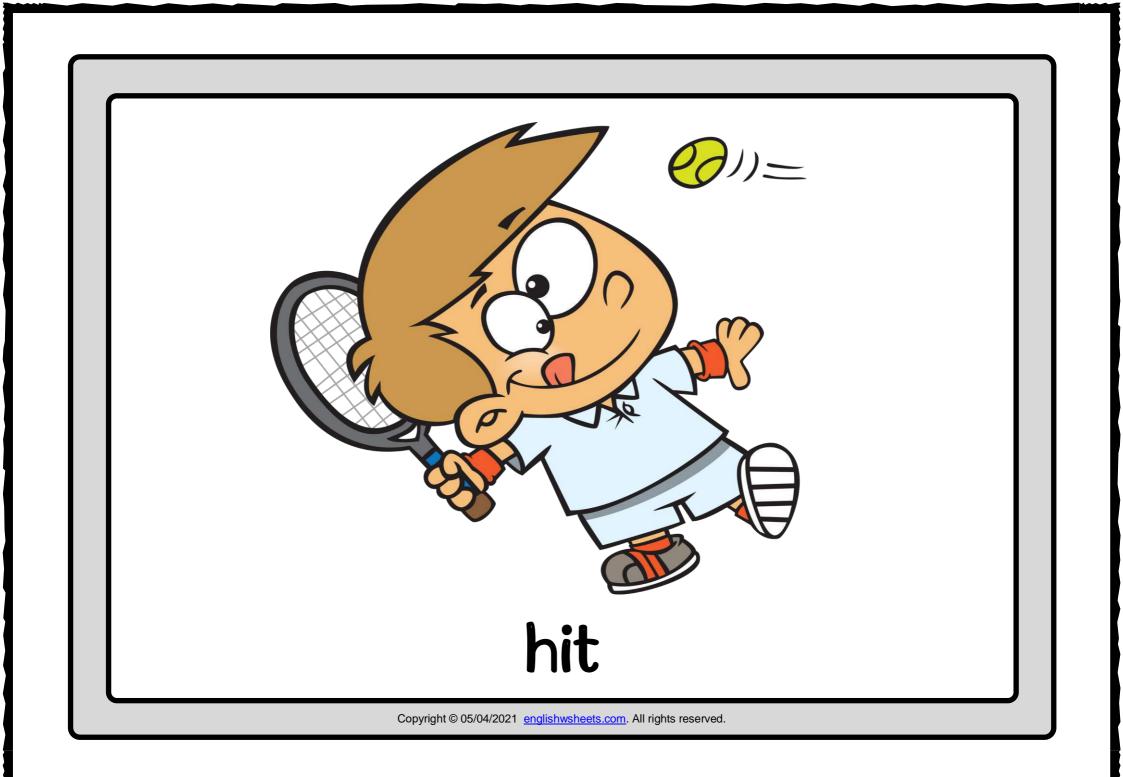


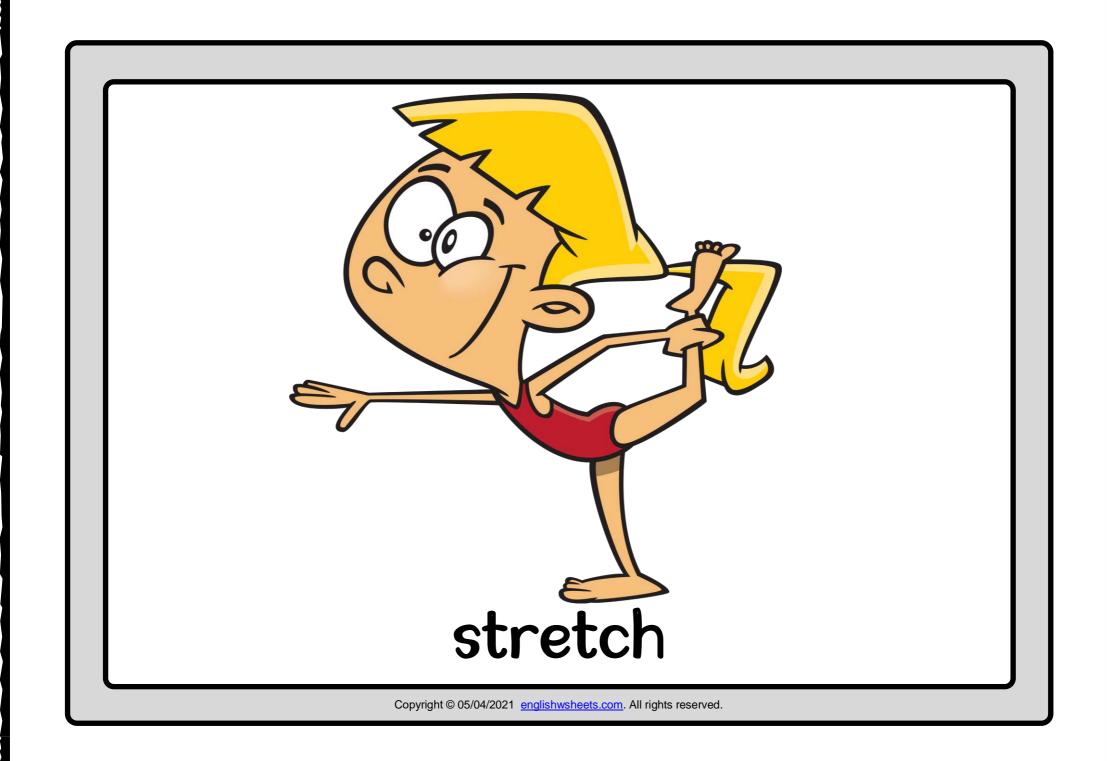


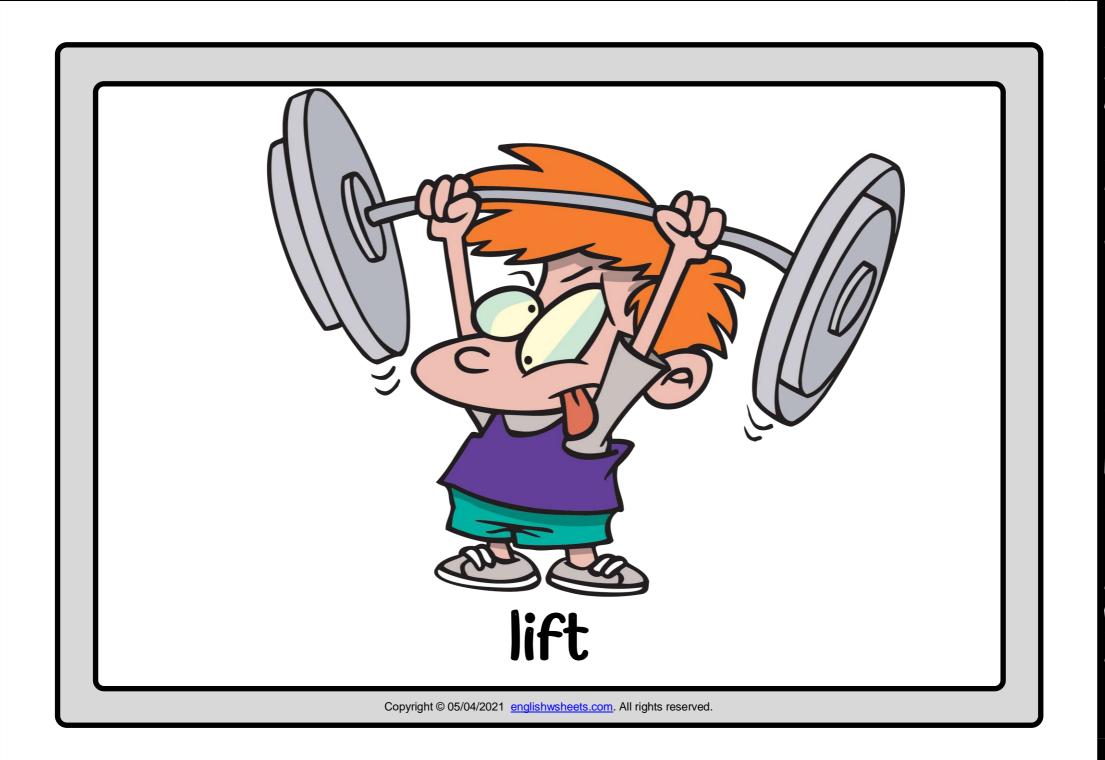


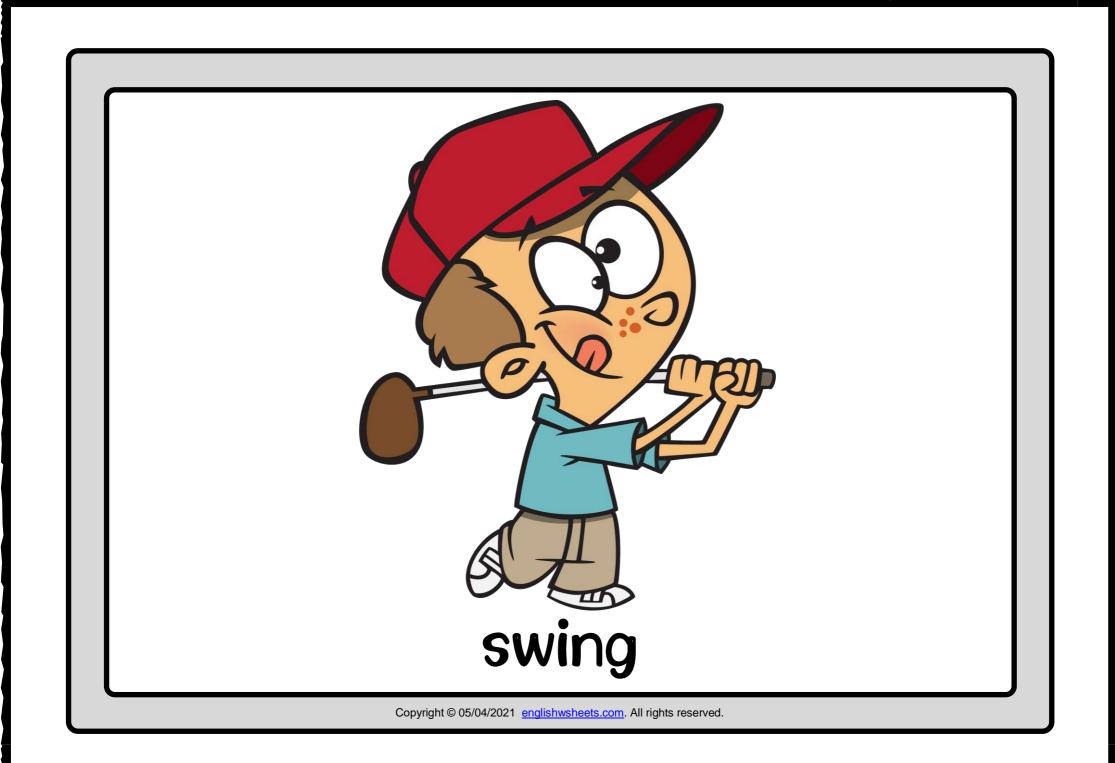


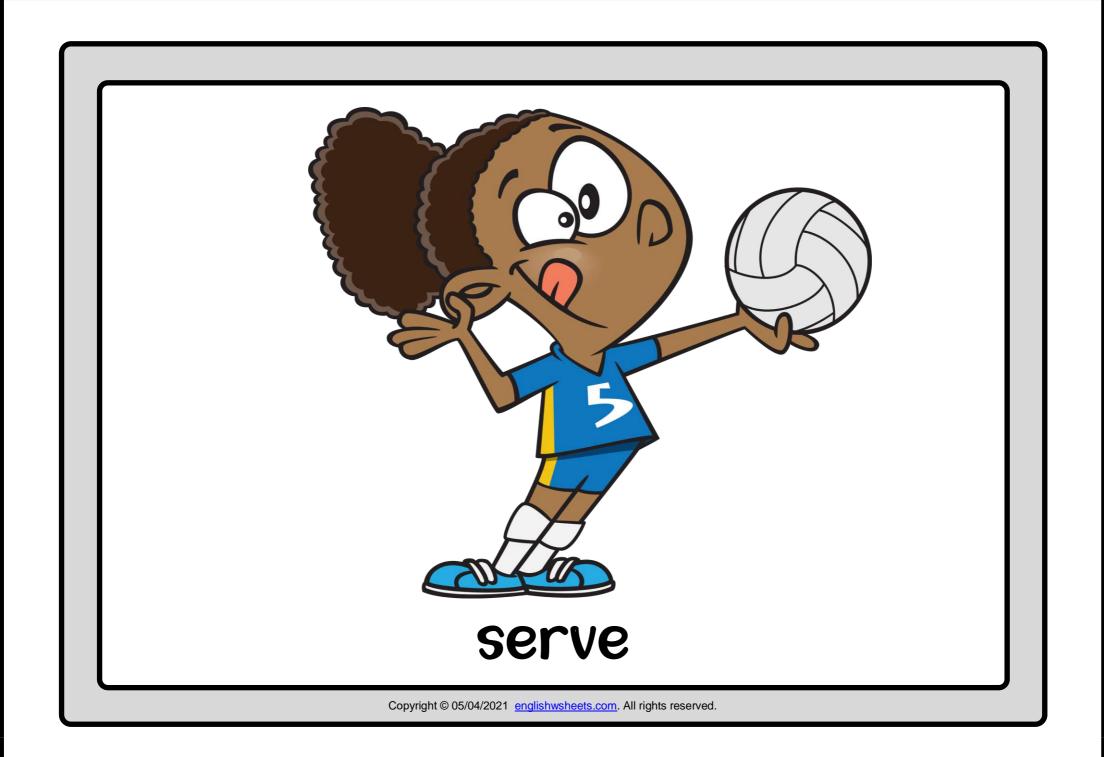






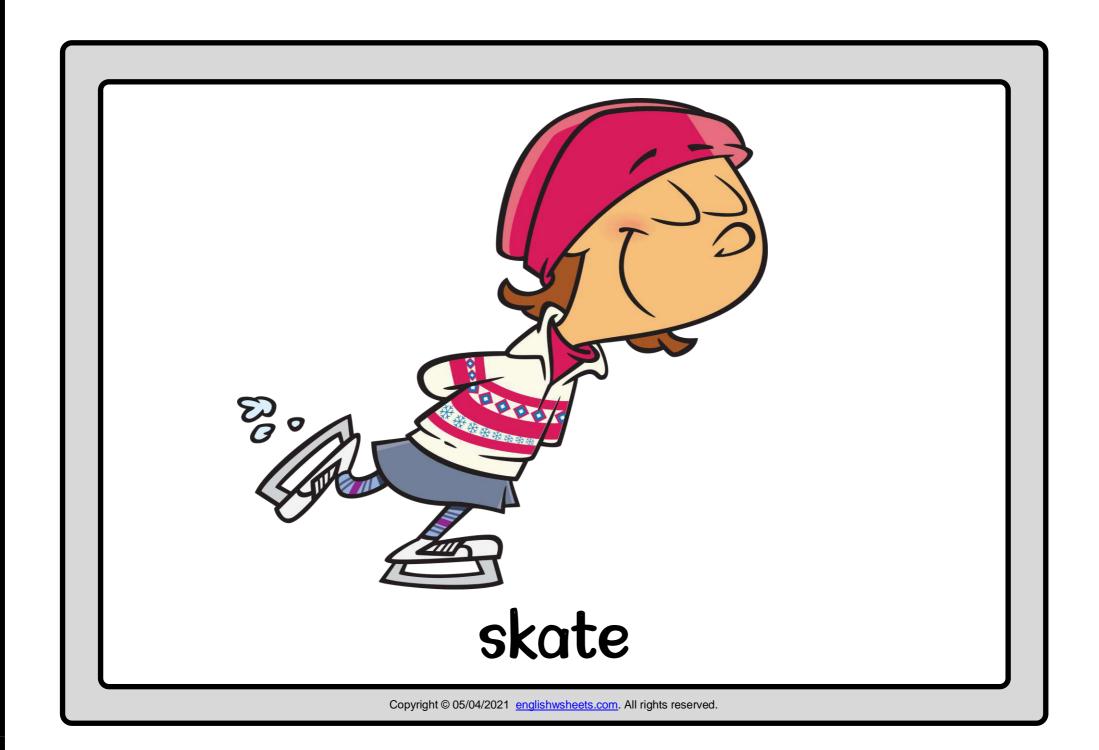






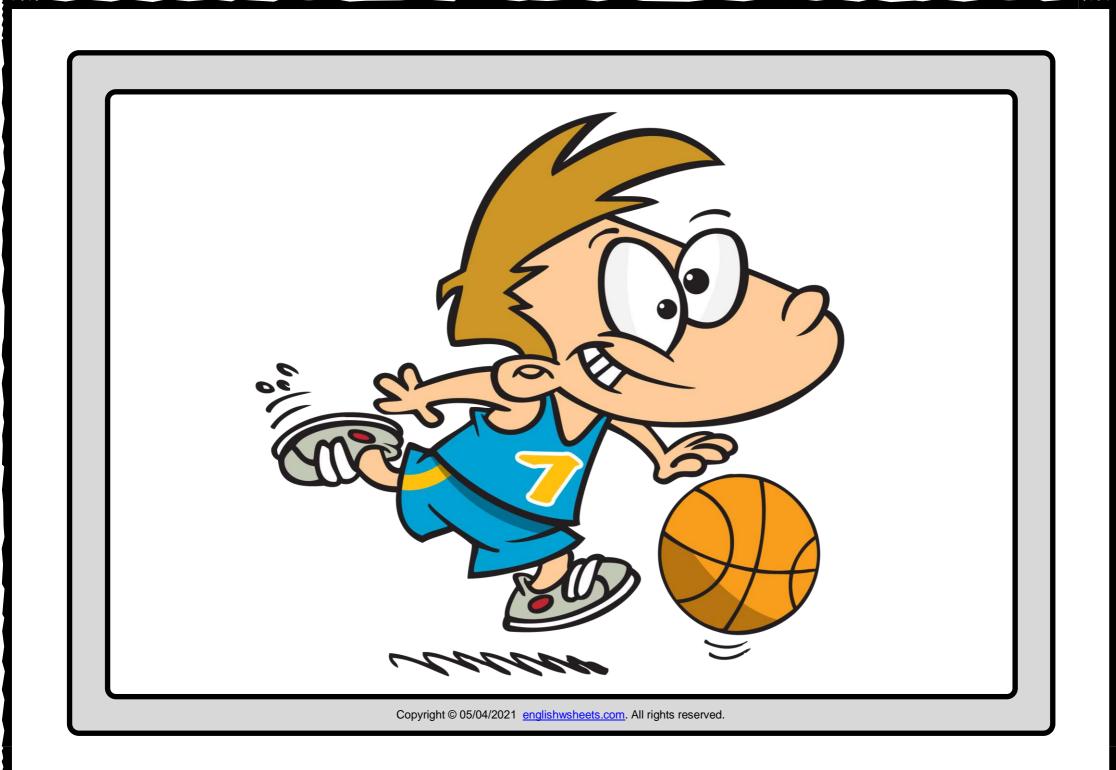


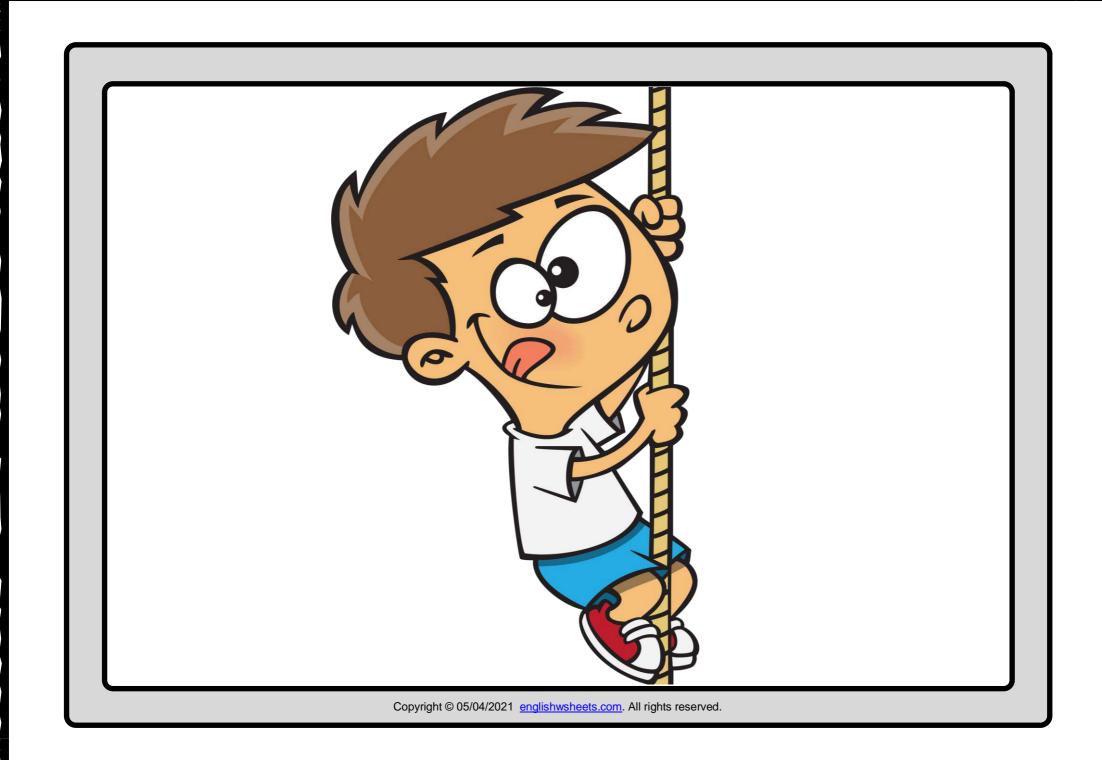




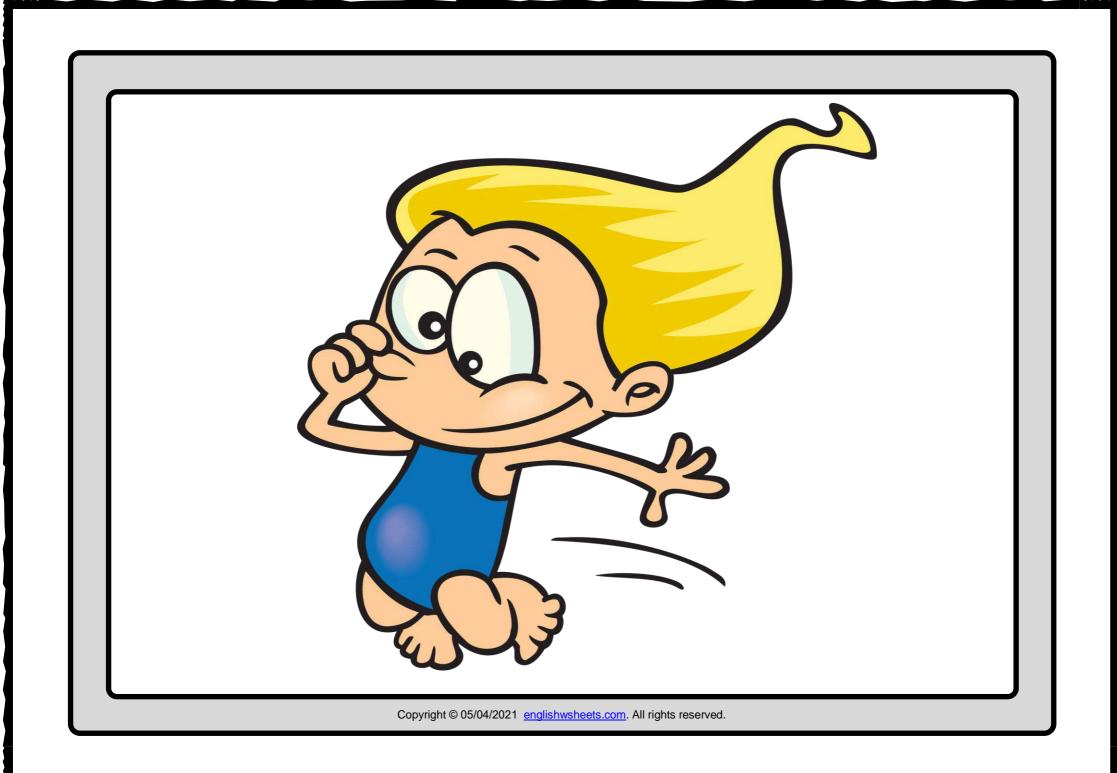


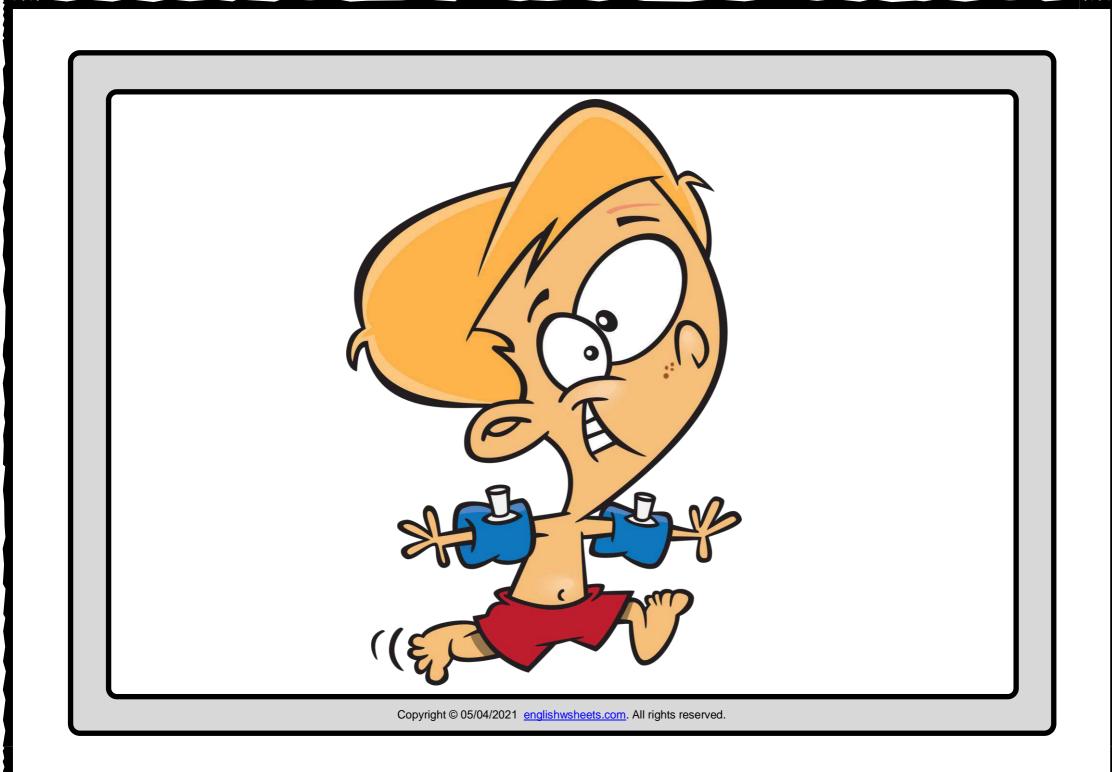


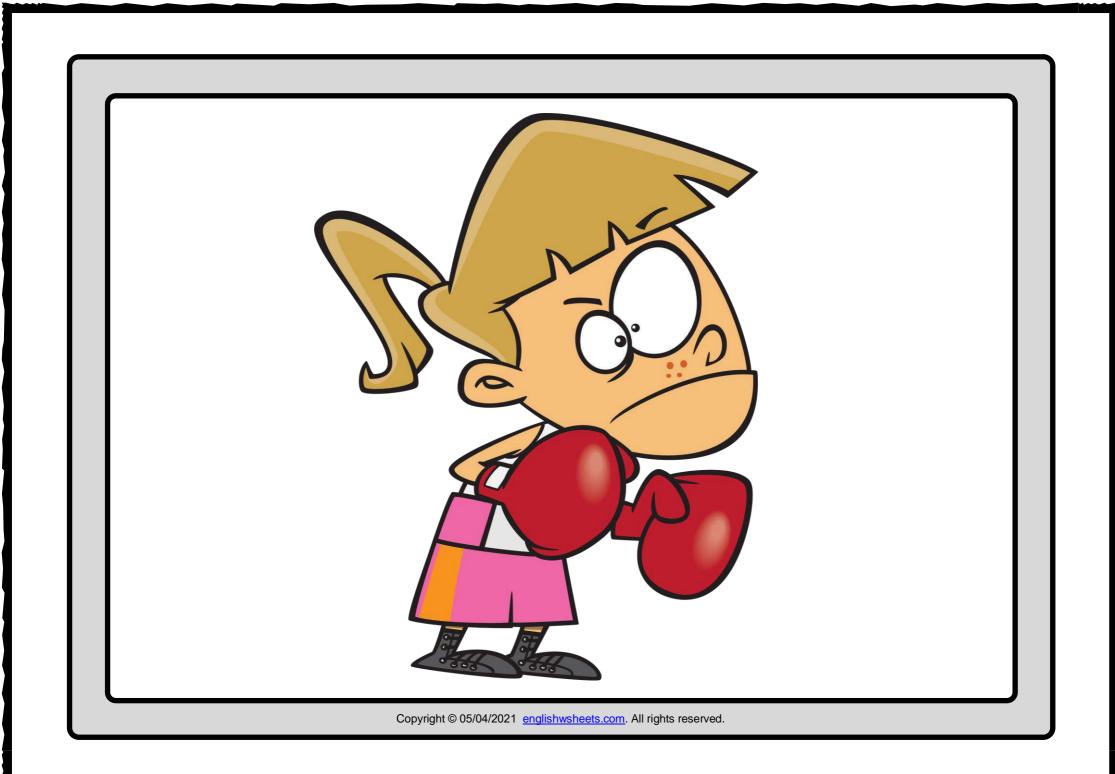




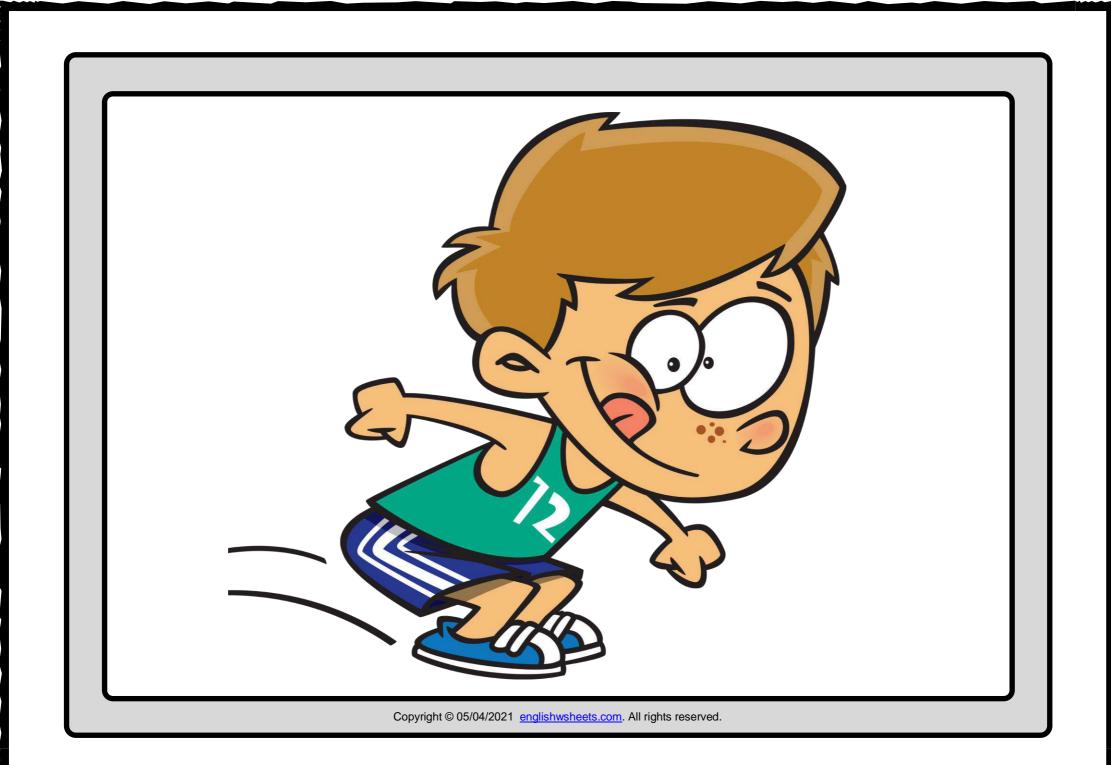


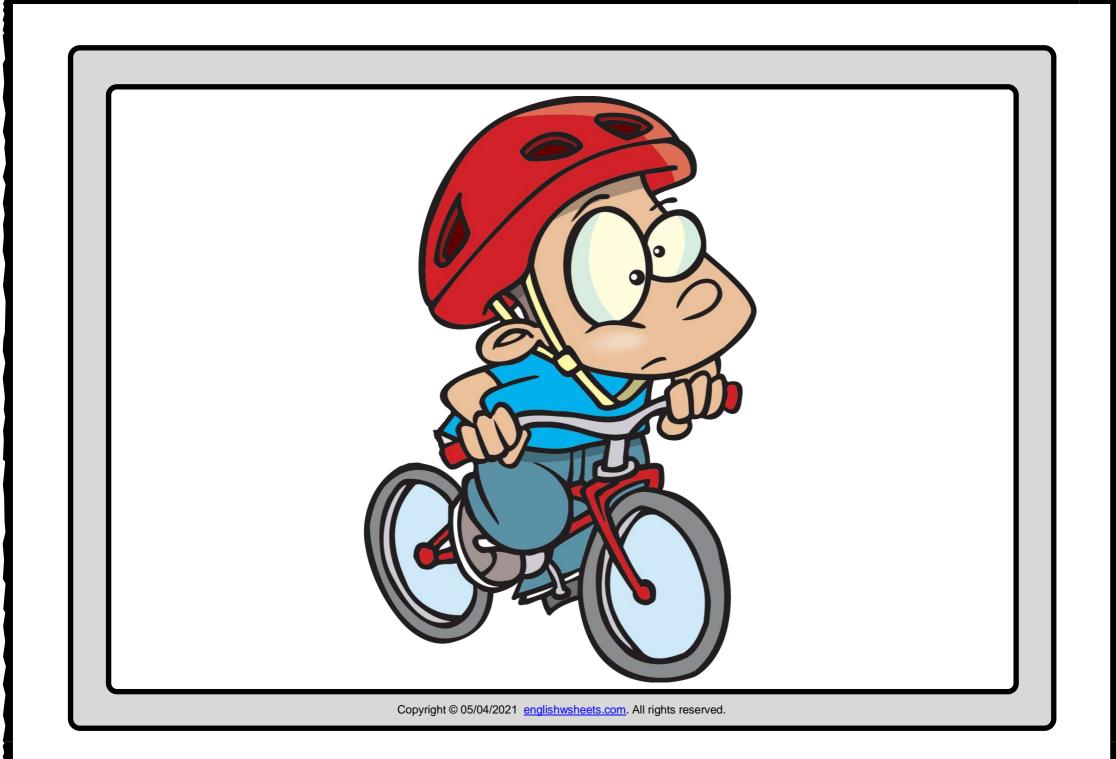


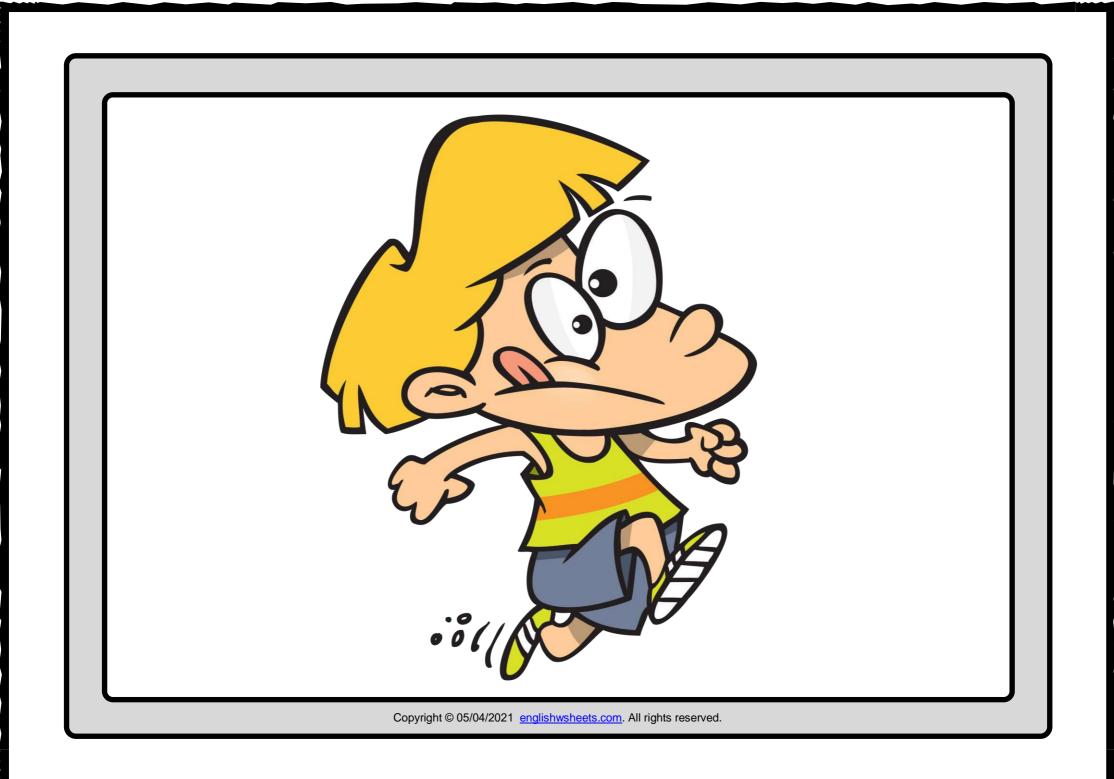


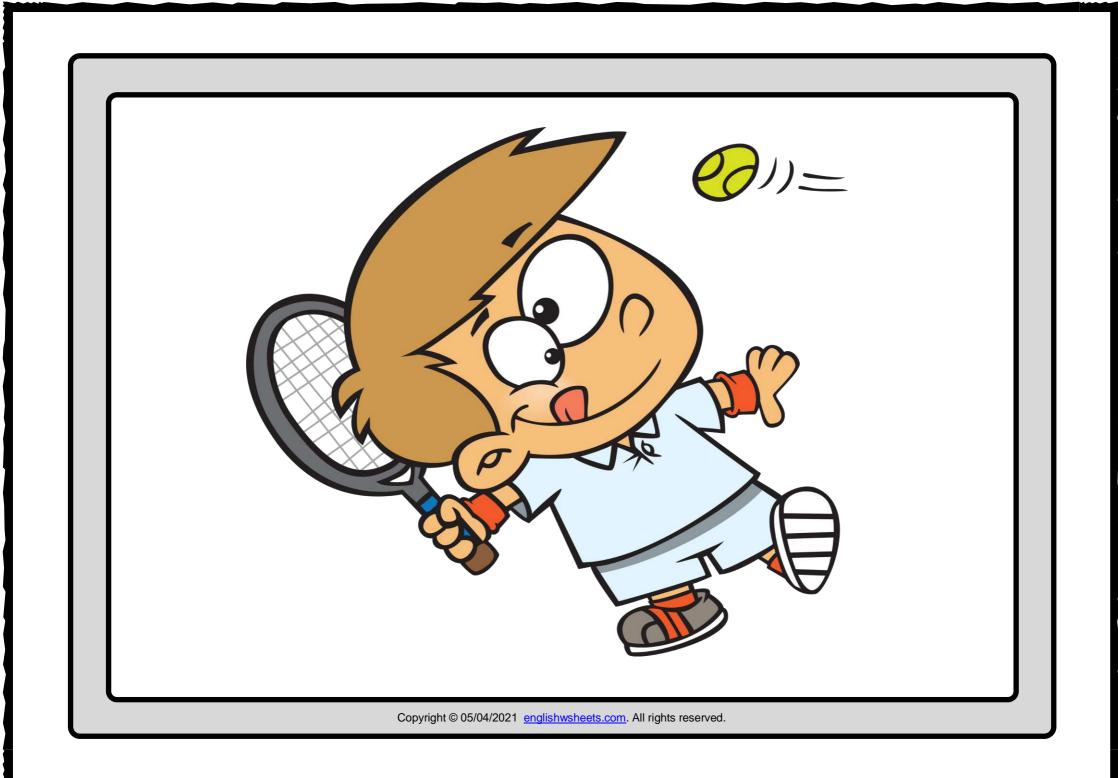


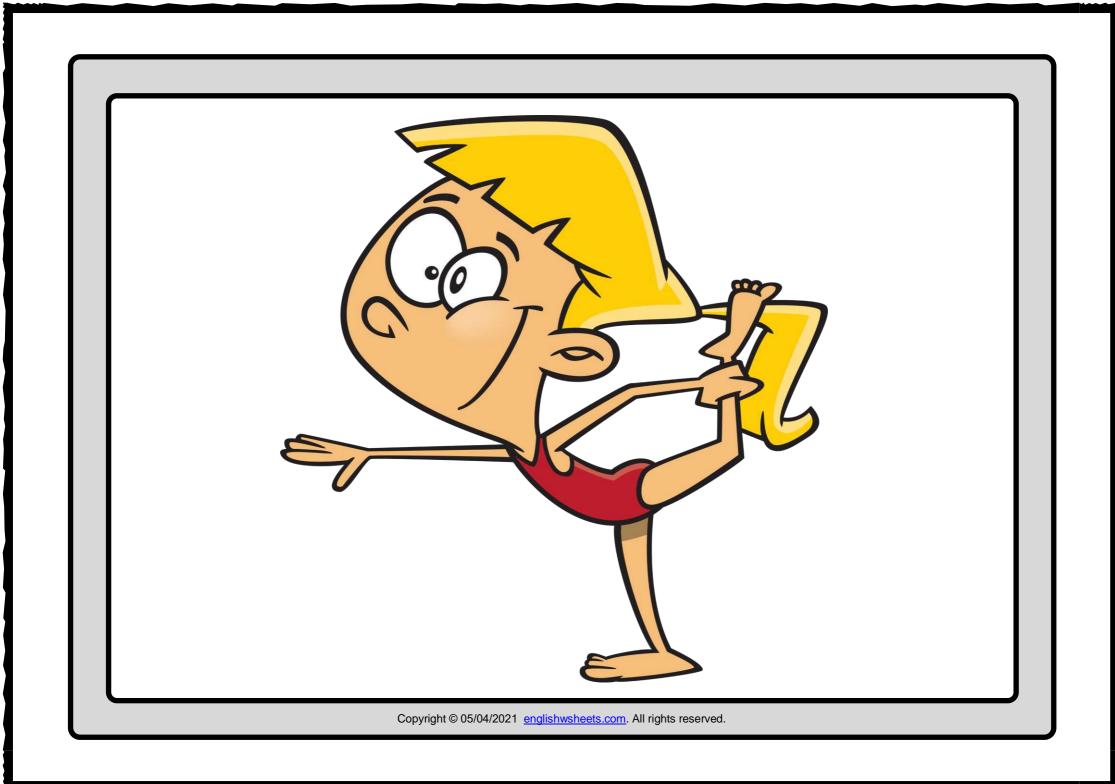


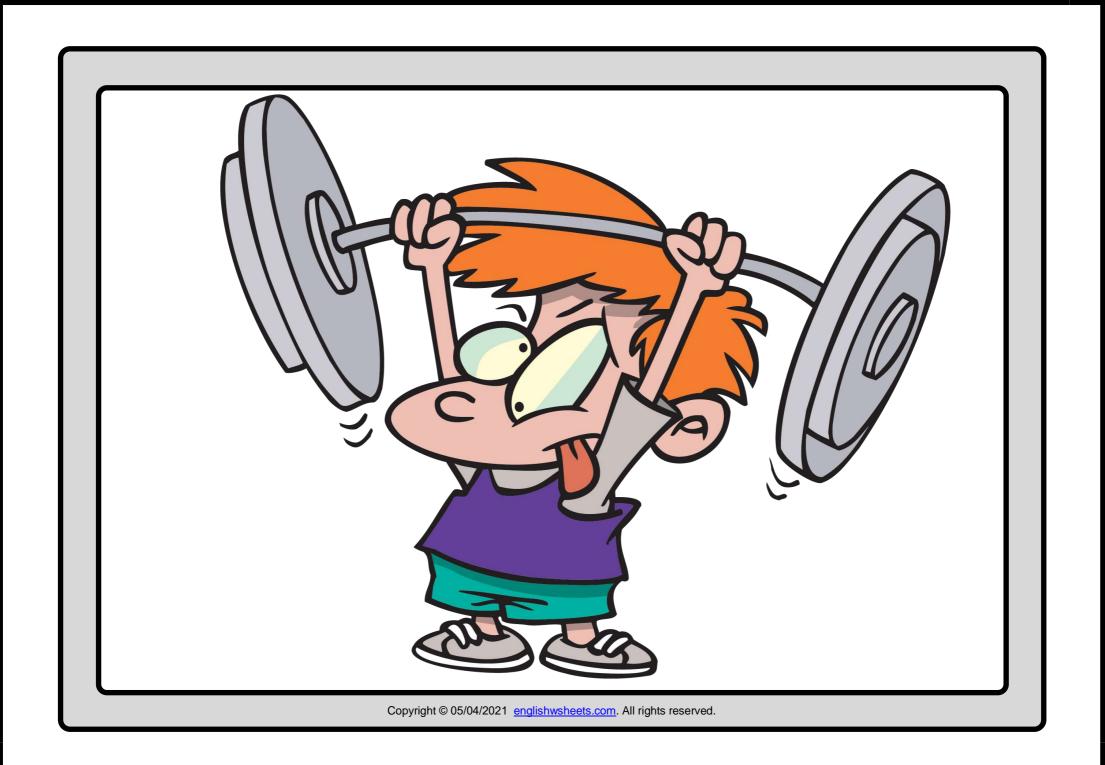


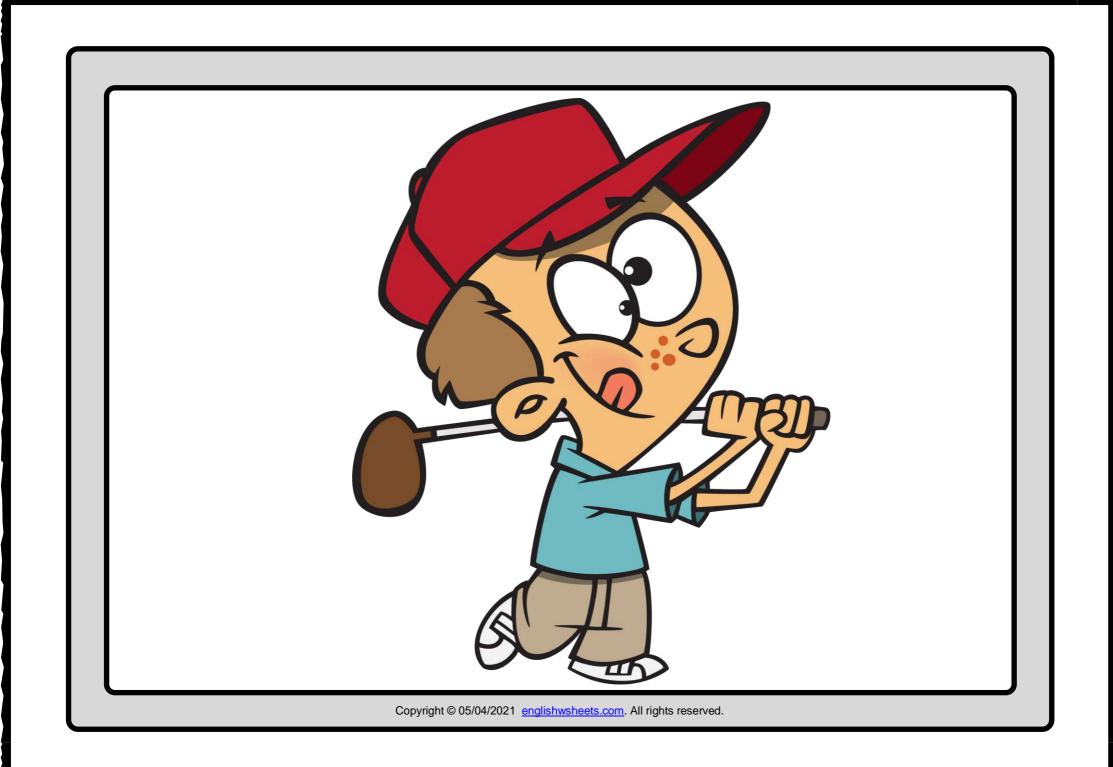




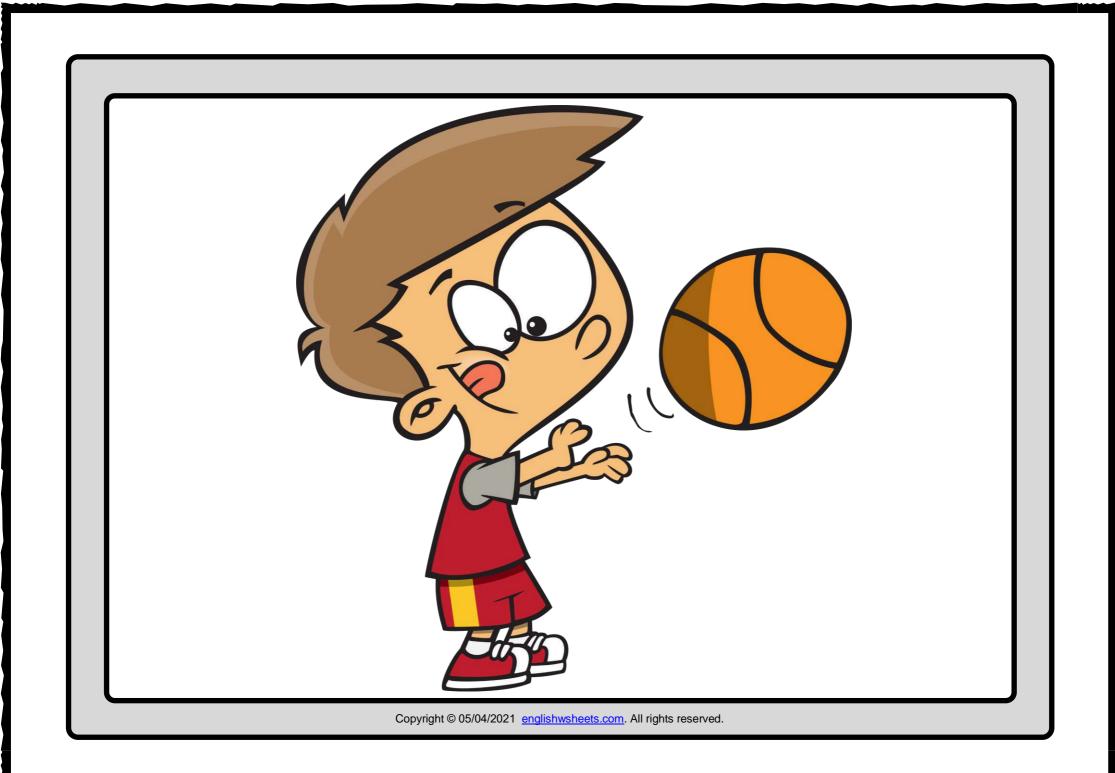








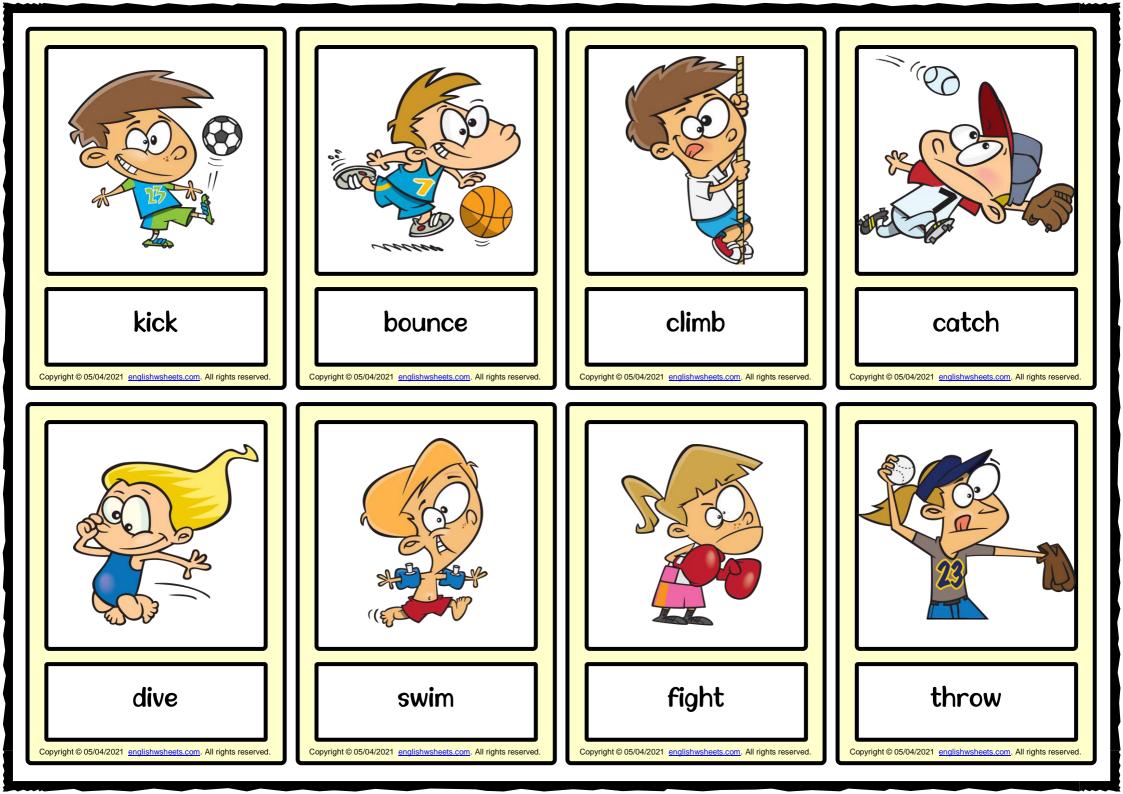


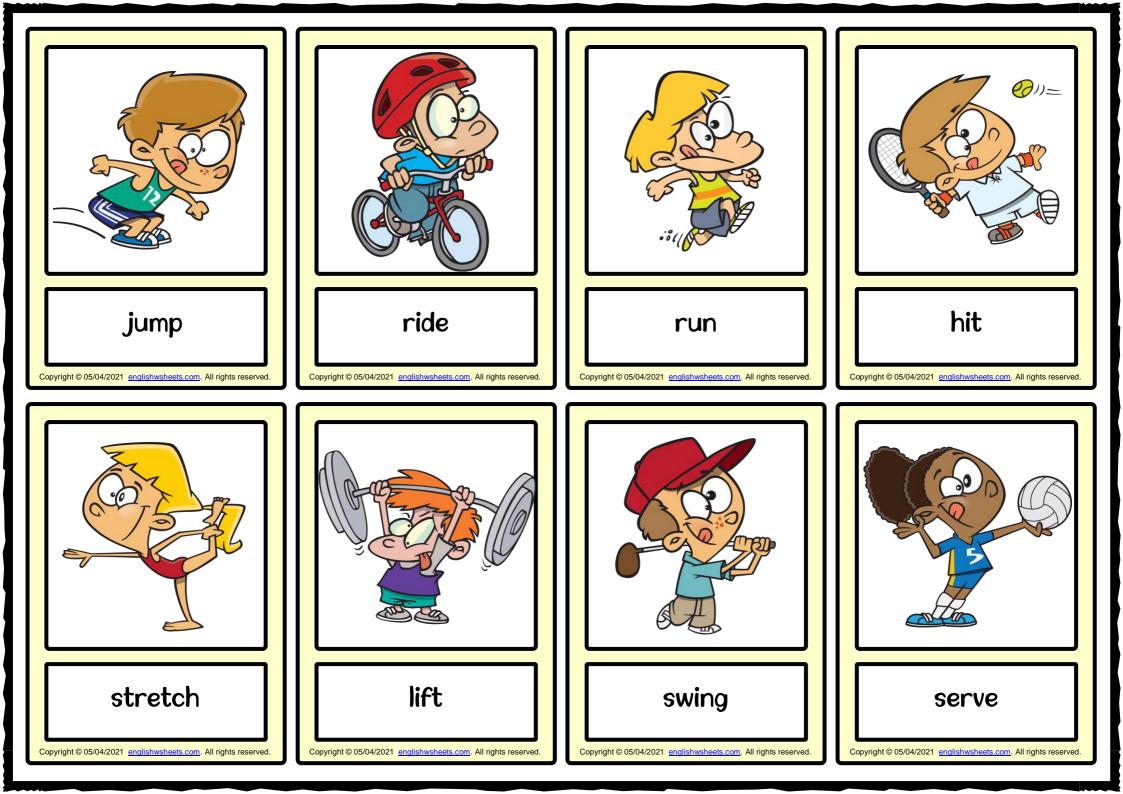




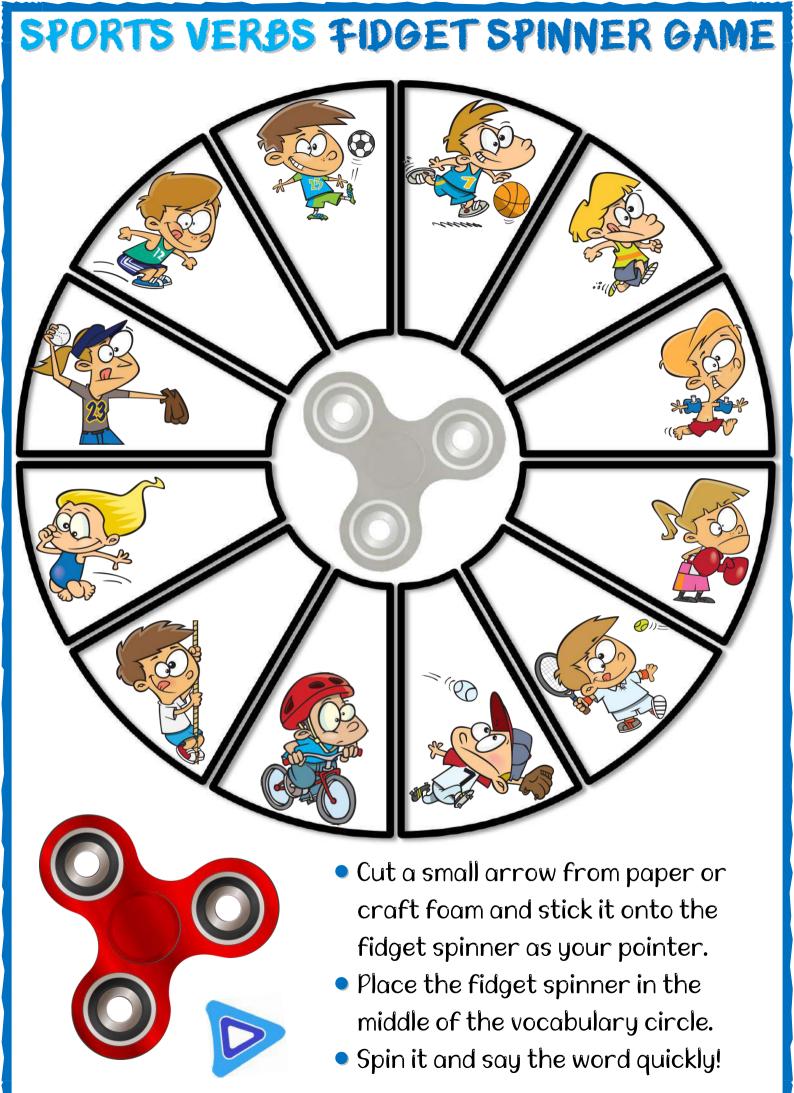


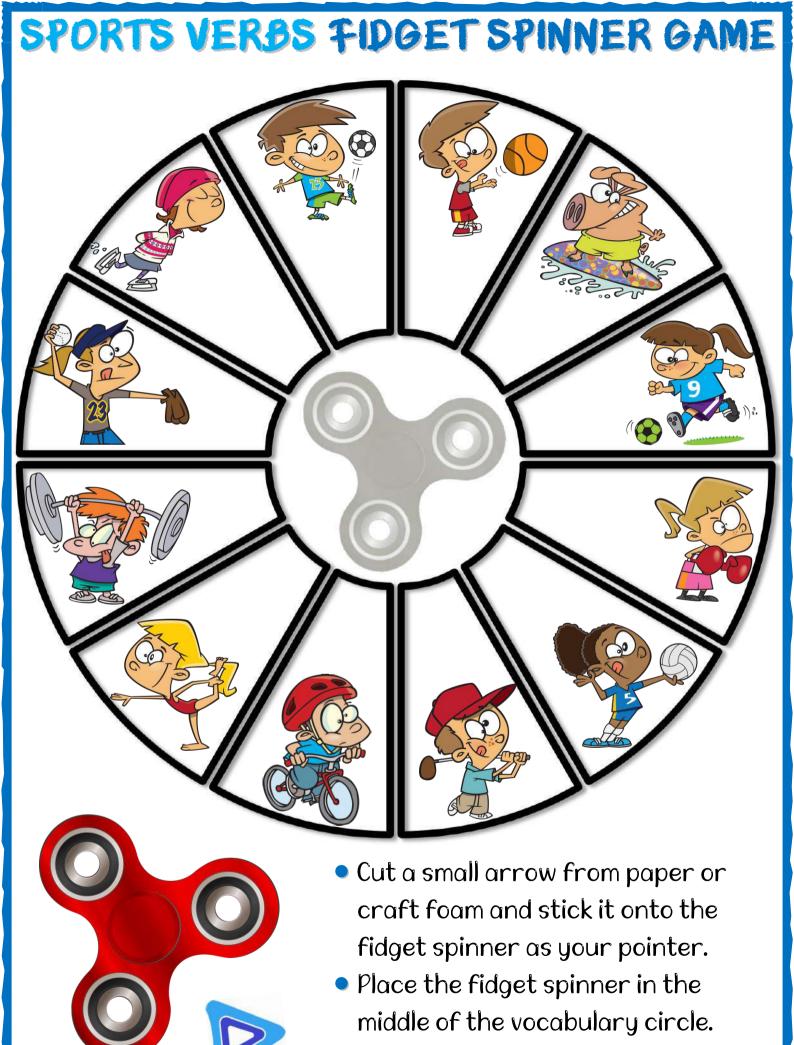




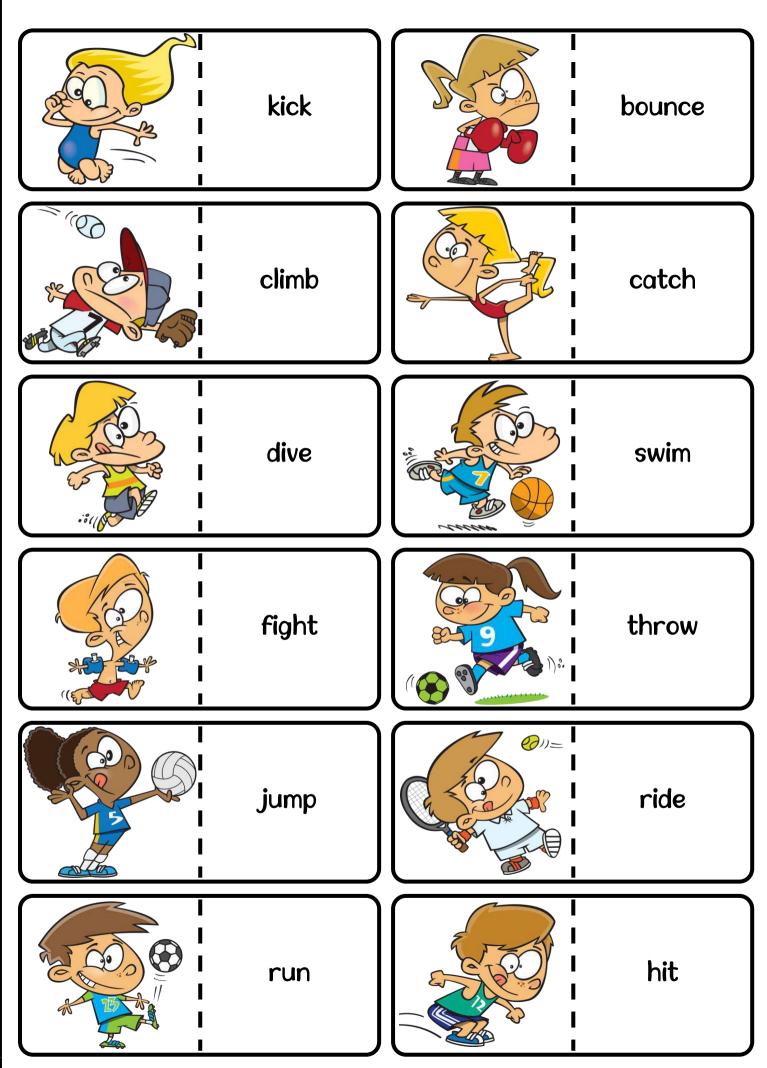




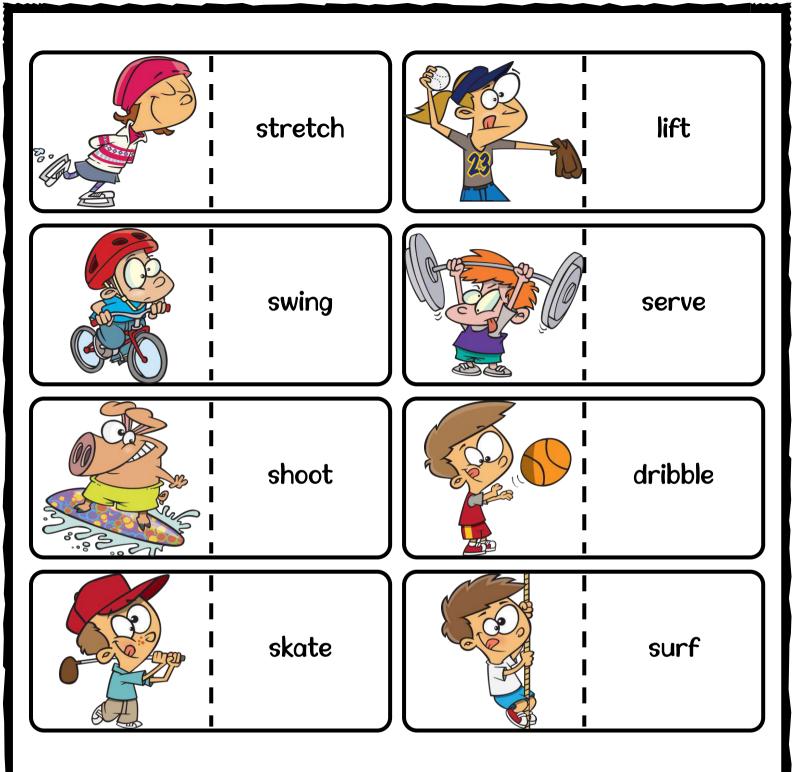


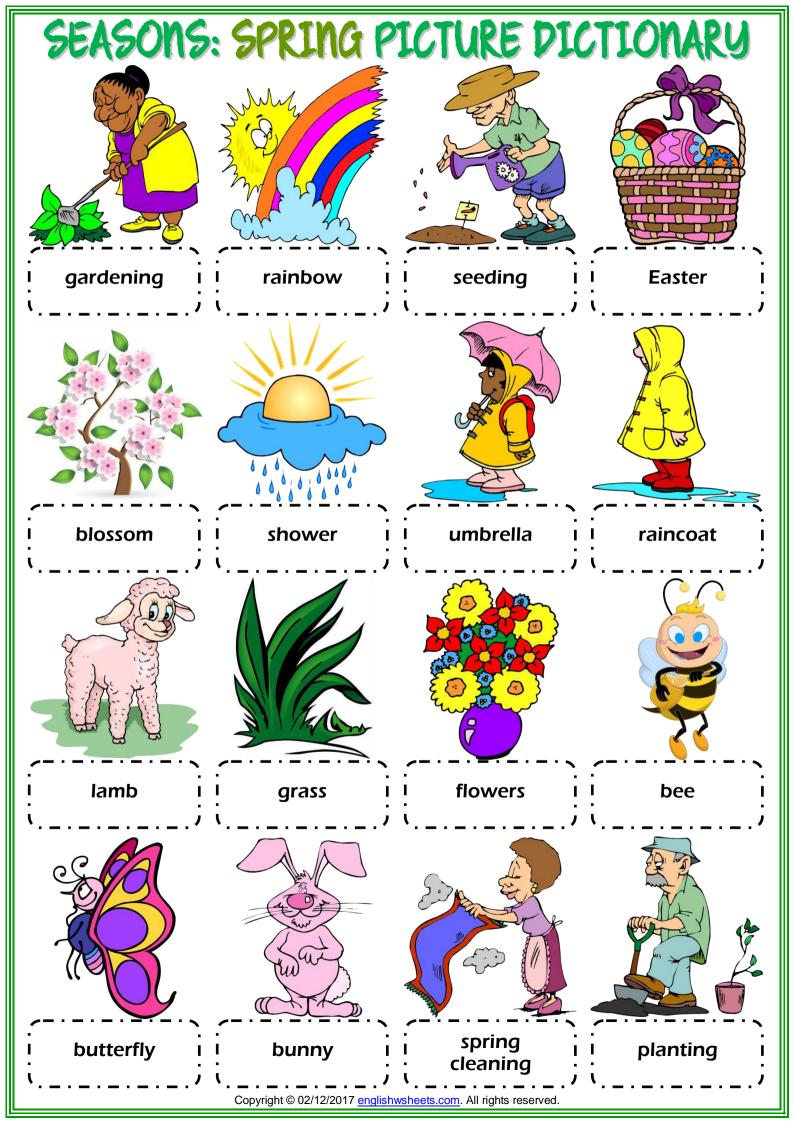


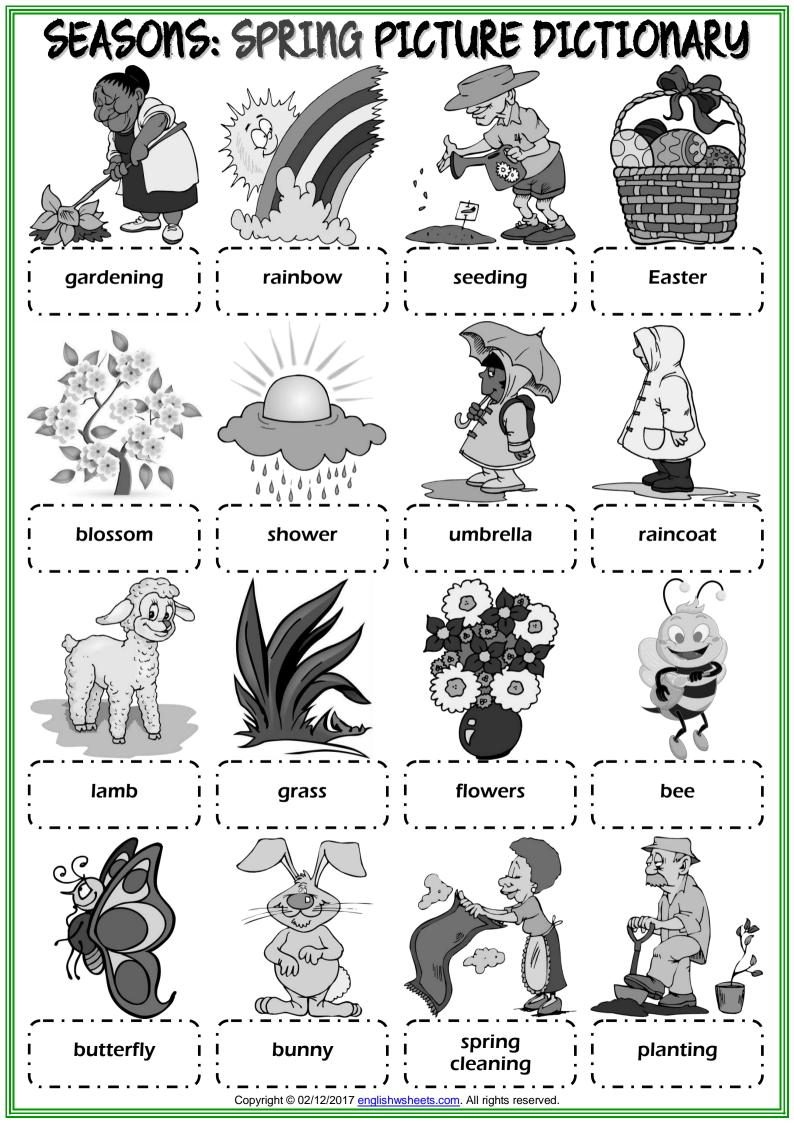
Spin it and say the word quickly!



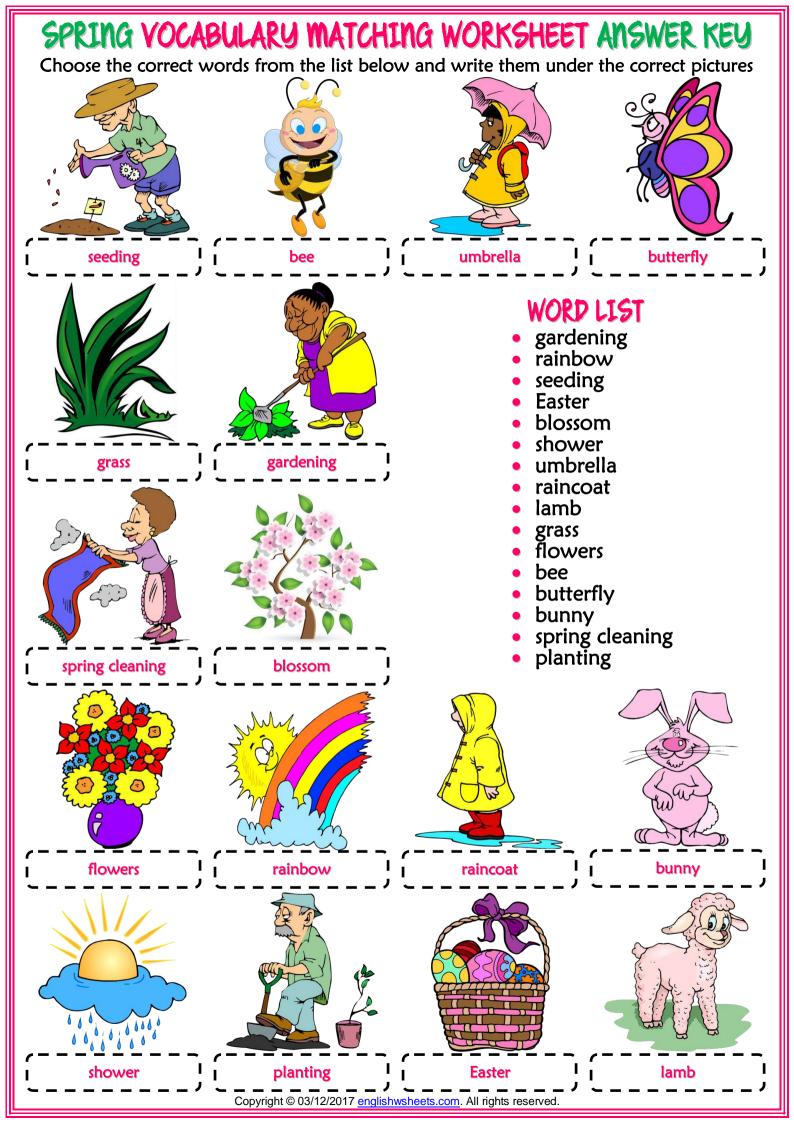
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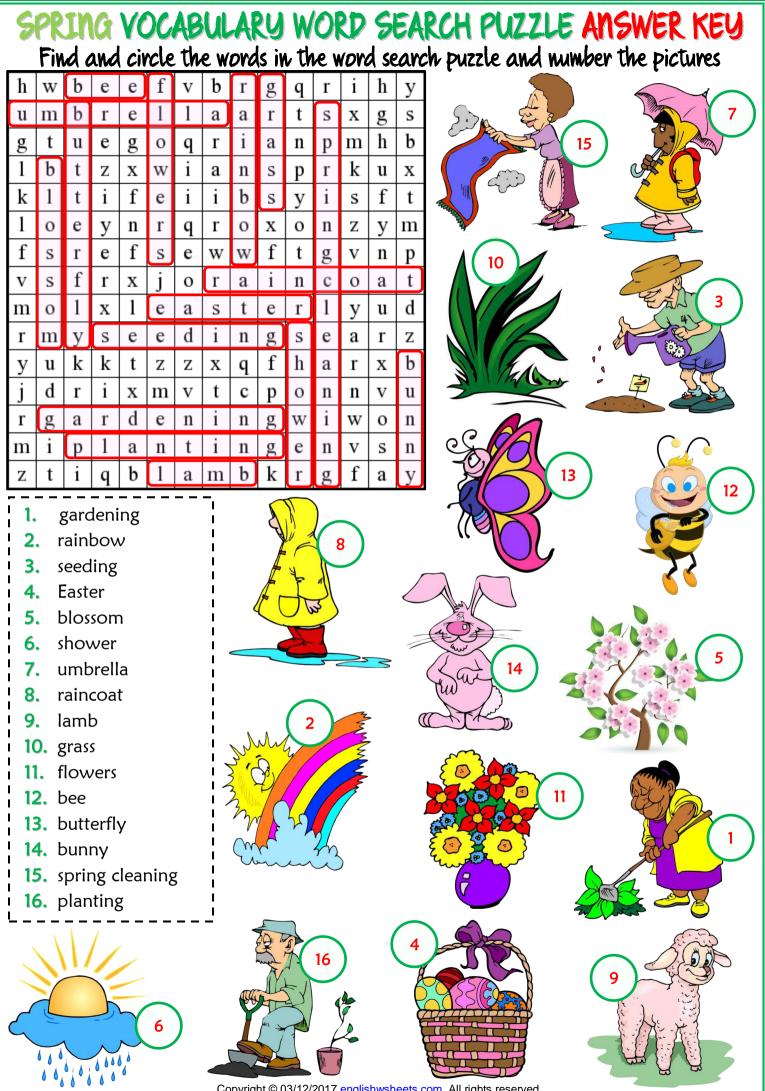




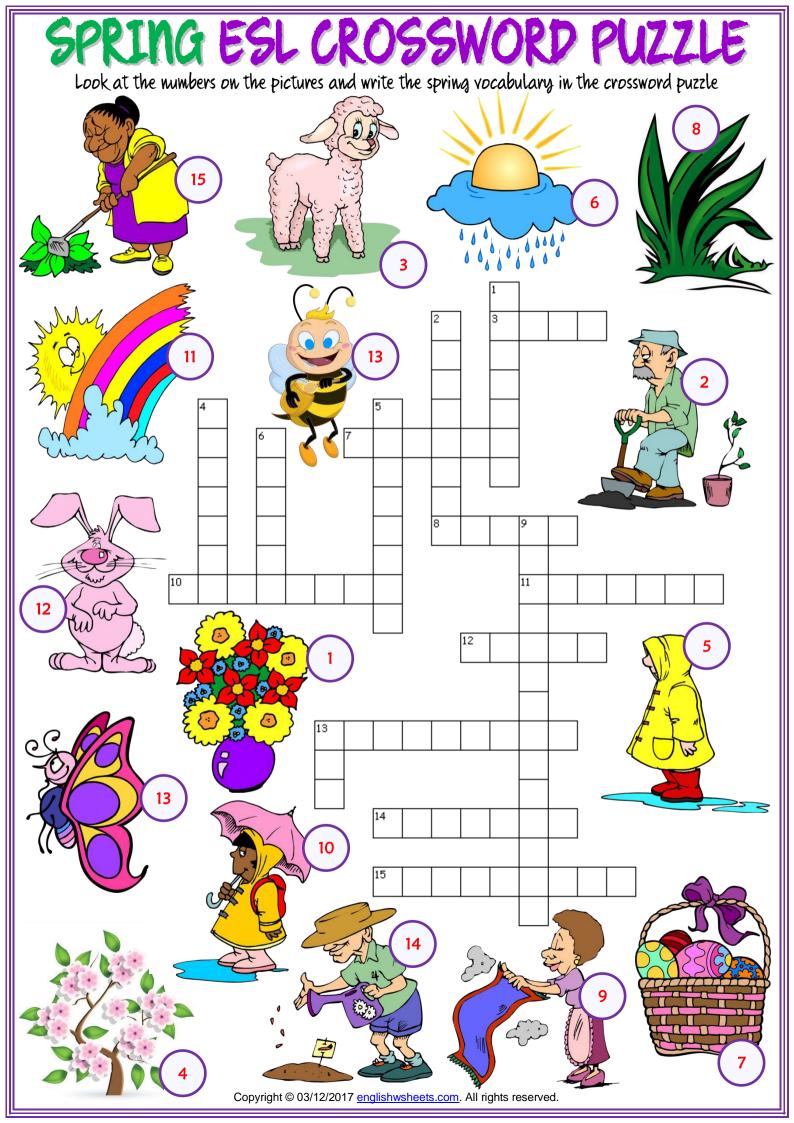




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y	u	k	k	t	z	z	x	q	b f	h	a	r	x	b	
j	d	r	i	x	m	v	t	c	p	0	n	n	v	u	
r	g	a	r	d	e	n	i	n	g	w	i	w	0	n	
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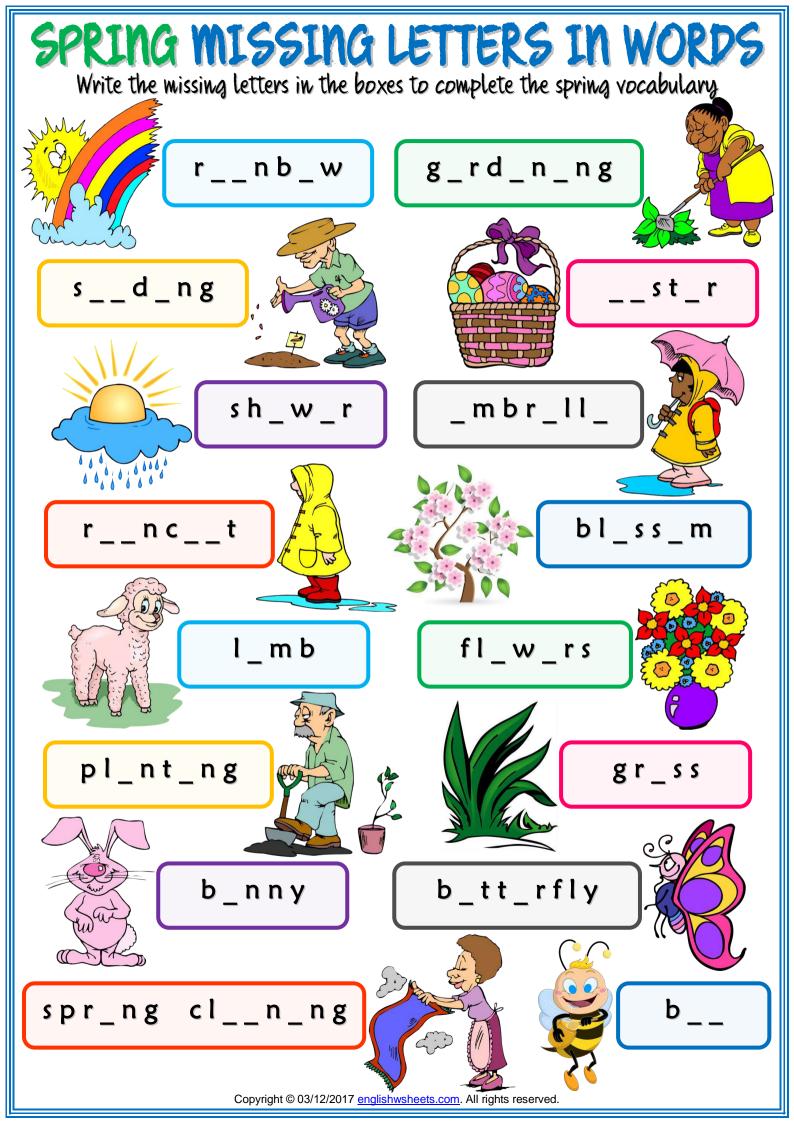
Answer key

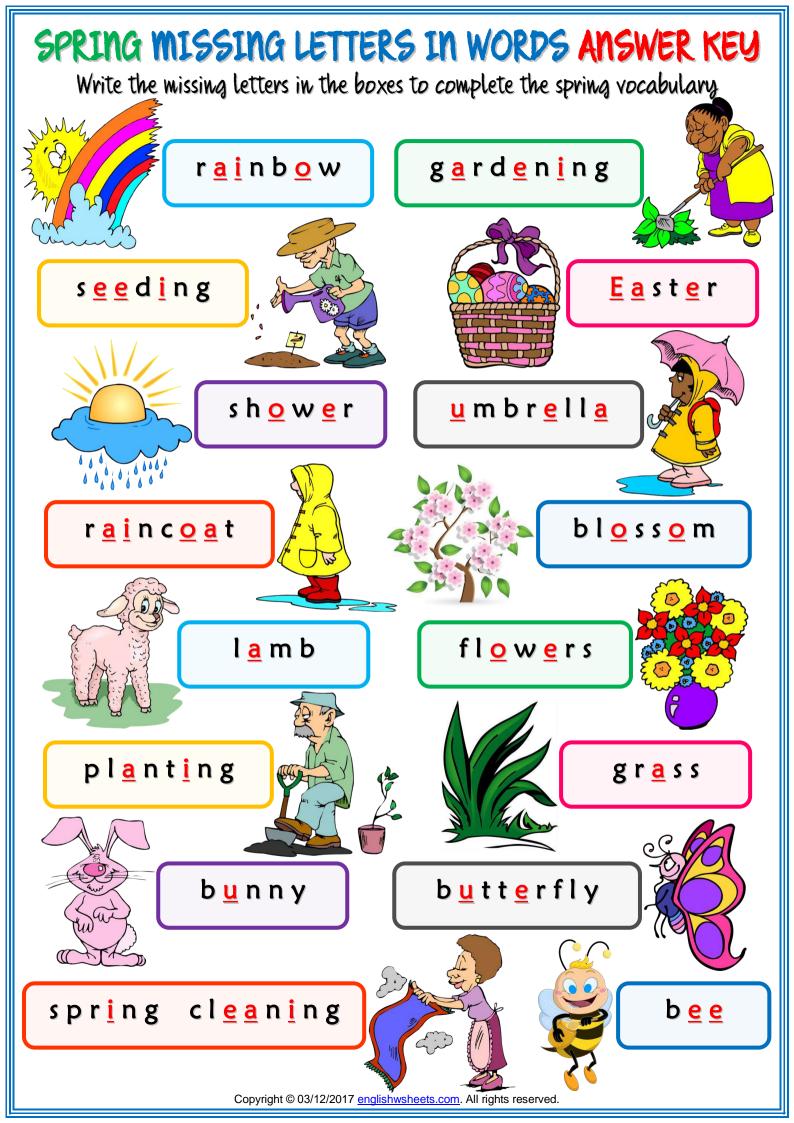
Across

- 3. lamb
- 7. Easter
- 8. grass
- 10. umbrella
- 11. rainbow
- 12. bunny
- 13. butterfly
- 14. seeding
- 15. gardening

Down

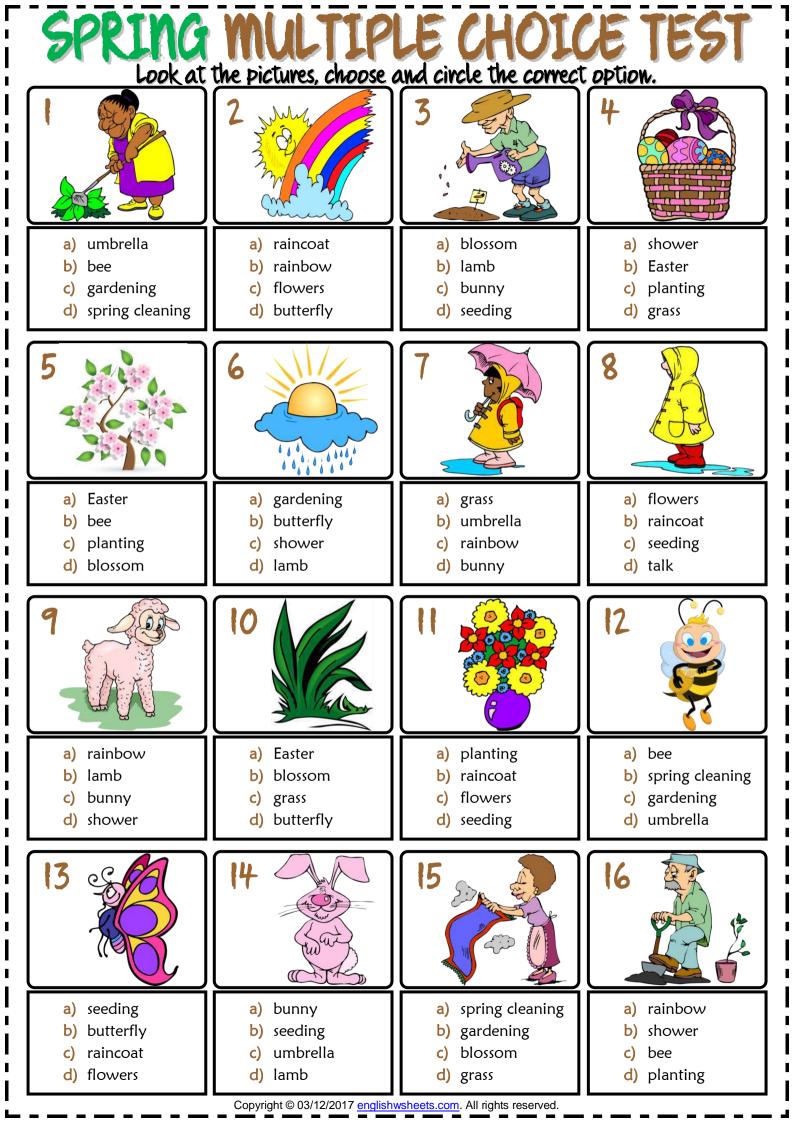
- 1. flowers
- 2. planting
- 4. blossom
- 5. raincoat
- 6. shower
- 9. spring cleaning
- 13. bee







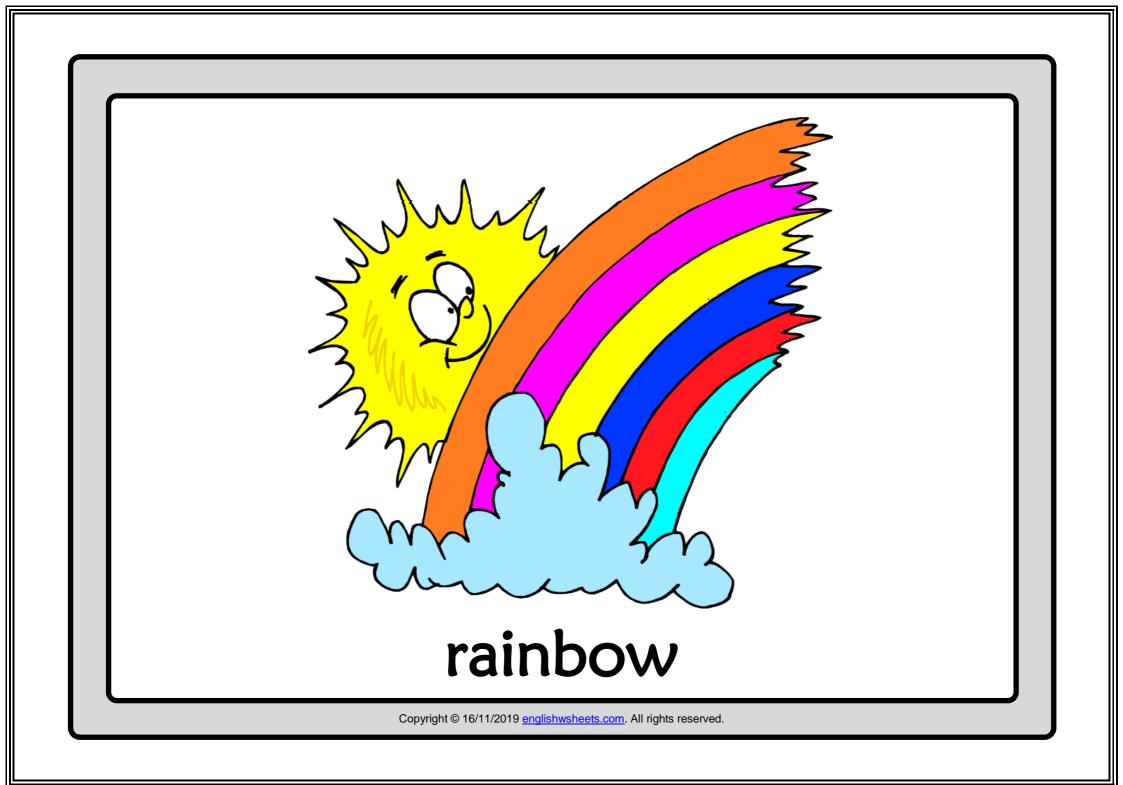




Spring multiple choice test answer key

<u>TEST 1</u>	
1) c	
2) b	
3) d	
4) b	
5) d	
<mark>6)</mark> c	
7) b	
<mark>8)</mark> b	
<mark>9)</mark> b	
10) c	
11) c	
12) a	
13) b	
14) a	
15) a	
16) d	
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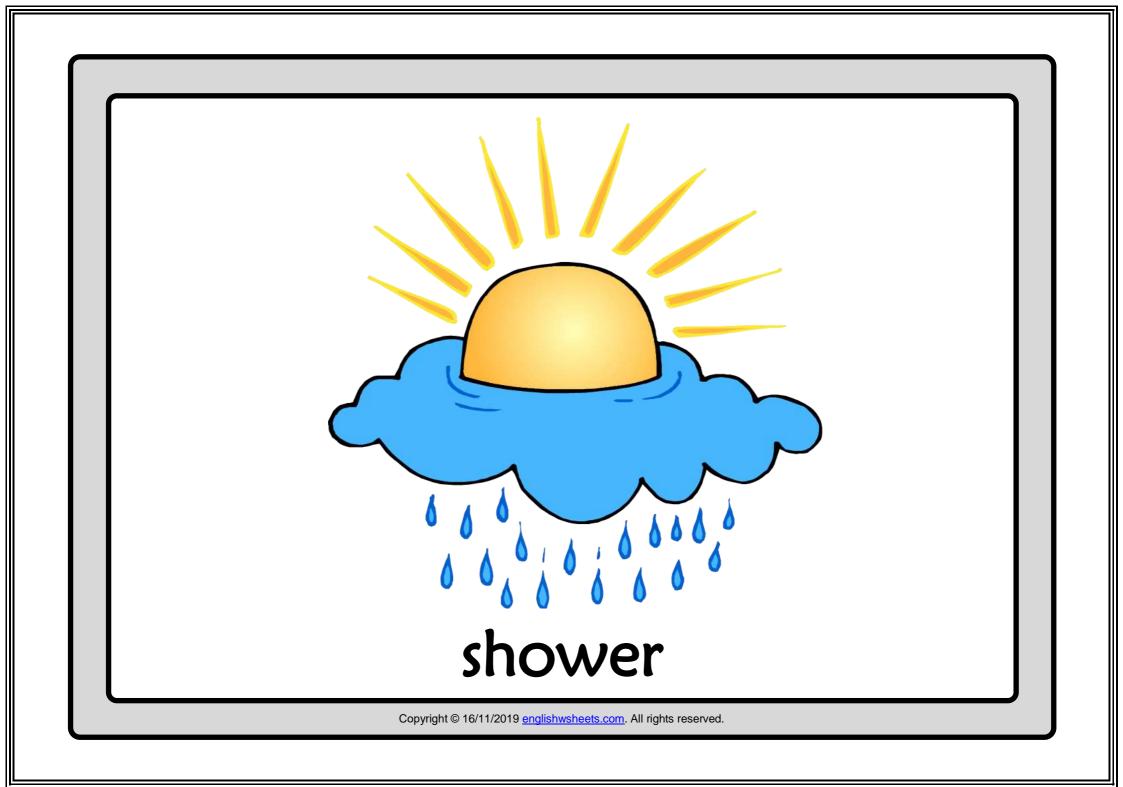


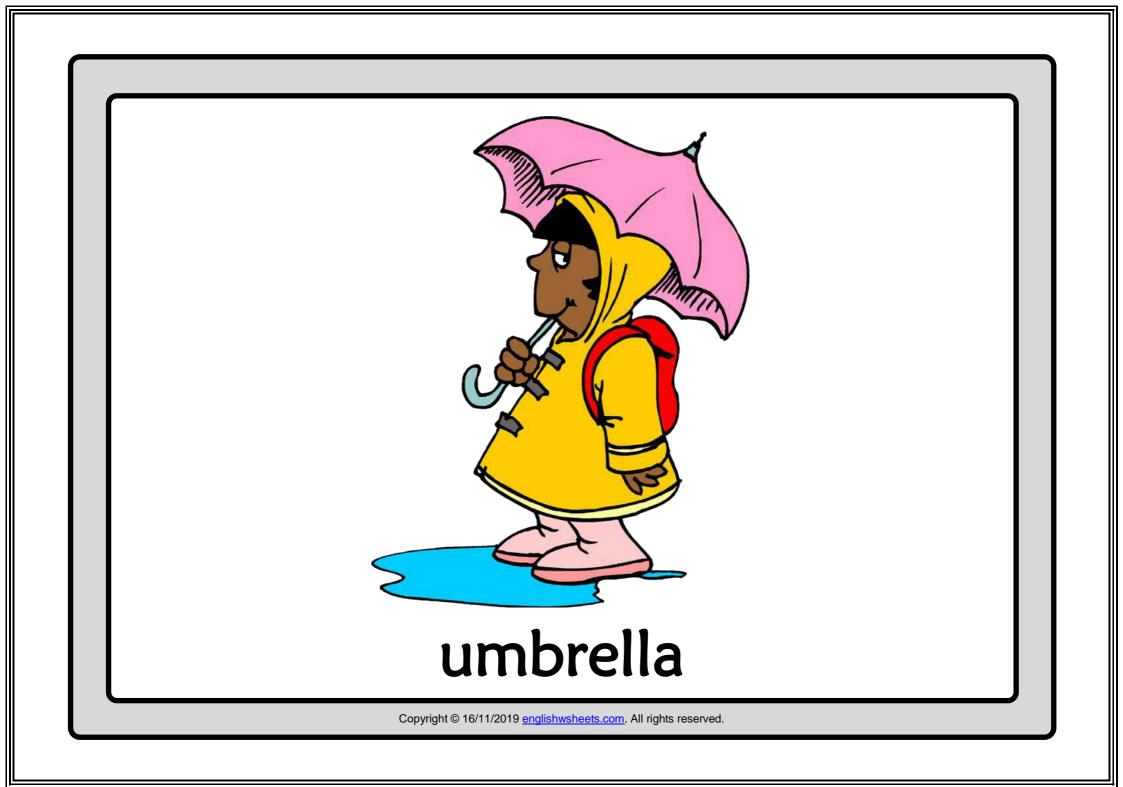


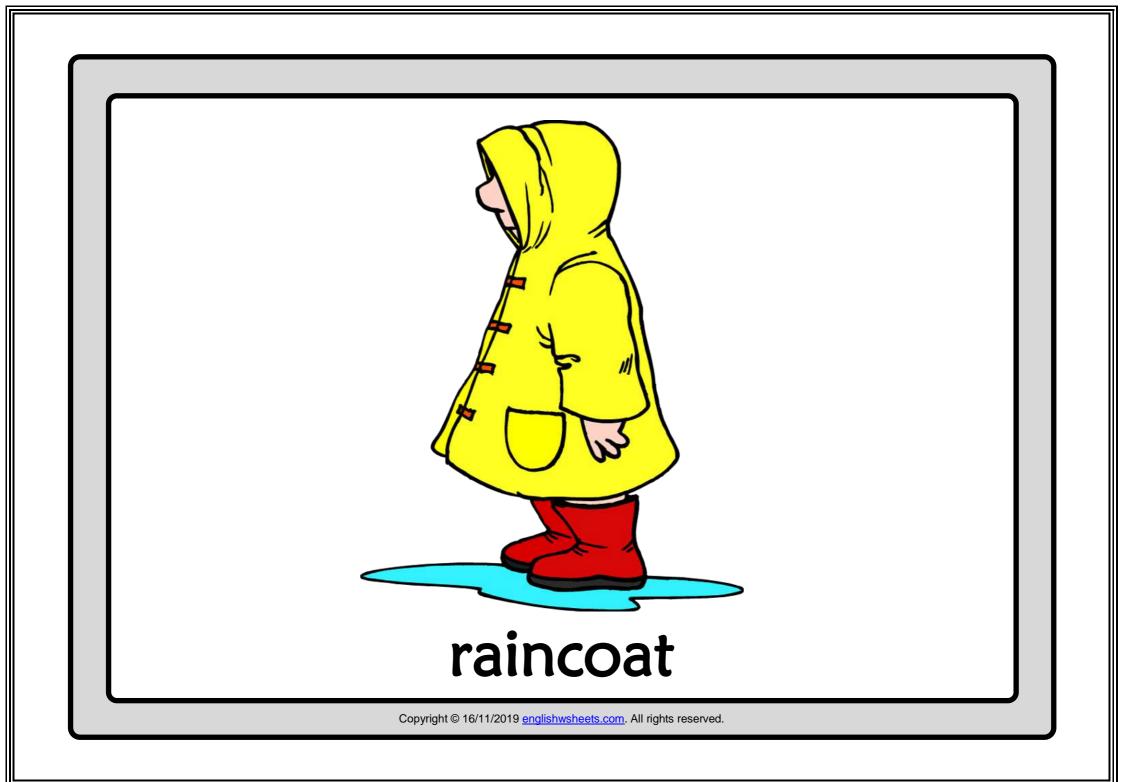


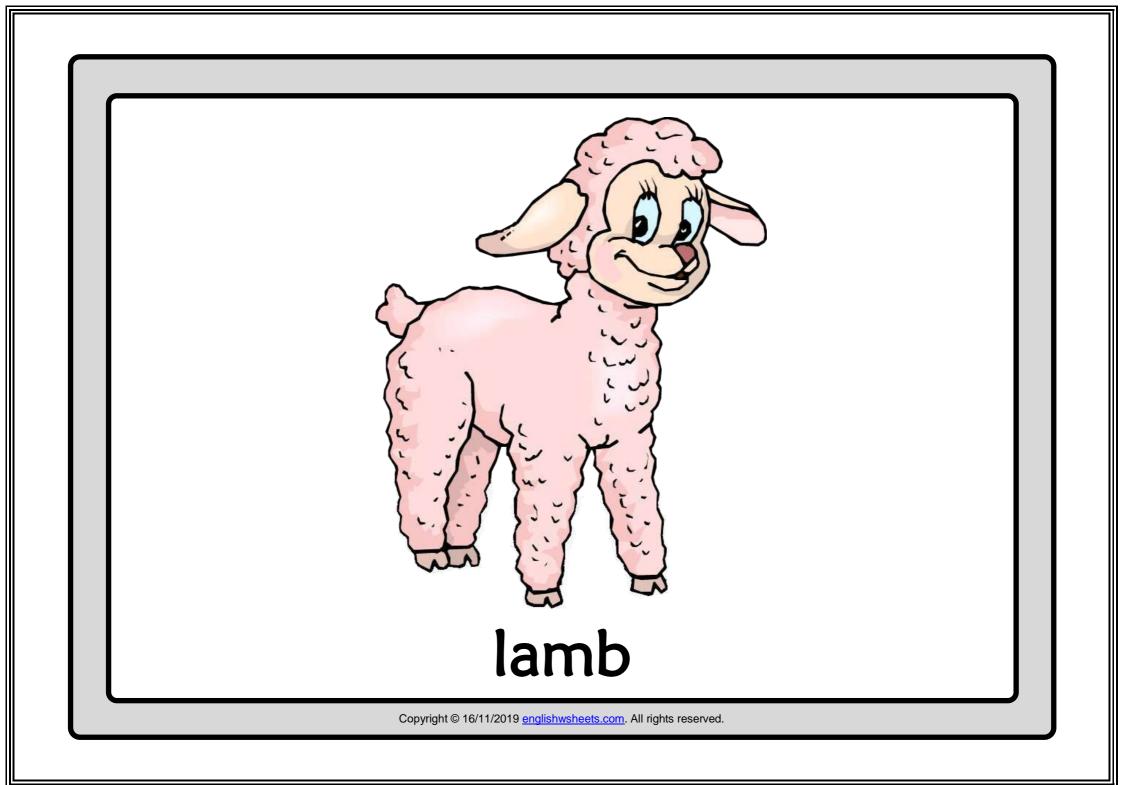


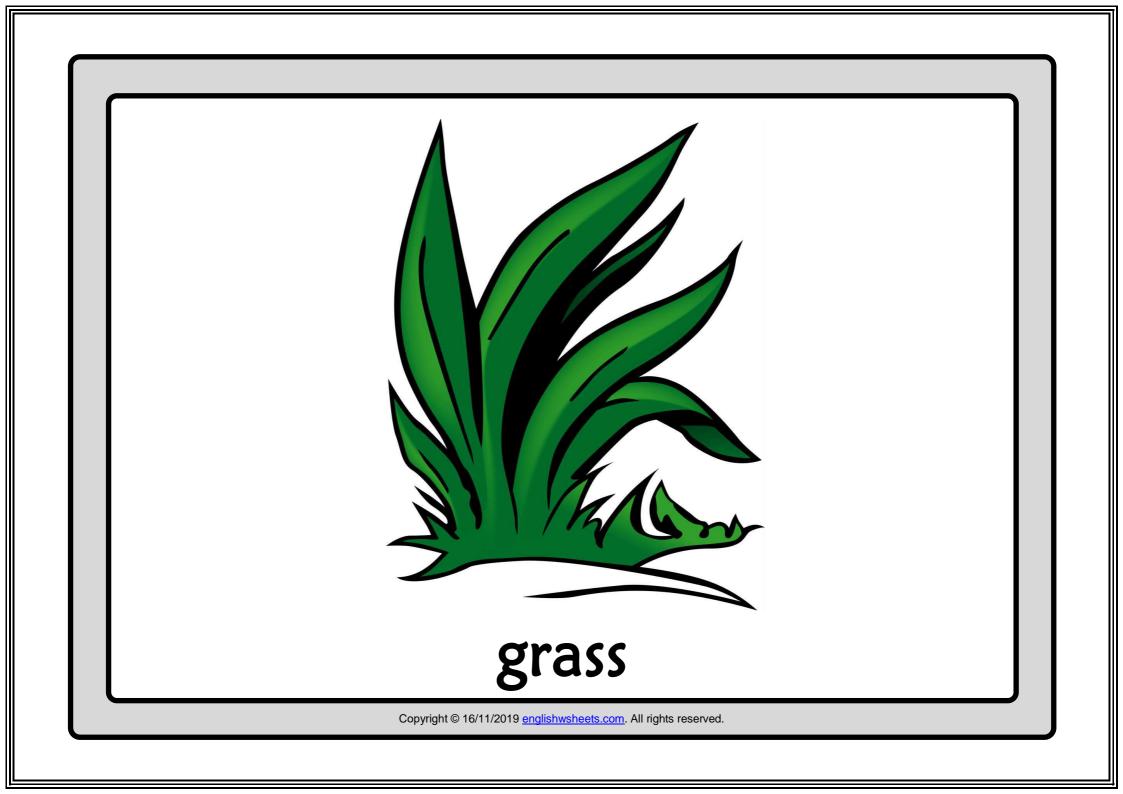


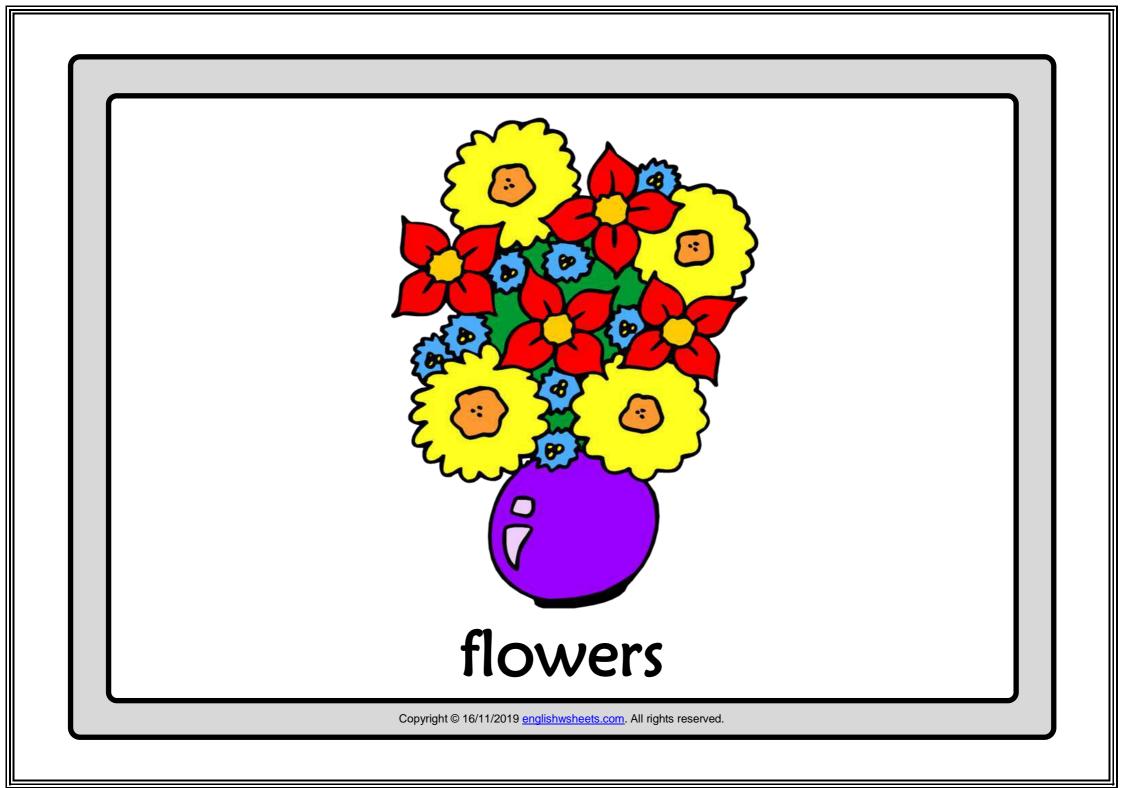


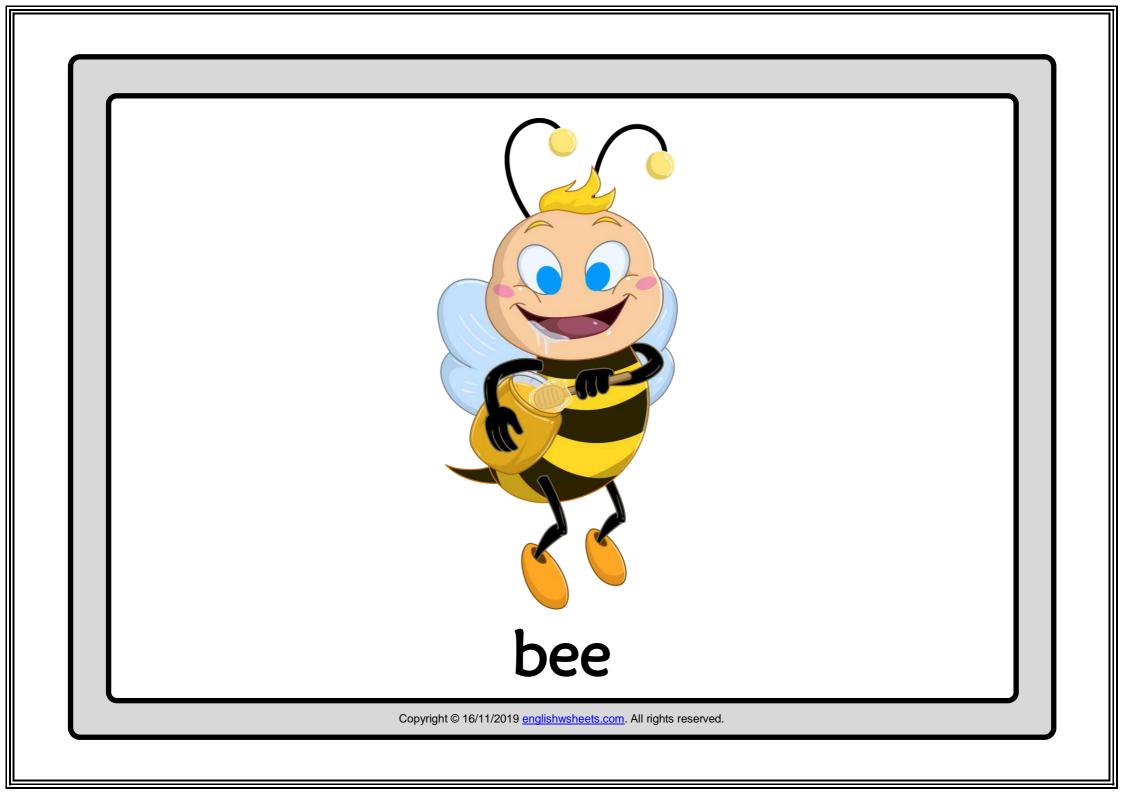


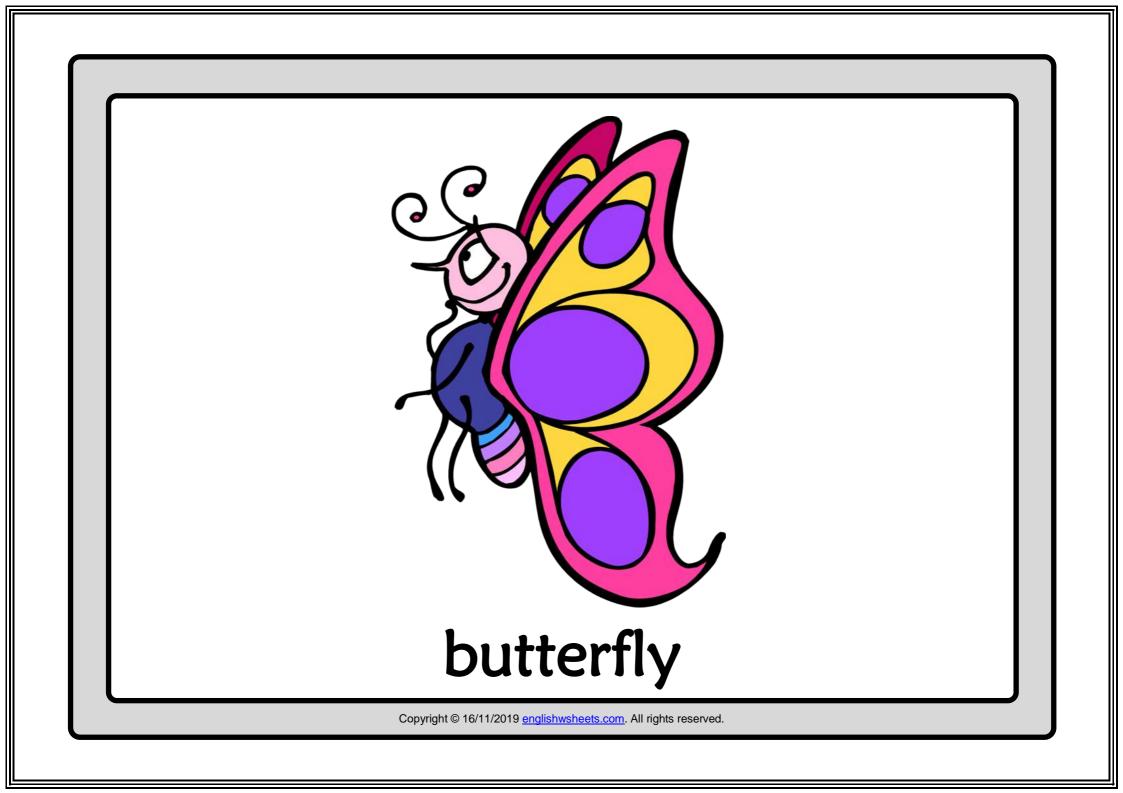


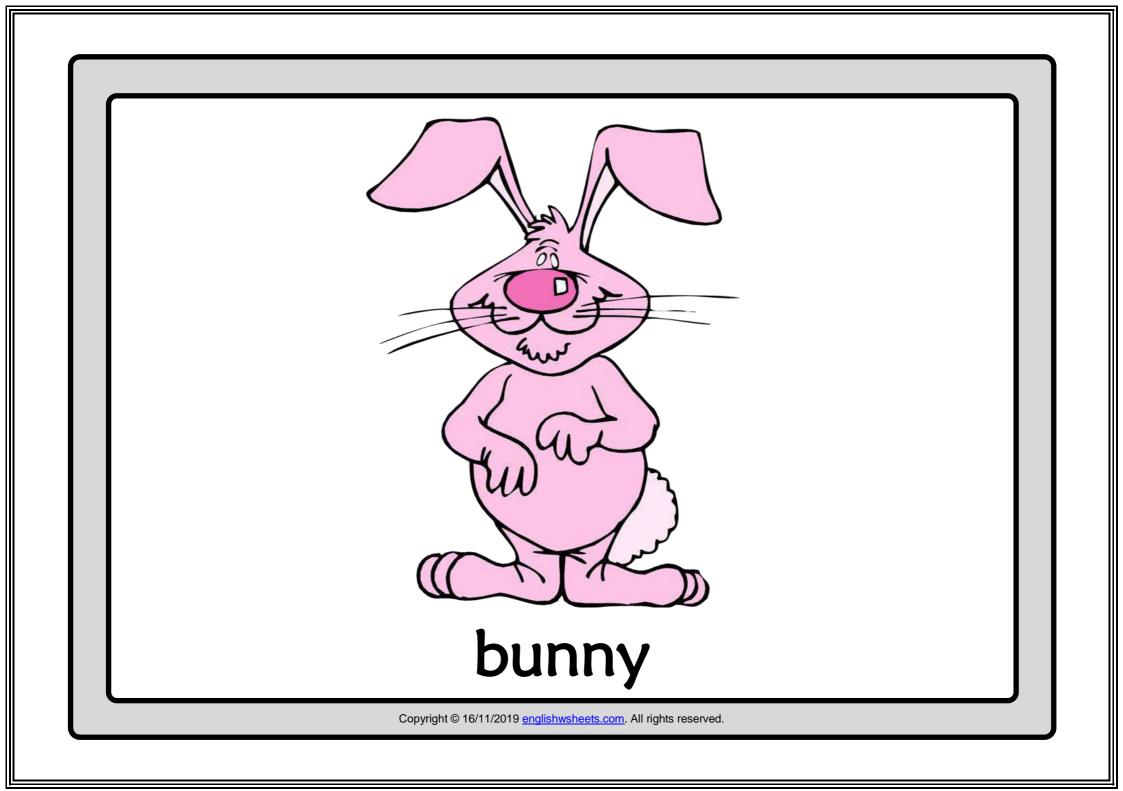




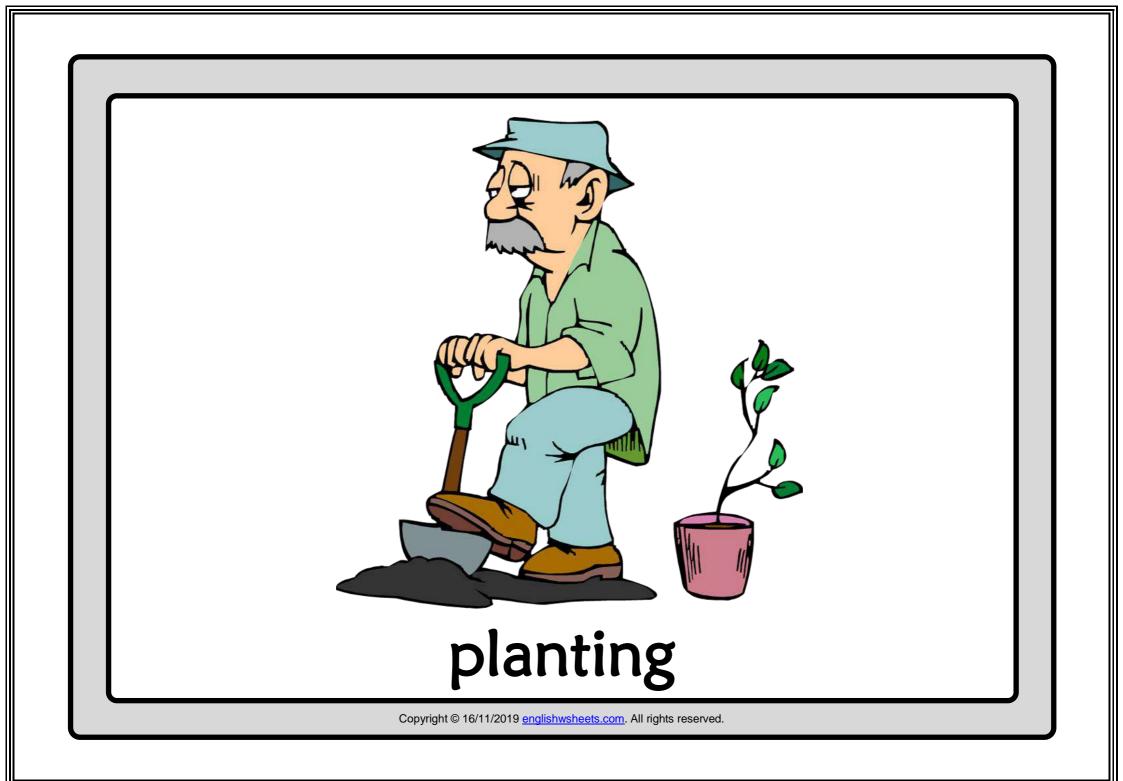




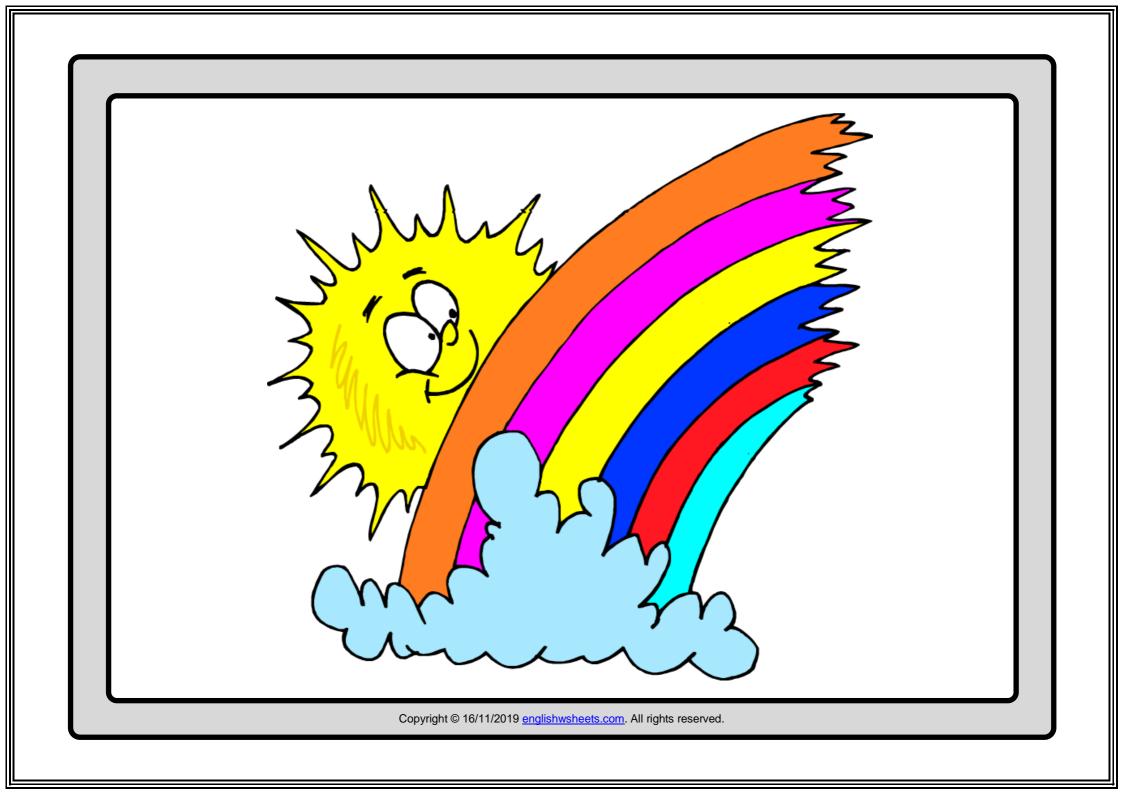












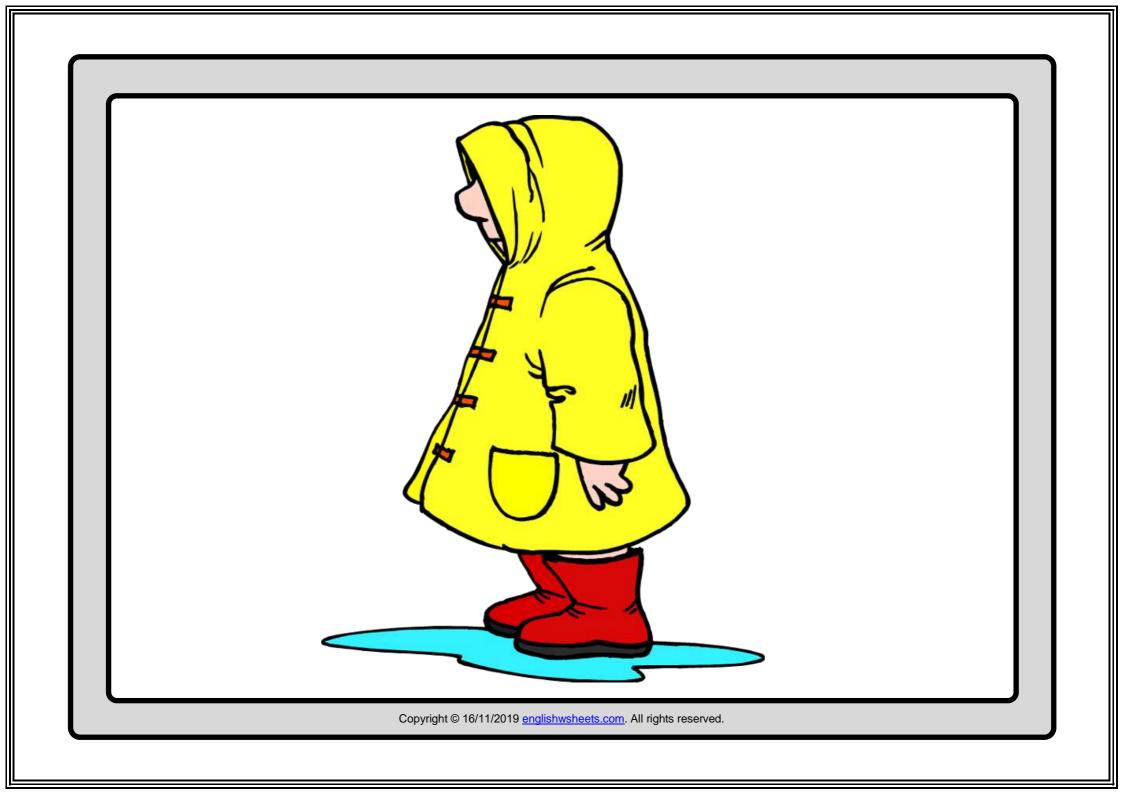


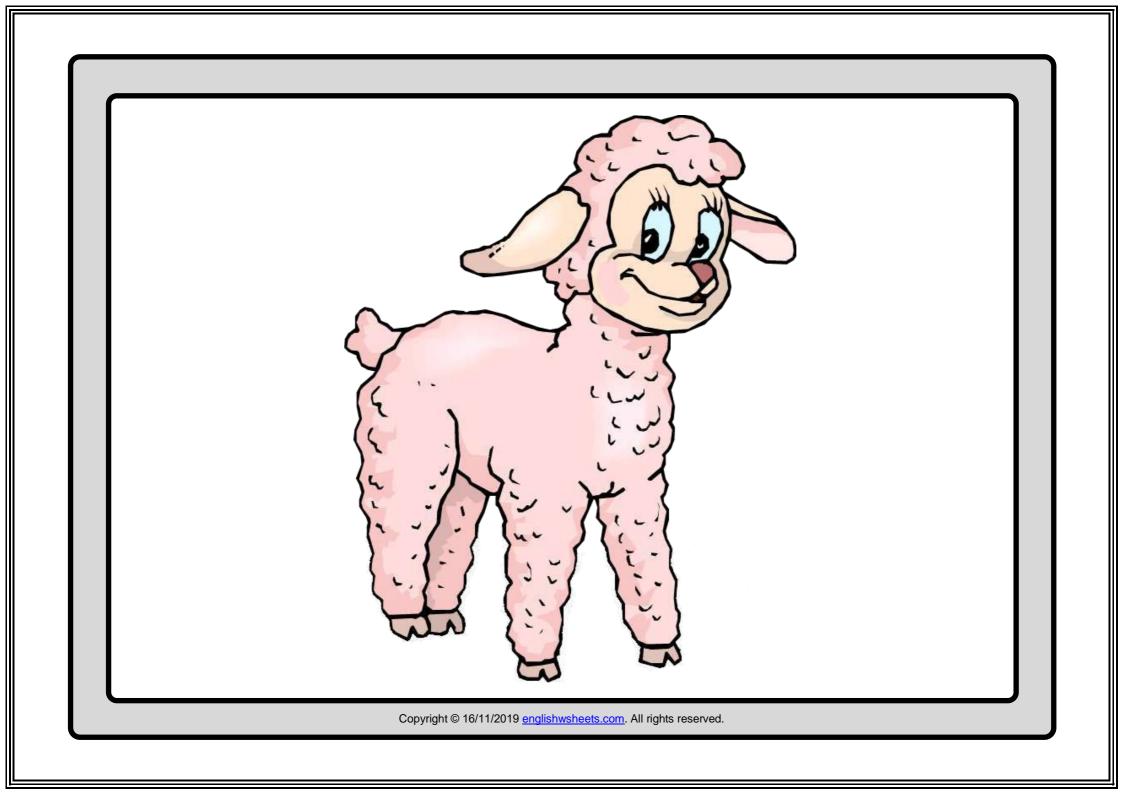


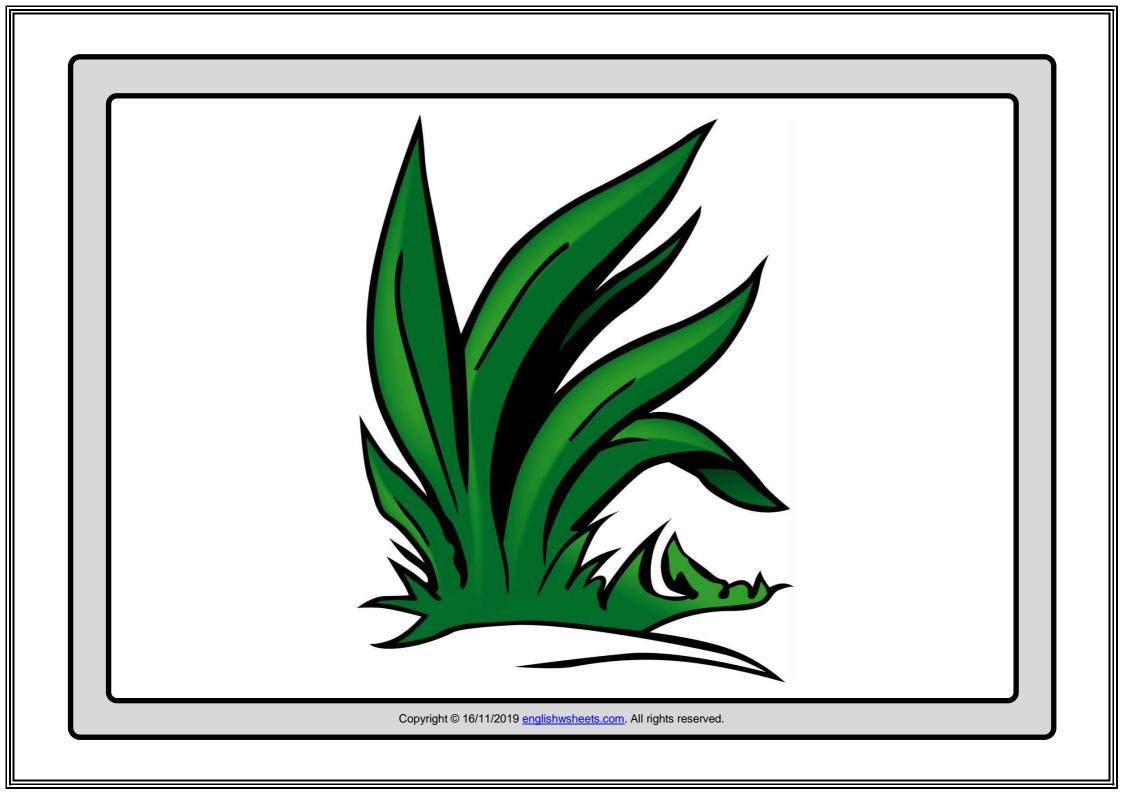


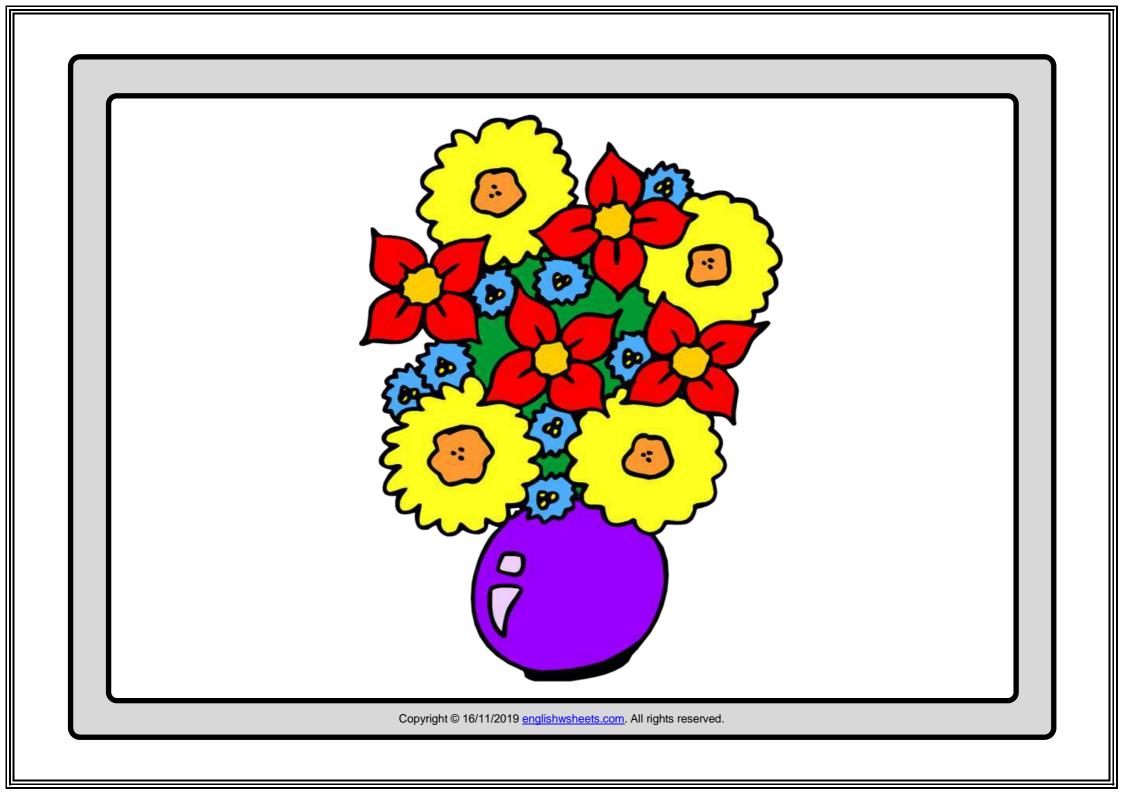




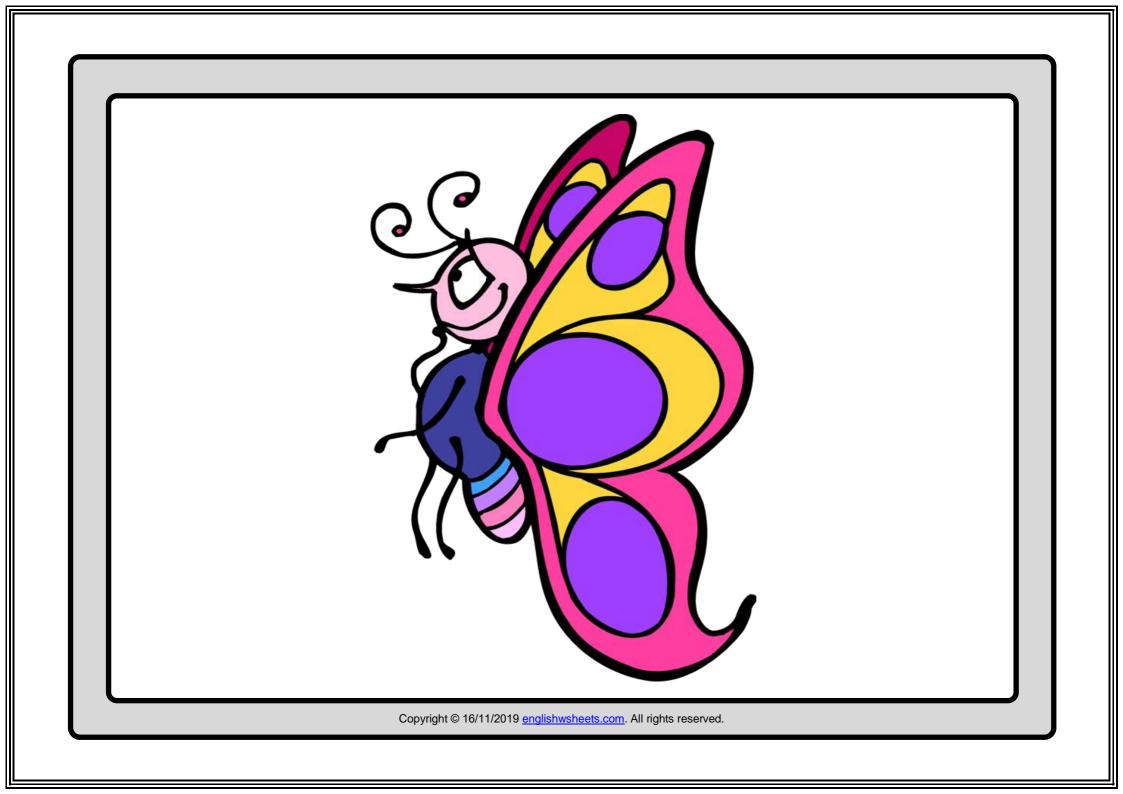


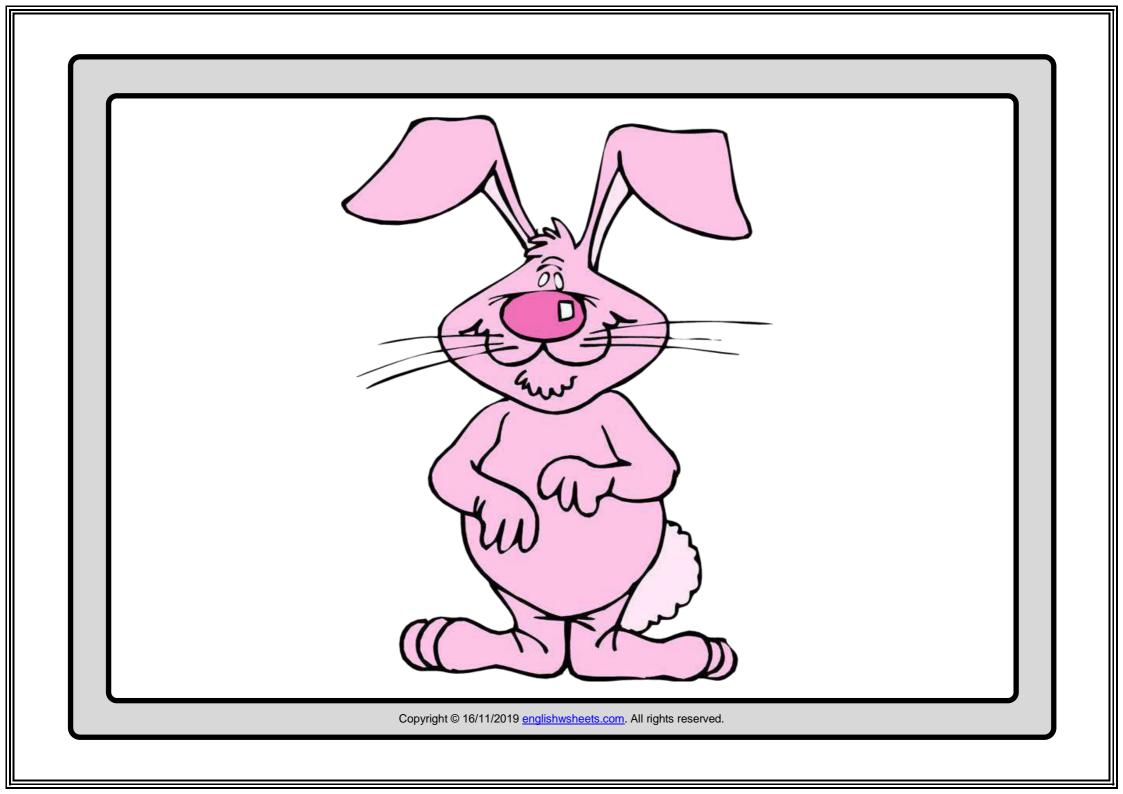








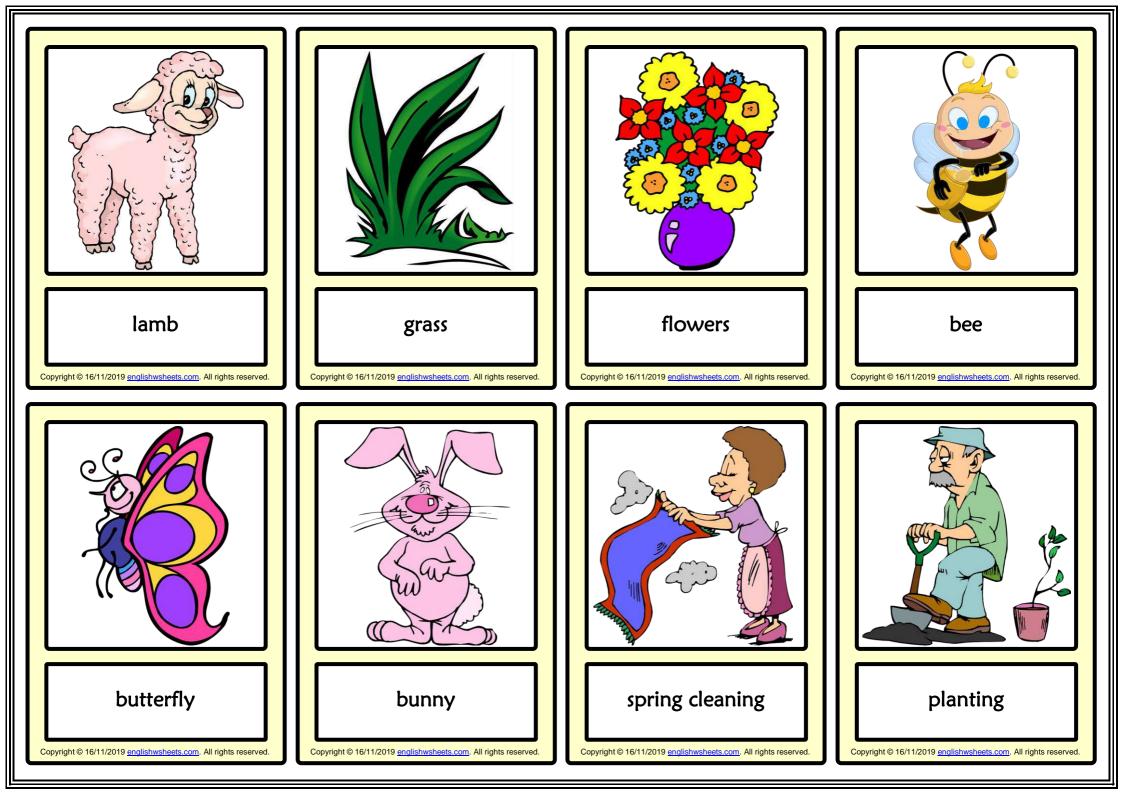








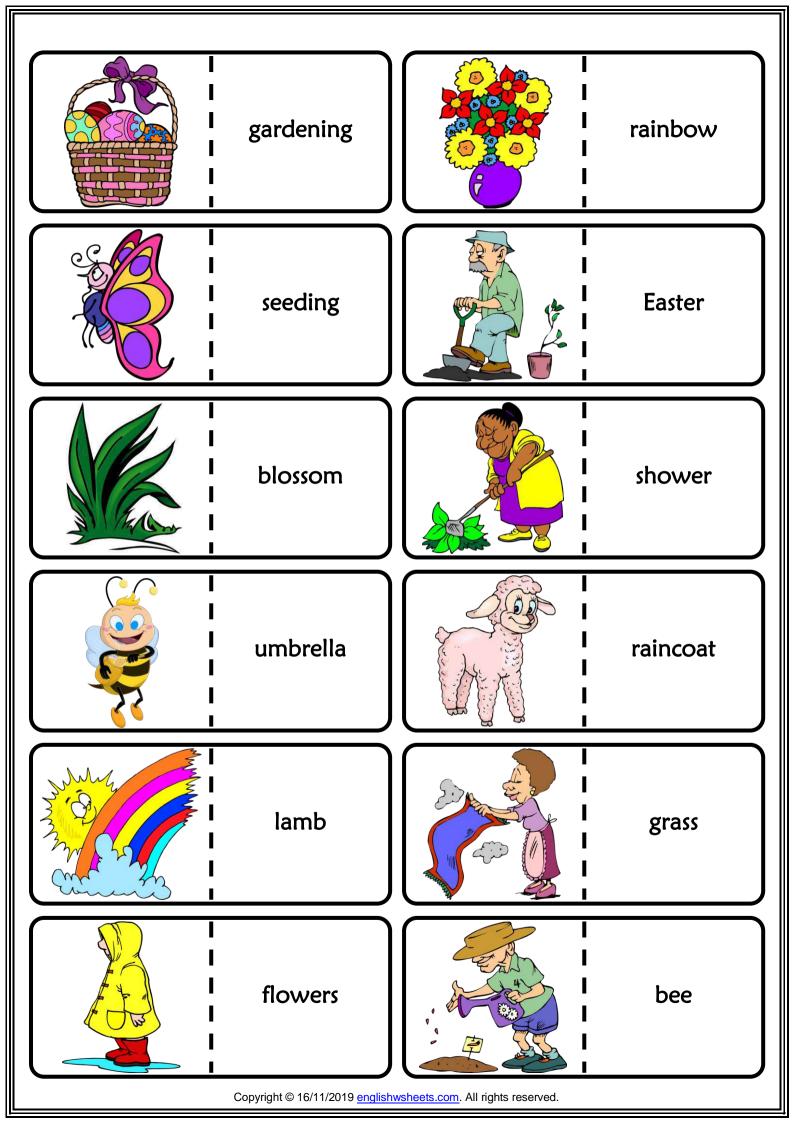


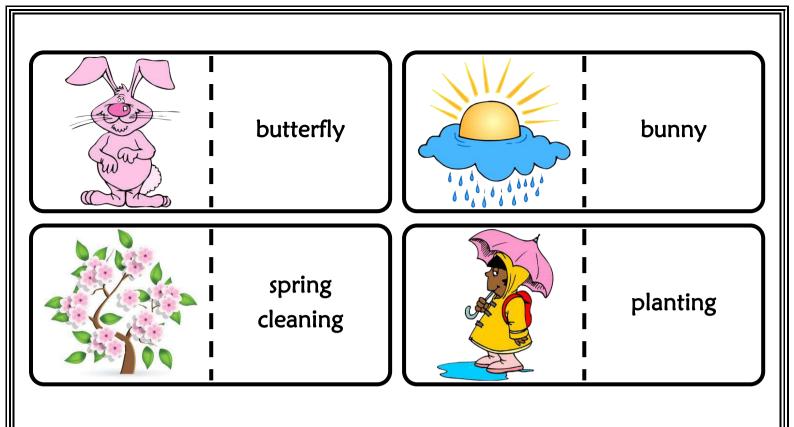


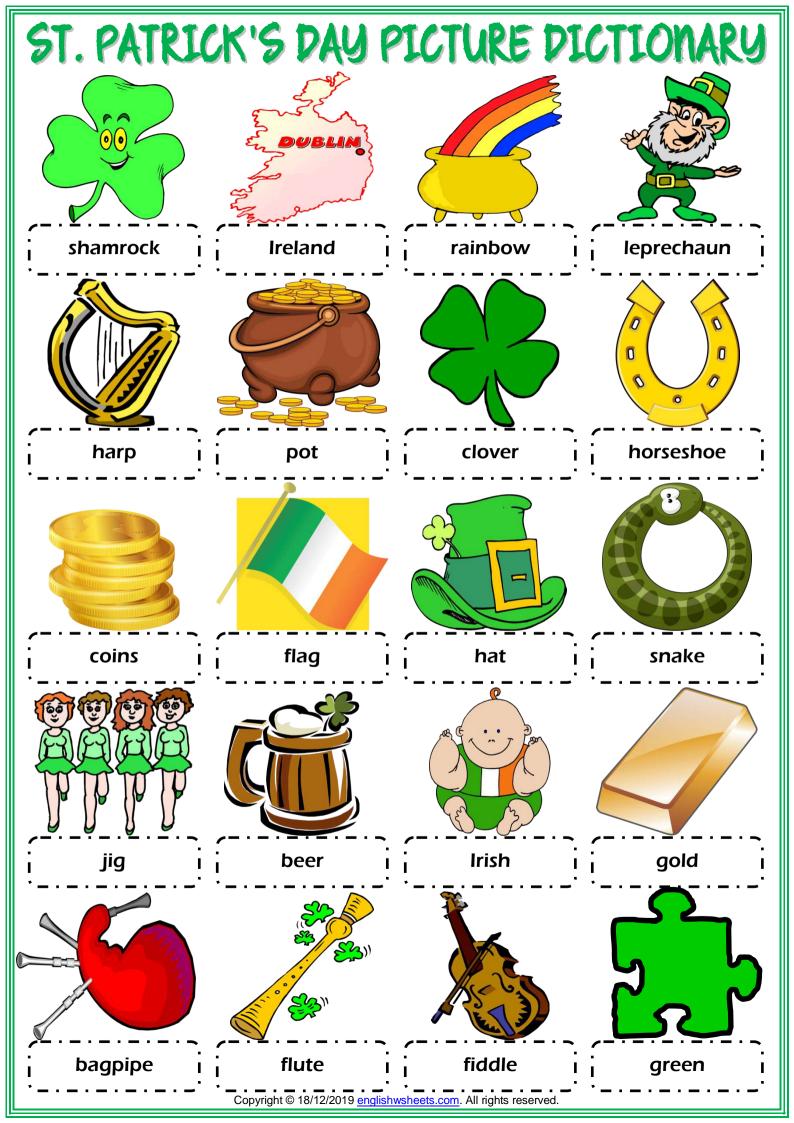


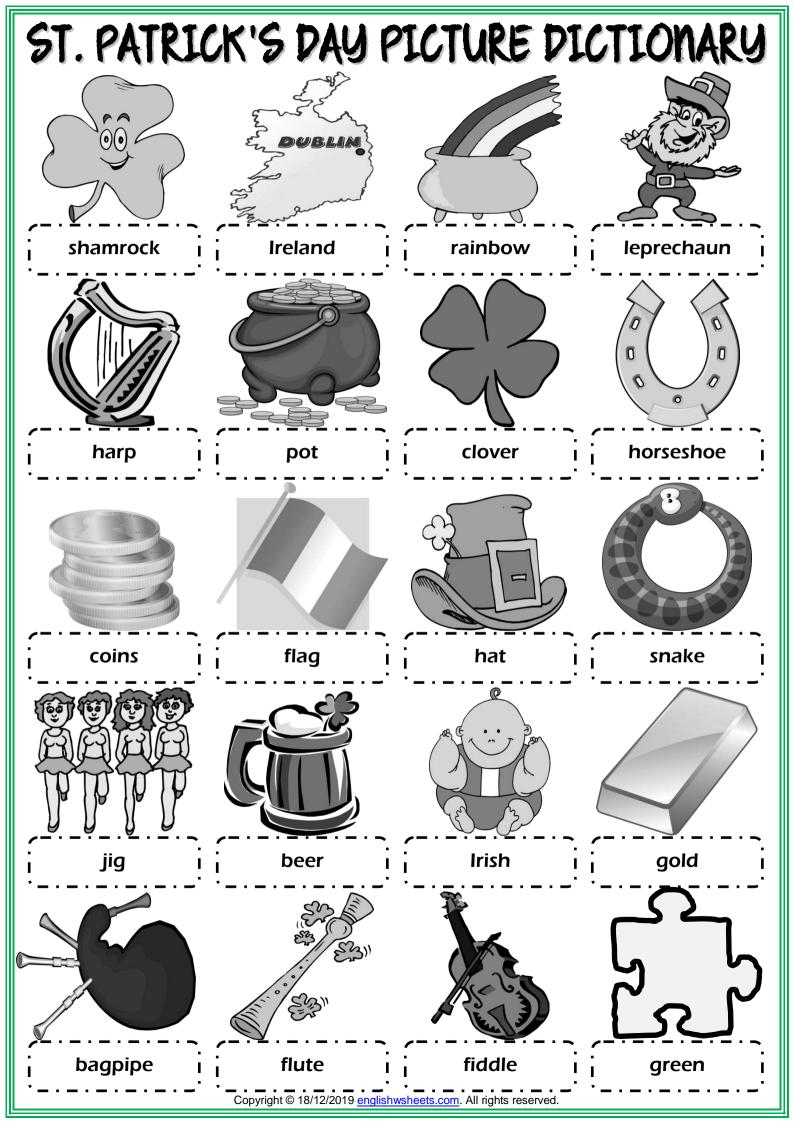


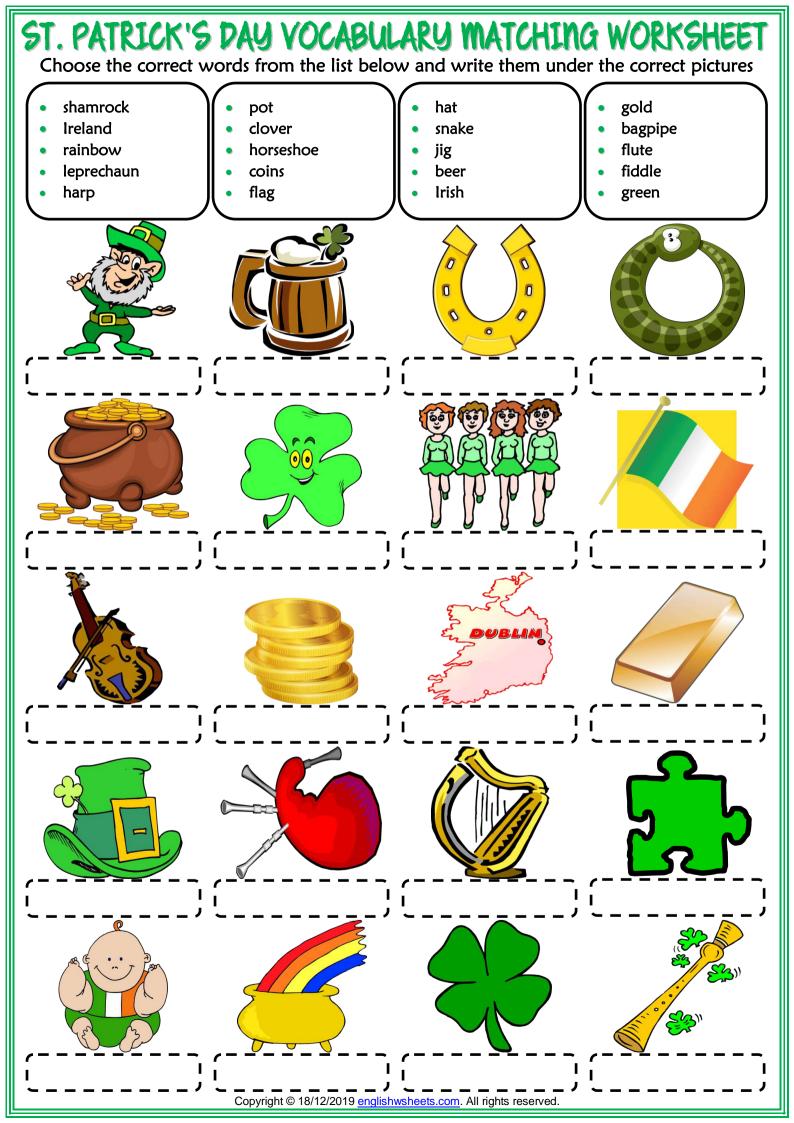
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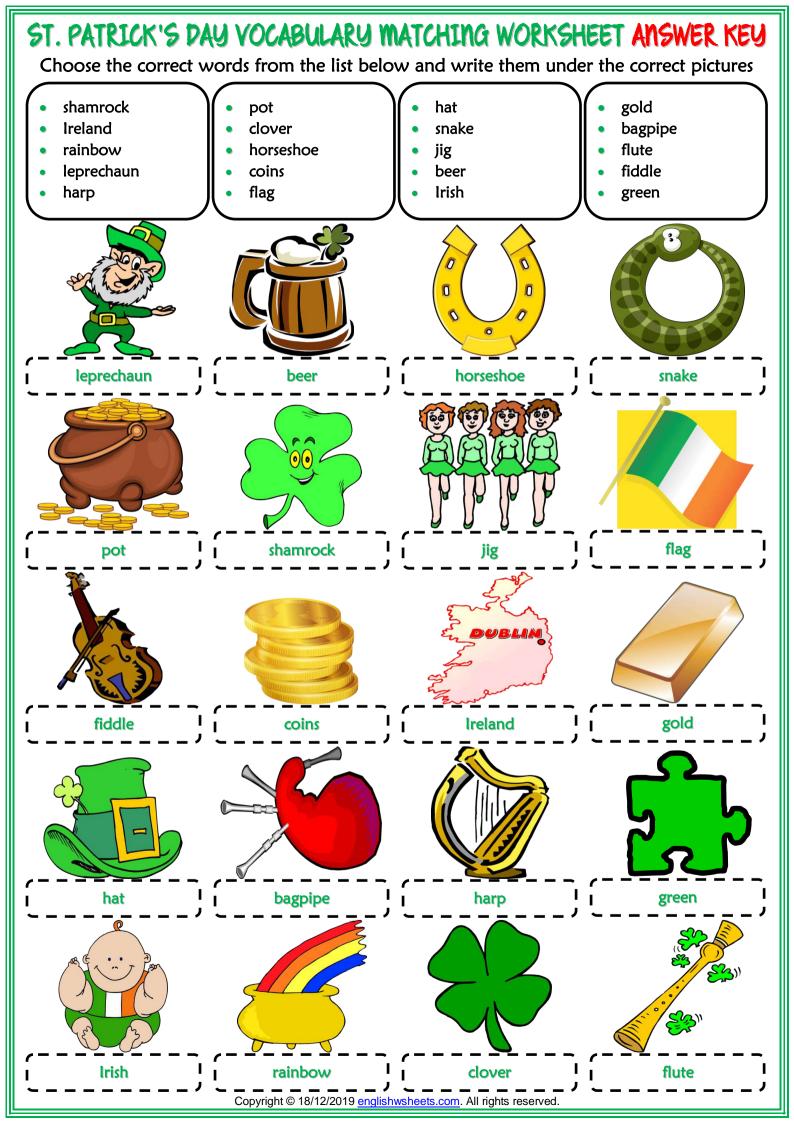
















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Answer key

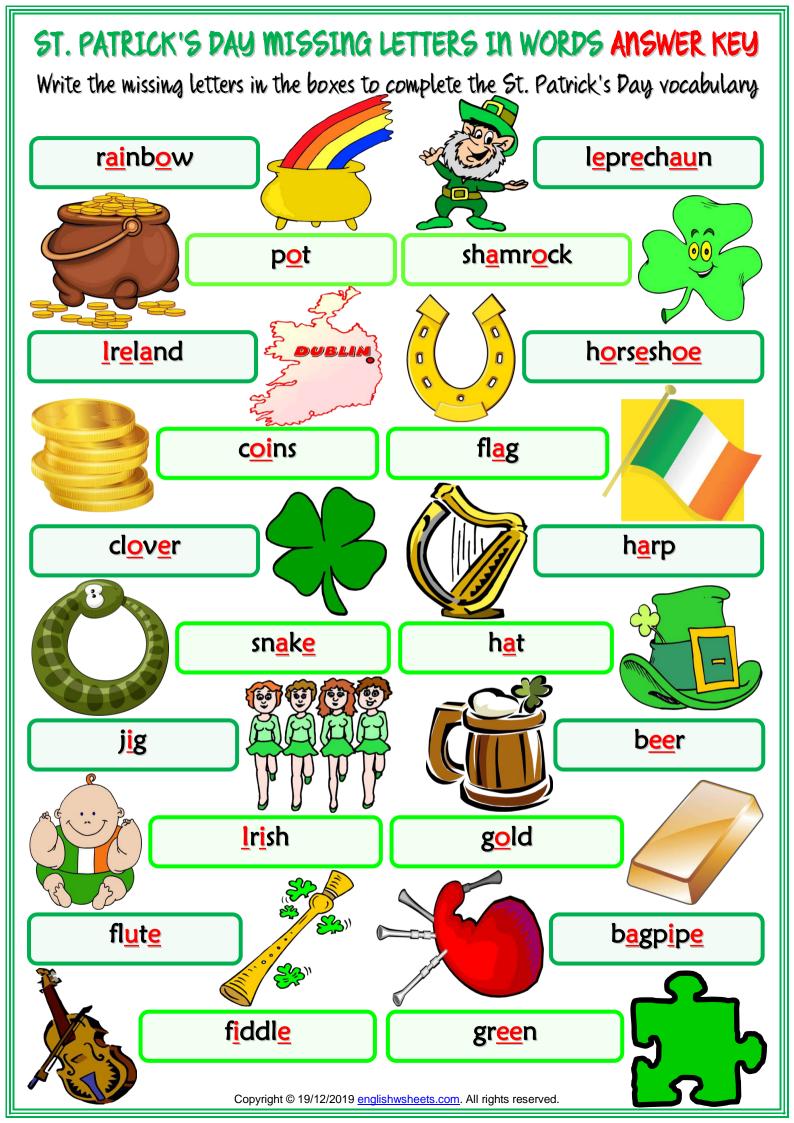
Across

- 3. flute
- 5. fiddle
- 9. horseshoe
- 11. gold
- 12. Irish
- 14. snake
- 15. shawrock
- 16. bagpipe
- 17. žig
- 19. rainbow
- 20. beer

Down

- I. pot
- 2. clover
- 4. flag
- 6. Ireland
- 7. leprechaun
- 8. coins
- 10. hat
- 13. harp
- 18. green





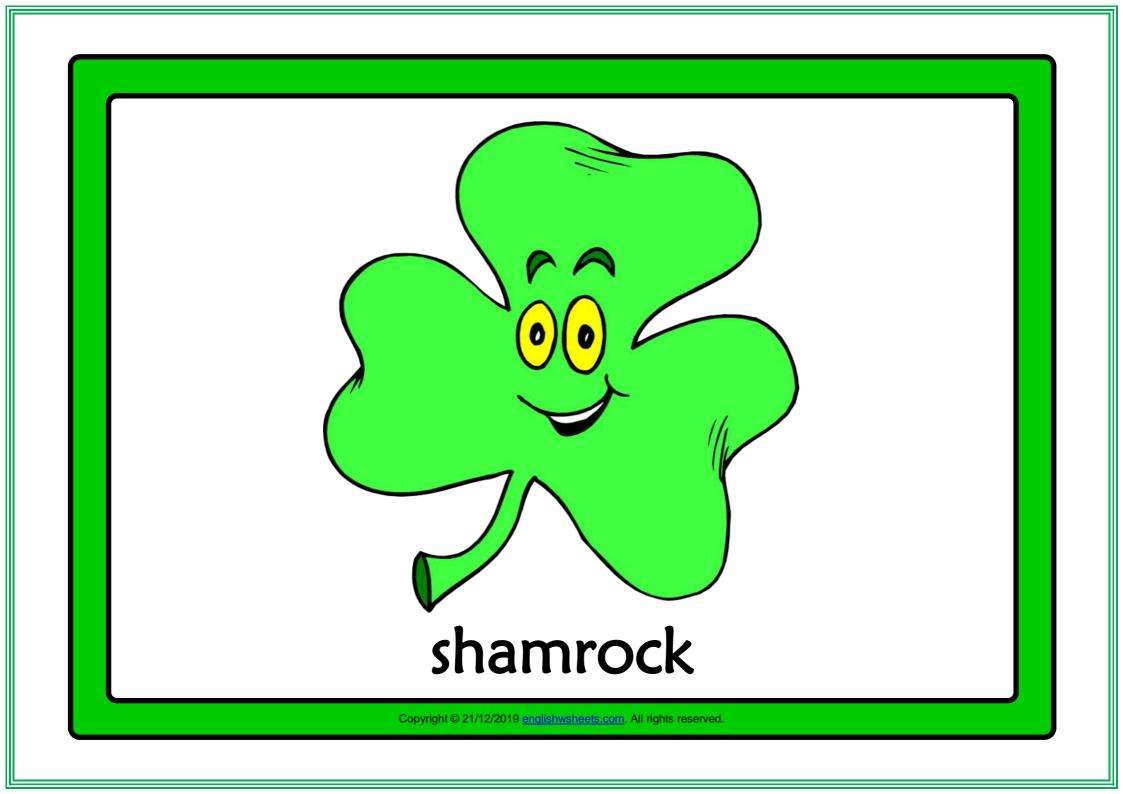


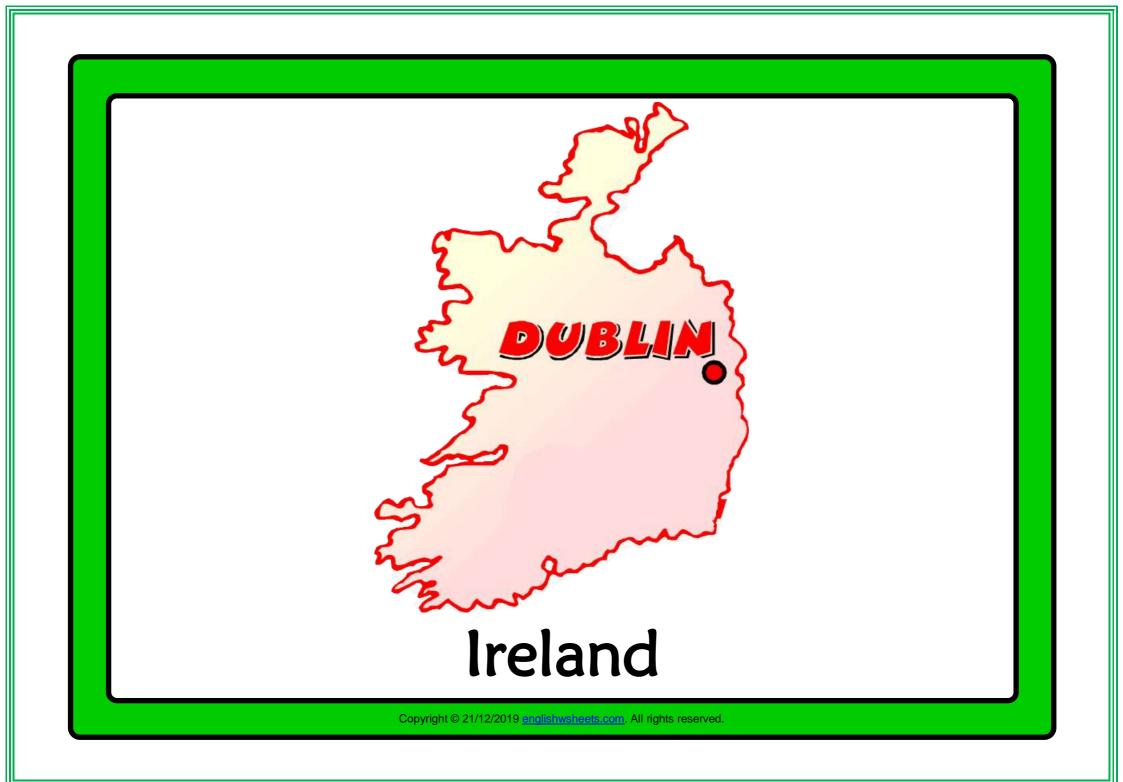


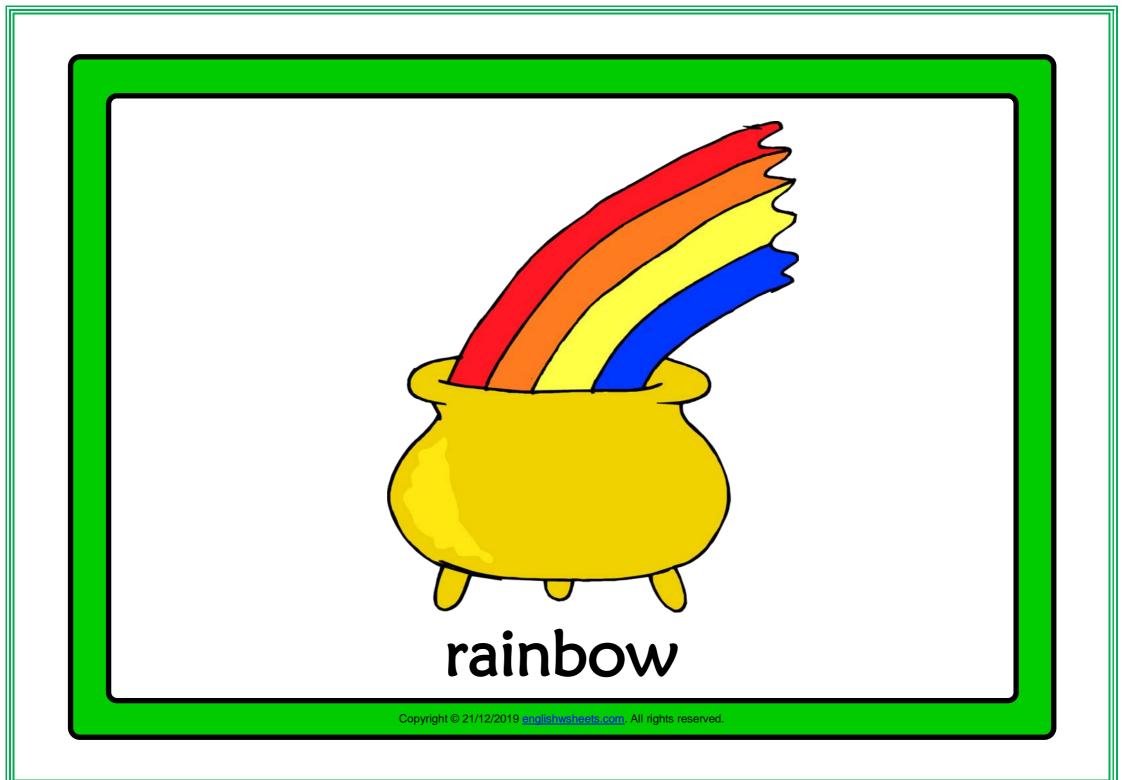


ST. PATRICK'S DAY MULTIPLE CHOICE TEST ANSWER KEY

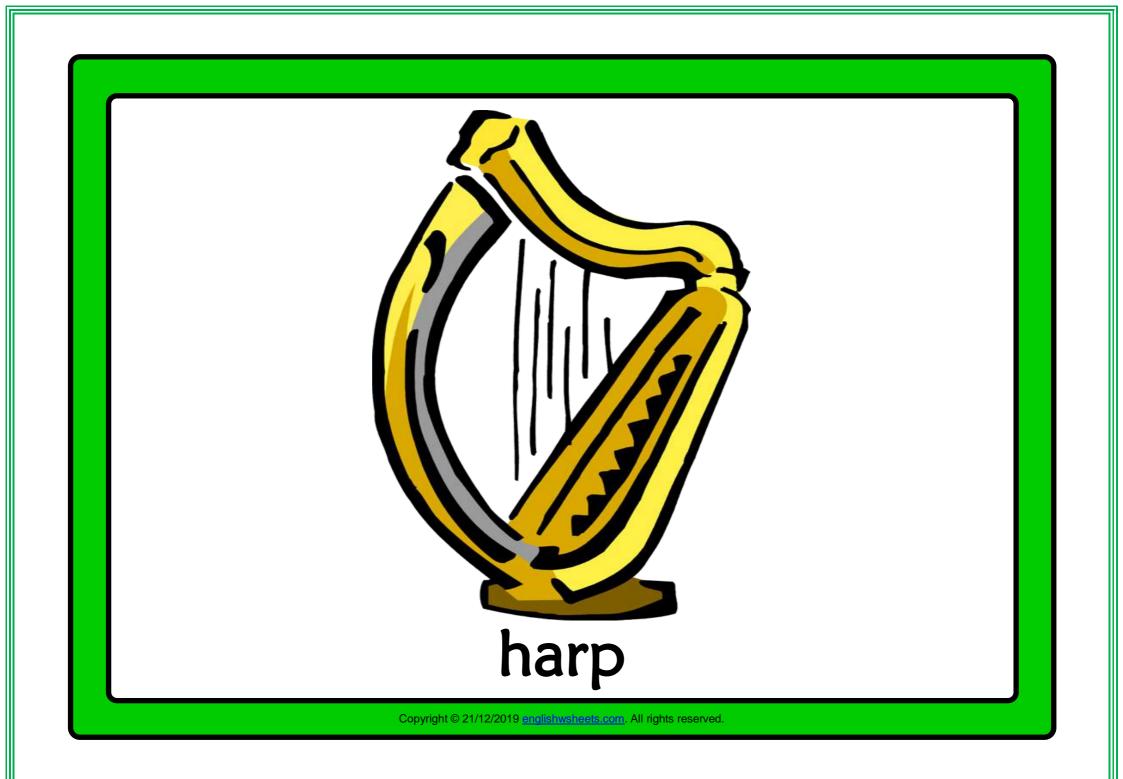
·,	
<u>TEST 1</u>	
1) c	1 1 1
2) b	
3) b	
4) a	
5) a	
6) c	
7) c	
8) b	
9) a	
10) b	
11) c	1 1 1
12) a	
13) a	
14) b	
15) c	
16) c	-
17) b	
18) a	
19) c	1 1 1
20) a	
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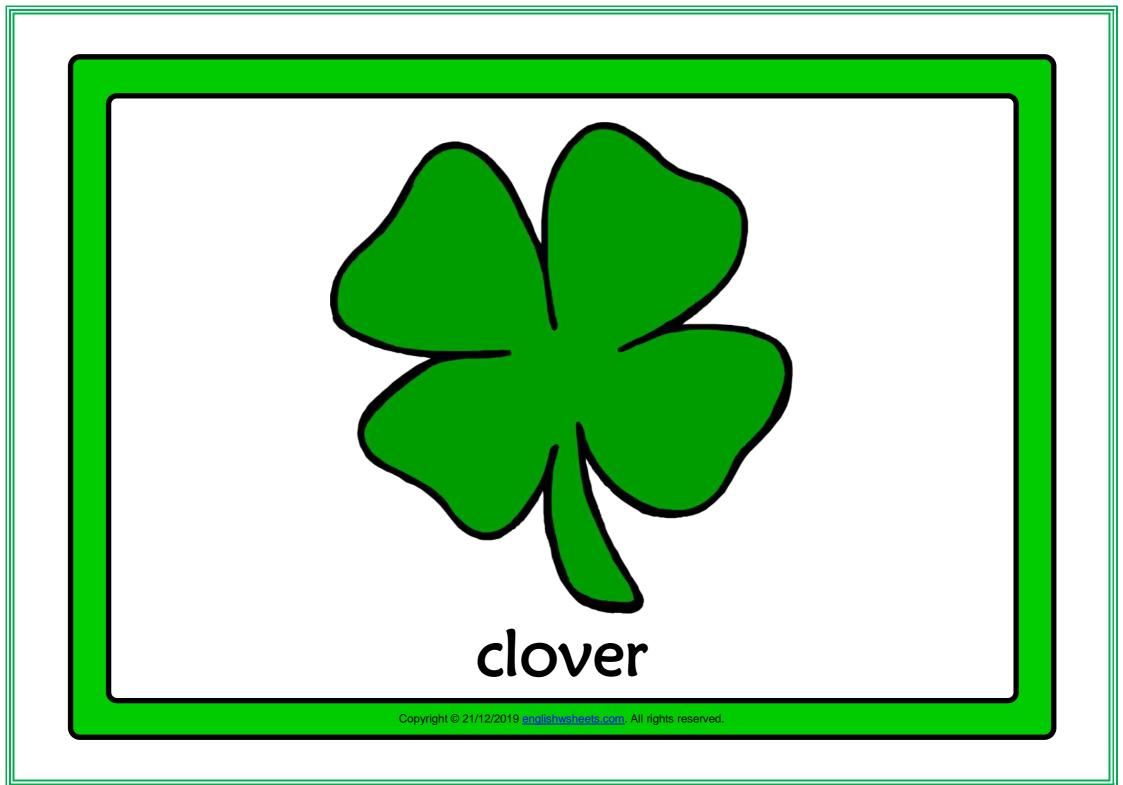


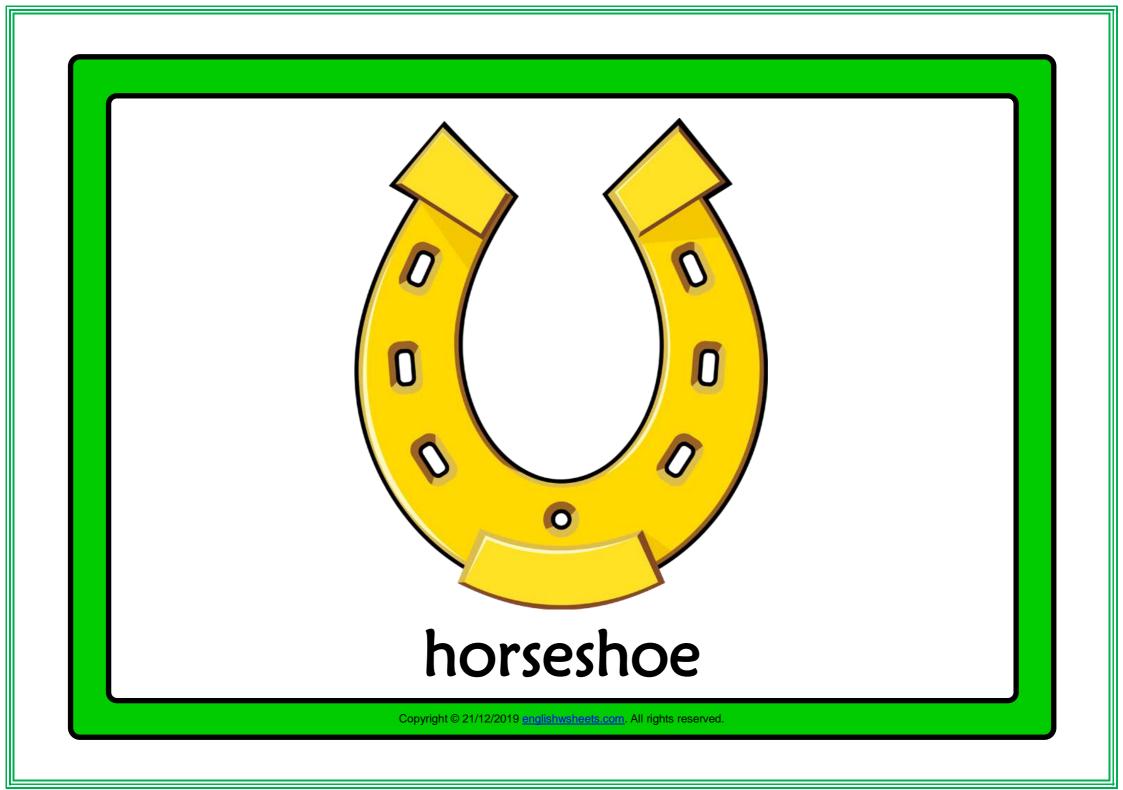


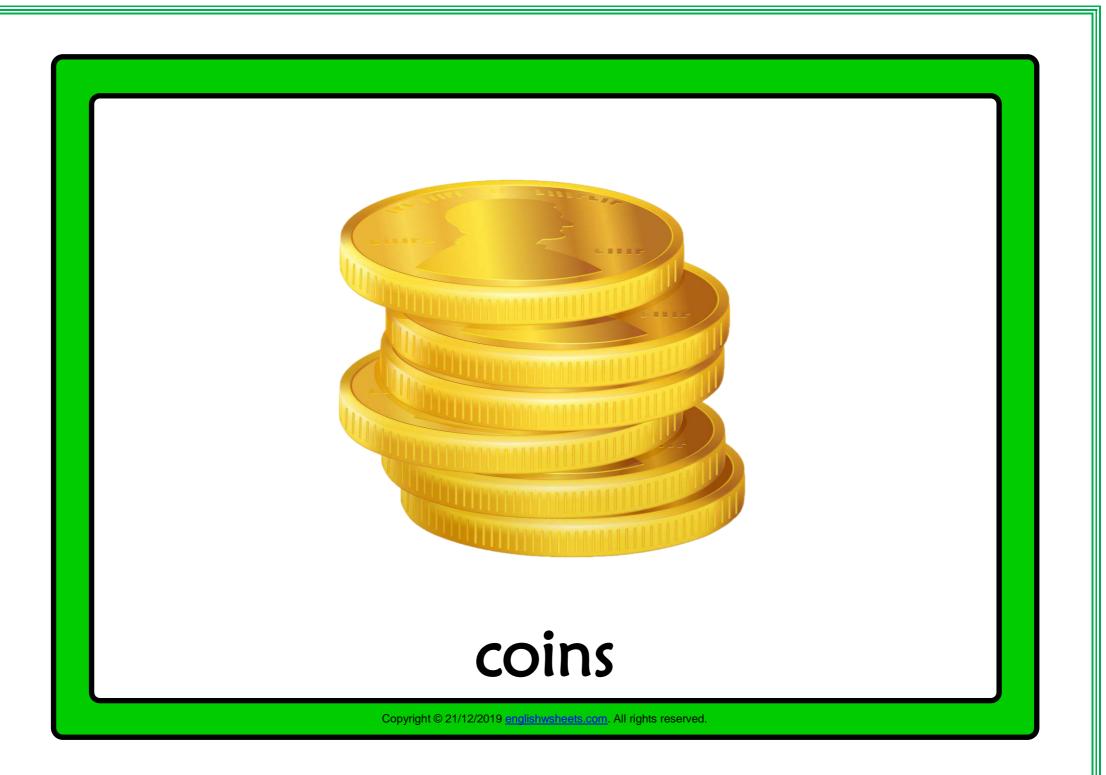




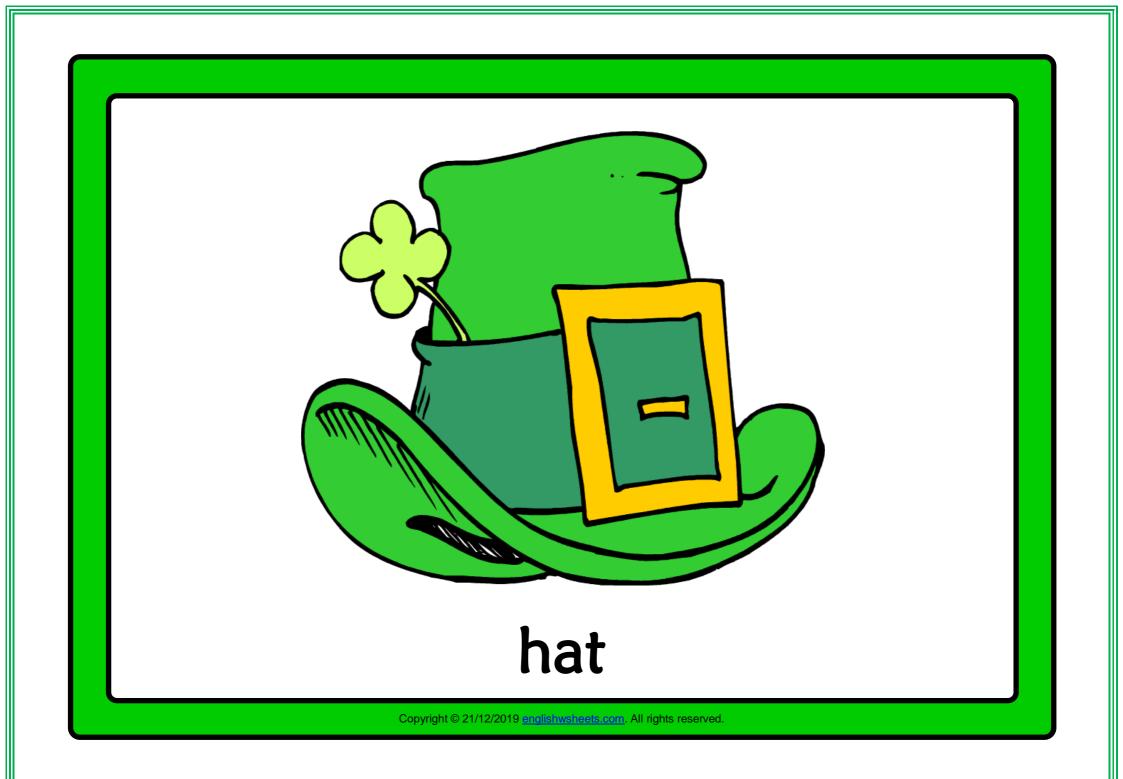


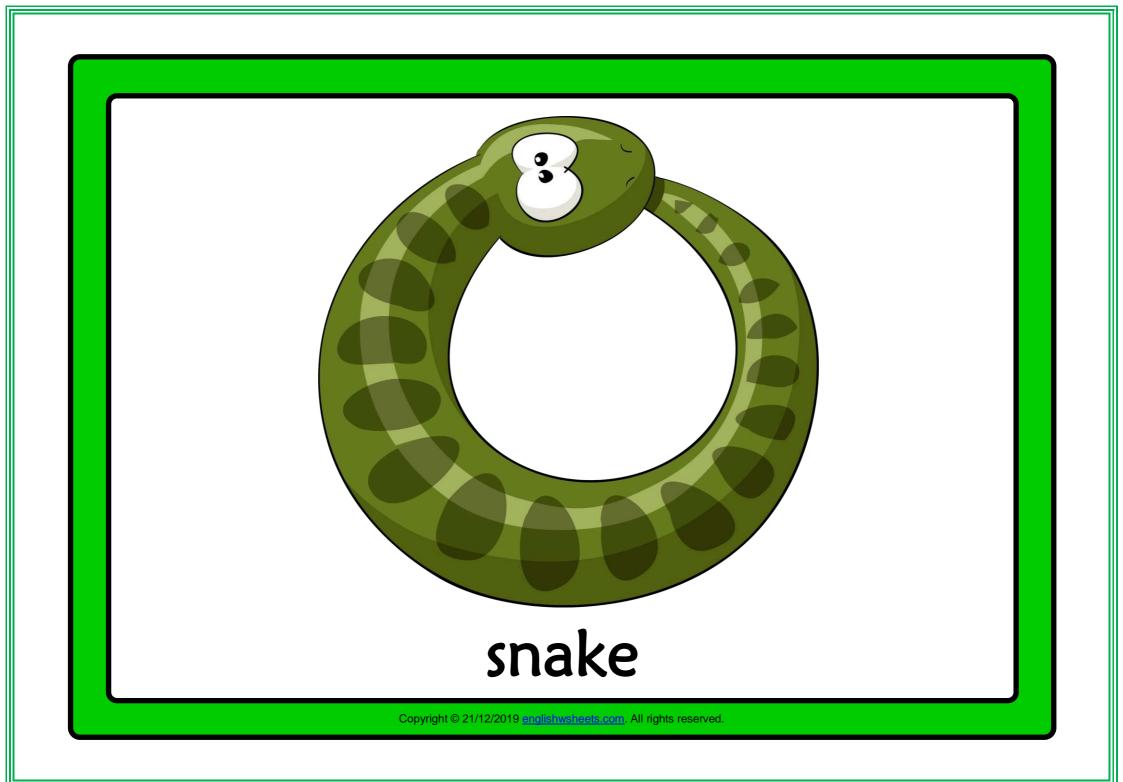


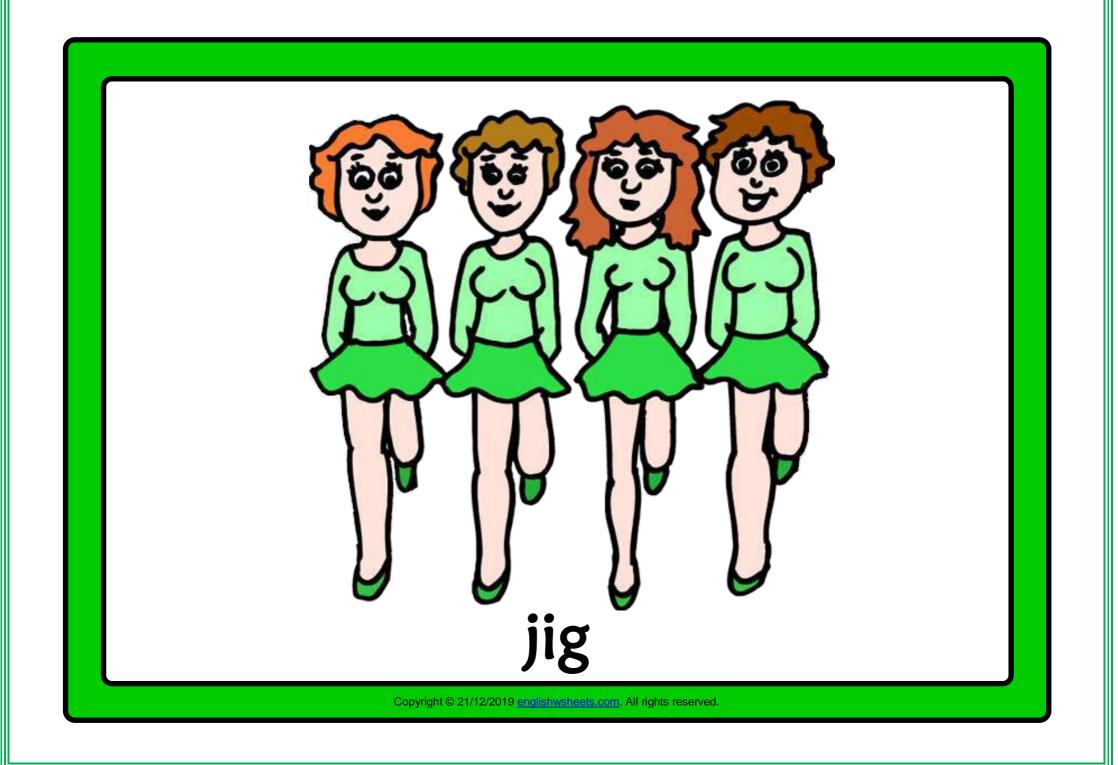




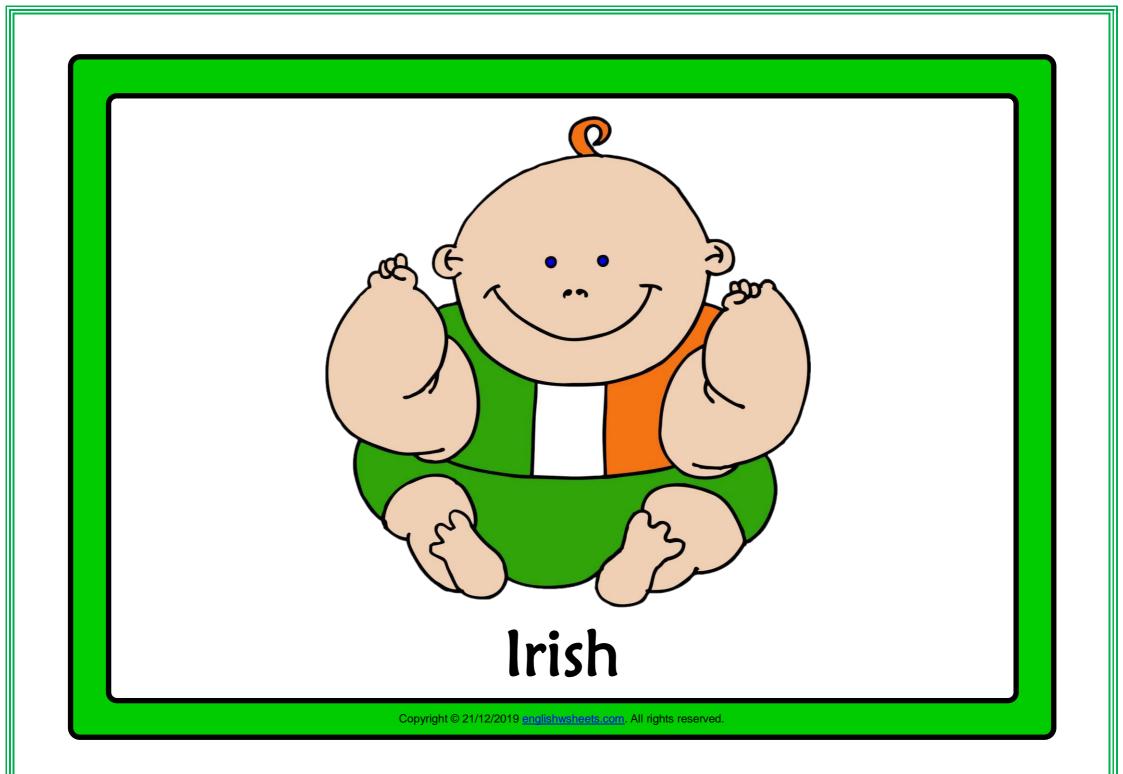


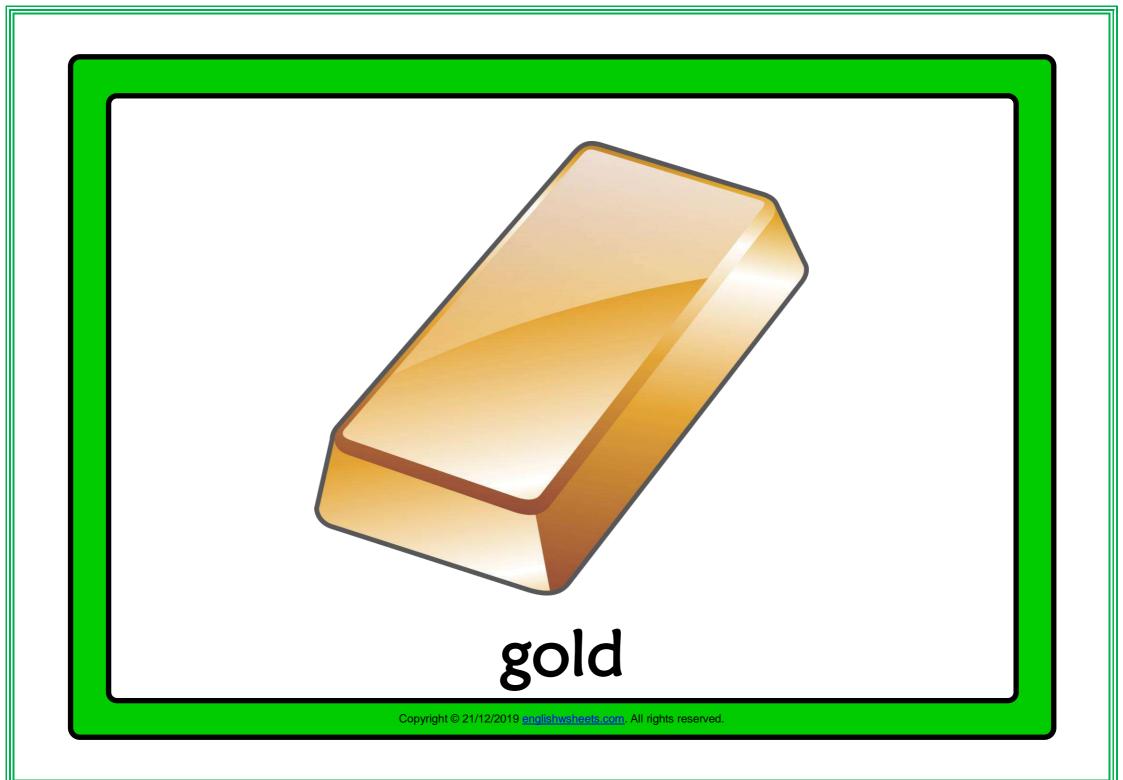


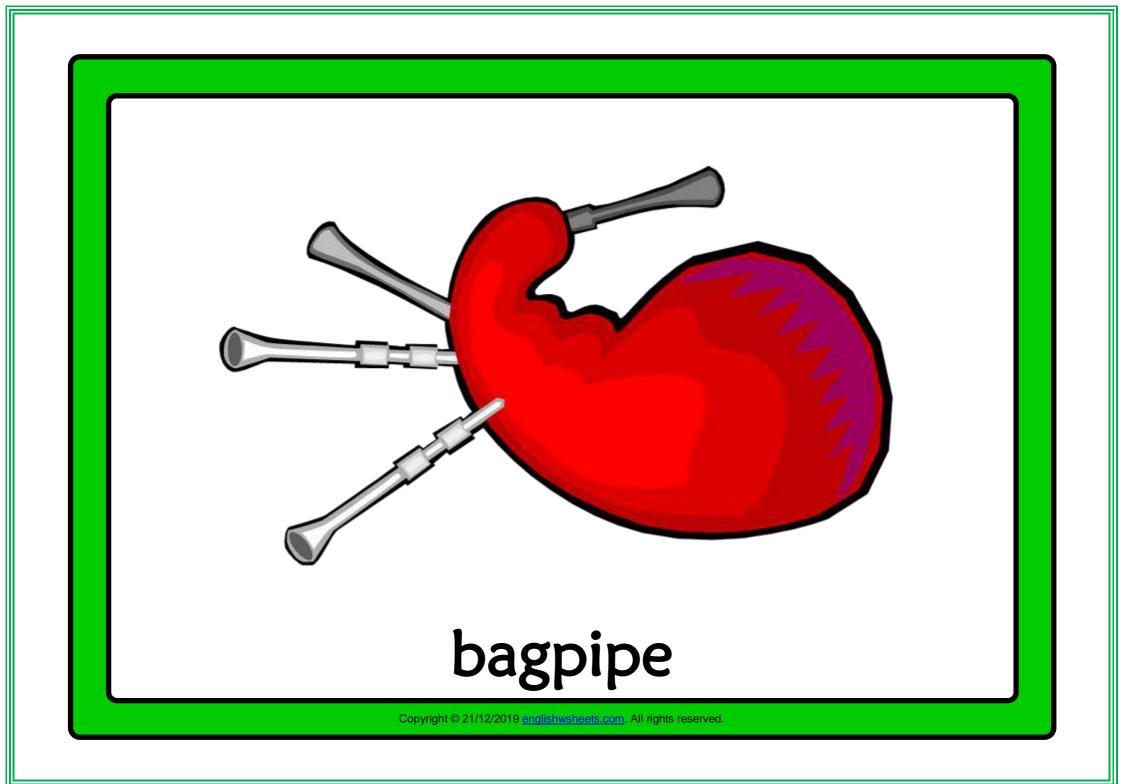


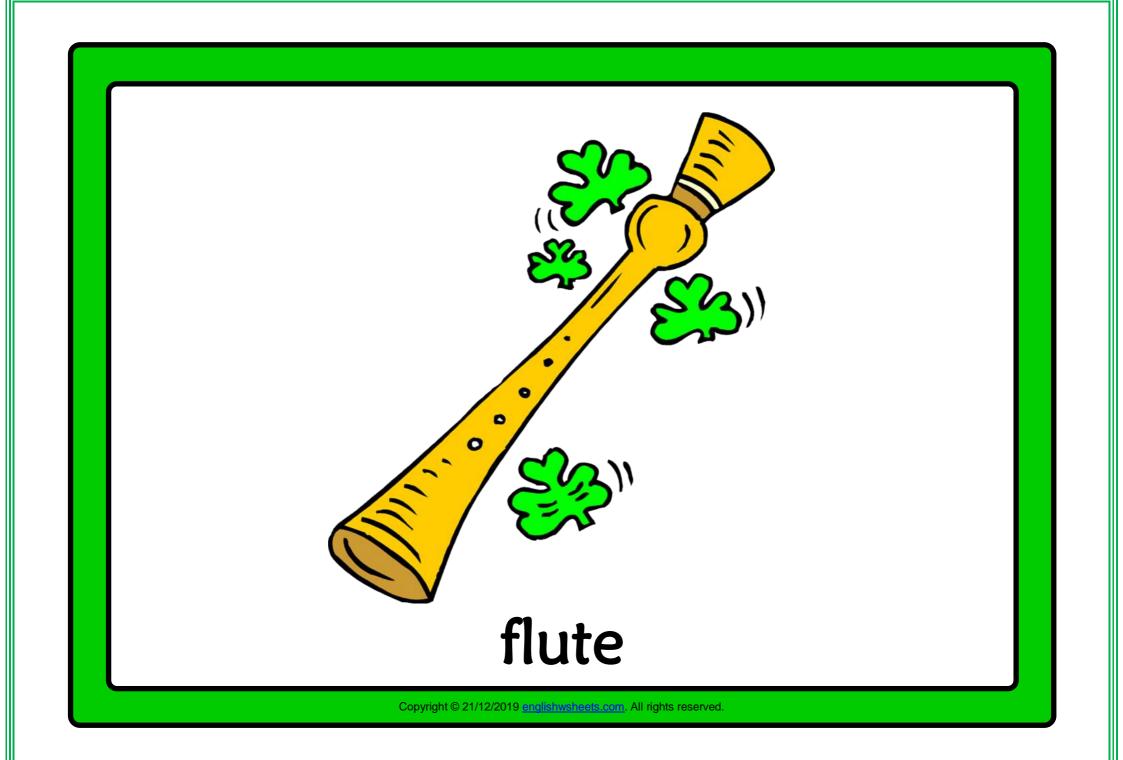


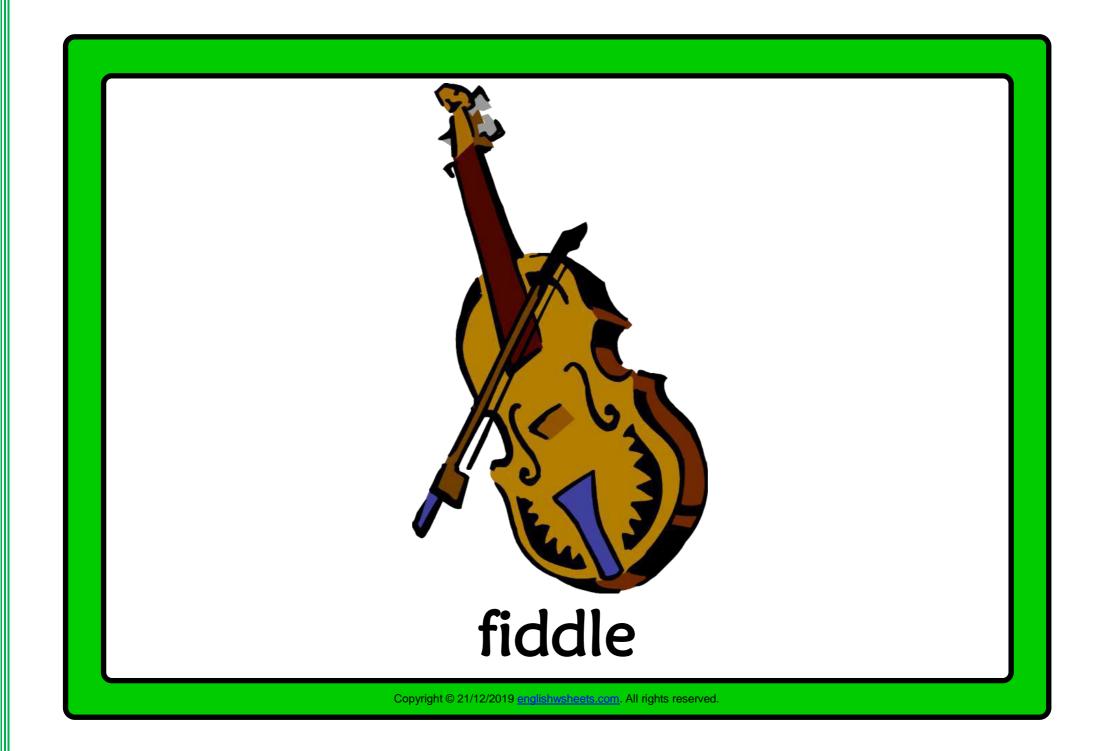


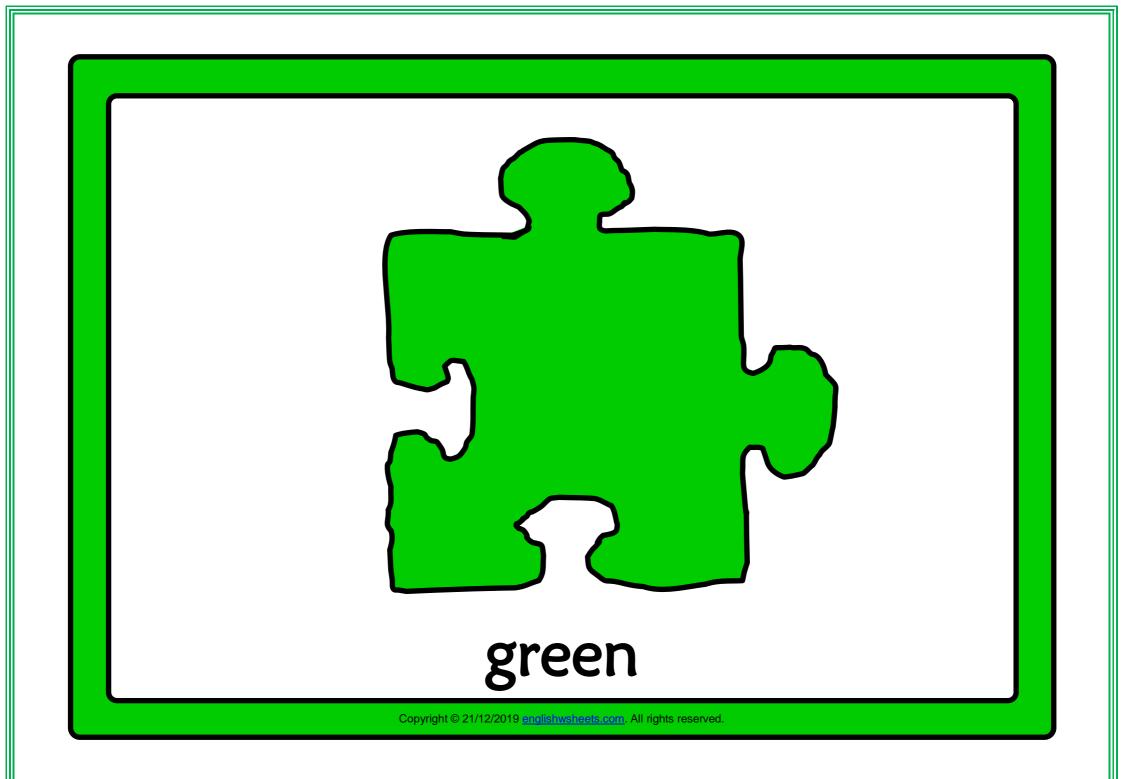


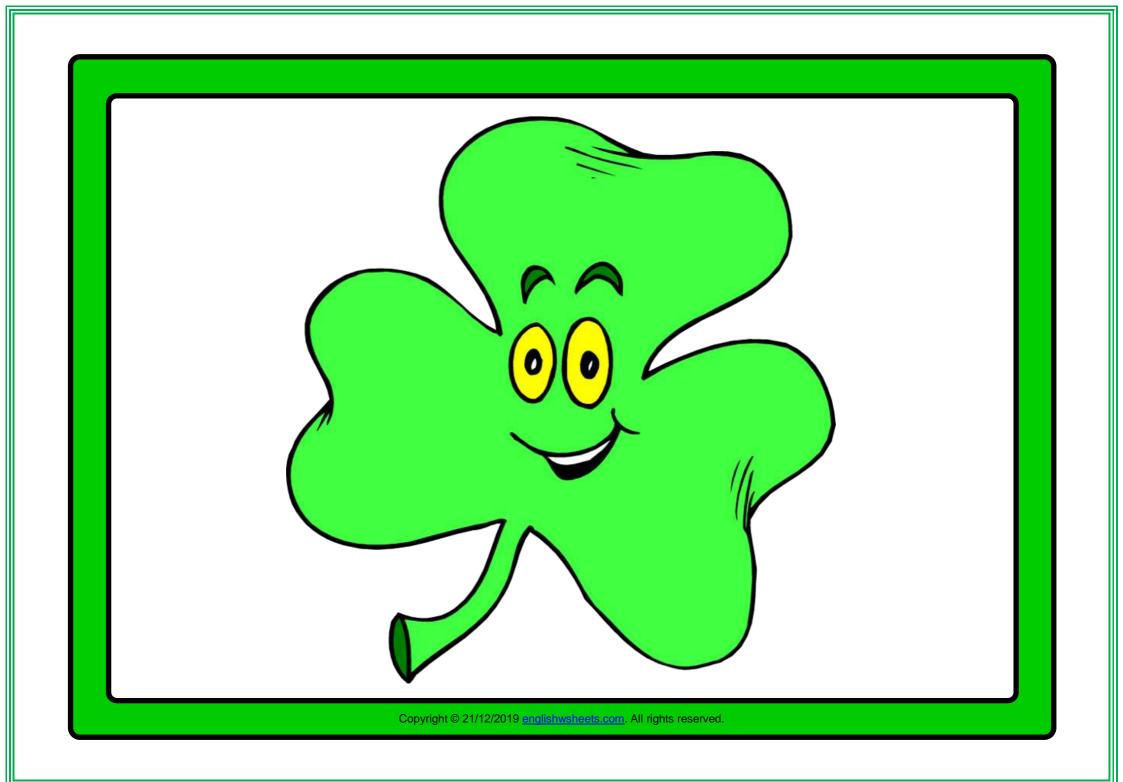


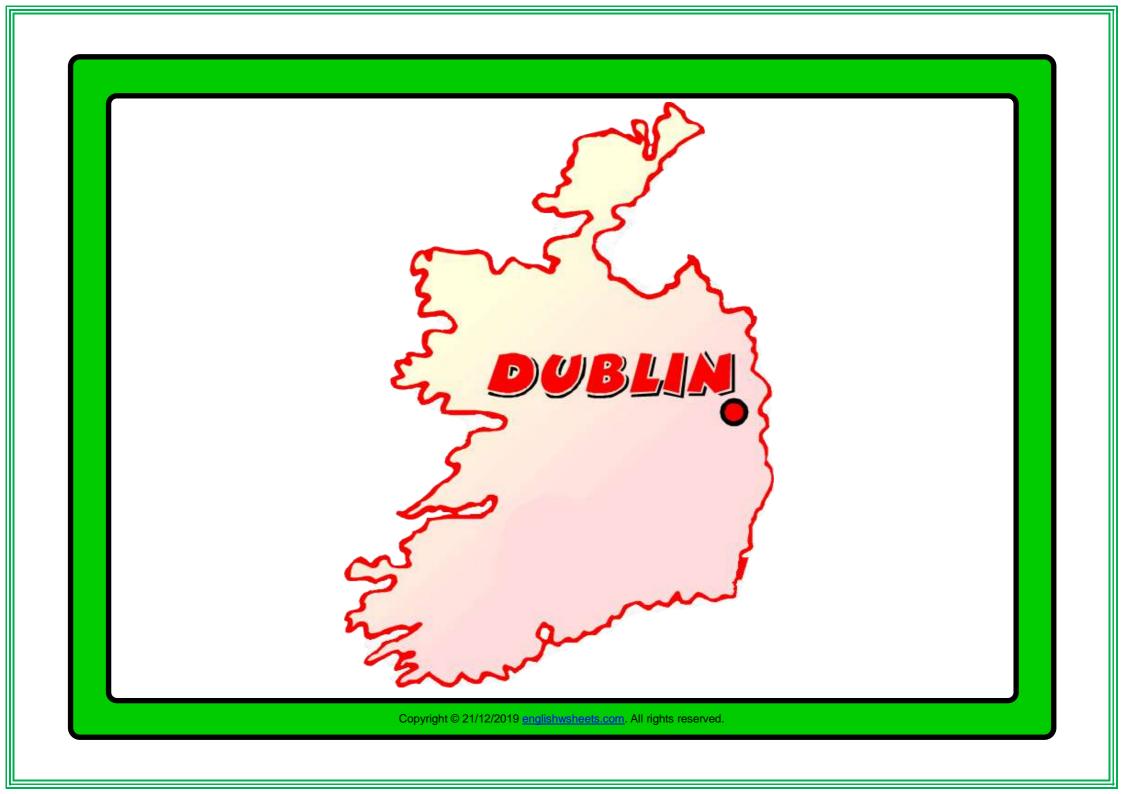


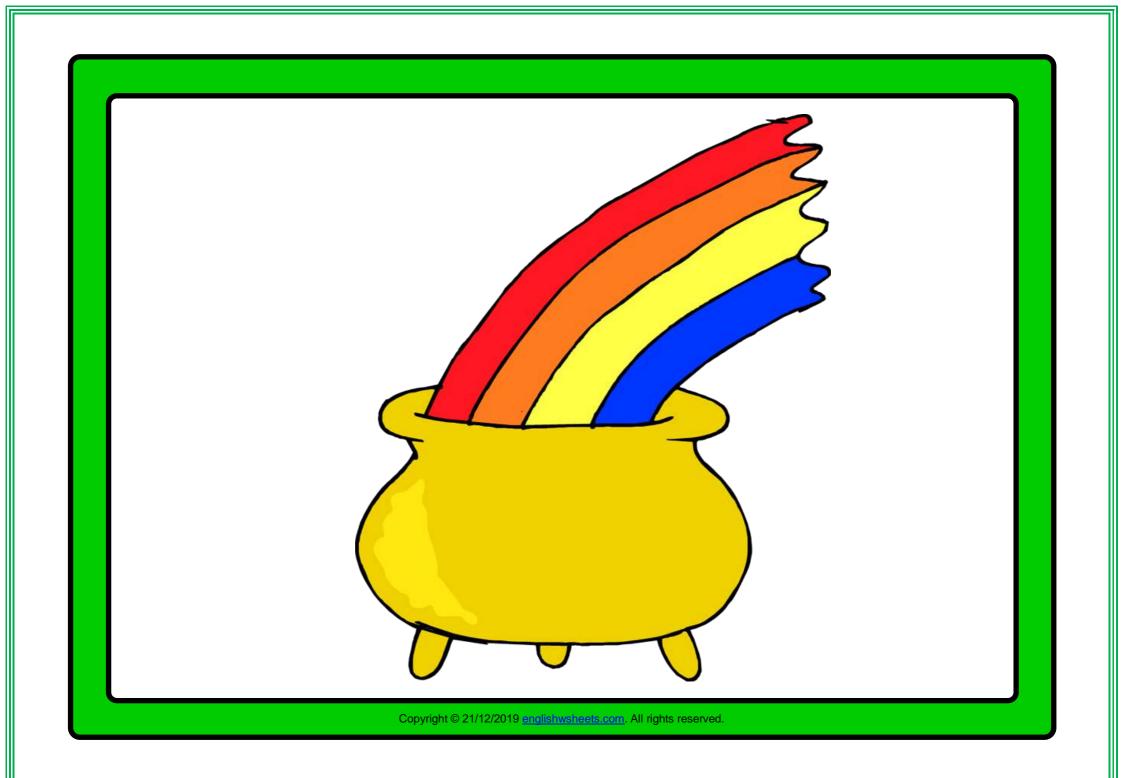








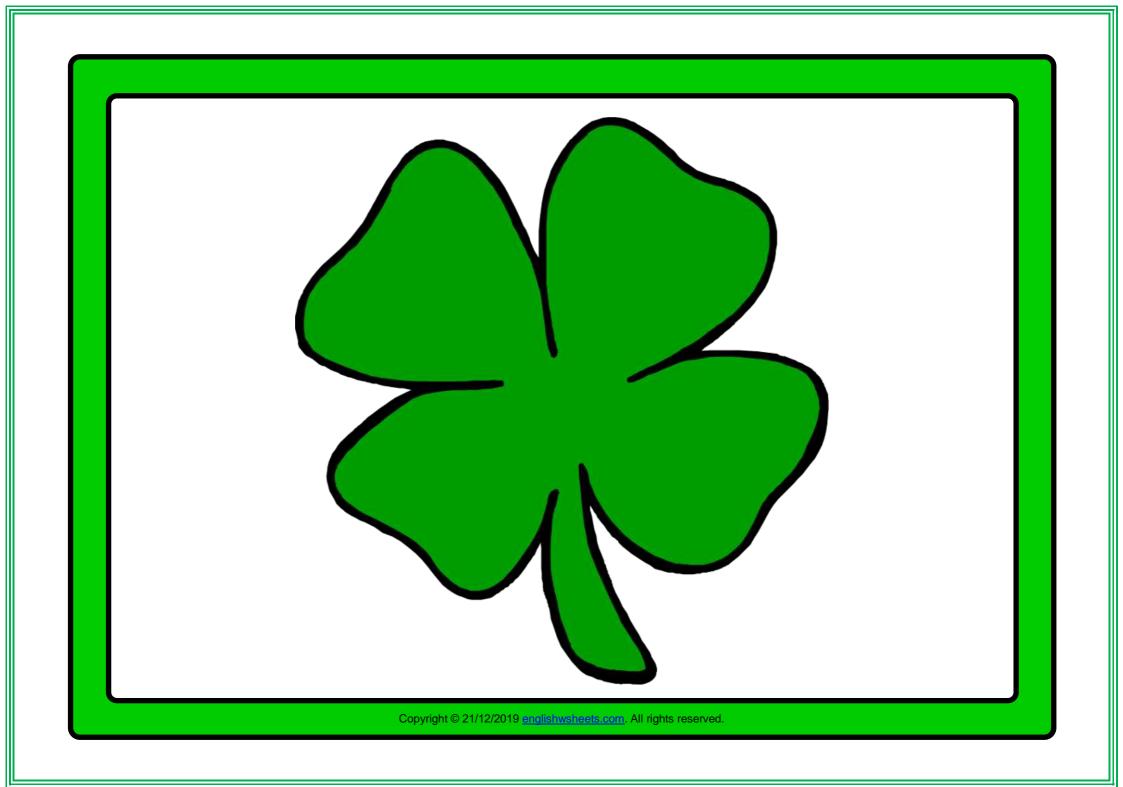


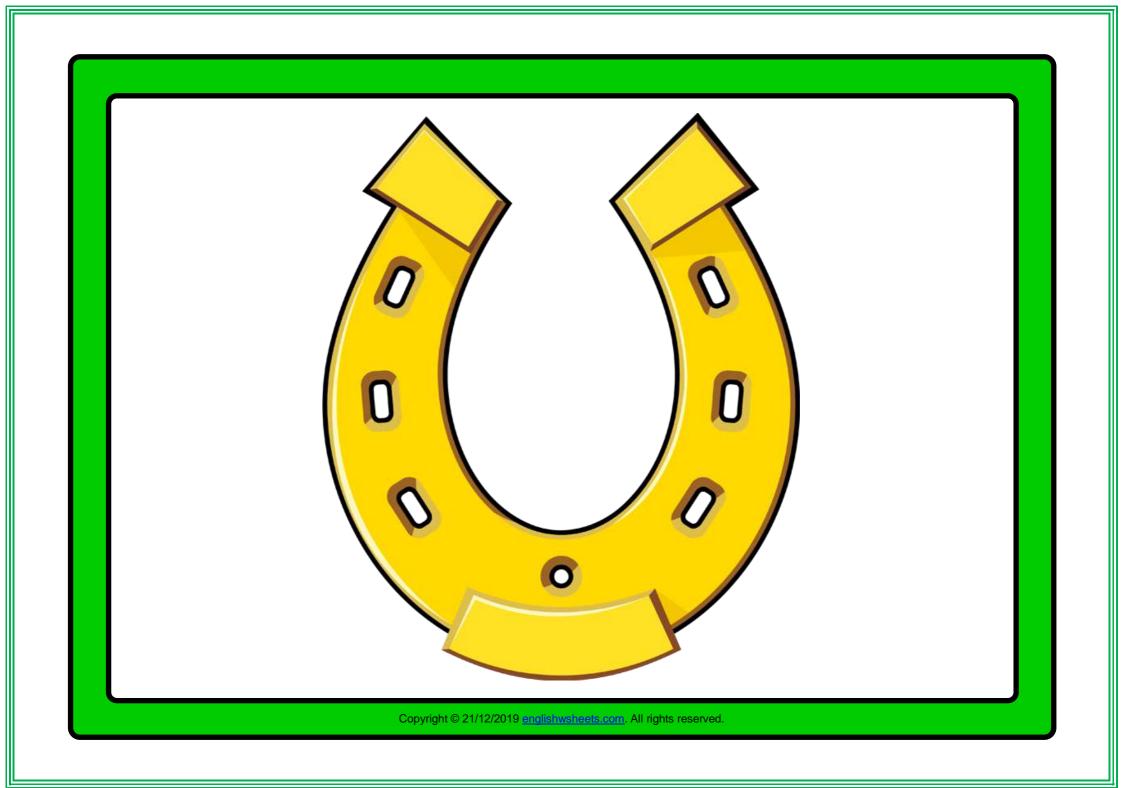








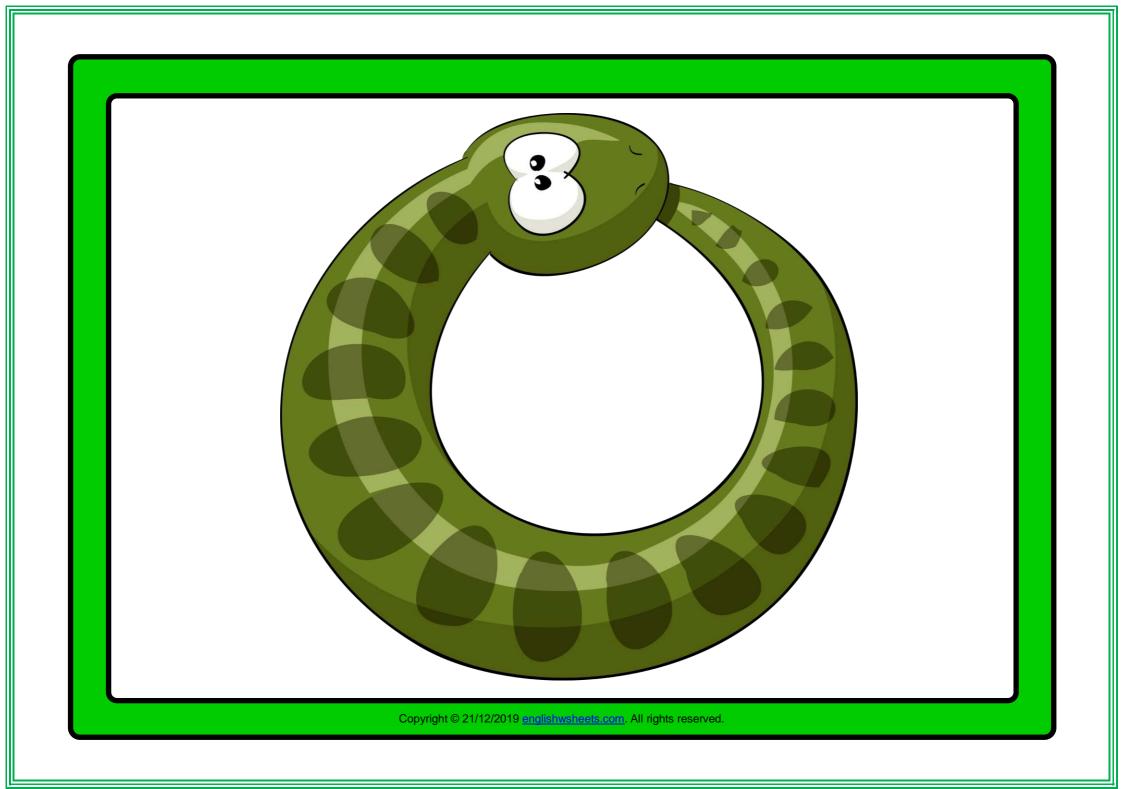


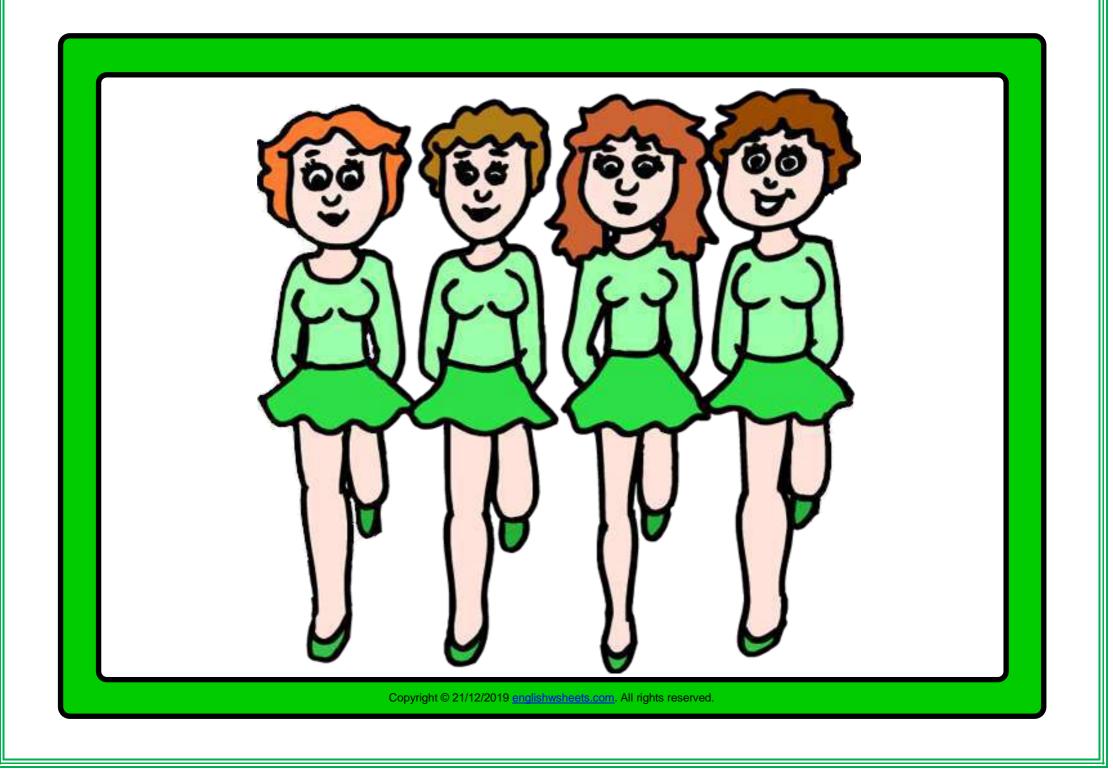




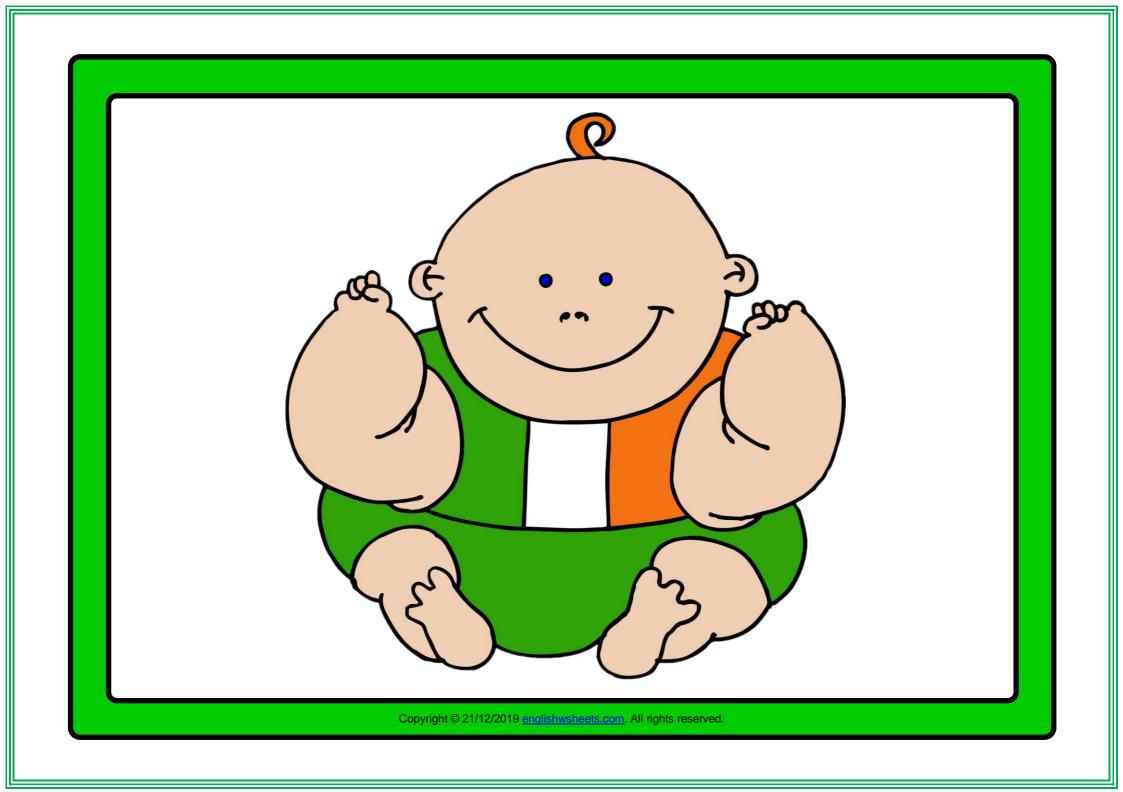


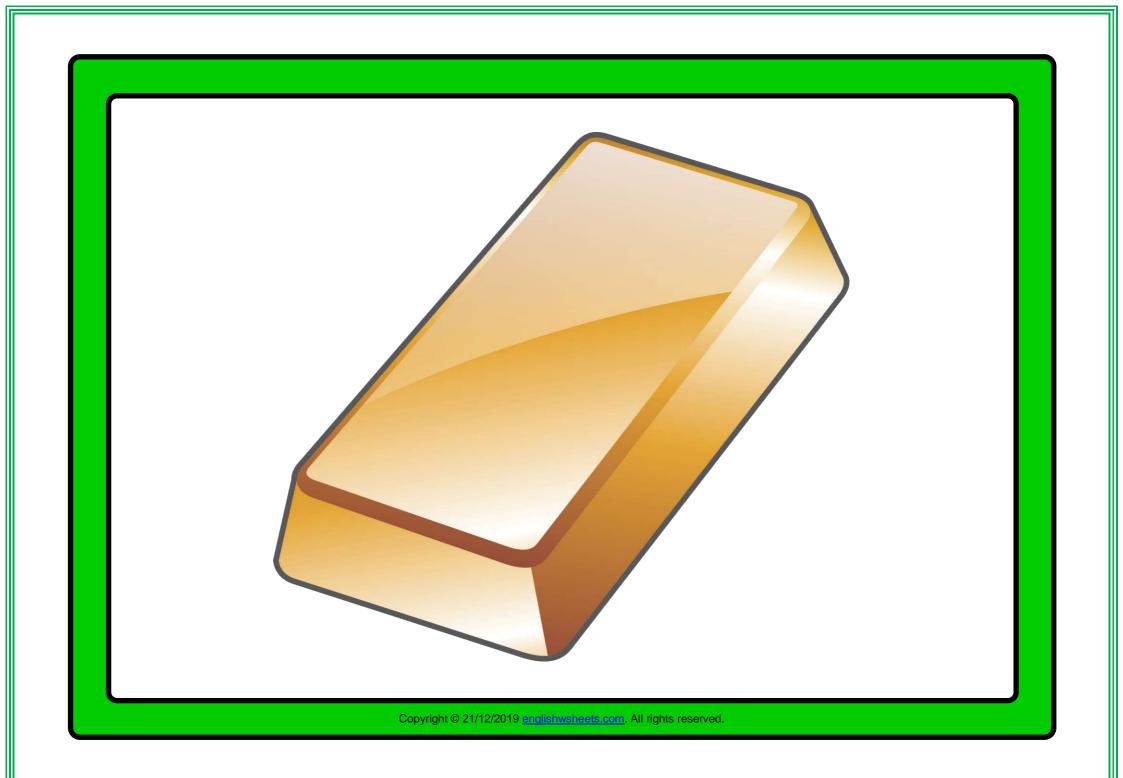


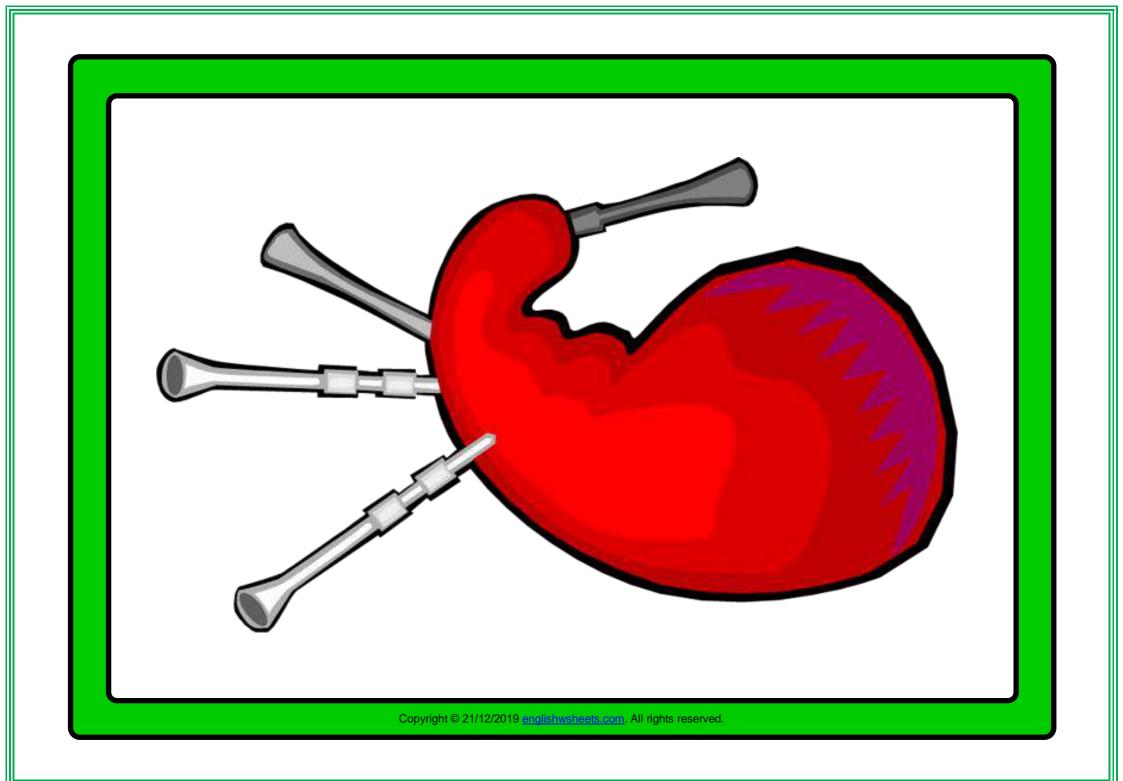




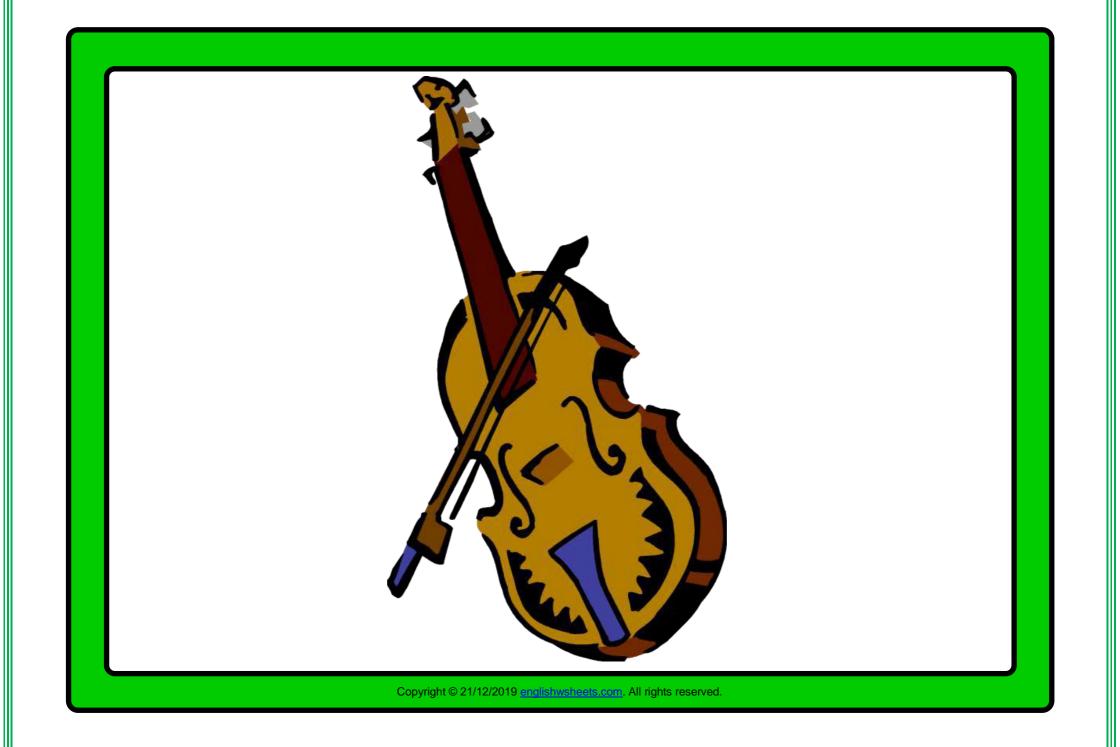


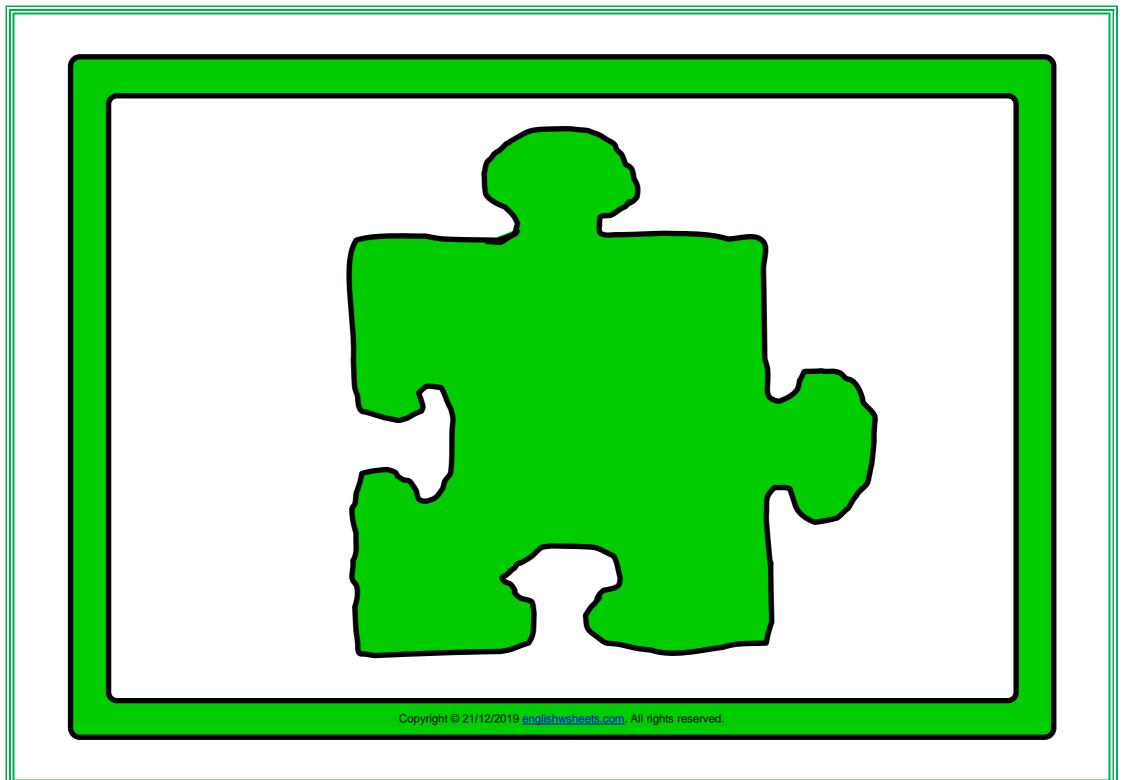






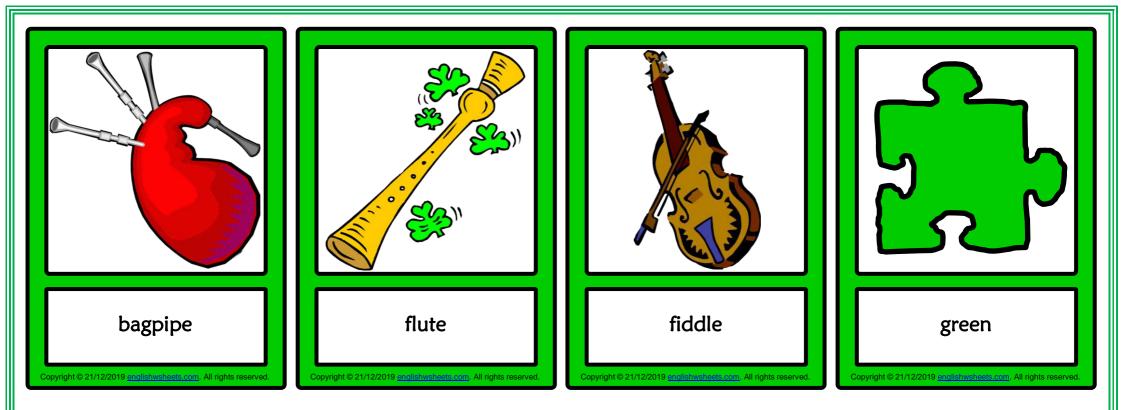










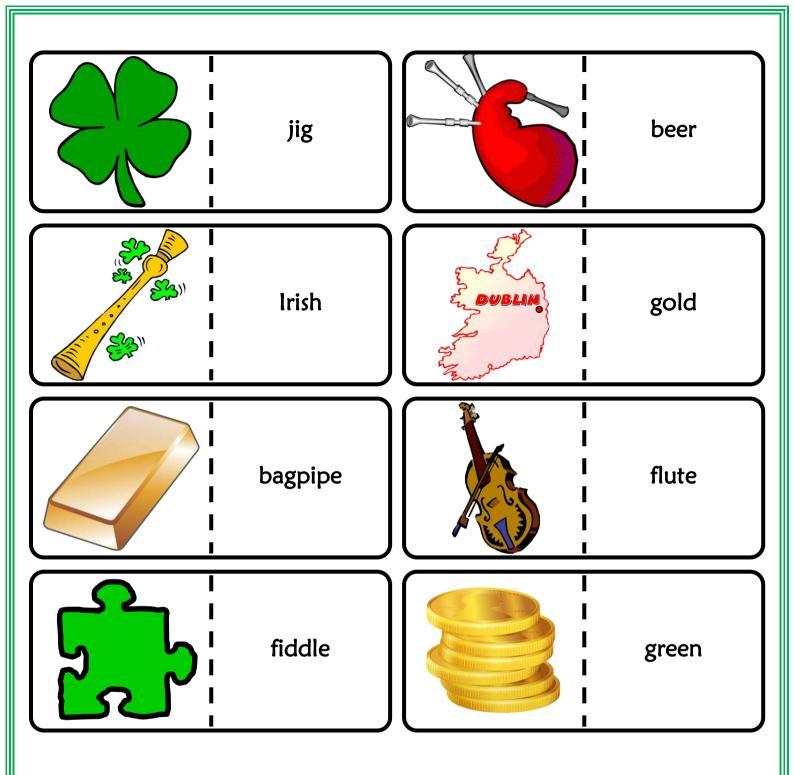




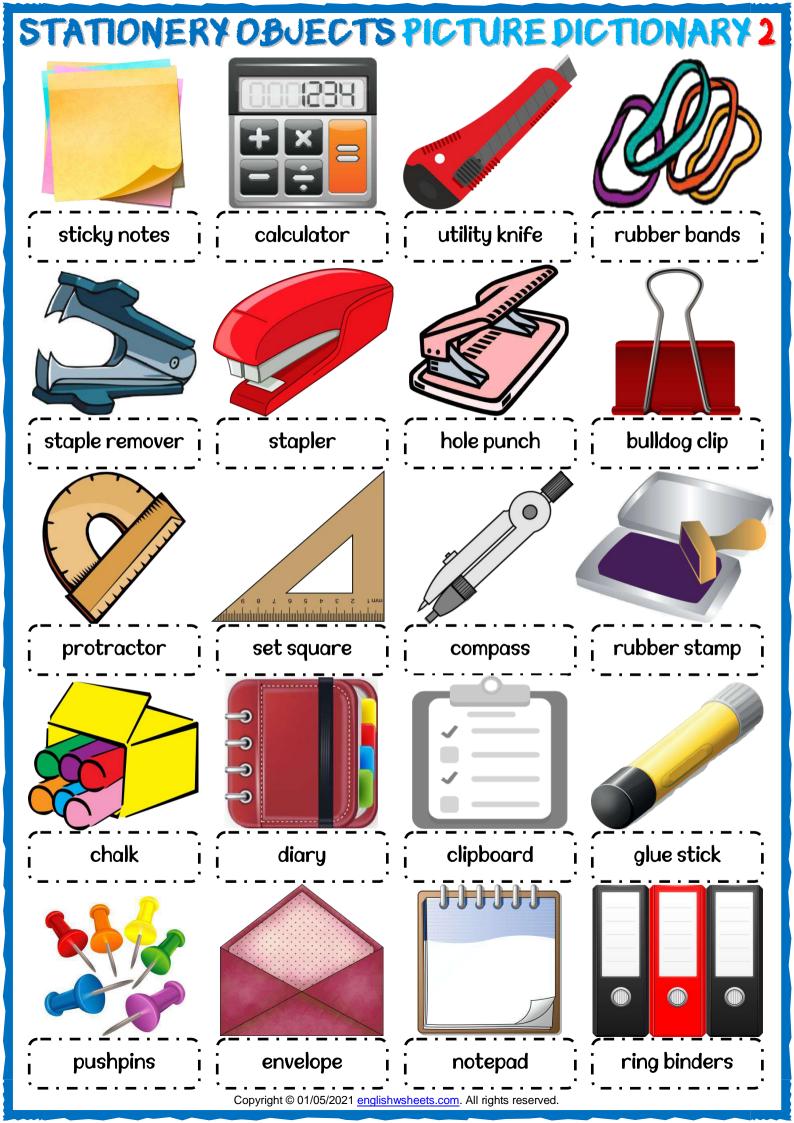
- fidget spinner as your pointer.
- Place the fidget spinner in the middle of the vocabulary circle.
 Cain it and says the superd swielded
- Spin it and say the word quickly!

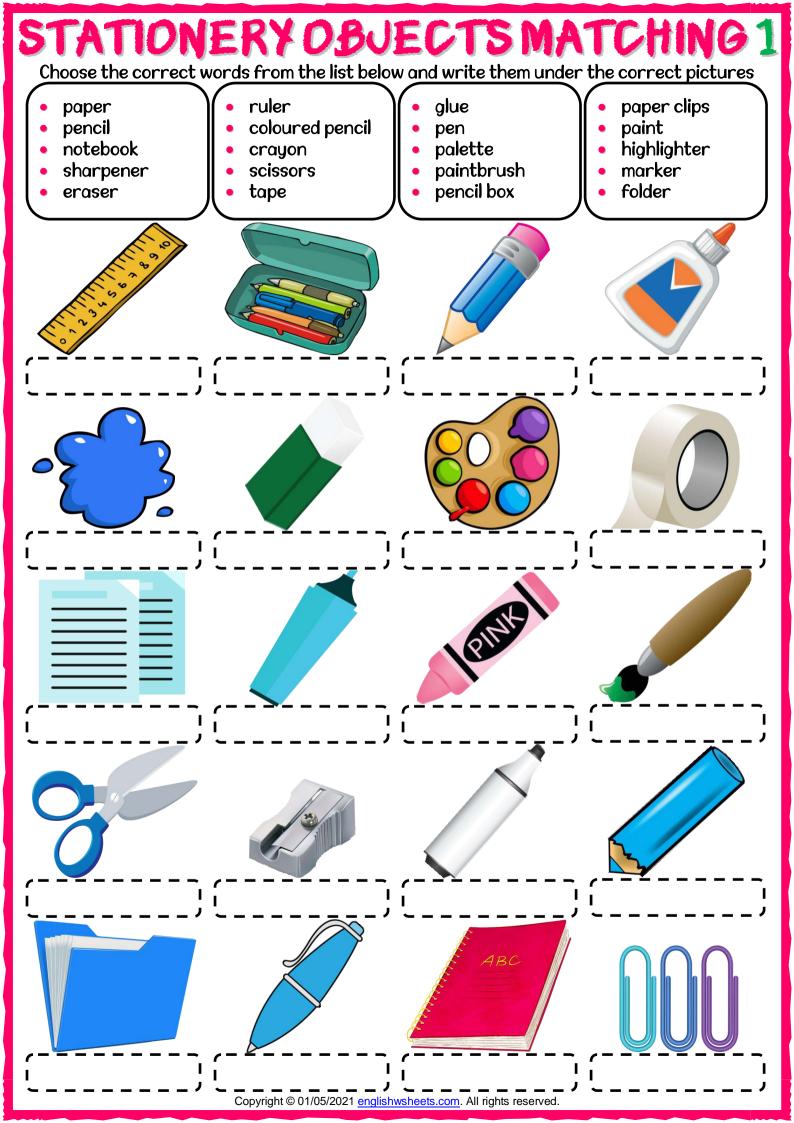


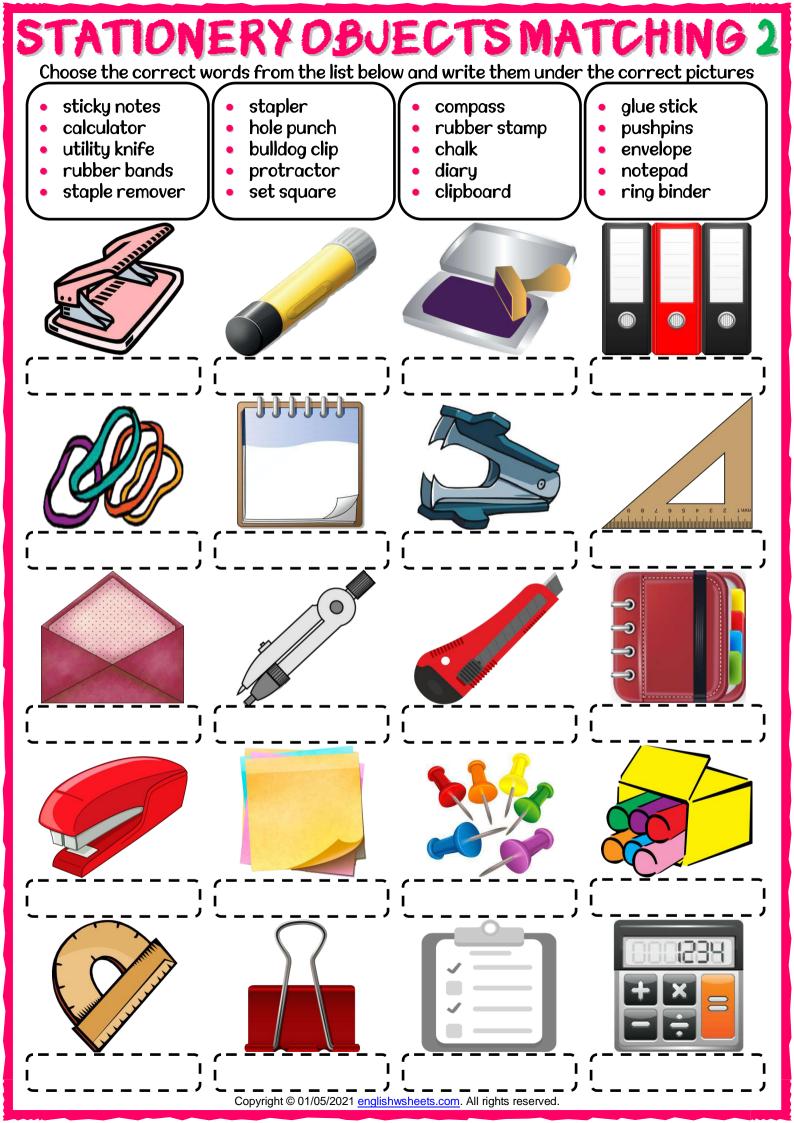


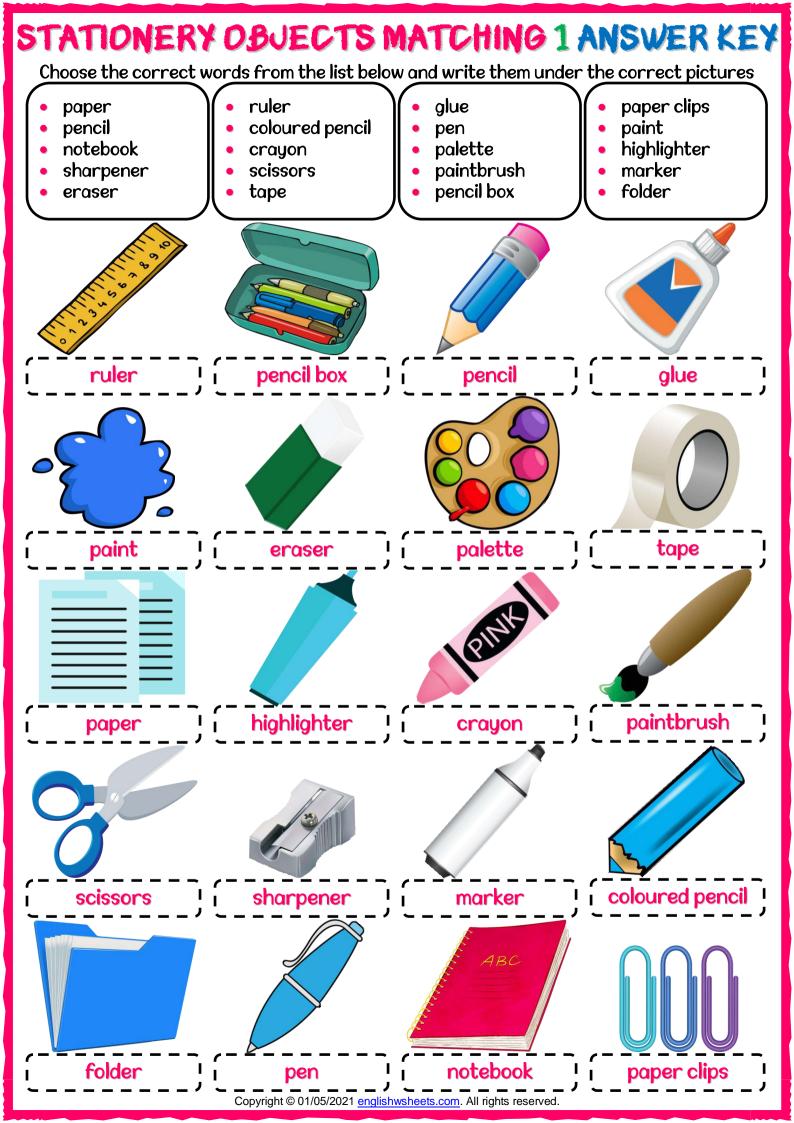


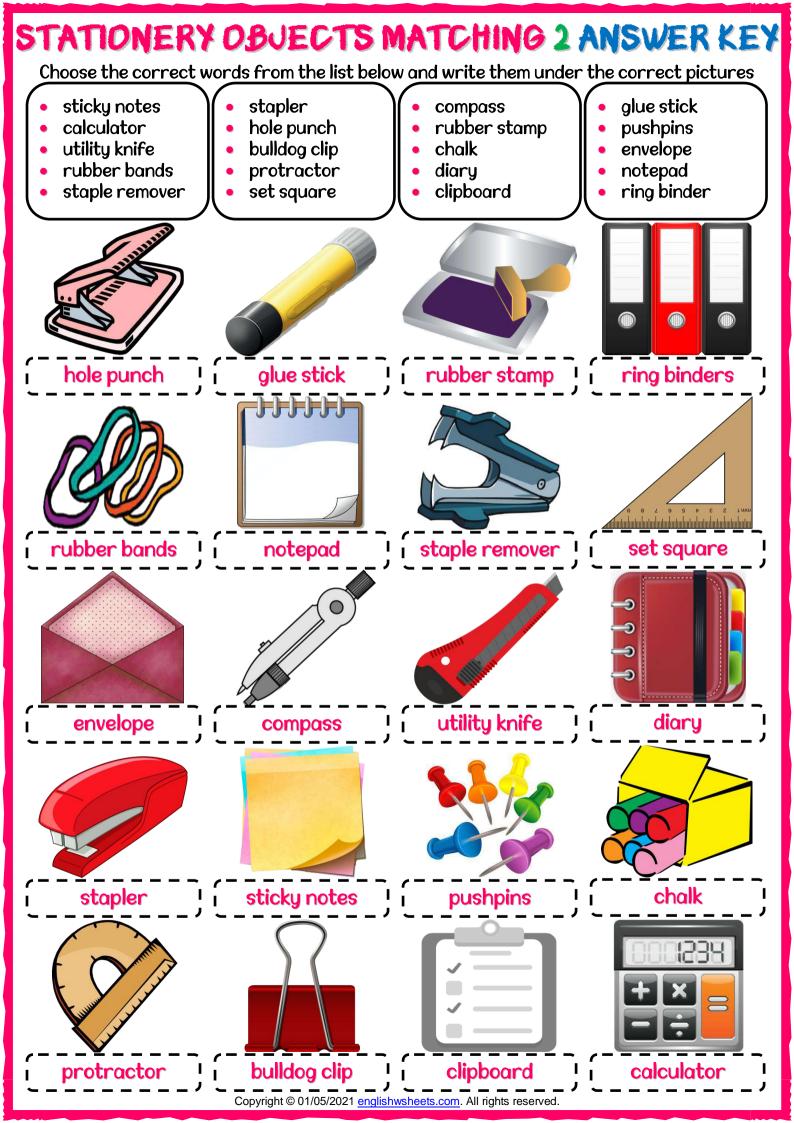




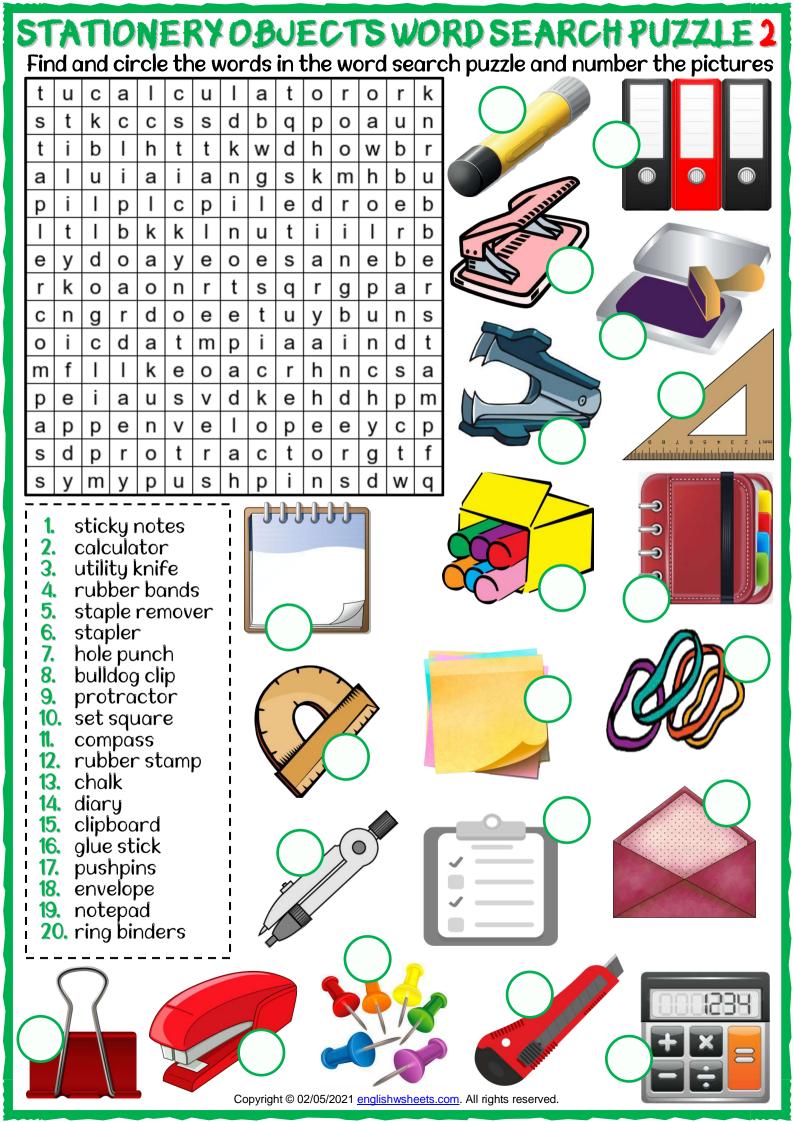






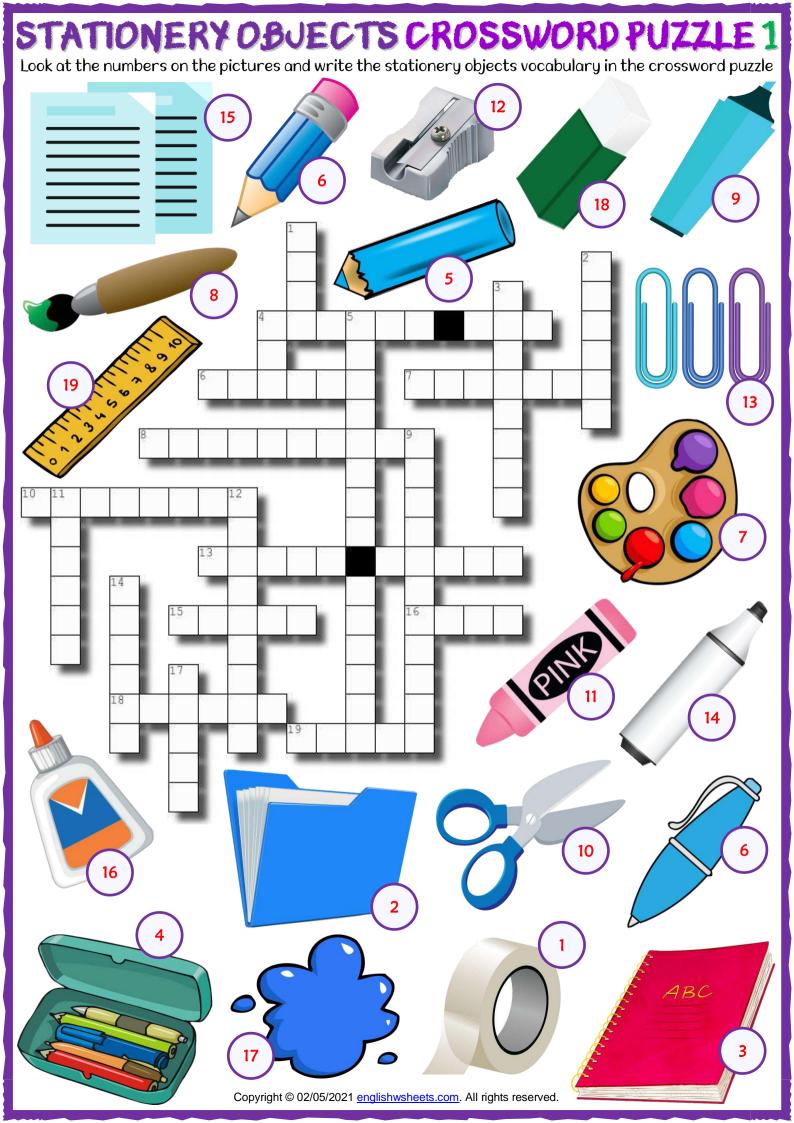












ANSWER KEY

Across

- 4. pencil box
- 6. pencil
- 7. palette
- 8. paintbrush
- 10. scissors
- 13. paper clips
- 15. paper
- 16. glue
- 18. eraser
- 19. ruler

Down

- 1. tape
- 2. folder
- 3. notebook
- 4. pen
- 5. coloured pencil
- 9. highlighter
- 11. crayon
- 12. sharpener
- 14. marker
- 17. paint



ANSWER KEY

Across

1. compass

5. set square

9. glue stick

16. staple remover

18. ring binders

20. envelope

Down

2. pushpins

3. chalk

4. bulldog clip

6. calculator

7. notepad

8. sticky notes

10. clipboard

11. utility knife

12. protractor

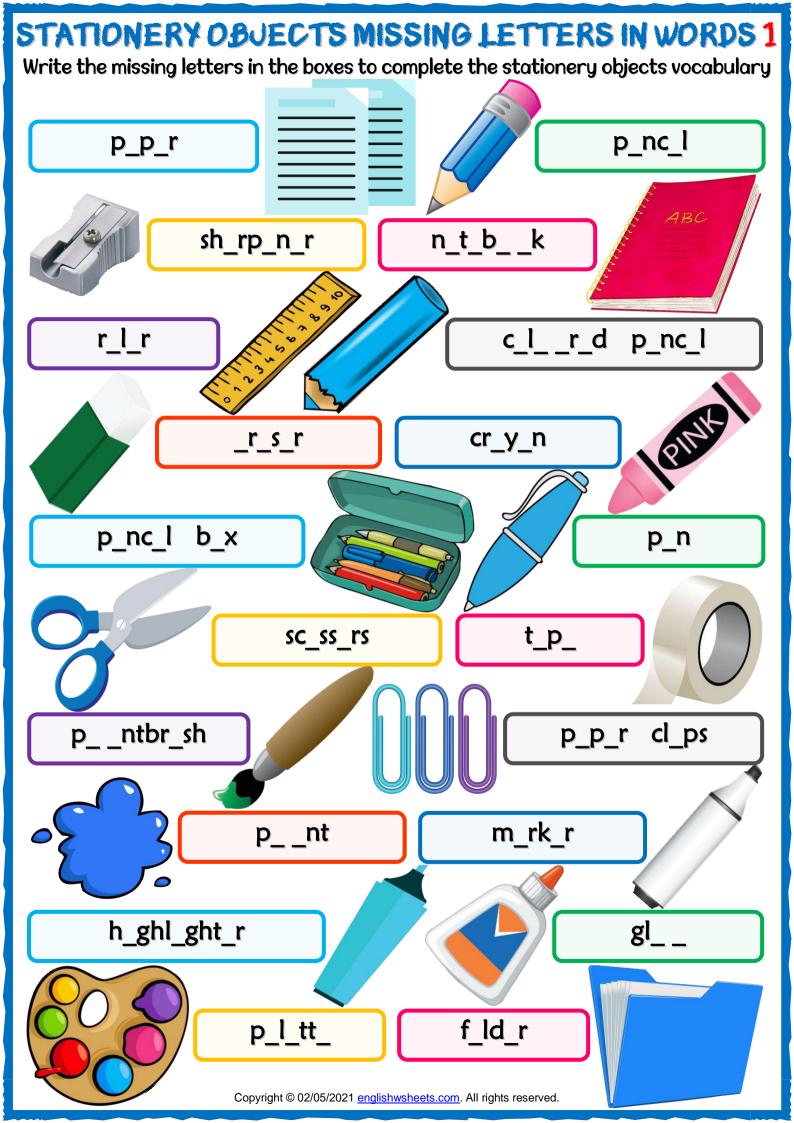
13. rubber stamp

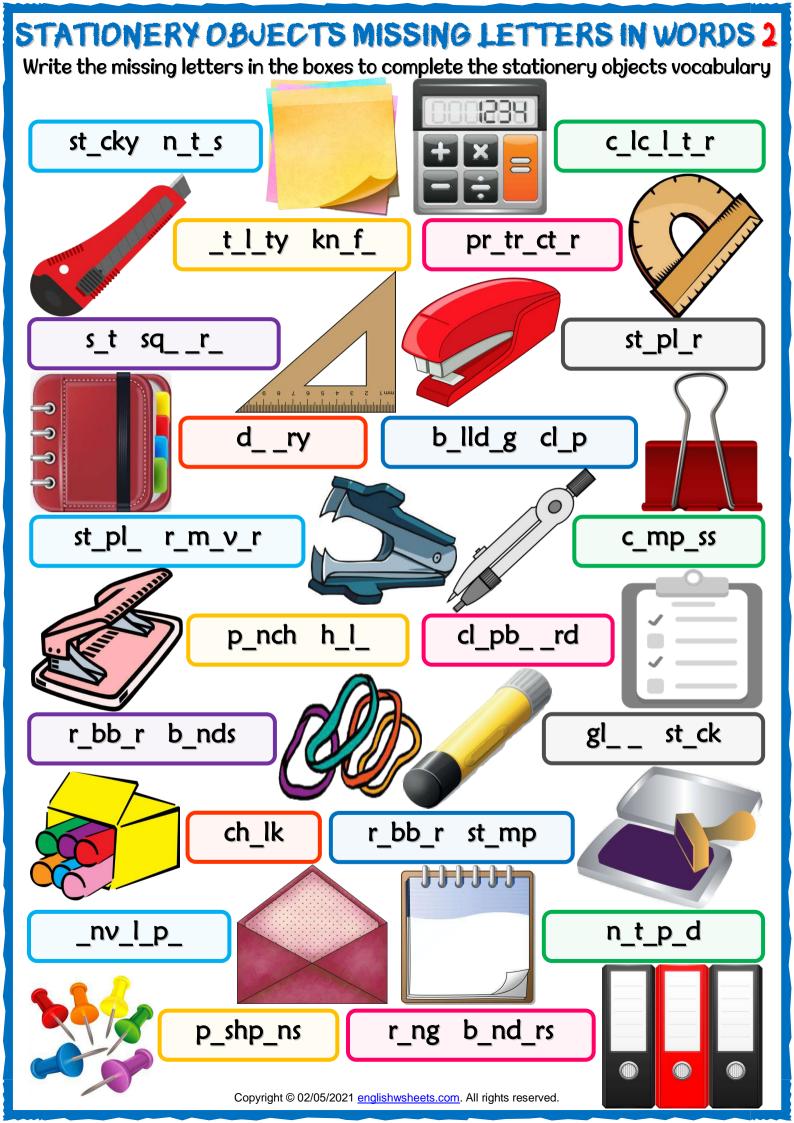
14. rubber bands

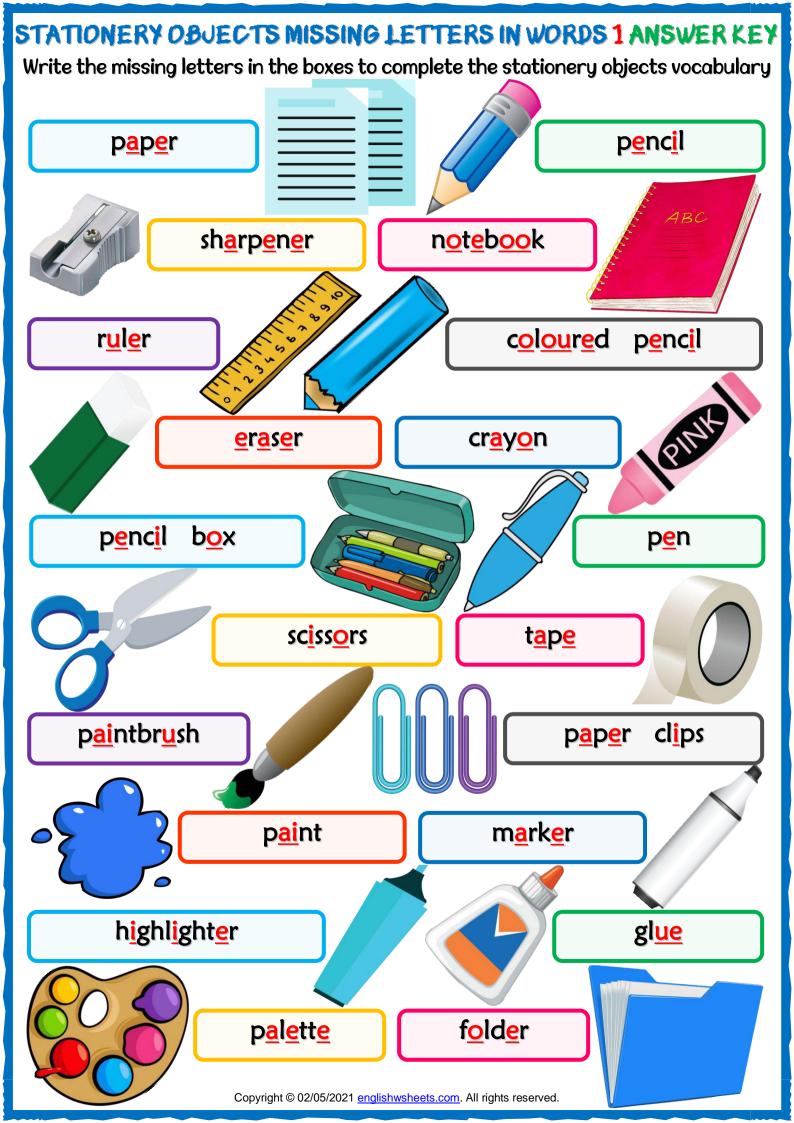
15. hole punch

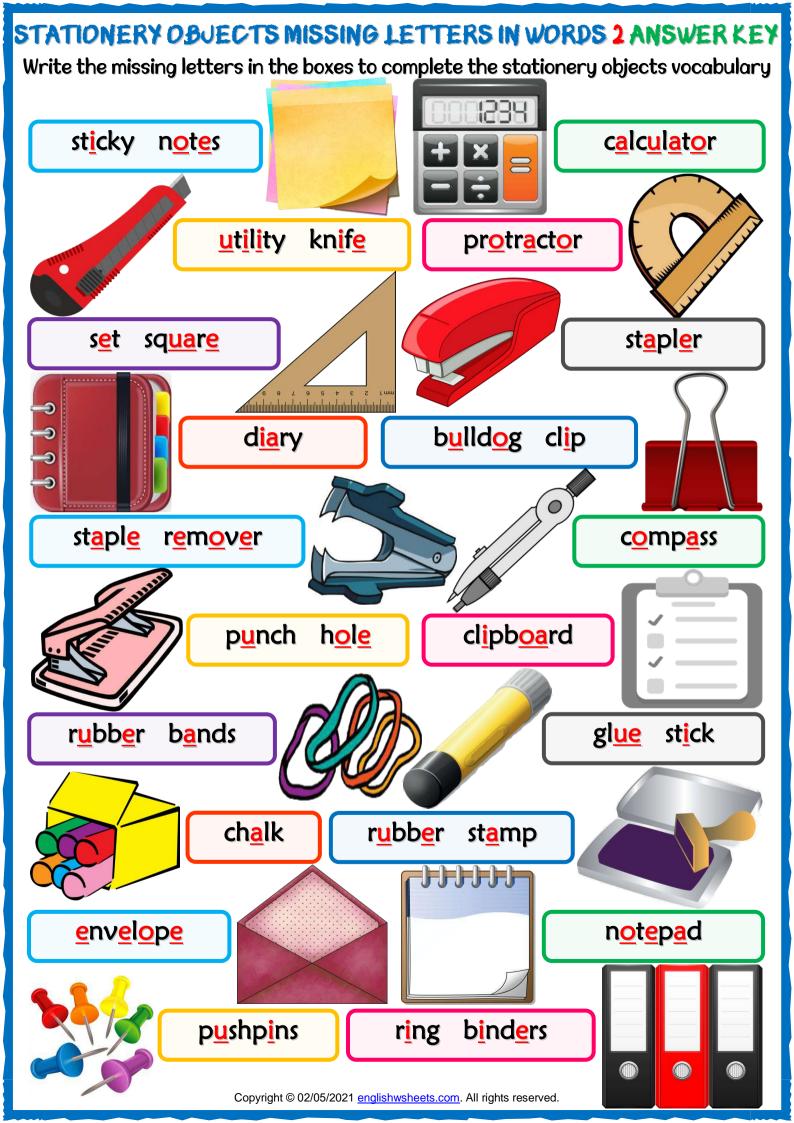
17. stapler

19. diary











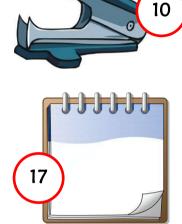
STATIONERY OBJECTS UNSCRAMBLE THE WORDS 2 Unscramble the stationery objects vocabulary and number the pictures

Unscramble the stat	cionery objects vocabulary and number the pictures
A Carton	
	1. asmcpso
	2. vktsic ontse
	3. reubrb mstpa
000000	4. oacrtulcla
	5. hcakl 🦳 🚽
	6. Ityitui kfein
	7. iardy
	8. uerrbb sdanb
	9. birpdocal
	10. etlpsa revemor
	11. elgu ktics
	12. plreast
	13. hnssupip
	14. oleh ncphu
	15. Ineepveo ()
Lun Jun	16. lubogld lipc
	17. dptonea
	18. trtacrorop
	19. nrig nisdreb
	20. ets arquse

STATIONERY OBJECTS UNSCRAMBLE THE WORDS 1 ANSWER KEY Unscramble the stationery objects vocabulary and number the pictures

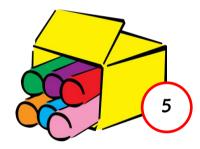


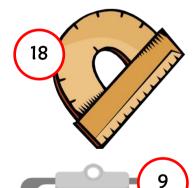
STATIONERY OBJECTS UNSCRAMBLE THE WORDS 2 ANSWER KEY Unscramble the stationery objects vocabulary and number the pictures



11

14





16

1. asmcpso

19

- 2. yktsic ontse
- 3. reubrb mstpa
- 4. oacrtulcla
- 5. hcakl
- 6. ltyitui kfein
- 7. iardy
- 8. uerrbb sdanb
- 9. birpdocal
- 10. etlpsa revemor
- 11. elgu ktics
- 12. plreast
- 13. hnssupip
- 14. oleh ncphu
- 15. Ineepveo
- 16. lubogld lipc
- 17. dptonea
- 18. trtacrorop
- 19. nrig nisdreb

13

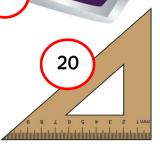
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20. ets arquse

12

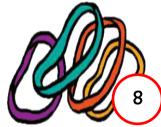


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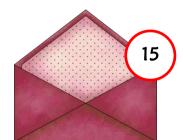


3











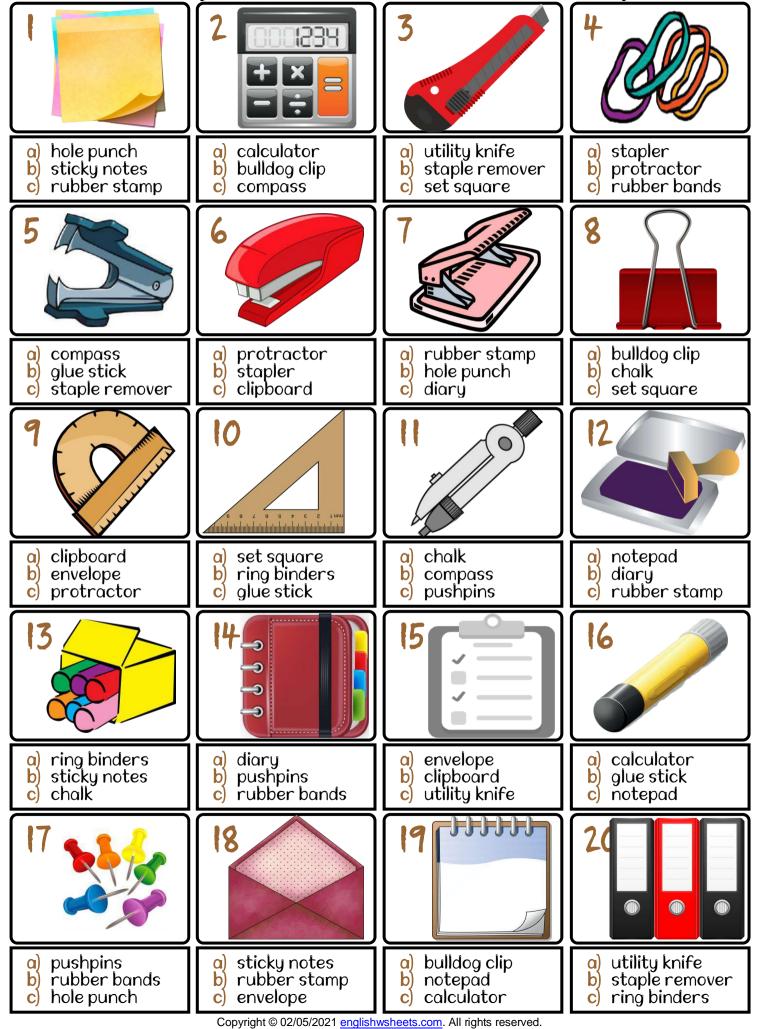
STATIONERY OBJECTS MULTIPLE CHOICE TEST 1

Look at the pictures, choose and circle the correct option.



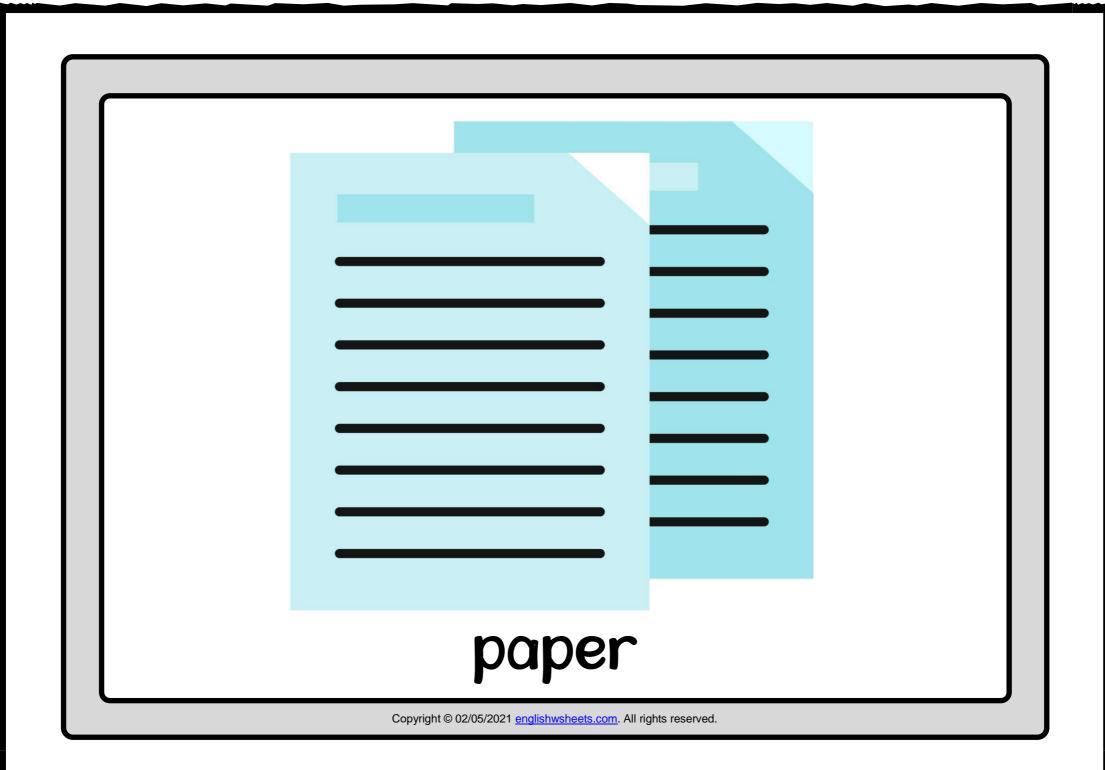
STATIONERY OBJECTS MULTIPLE CHOICE TEST 2

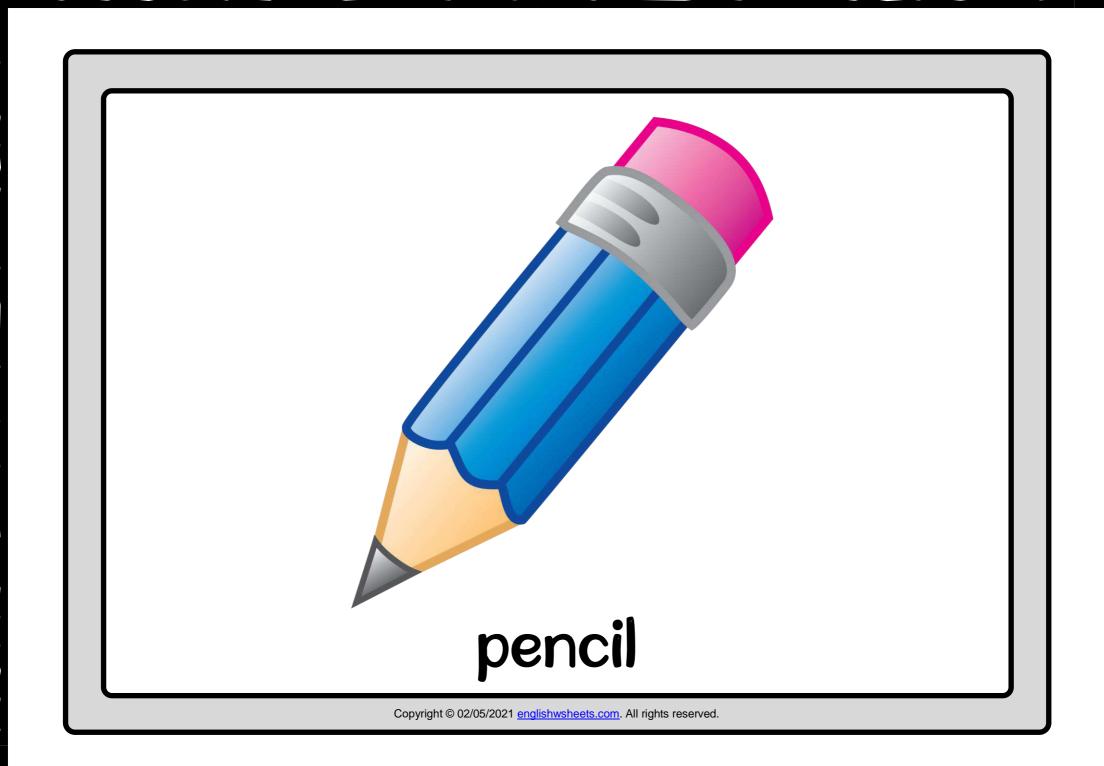
Look at the pictures, choose and circle the correct option.

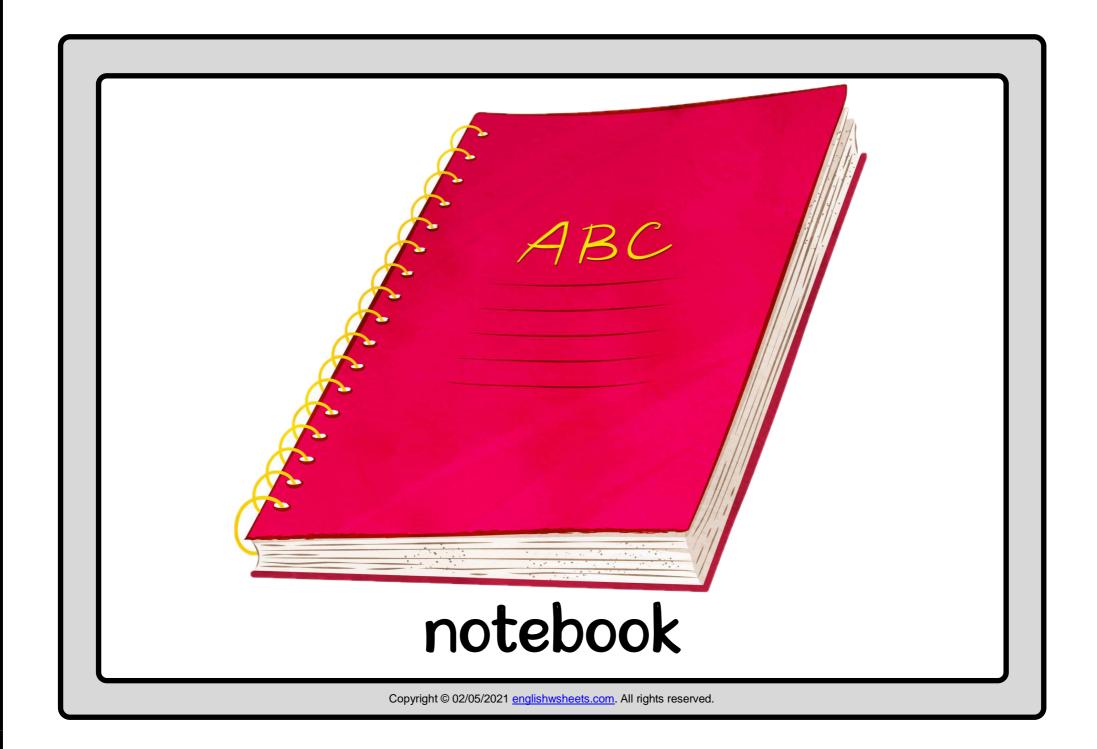


STATIONERY OBJECTS MULTIPLE CHOICE TESTS ANSWER KEY

I		
	<u>TEST 1</u>	TEST 2
	1) c	1) b
	<mark>2)</mark> b	2) a
 	<mark>3)</mark> b	i i 3) a
	<mark>4)</mark> a	4) c
	5) a	5) c
	<mark>6)</mark> c	6) b
	7) a	7) b
 	<mark>8)</mark> b	8) a
	9) a	9) c
		1 1 1 10) a
 	11) c	і <mark>11)</mark> b
		1 12) c
	13) a	13) c
	14) b	14) a
		1 15) b
: 	16) c	16) b
	17) b	1 1 17) a
		18) c
: 	19) c	19) b
 	20) a	20) c
 		1 1 1

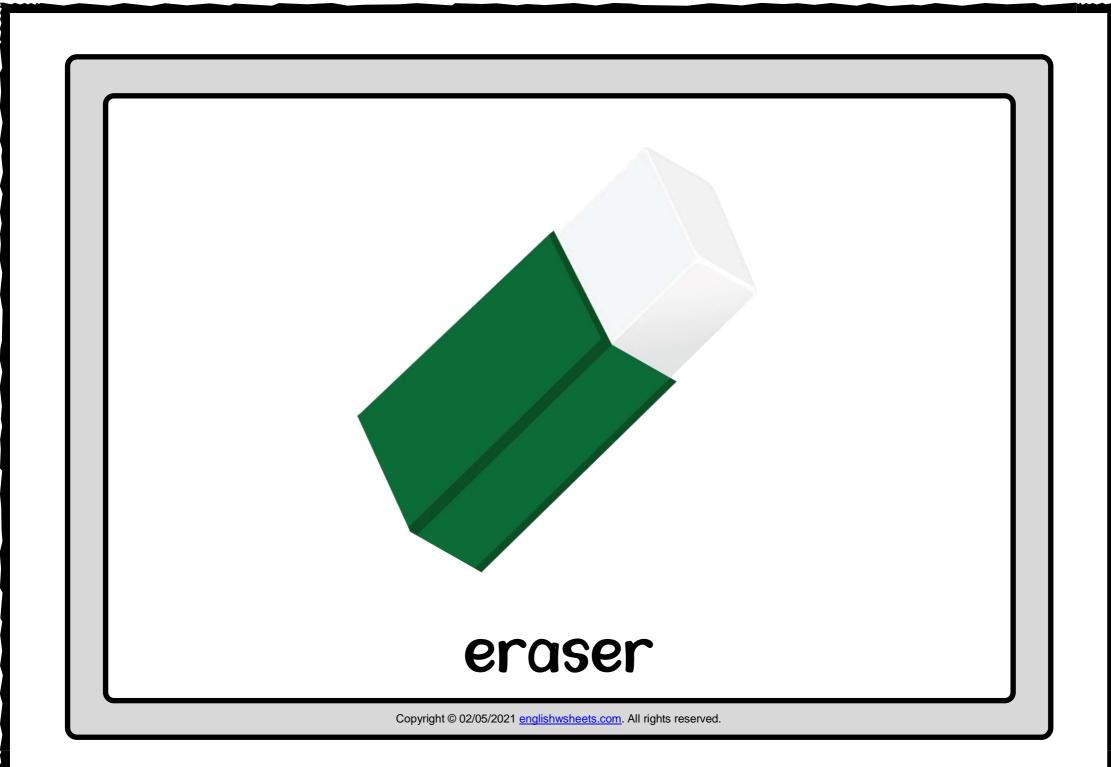


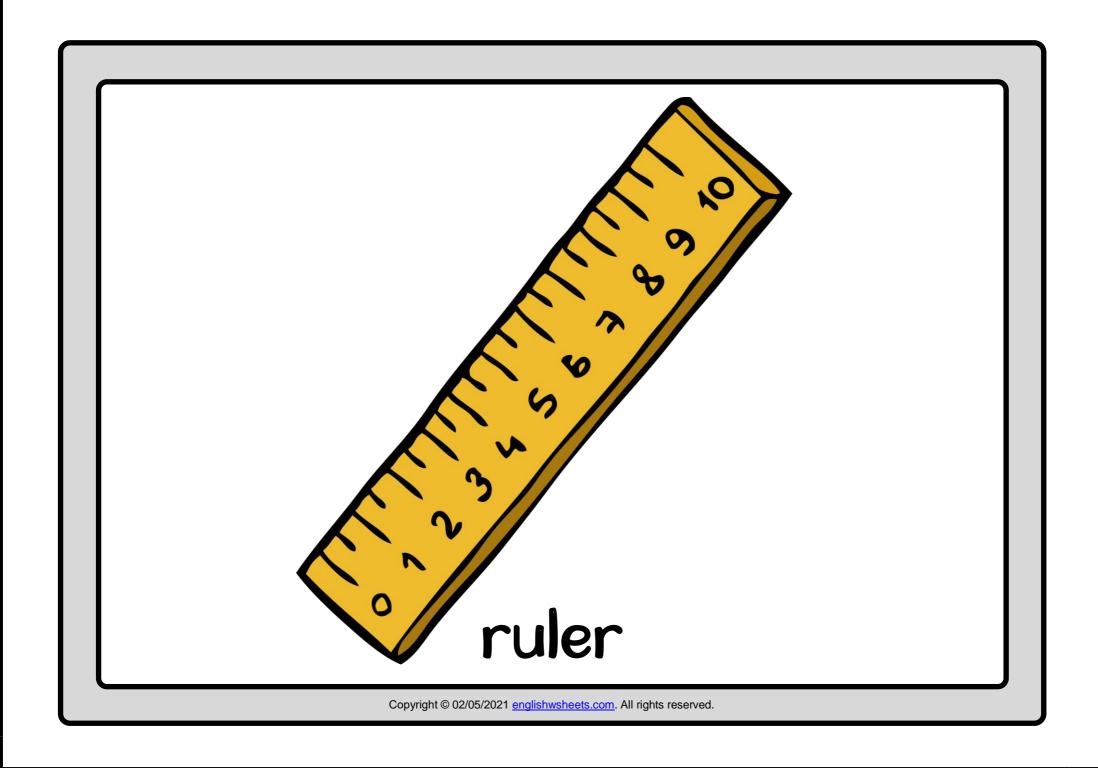


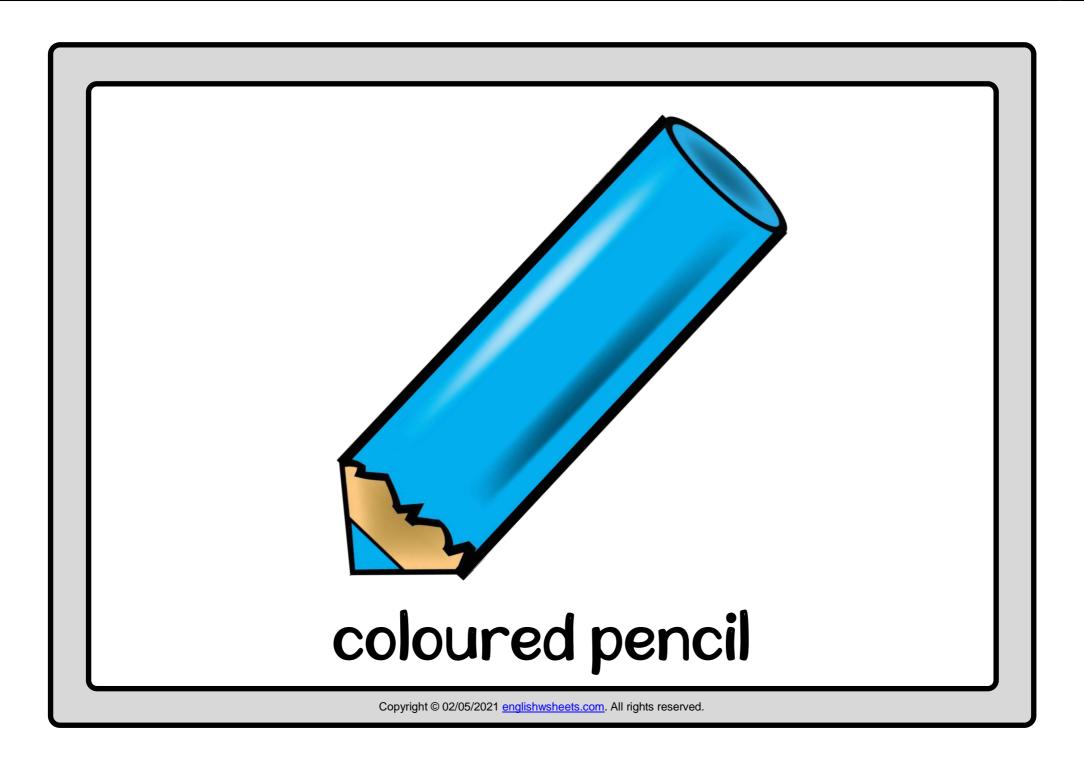


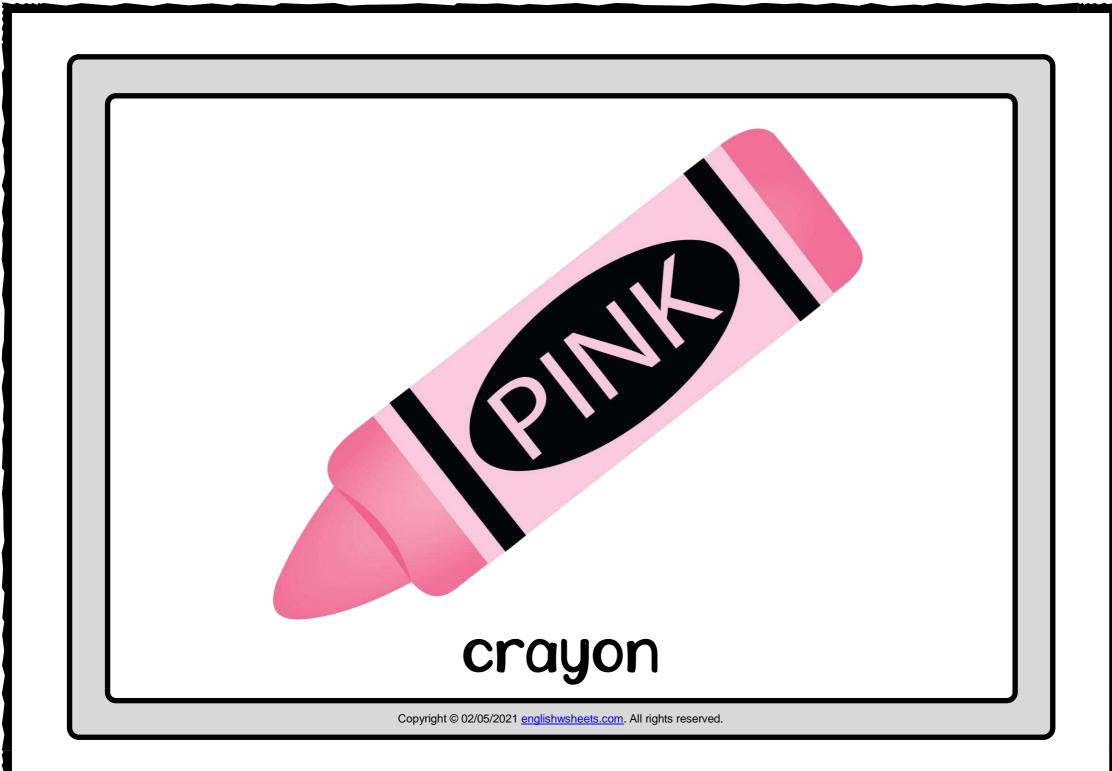


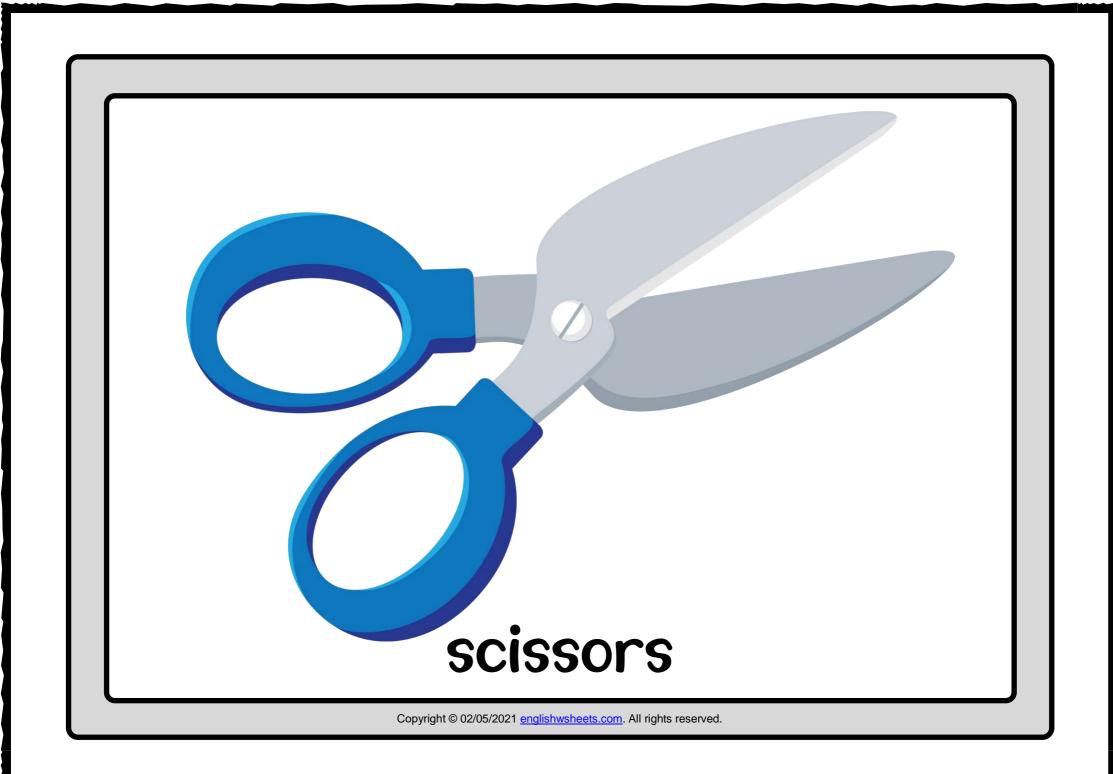
sharpener

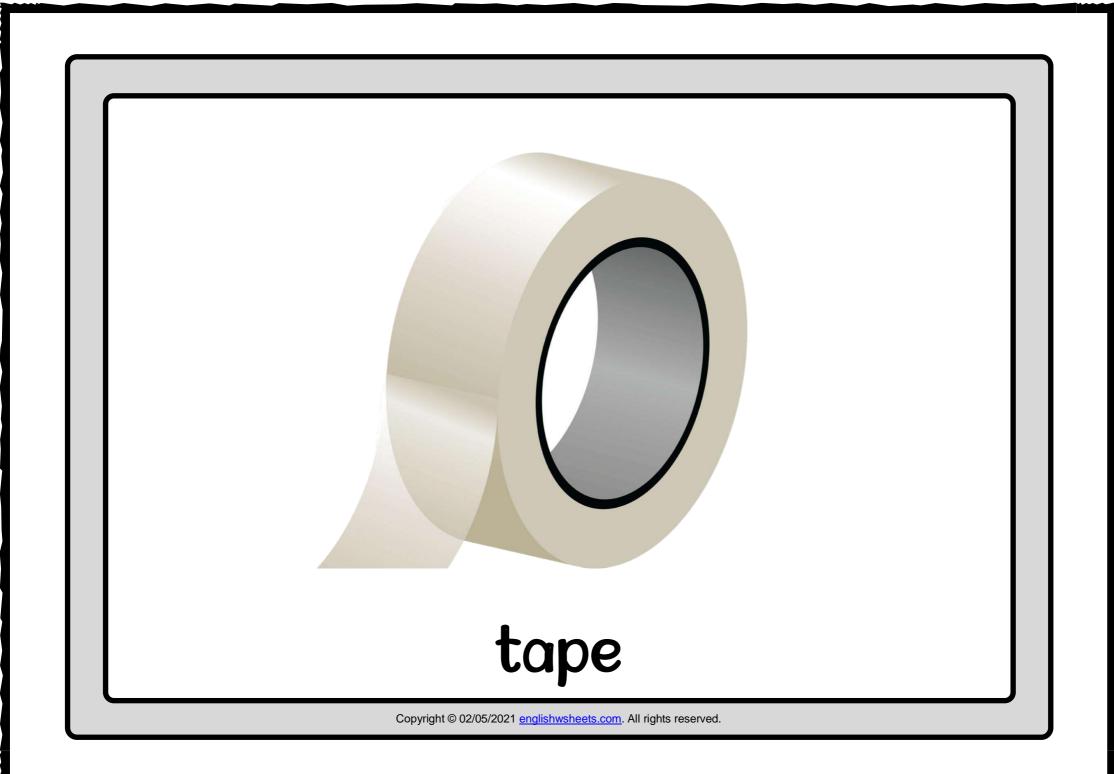




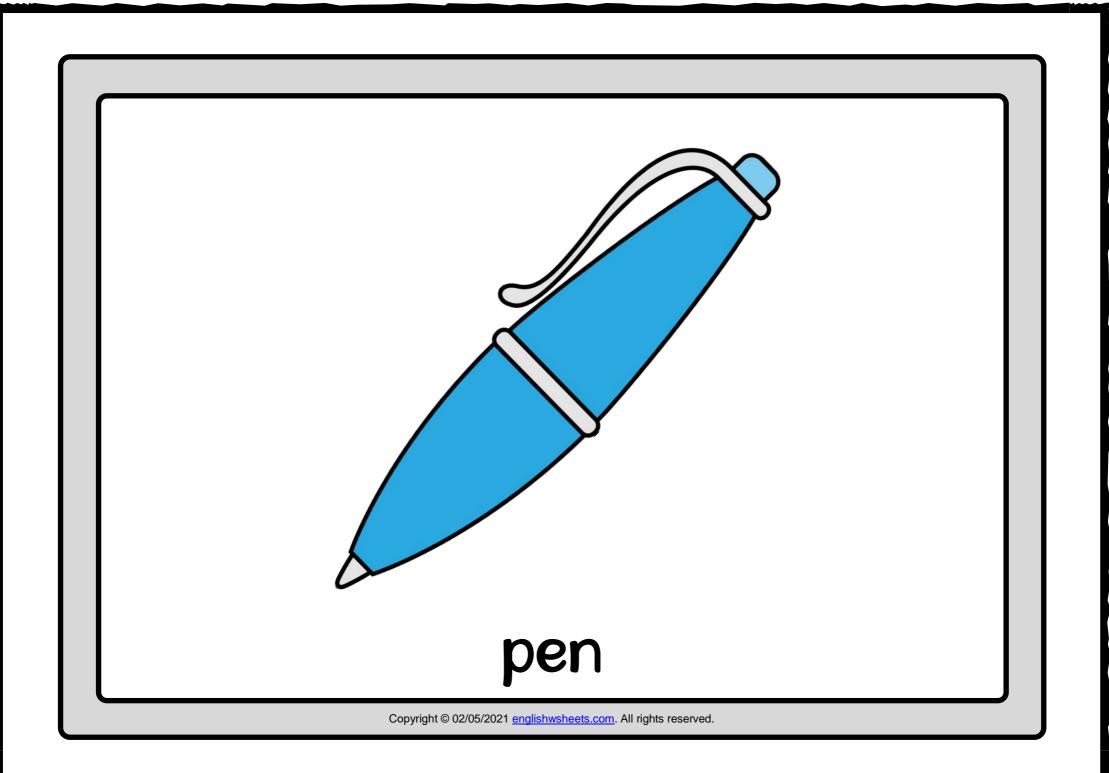


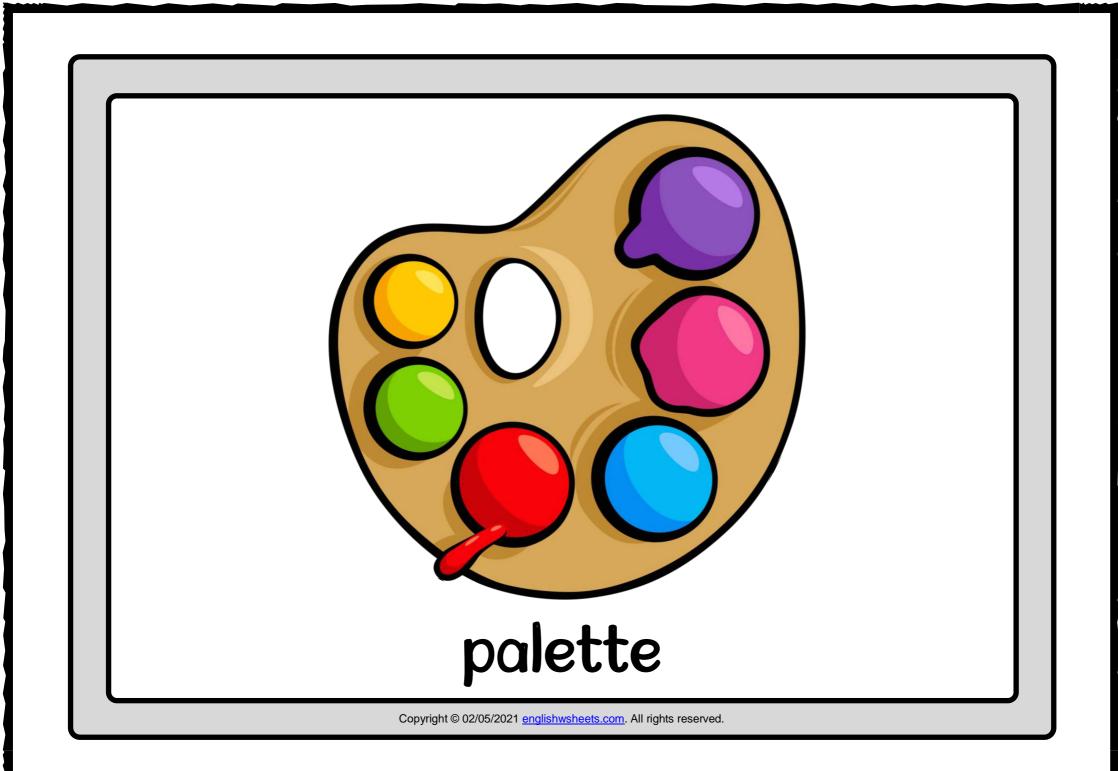


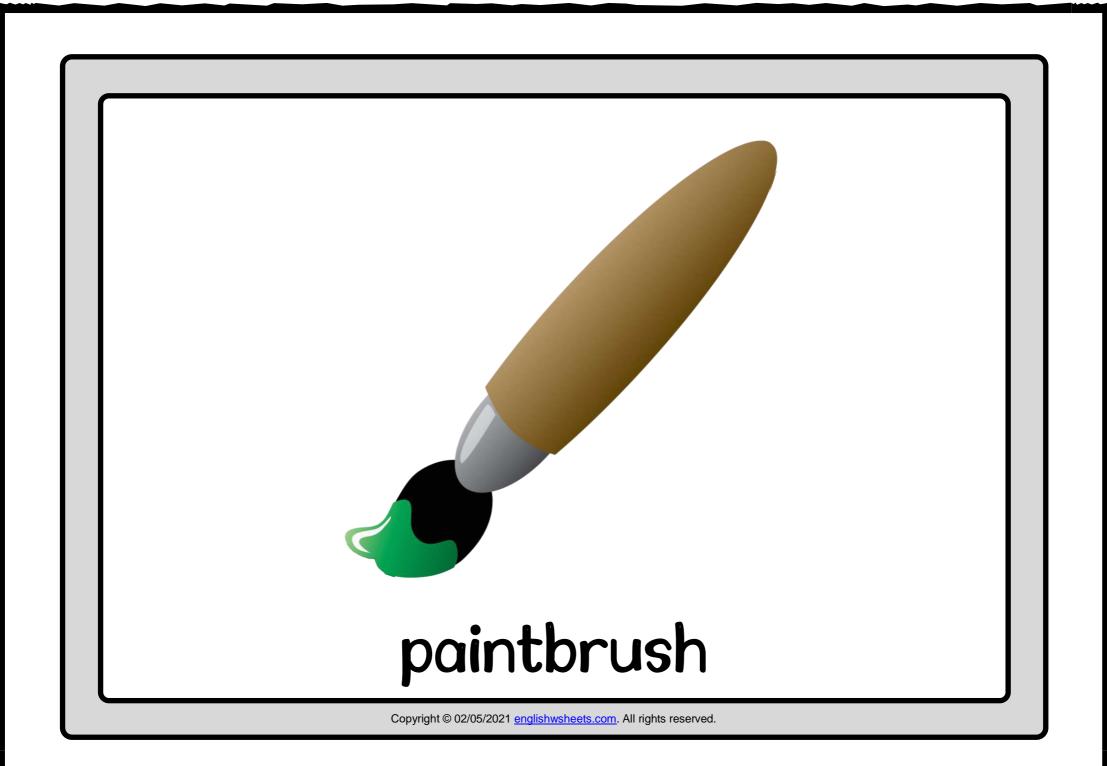


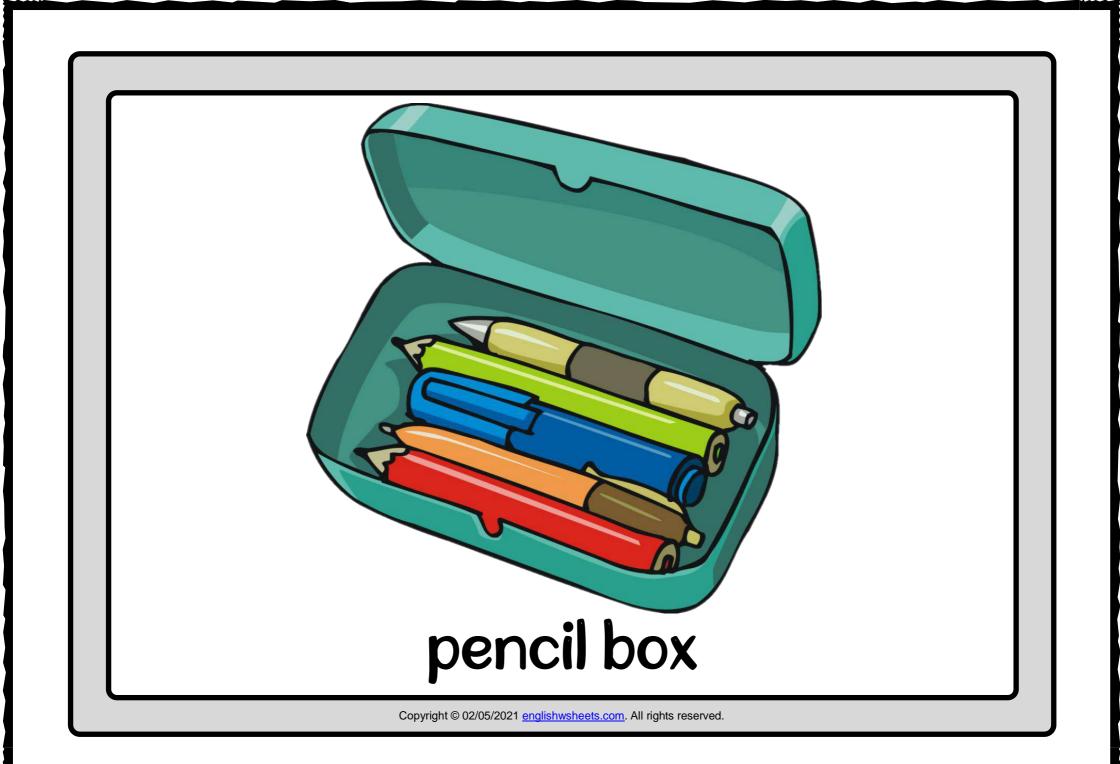


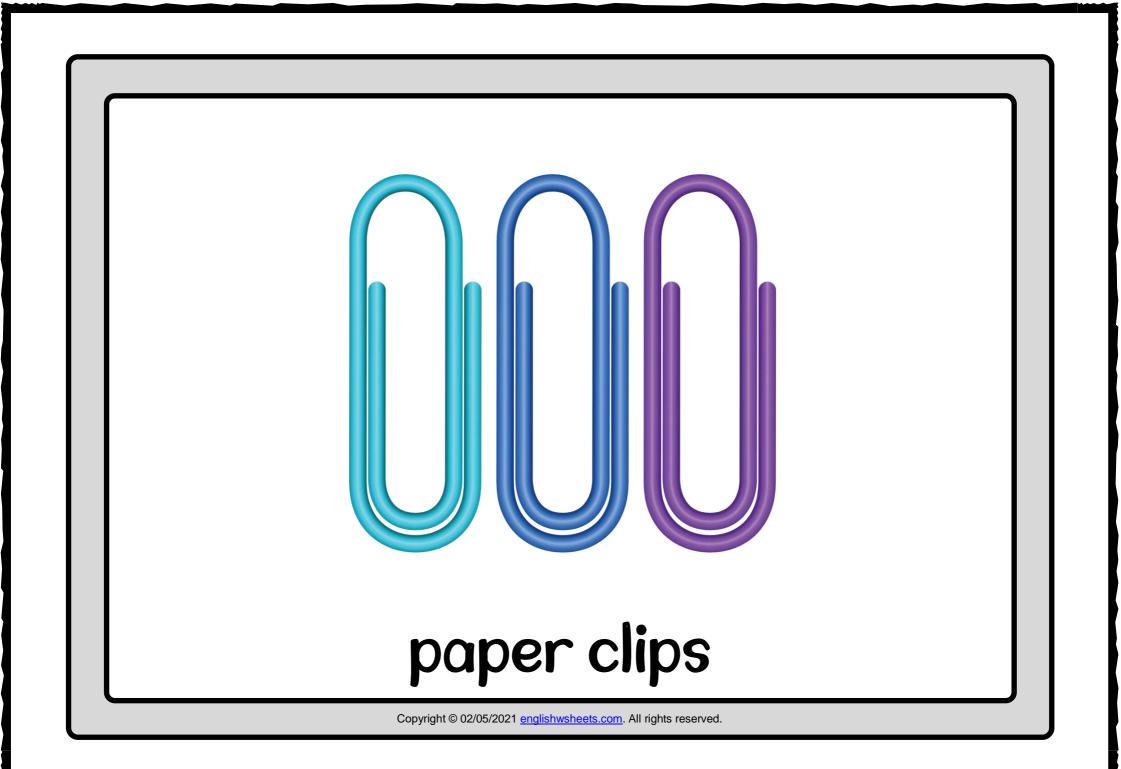


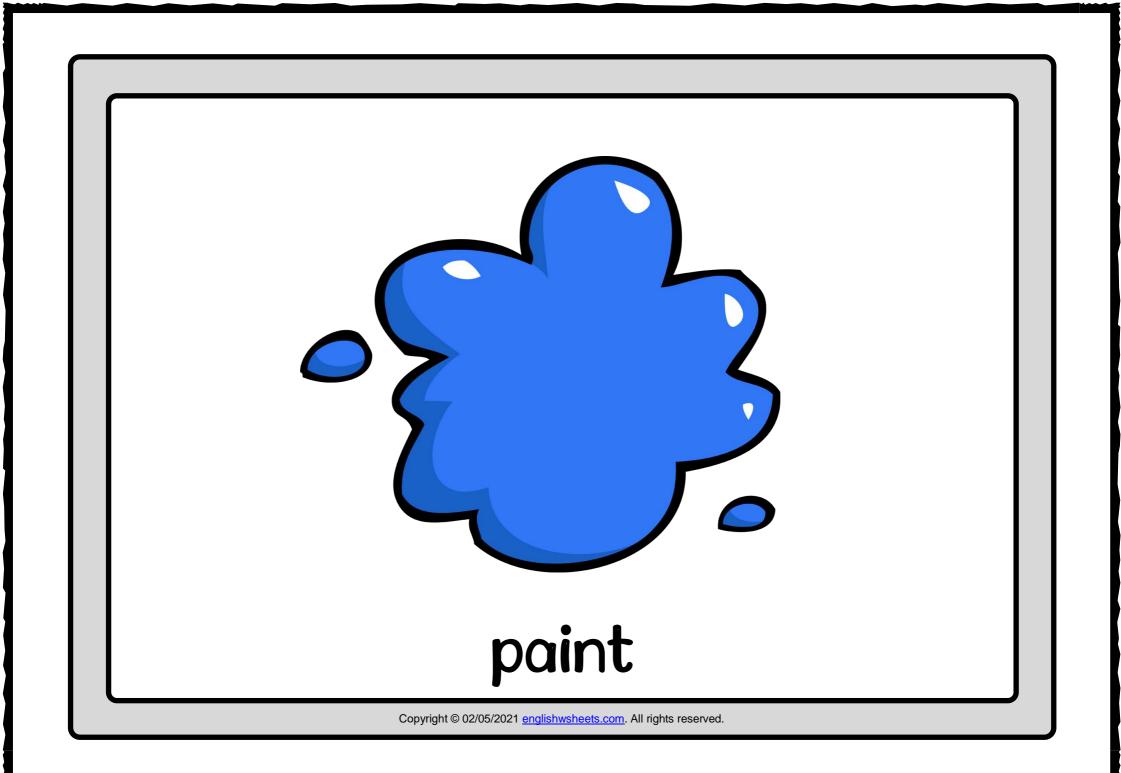




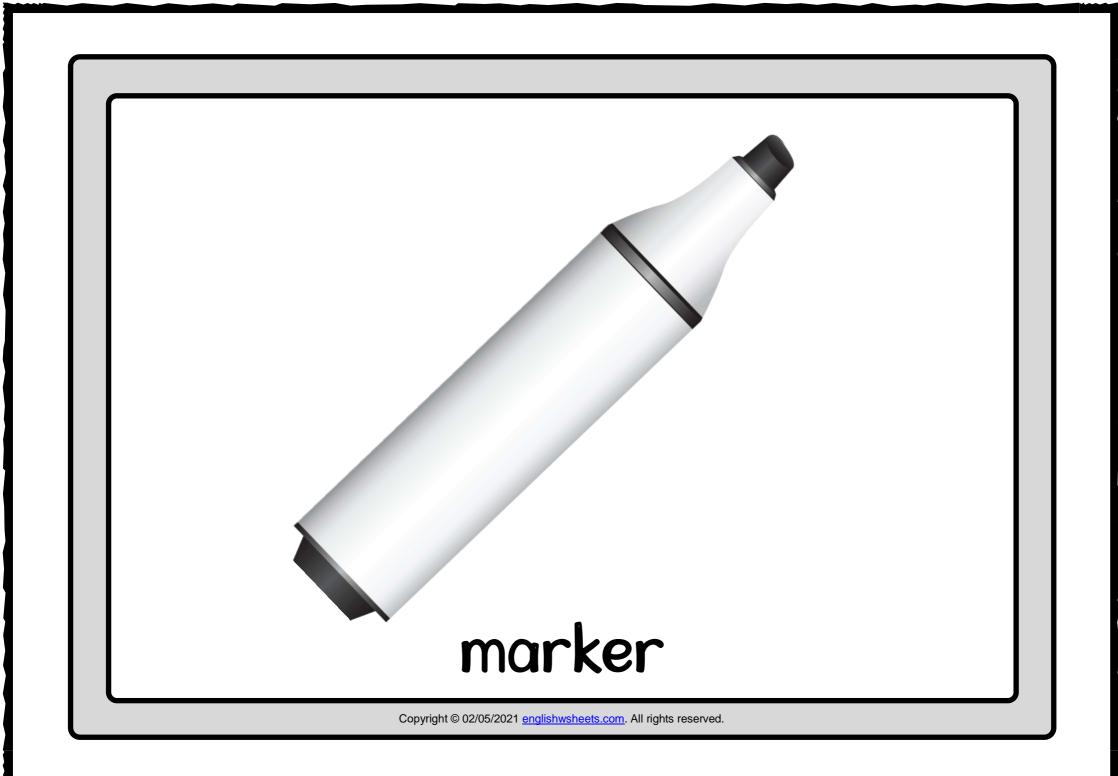


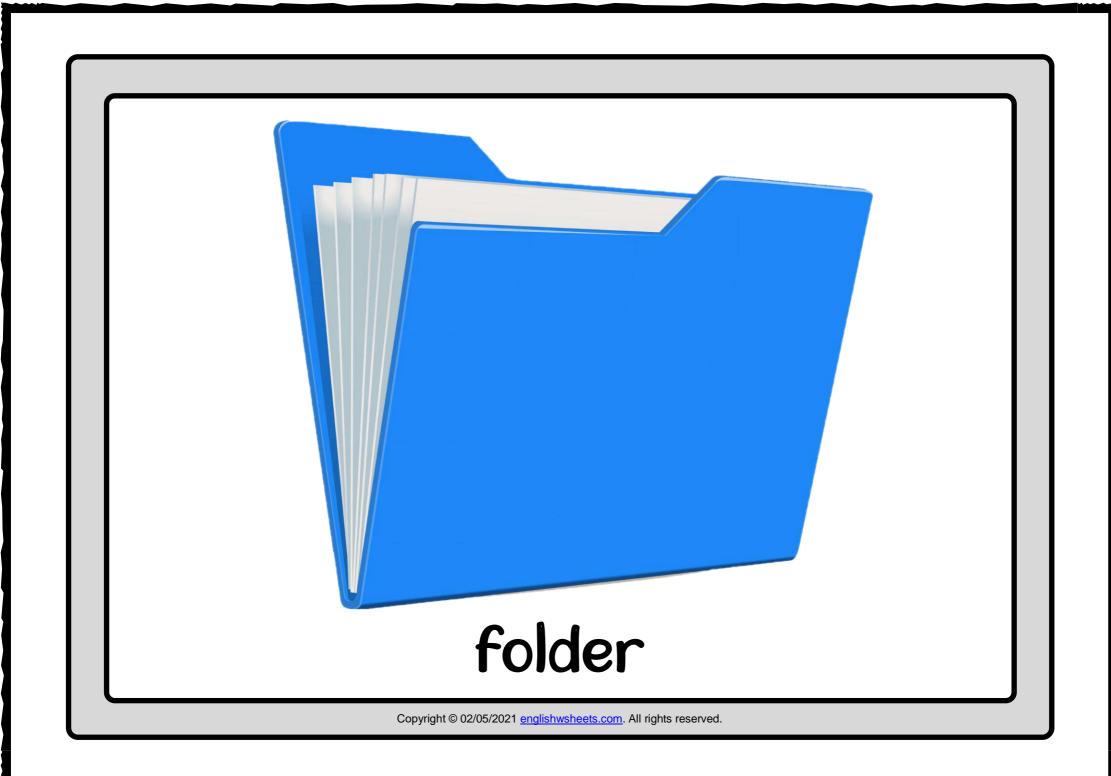


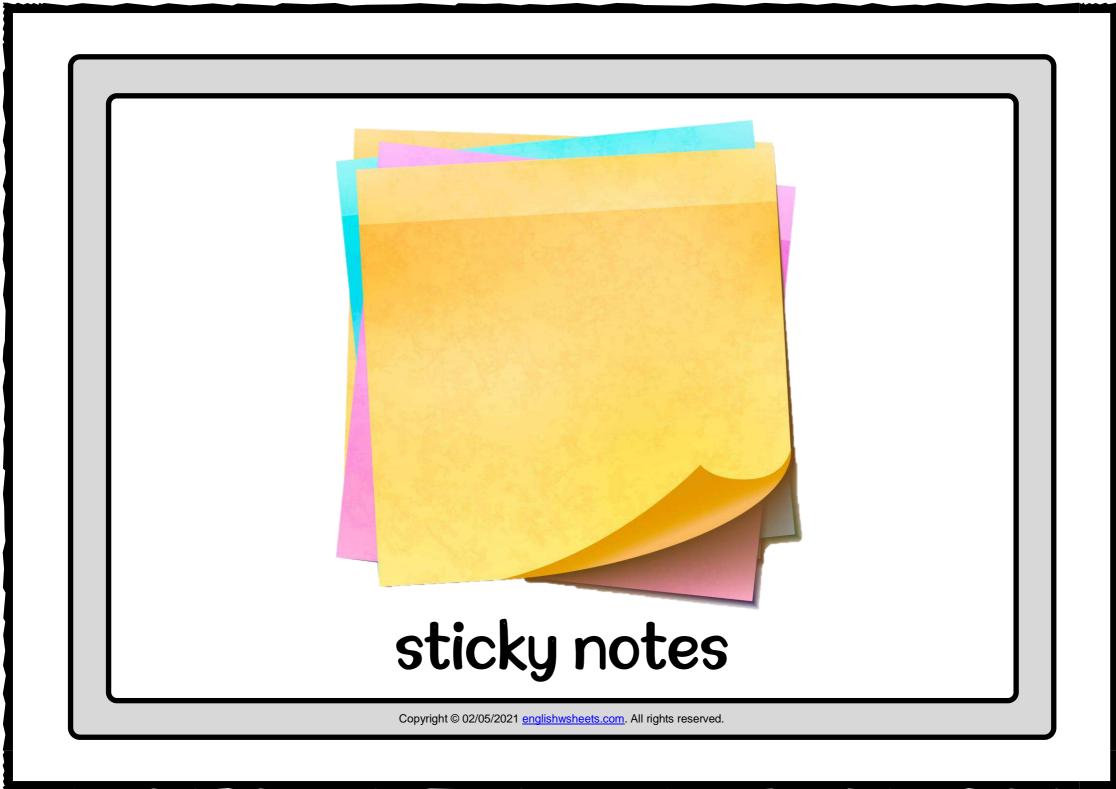


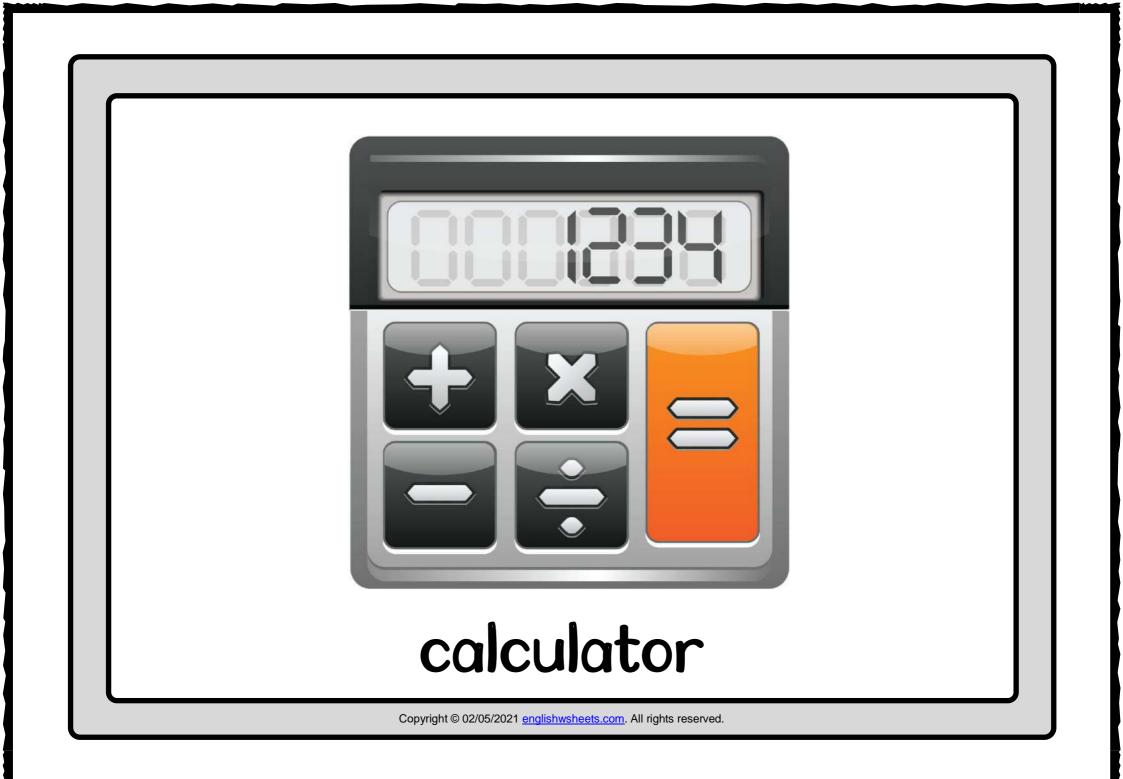


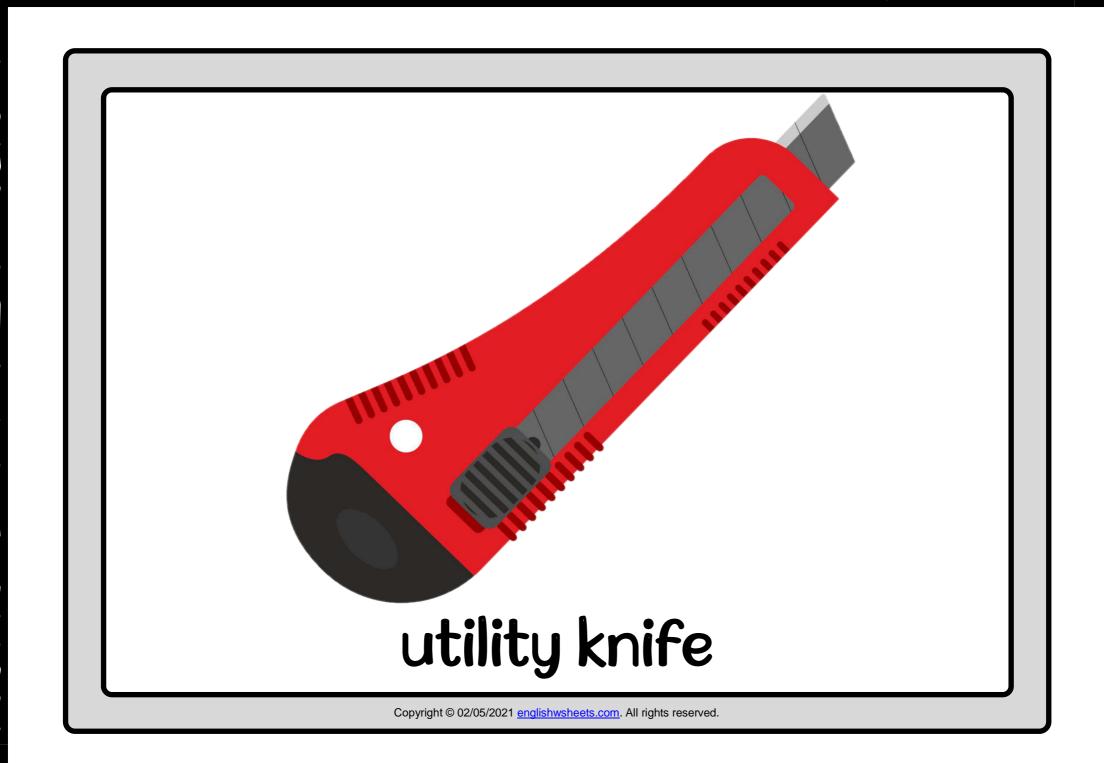


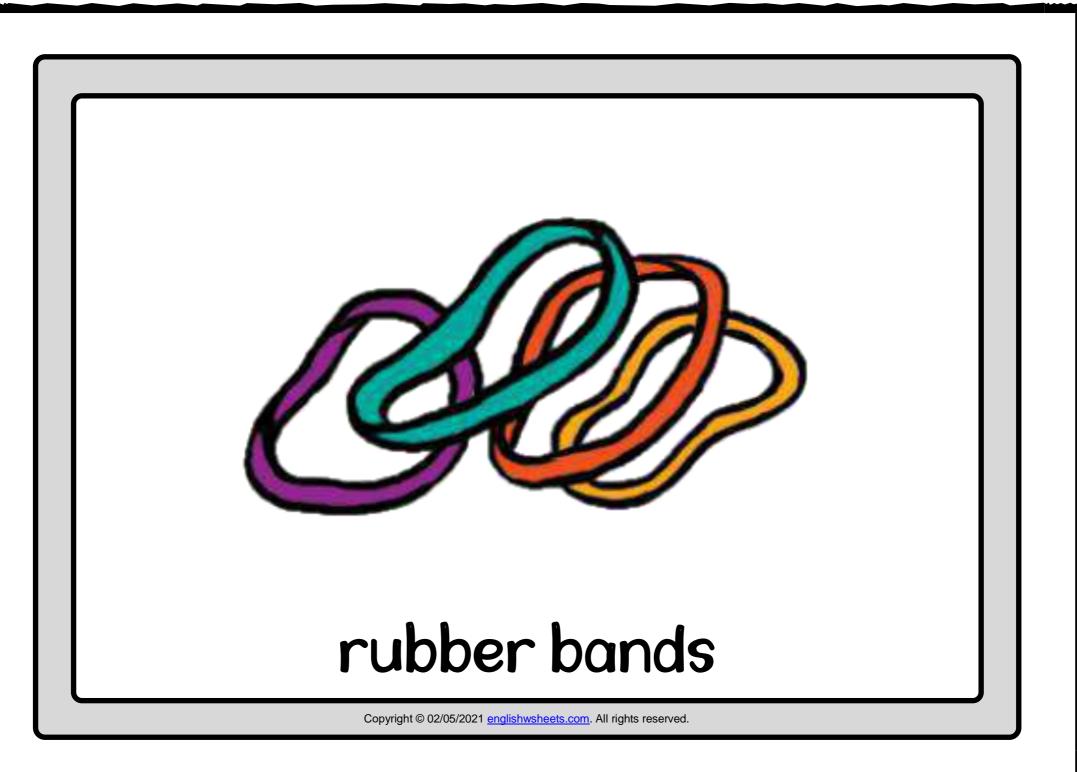




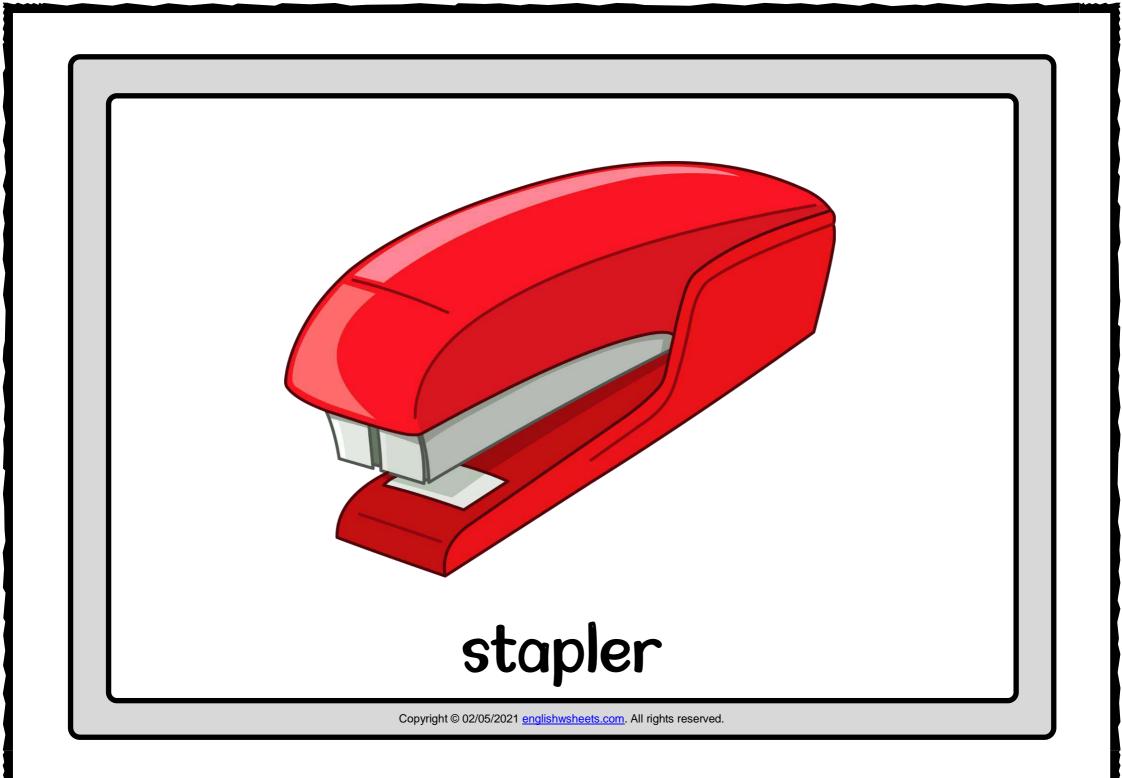


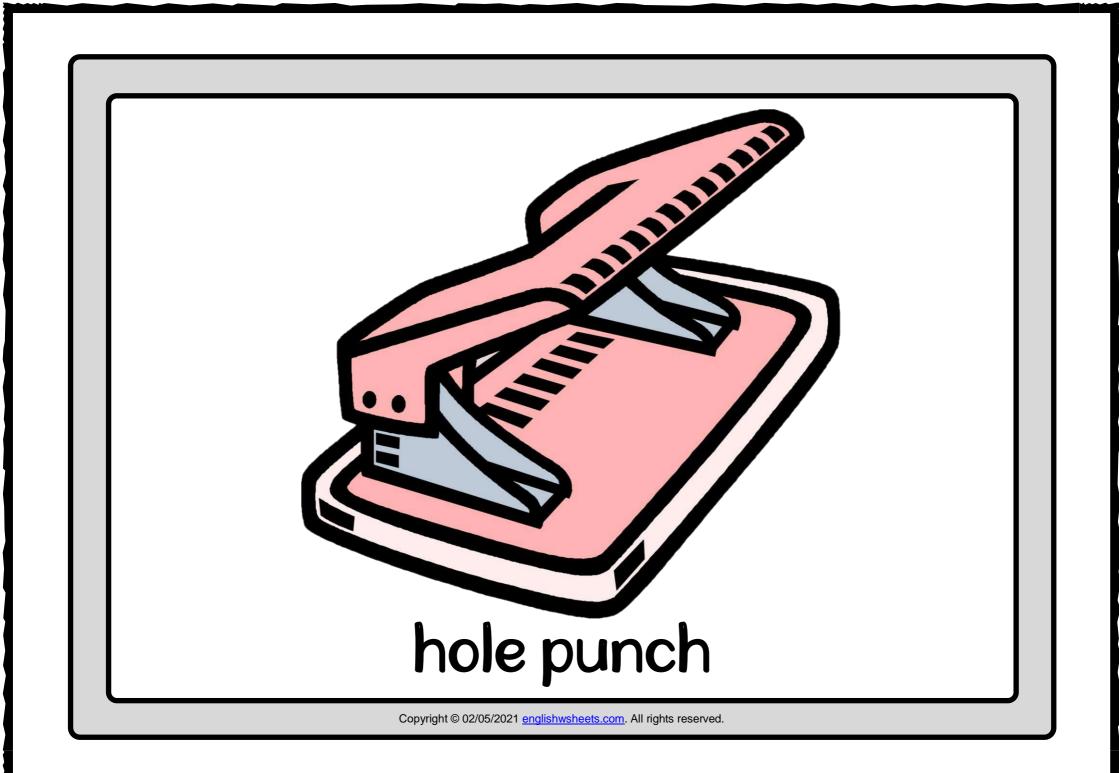


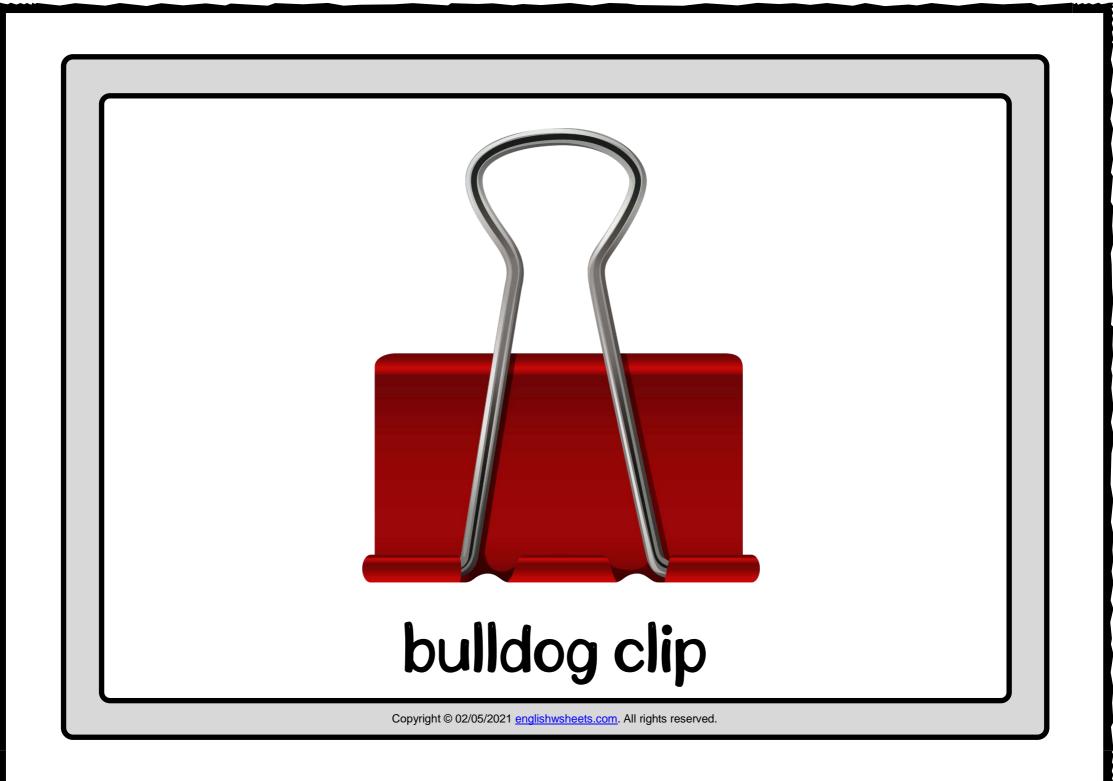


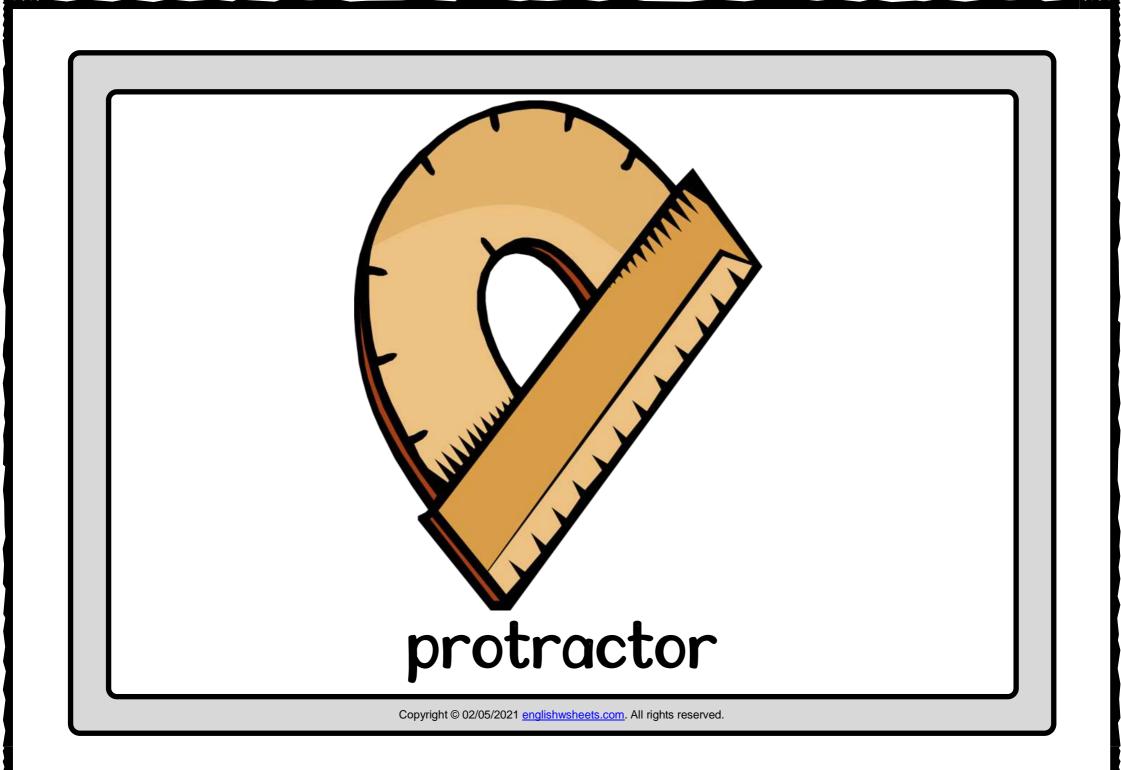


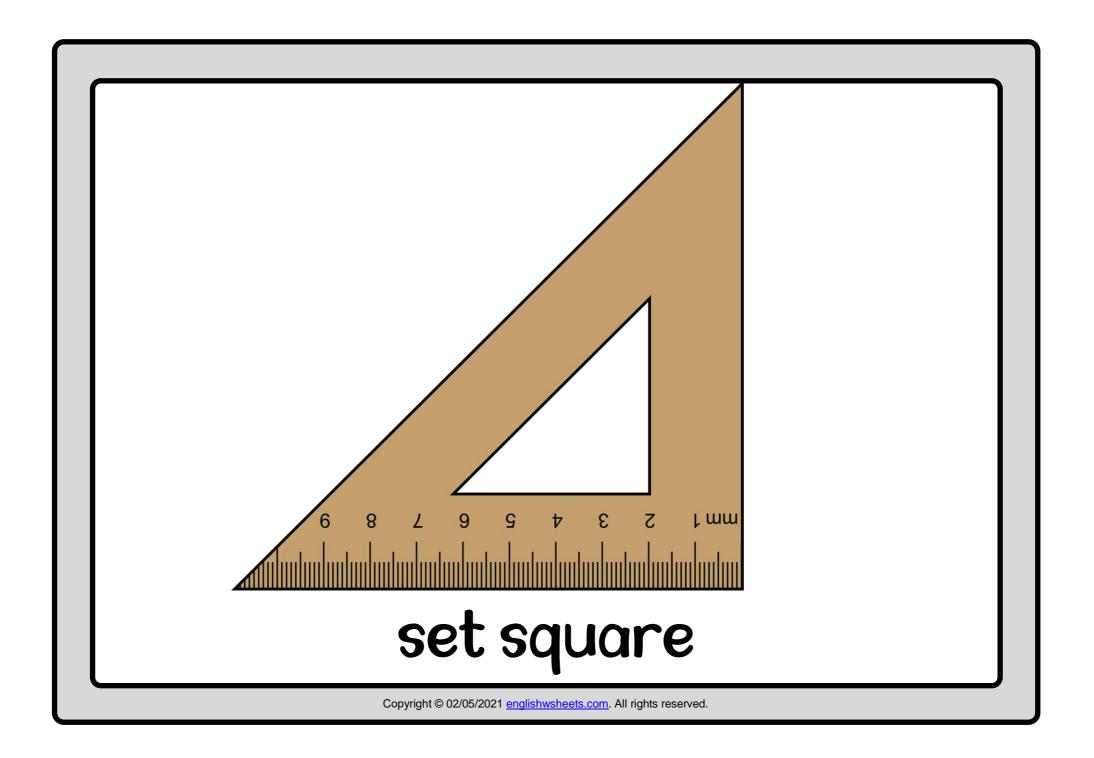


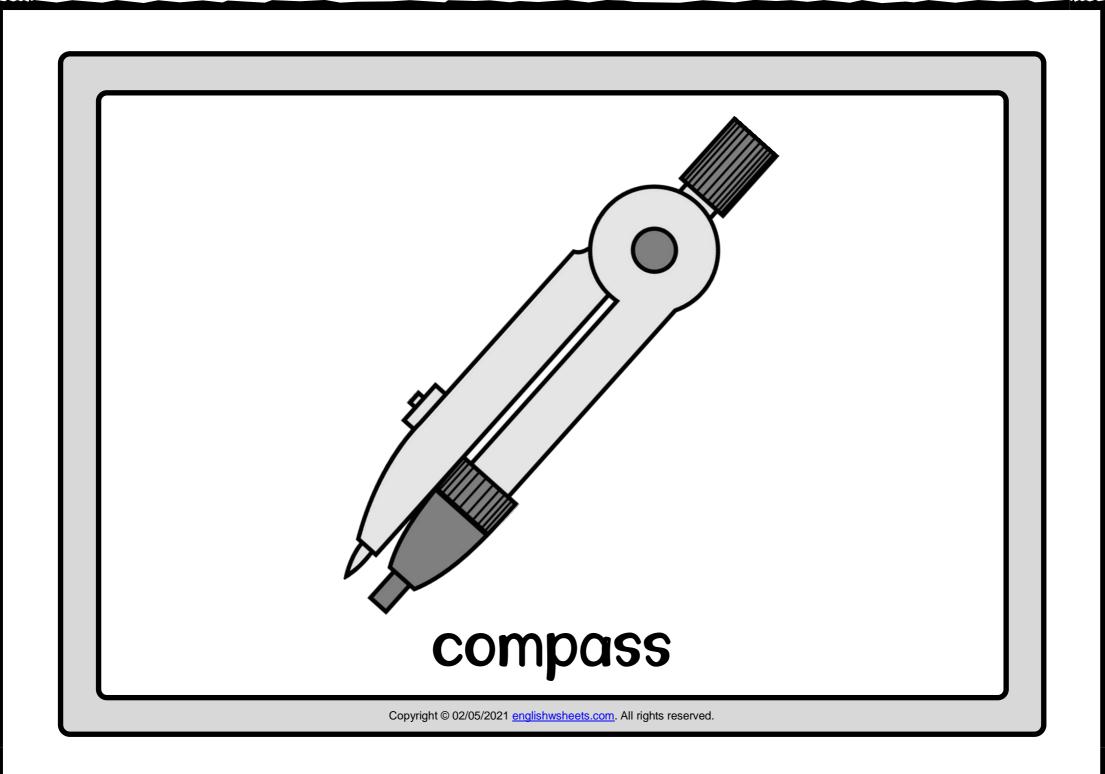


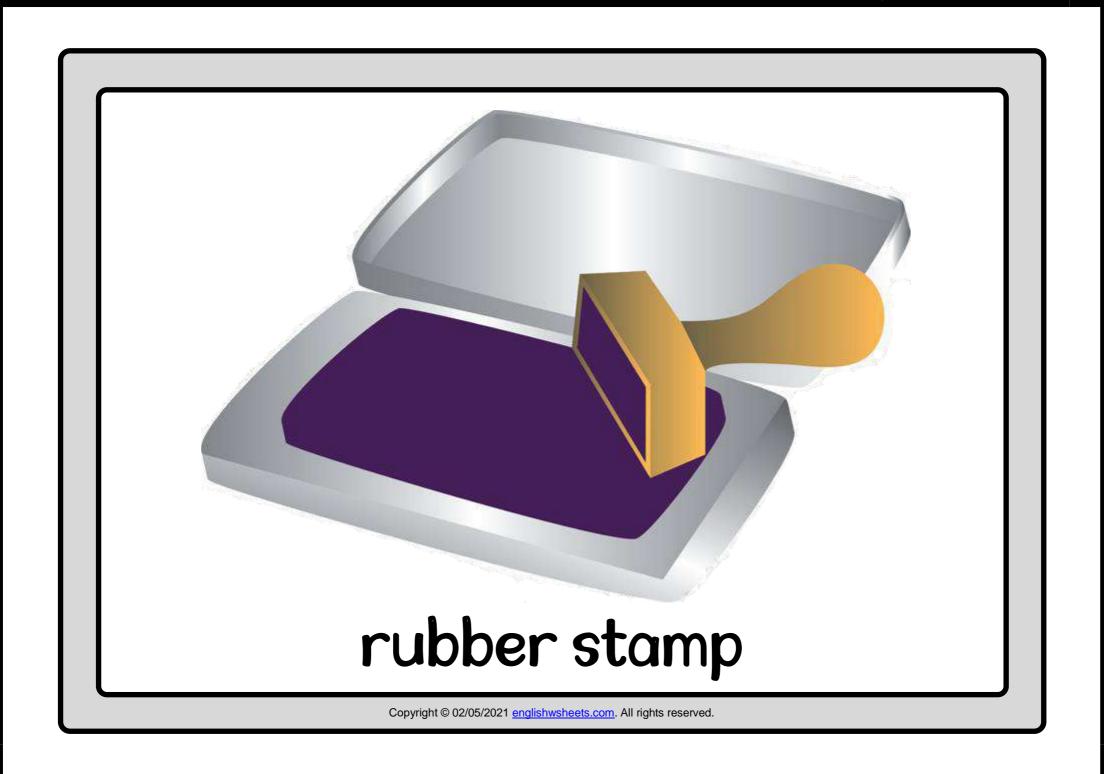


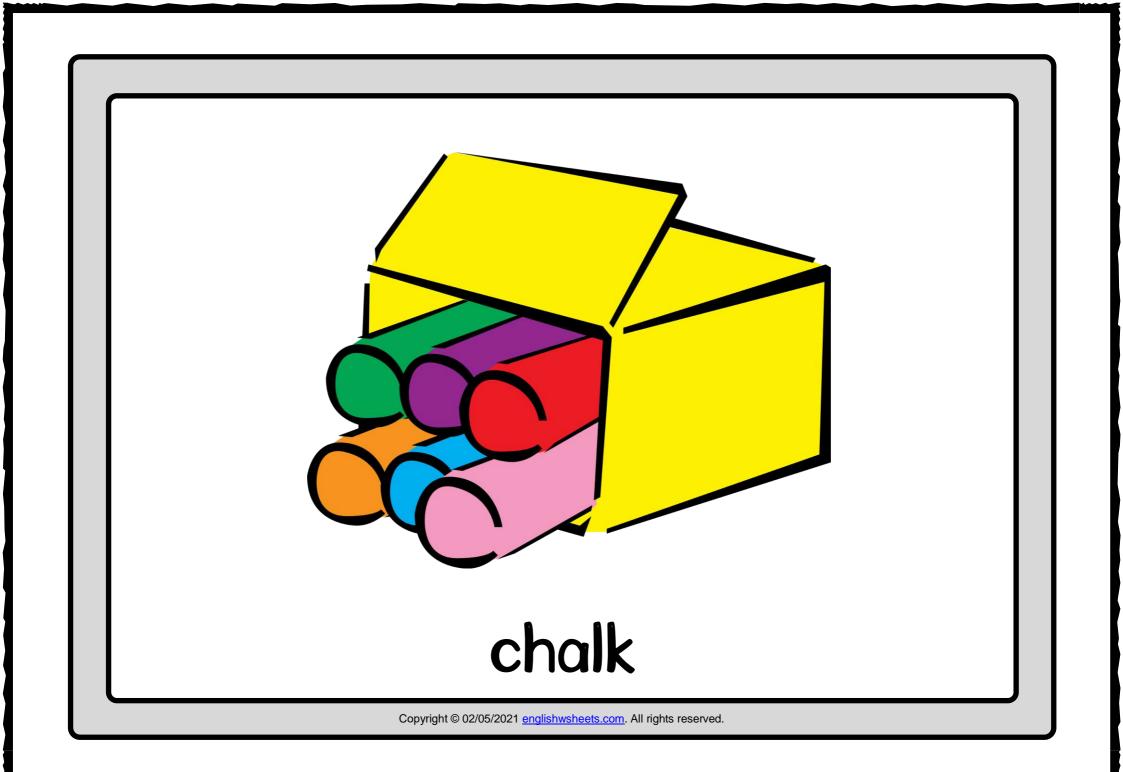


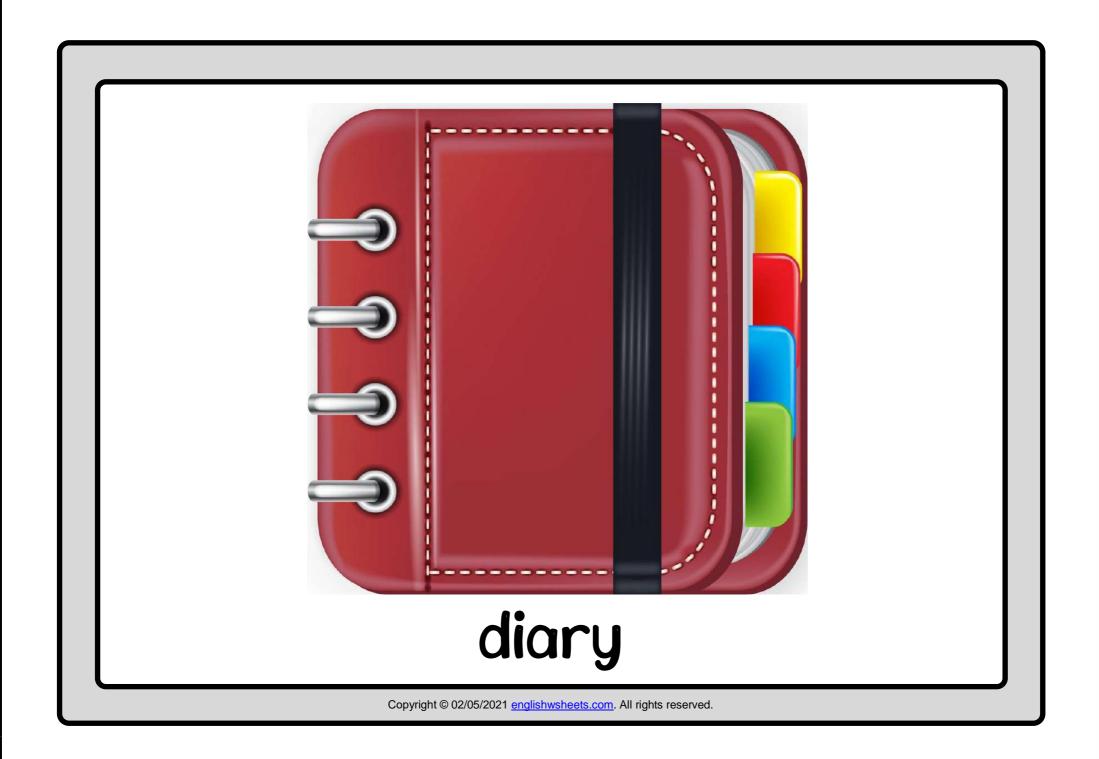


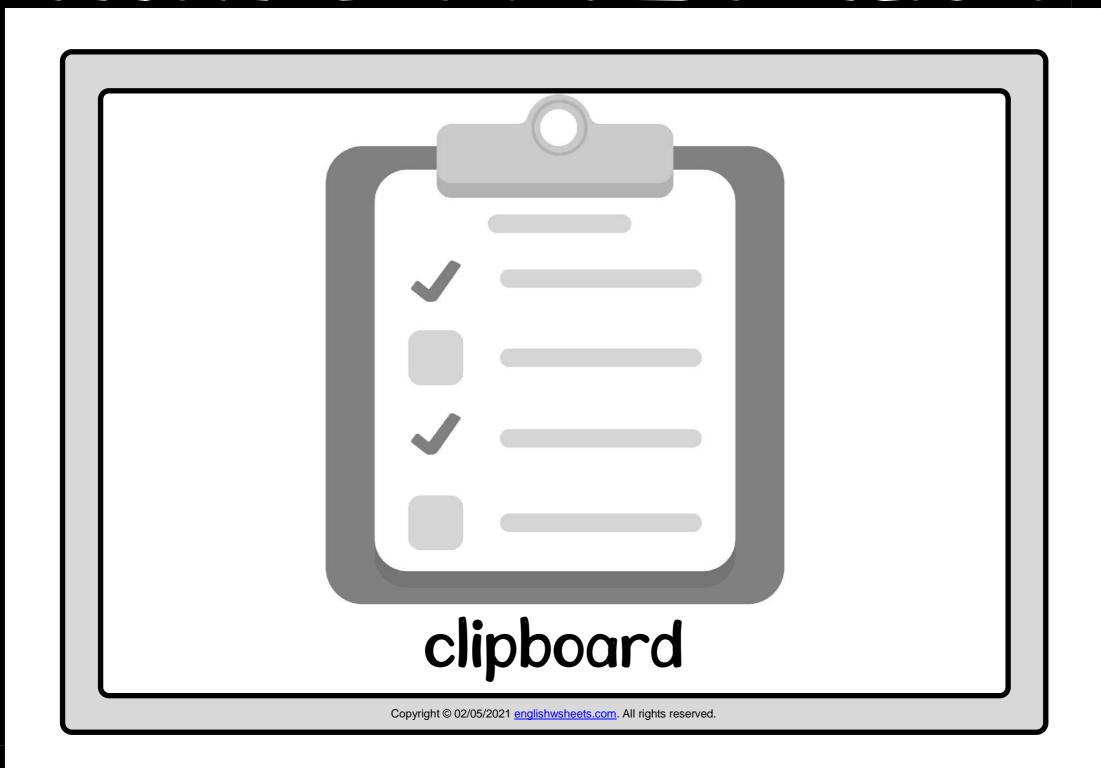


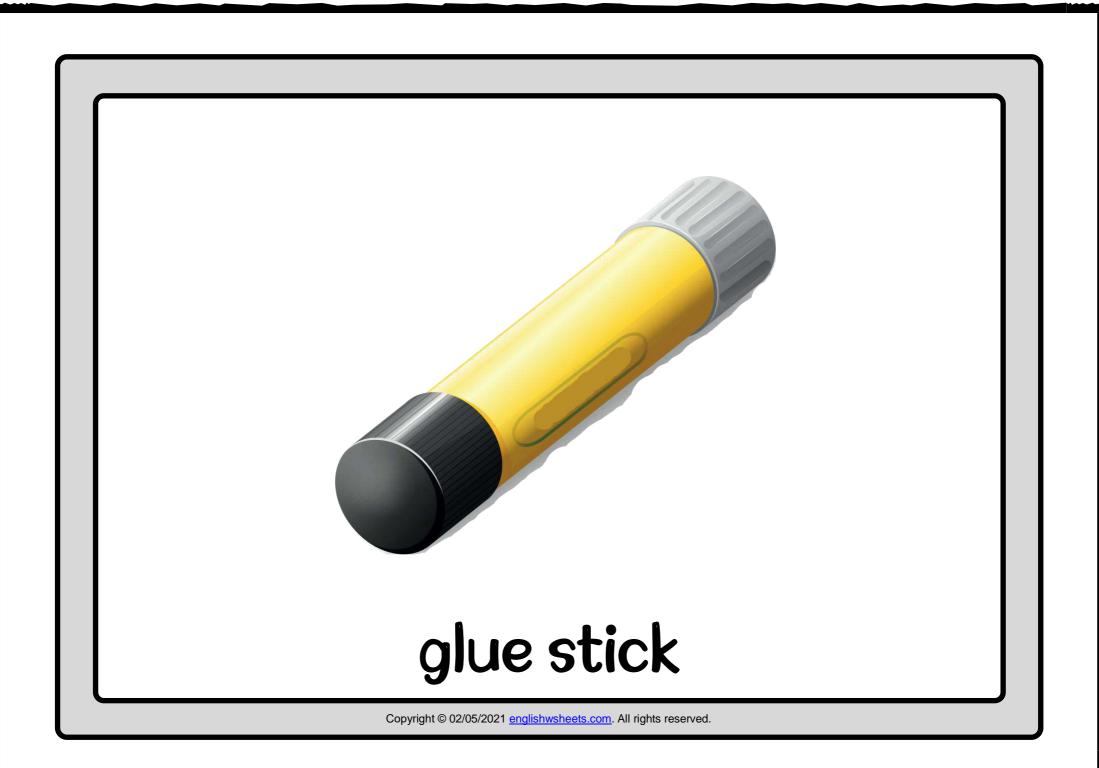


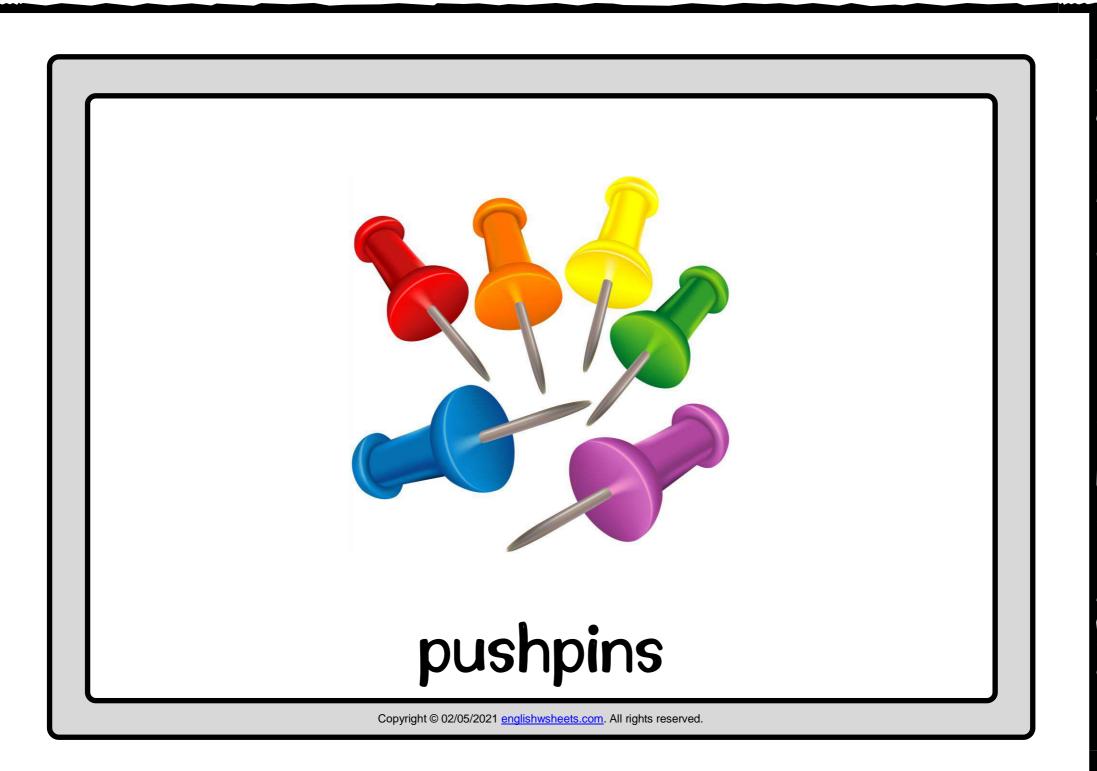


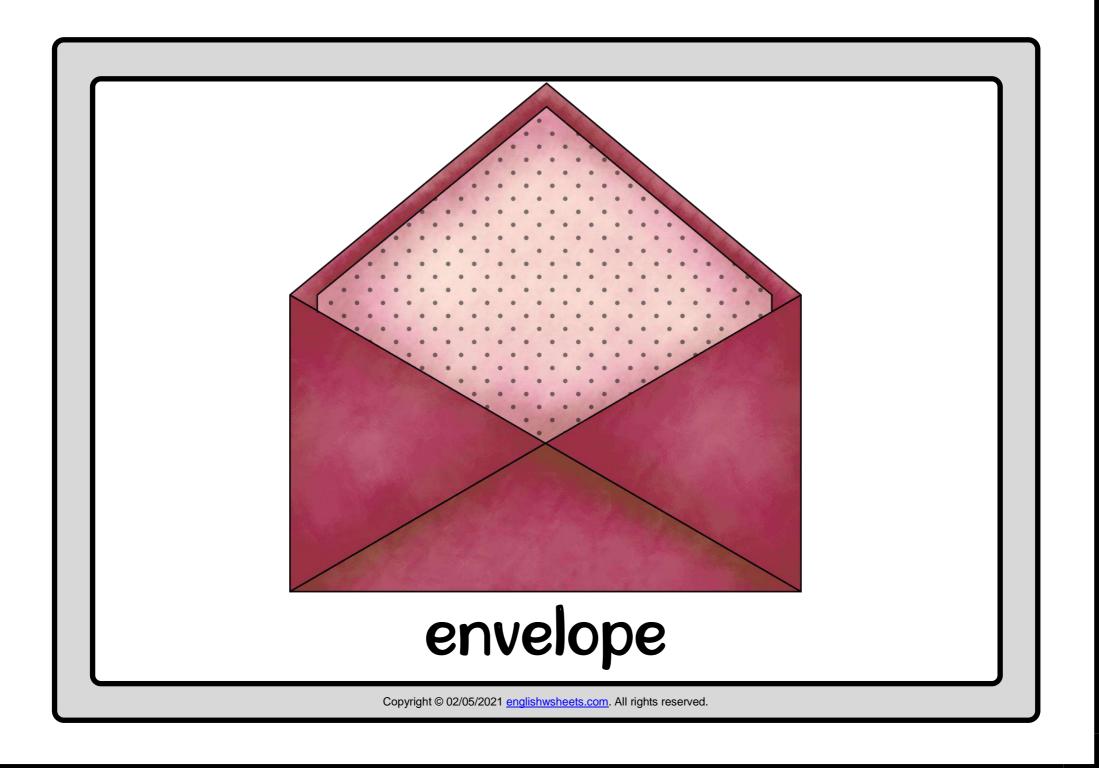


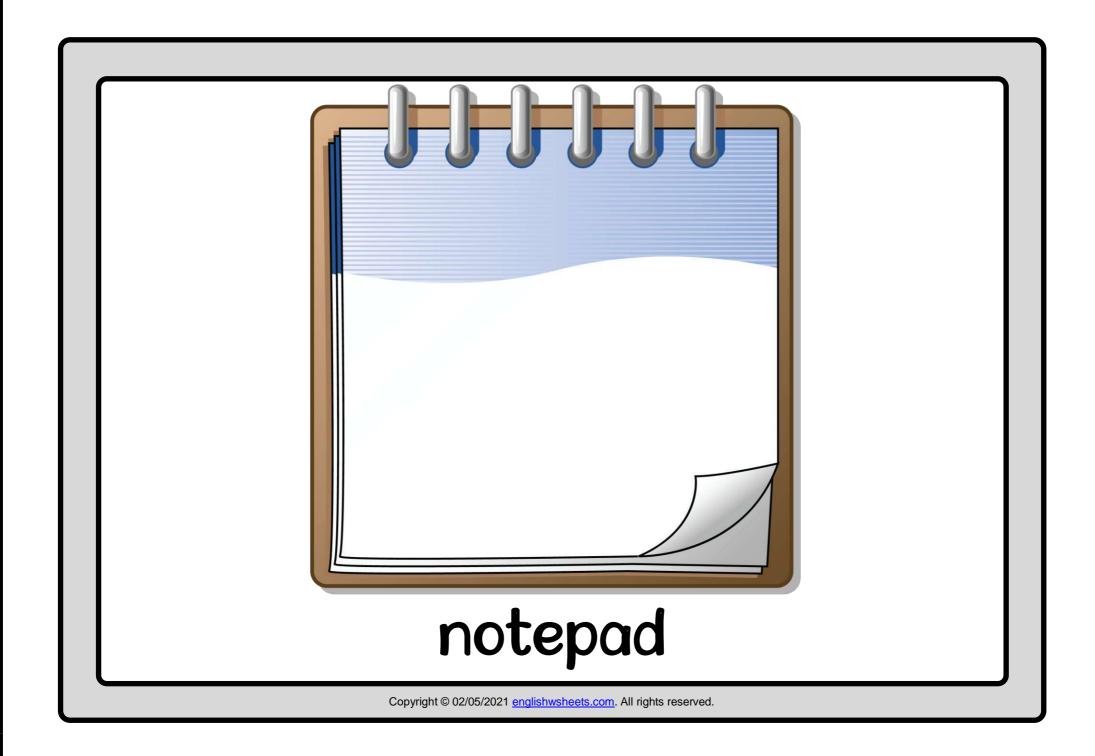


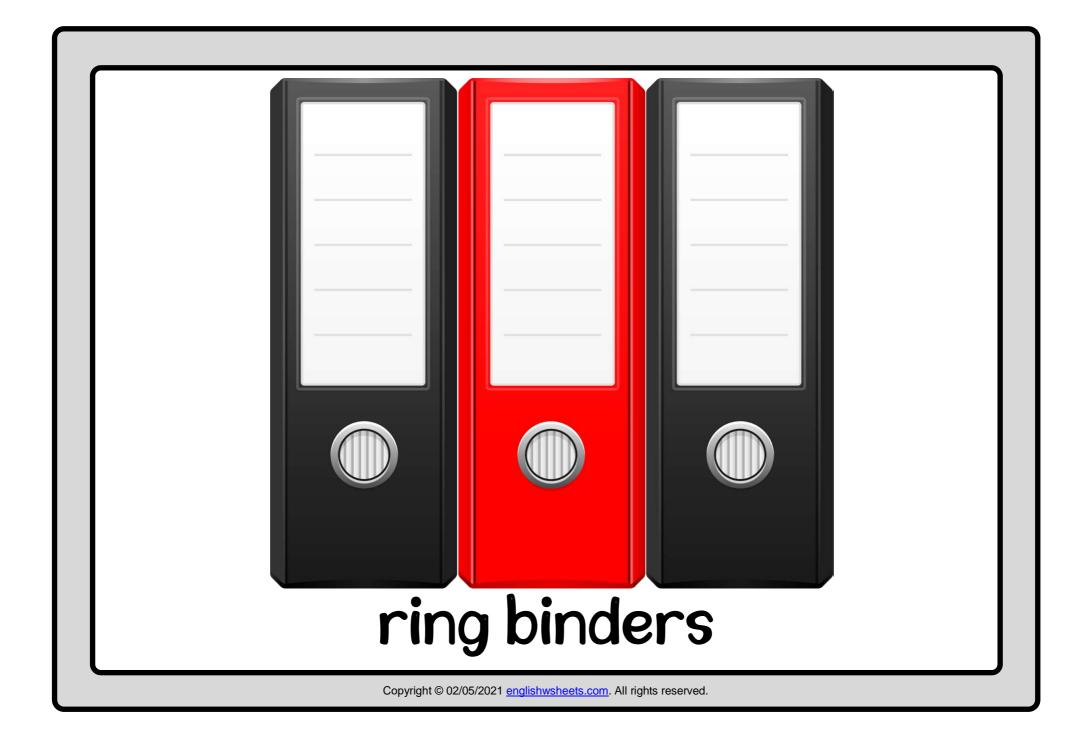


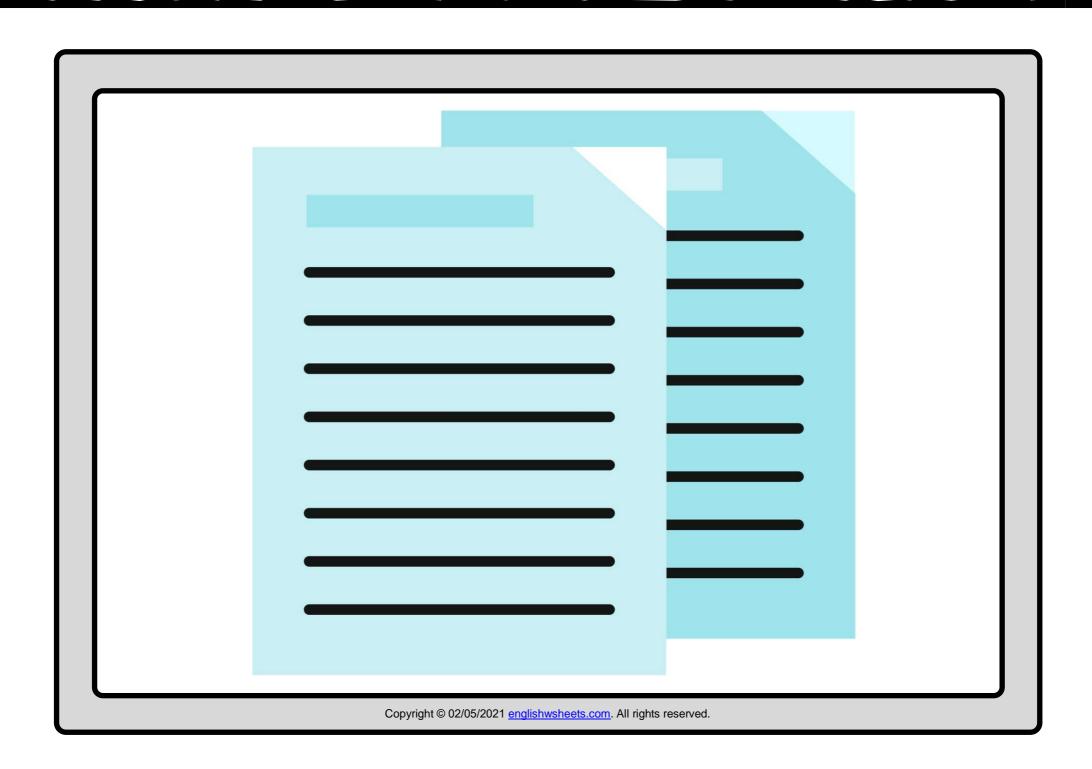


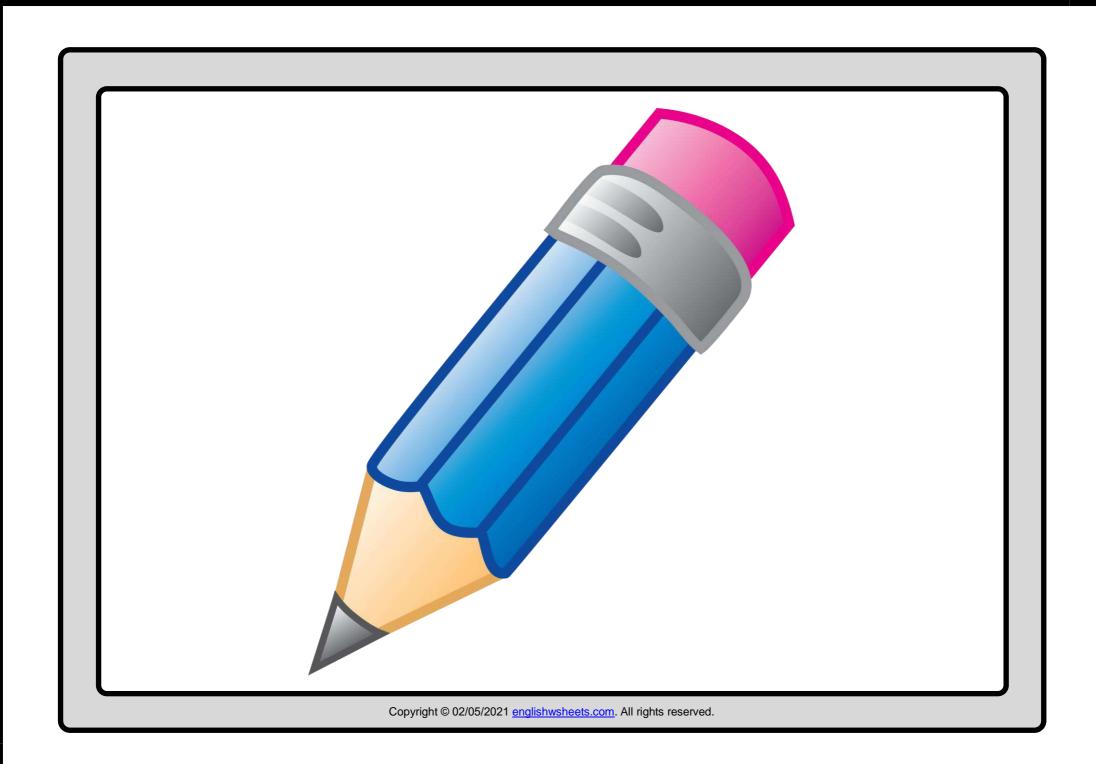


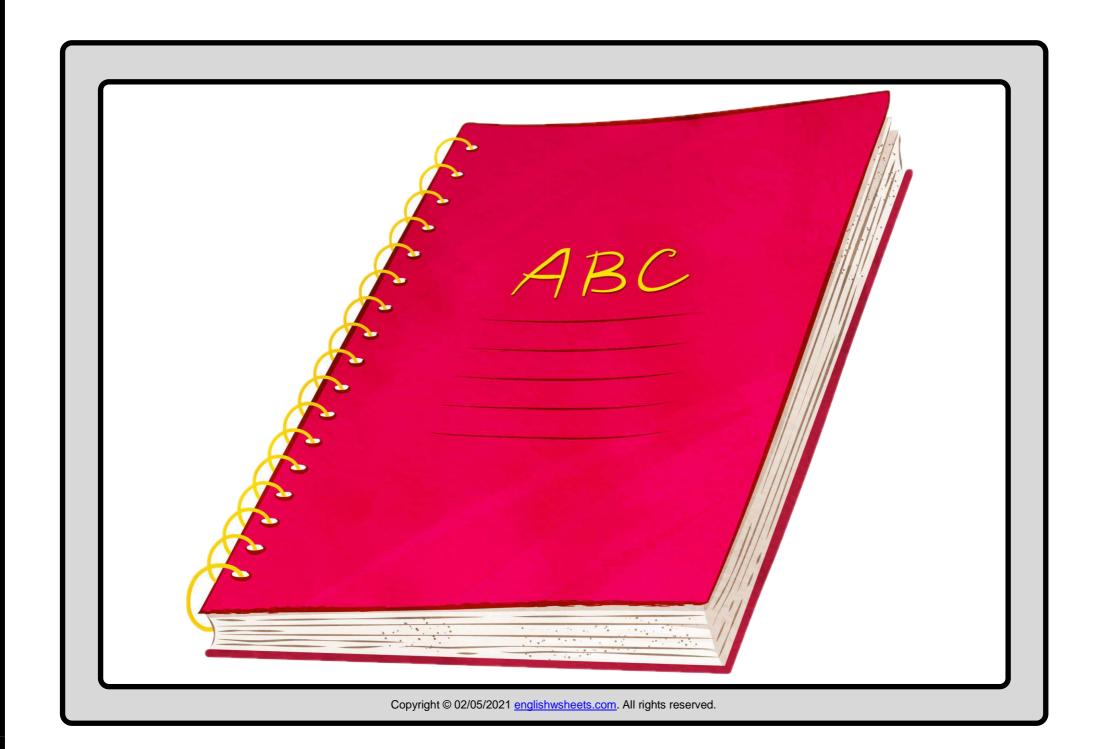


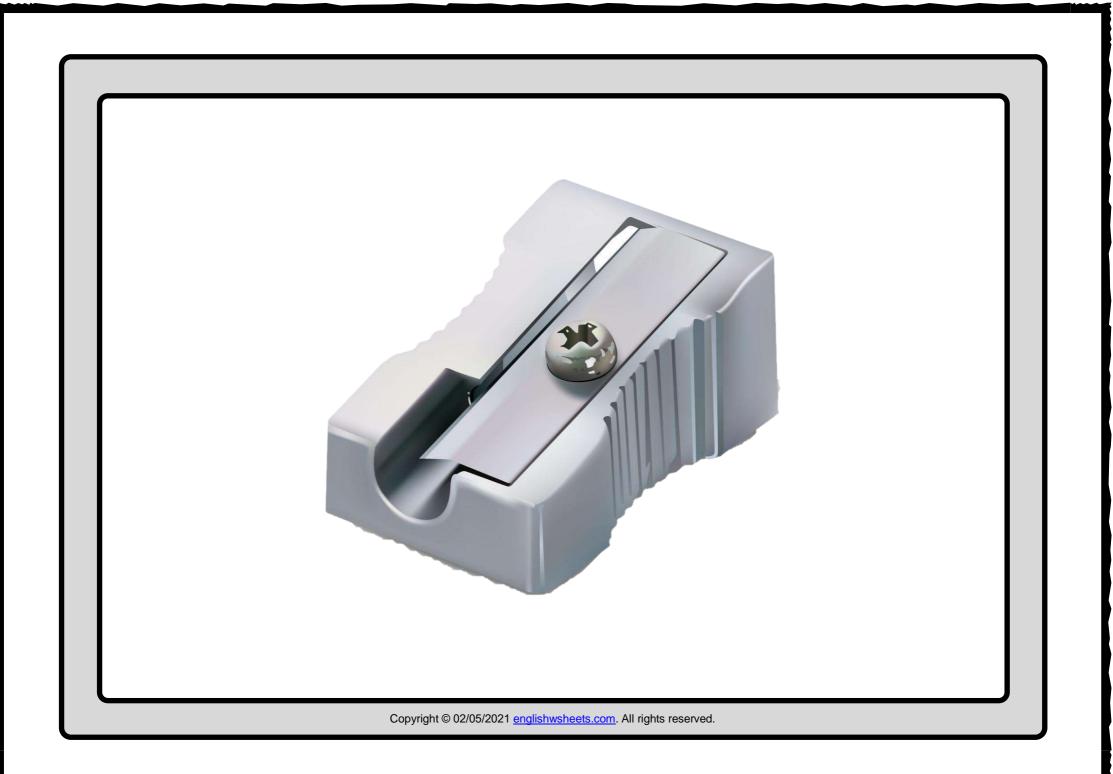


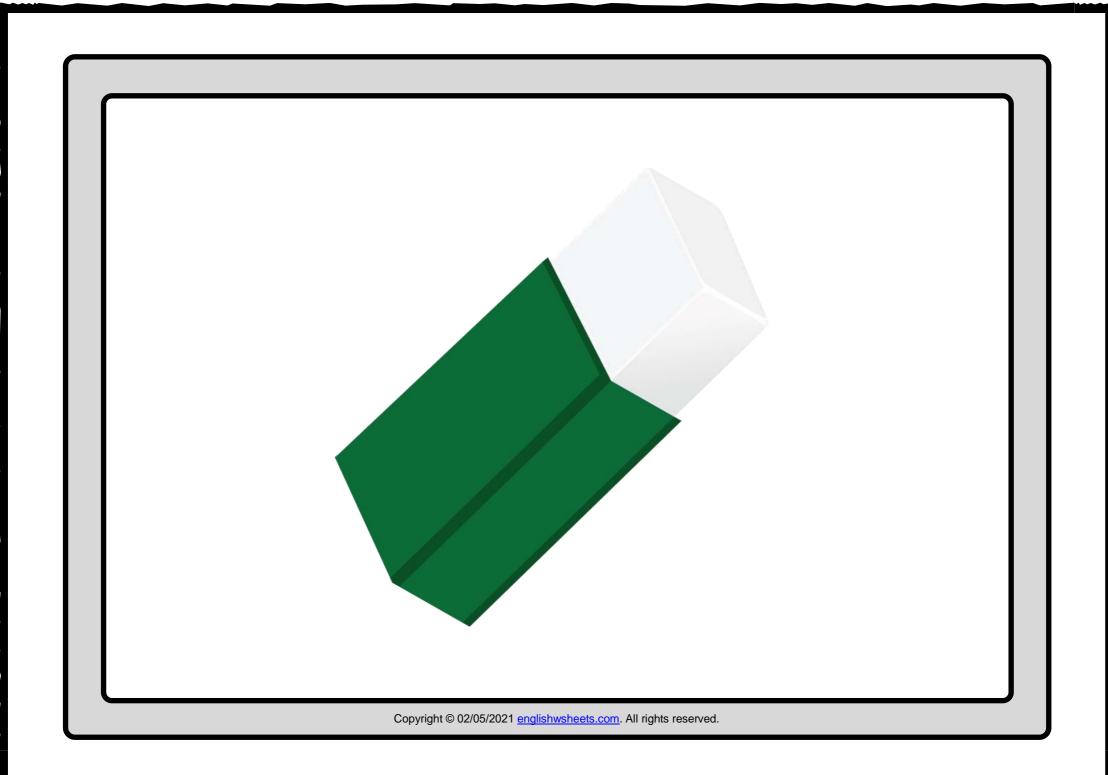


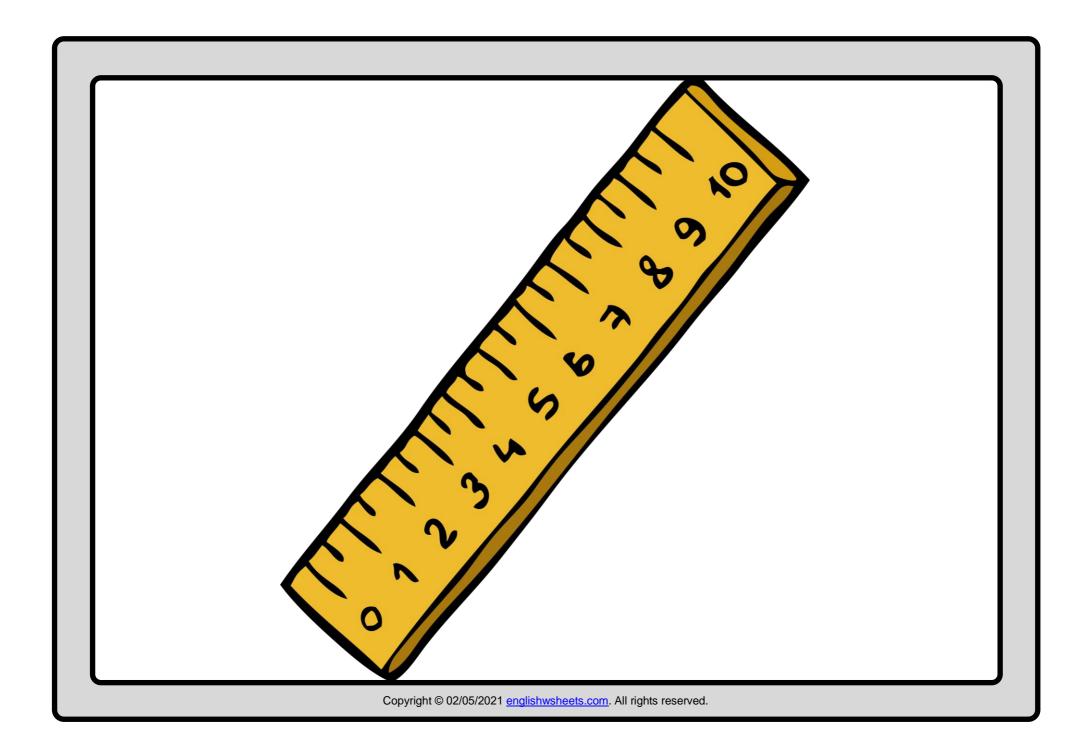


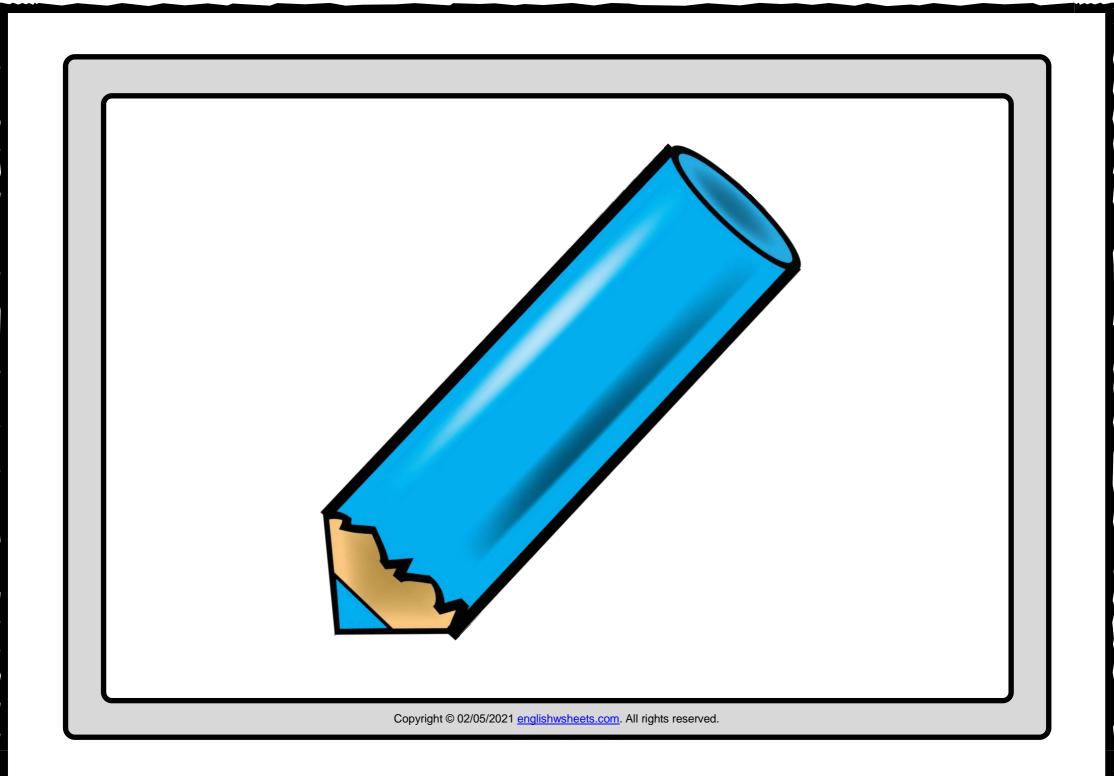




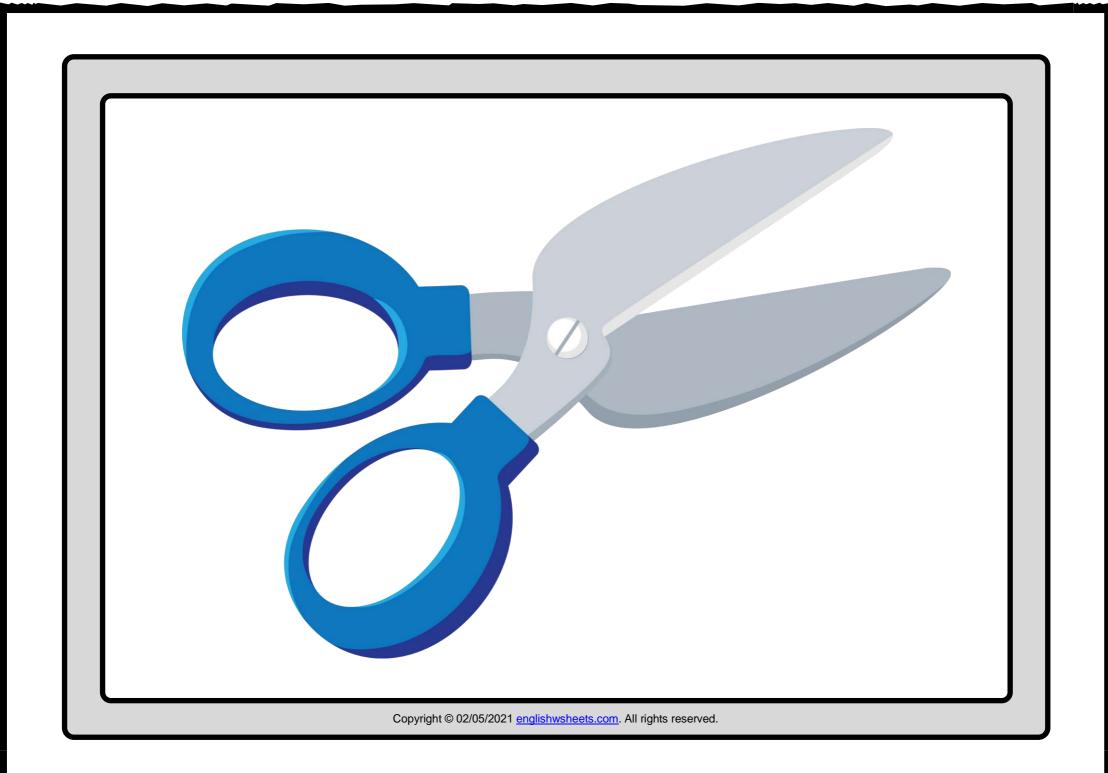


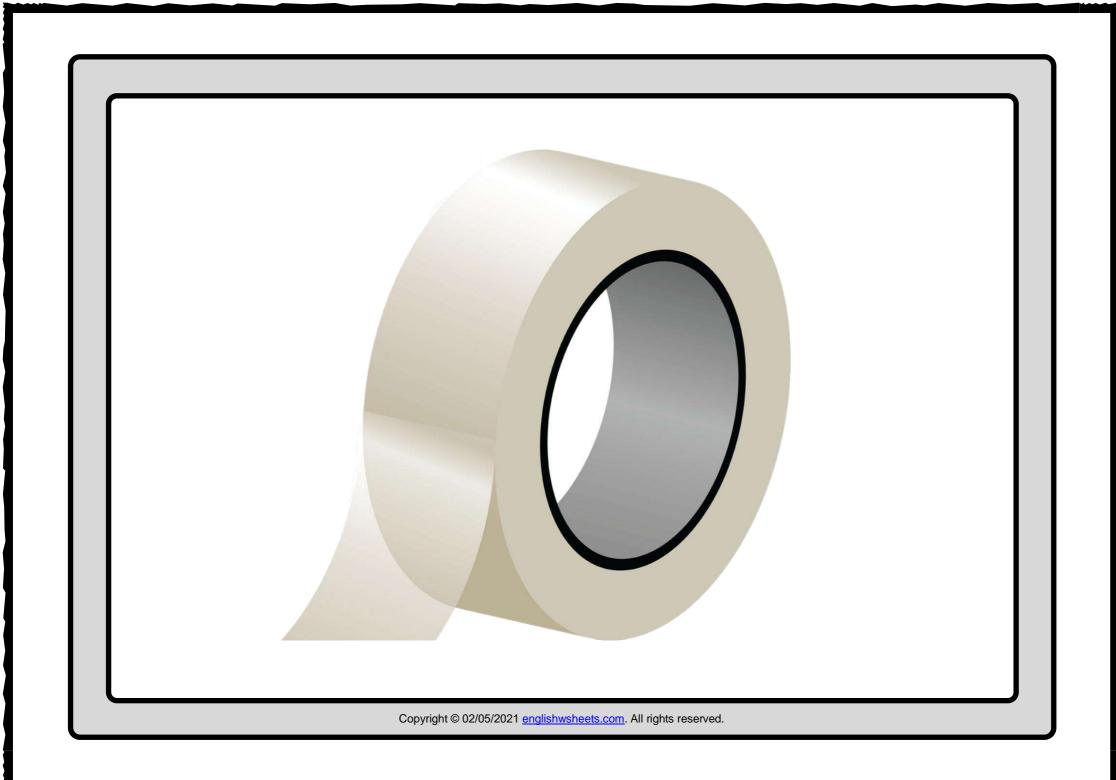




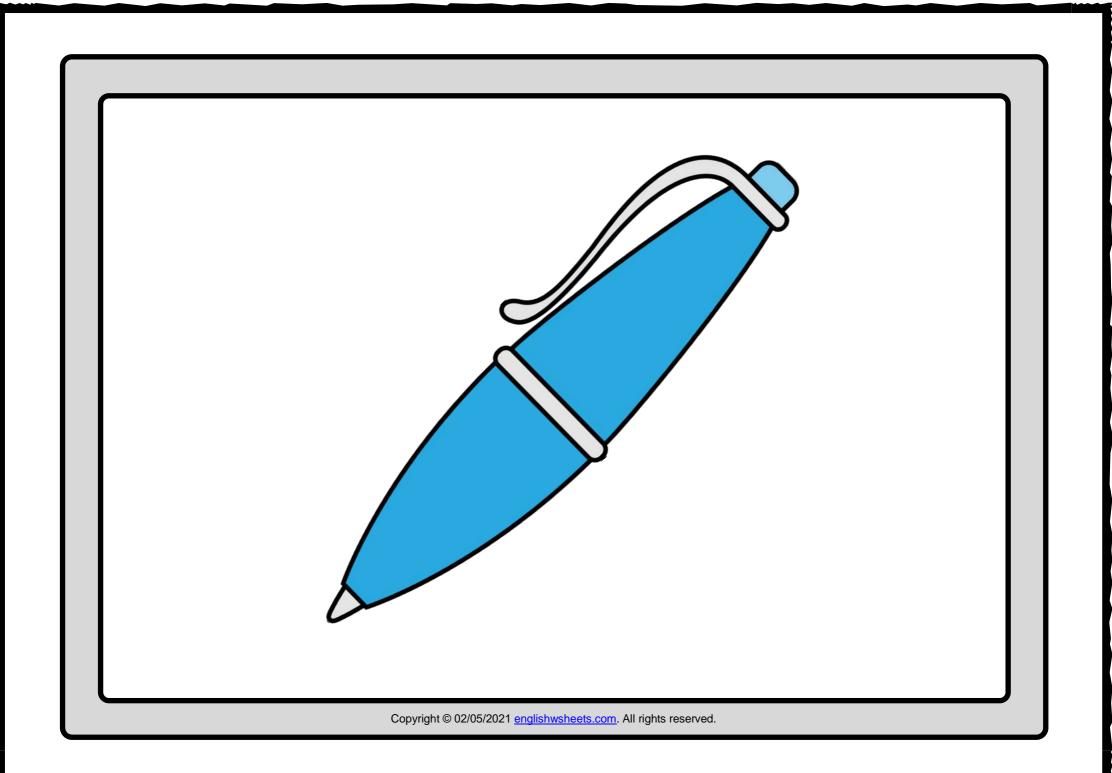


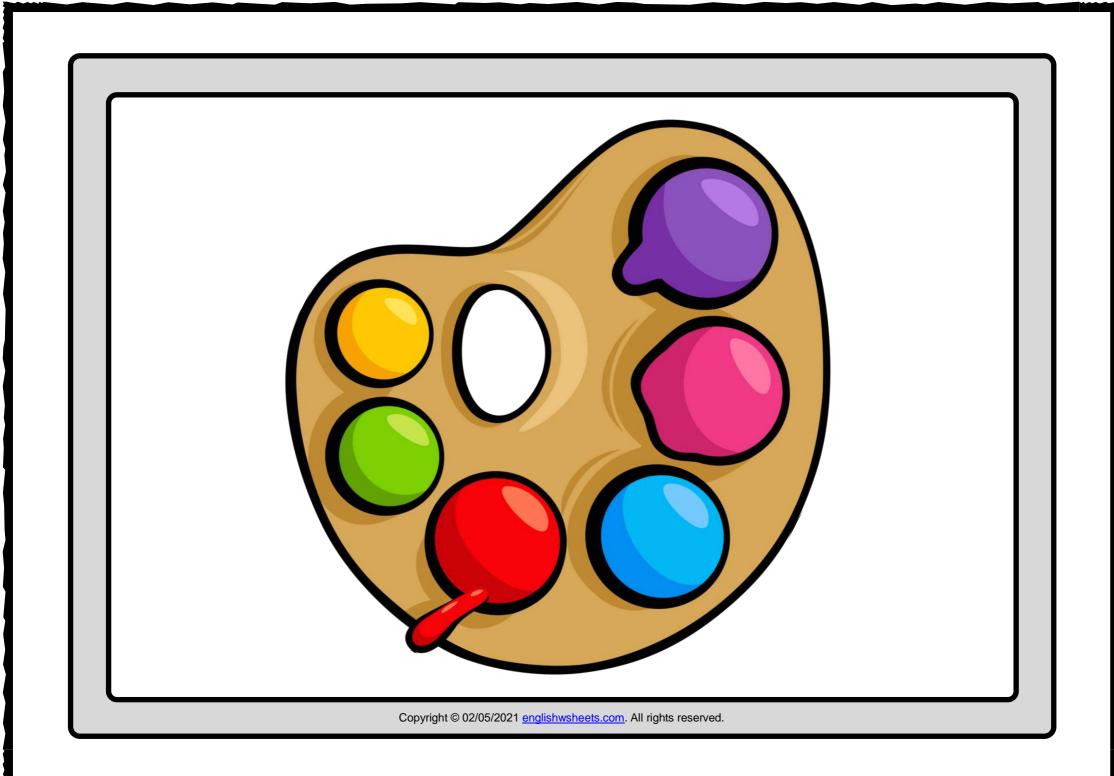


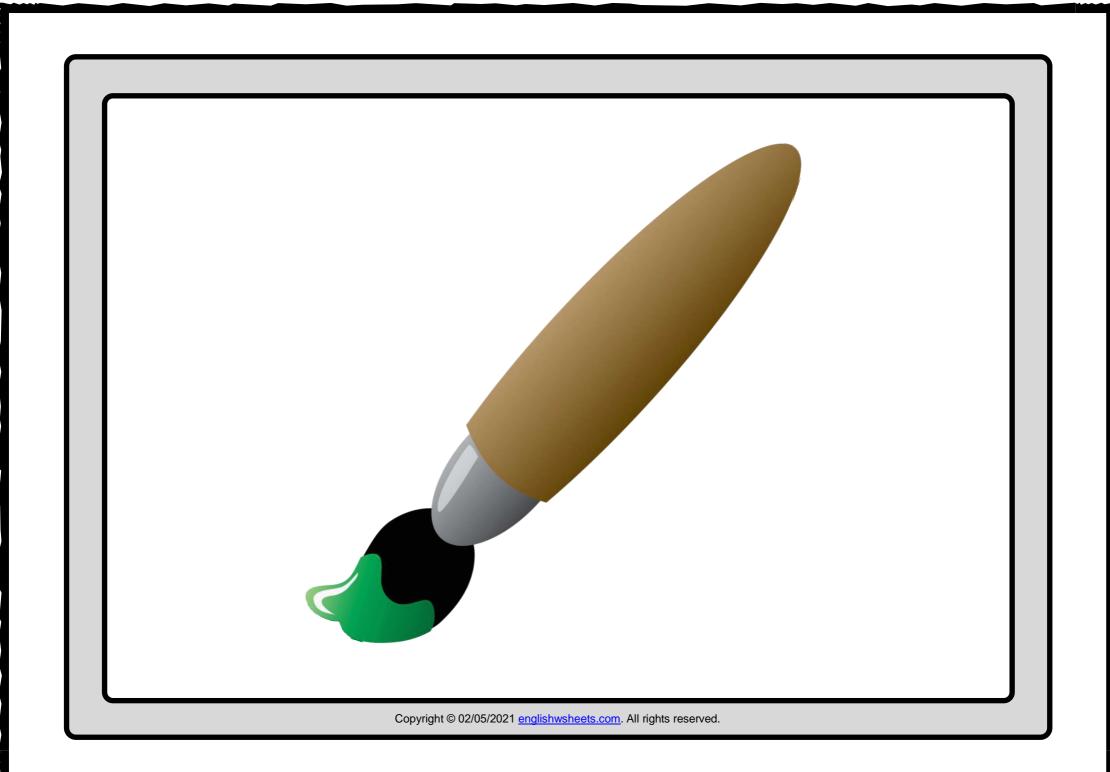




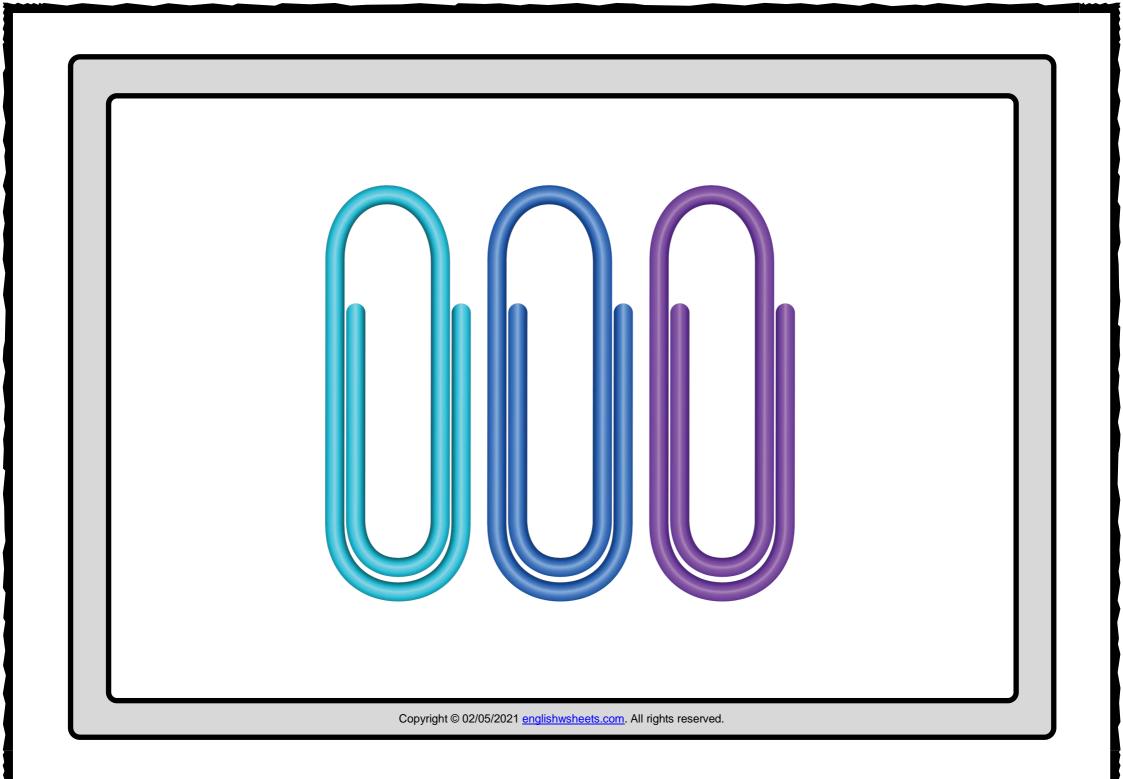


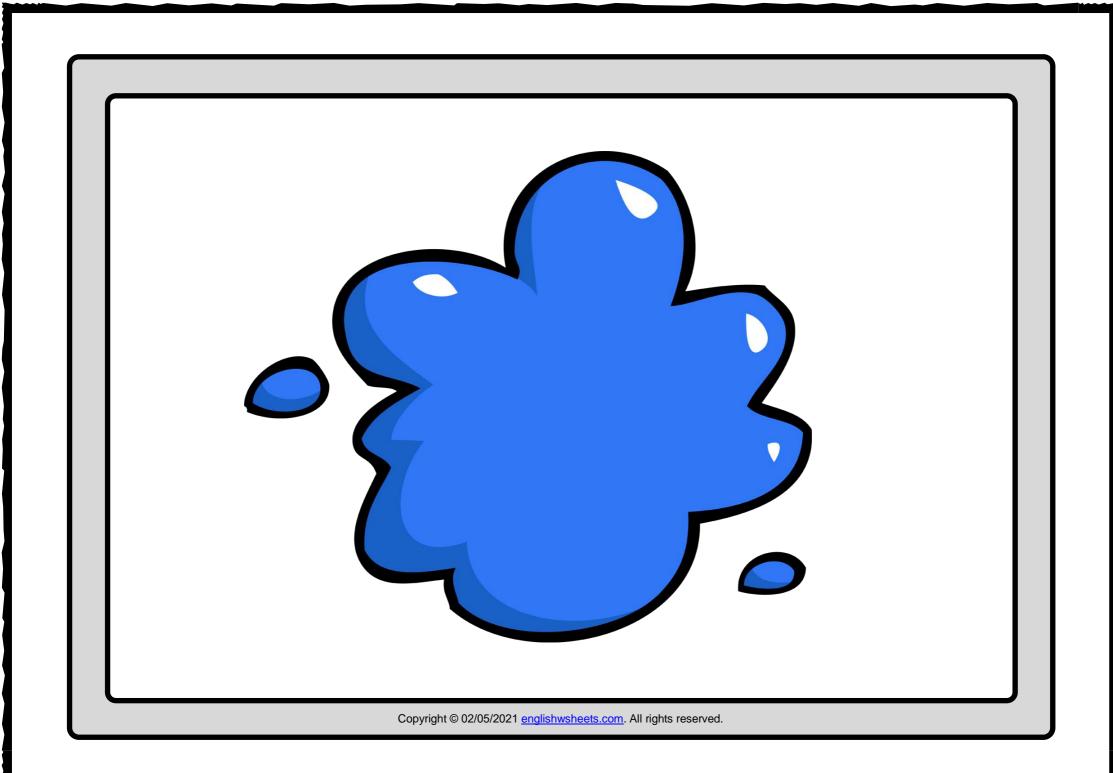


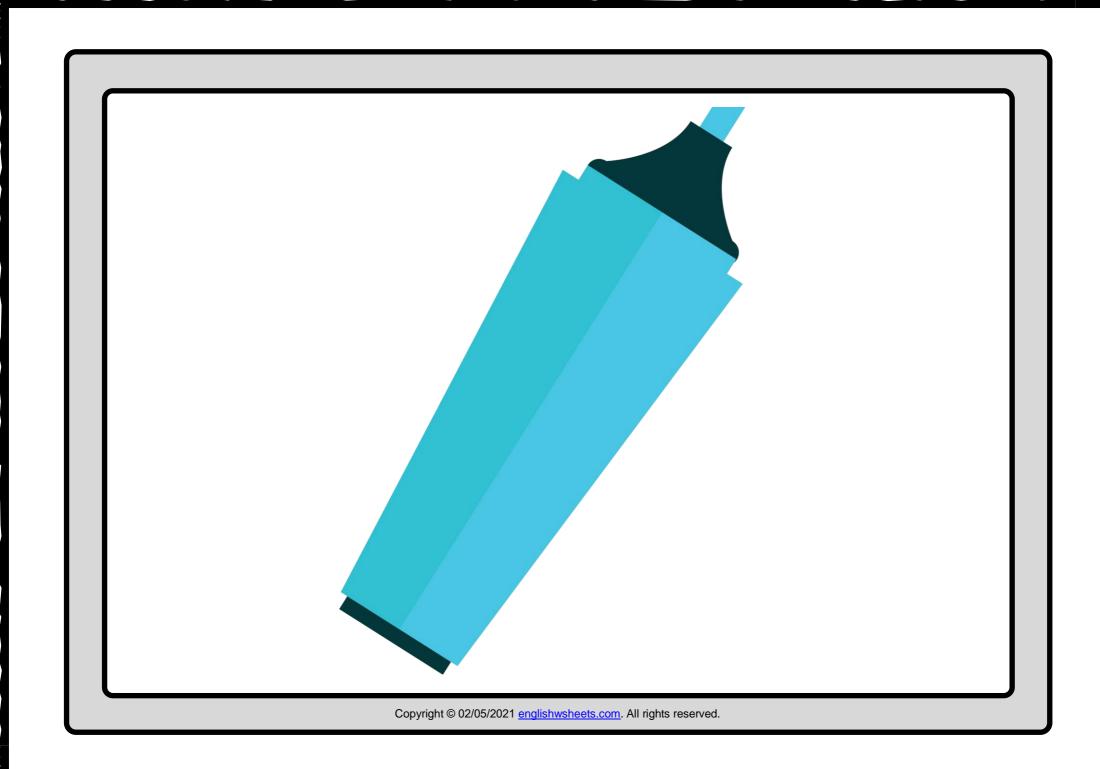


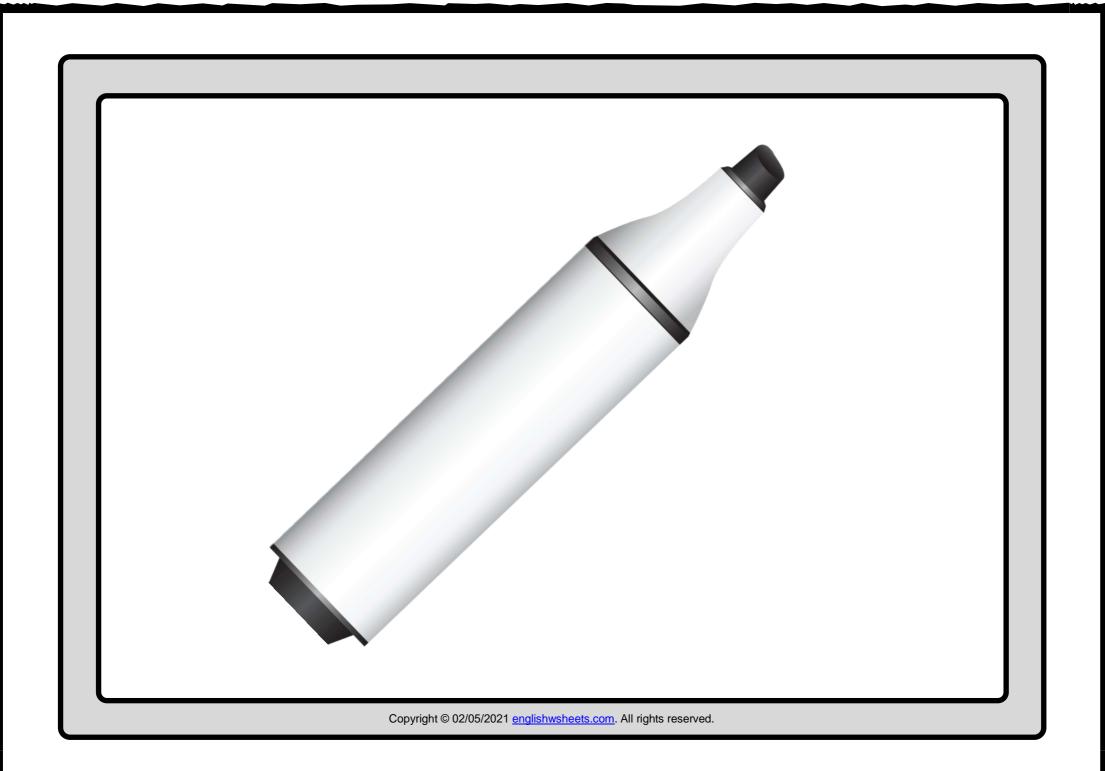


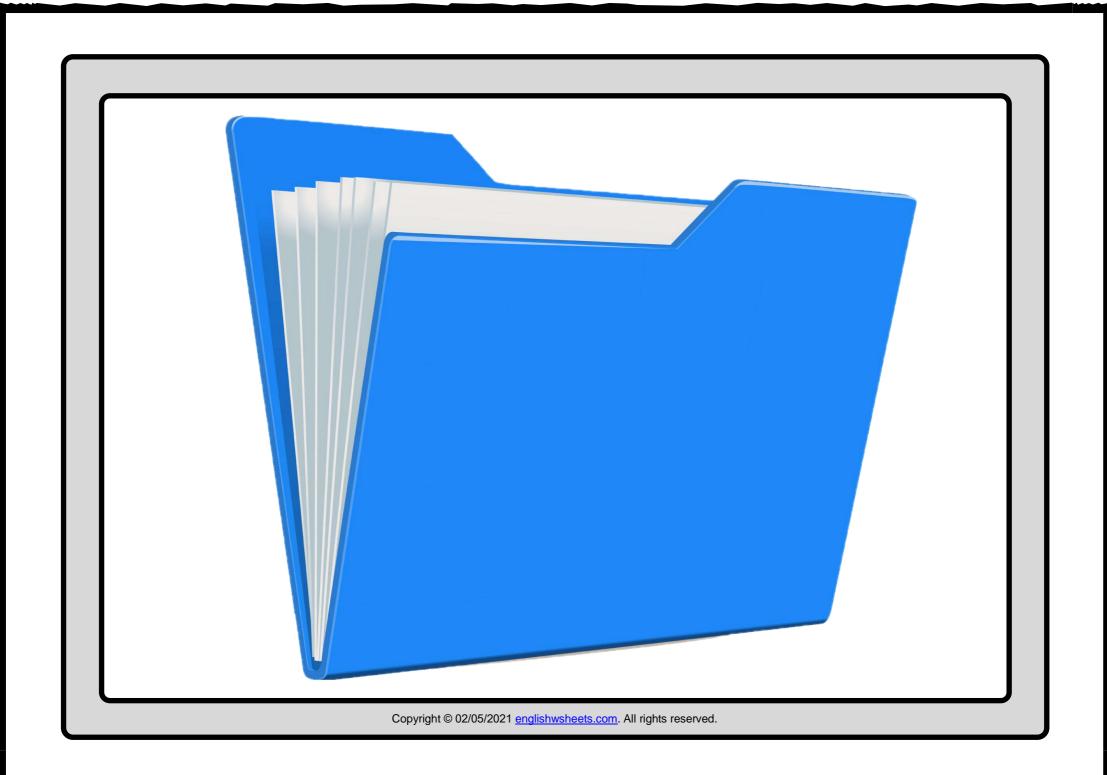




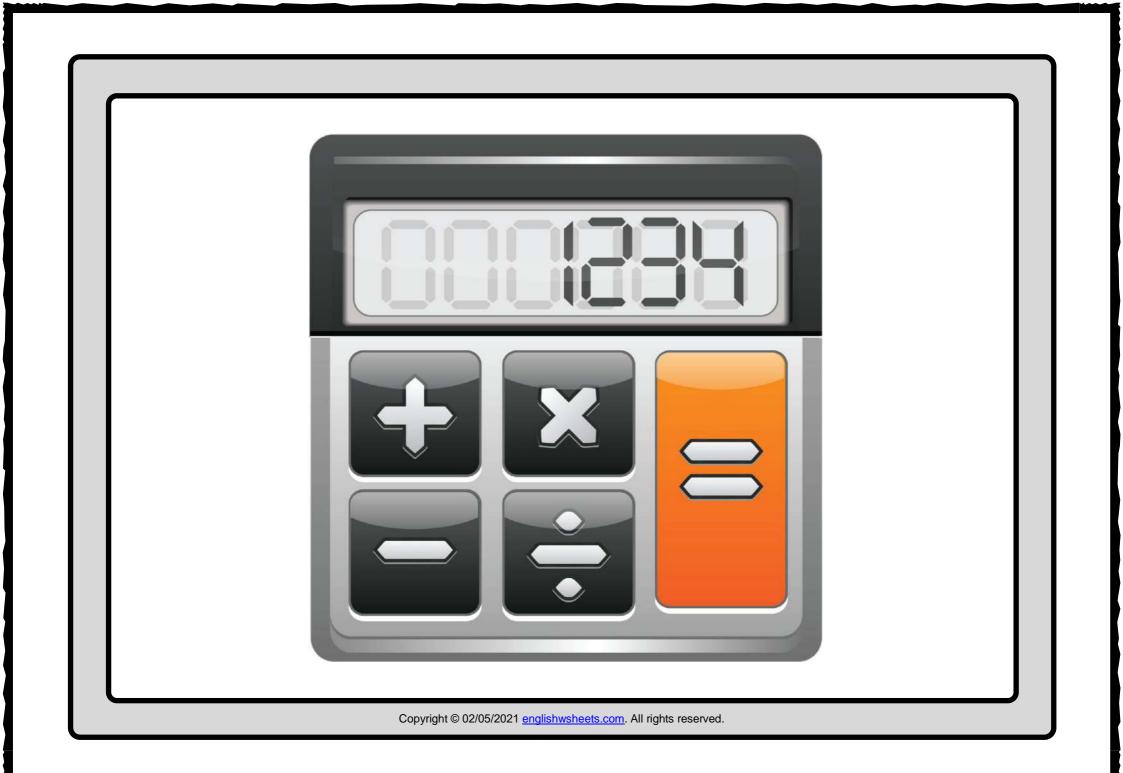


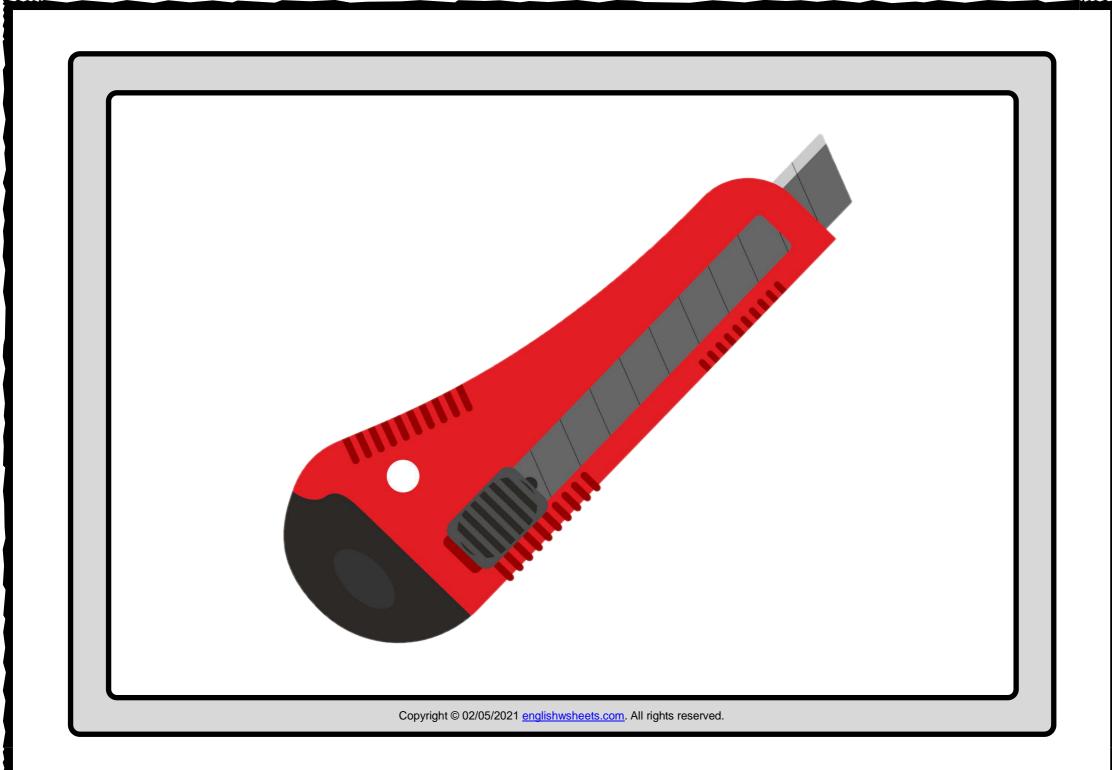


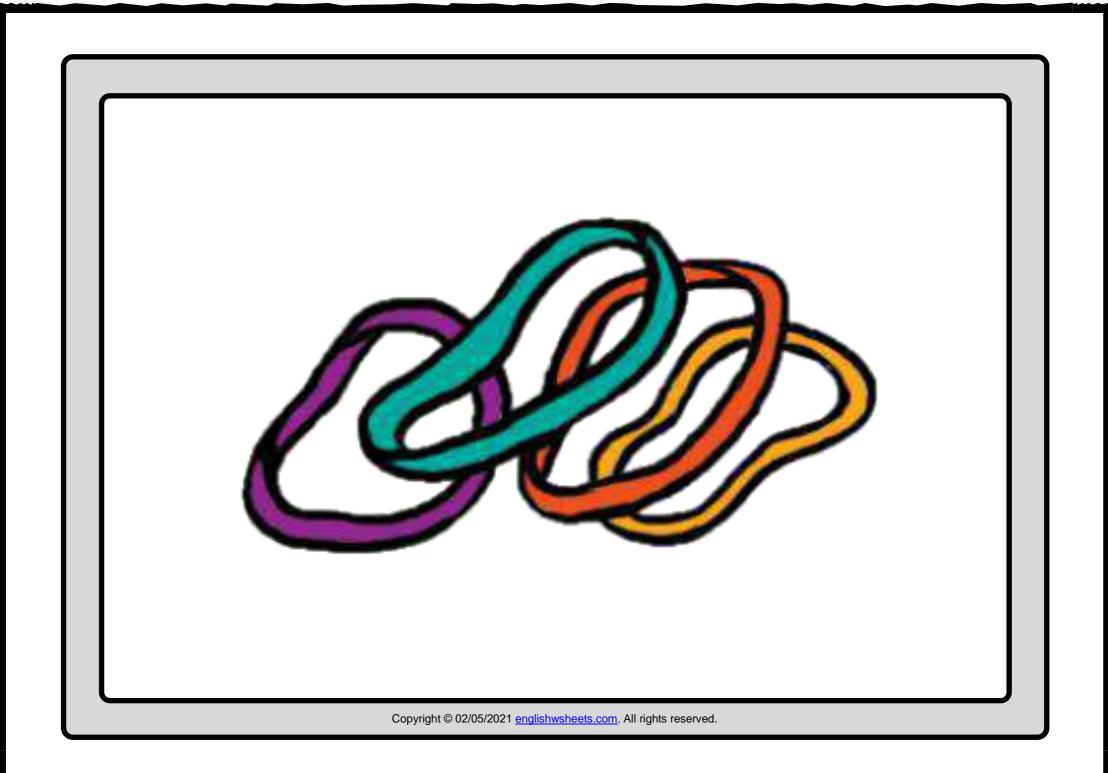


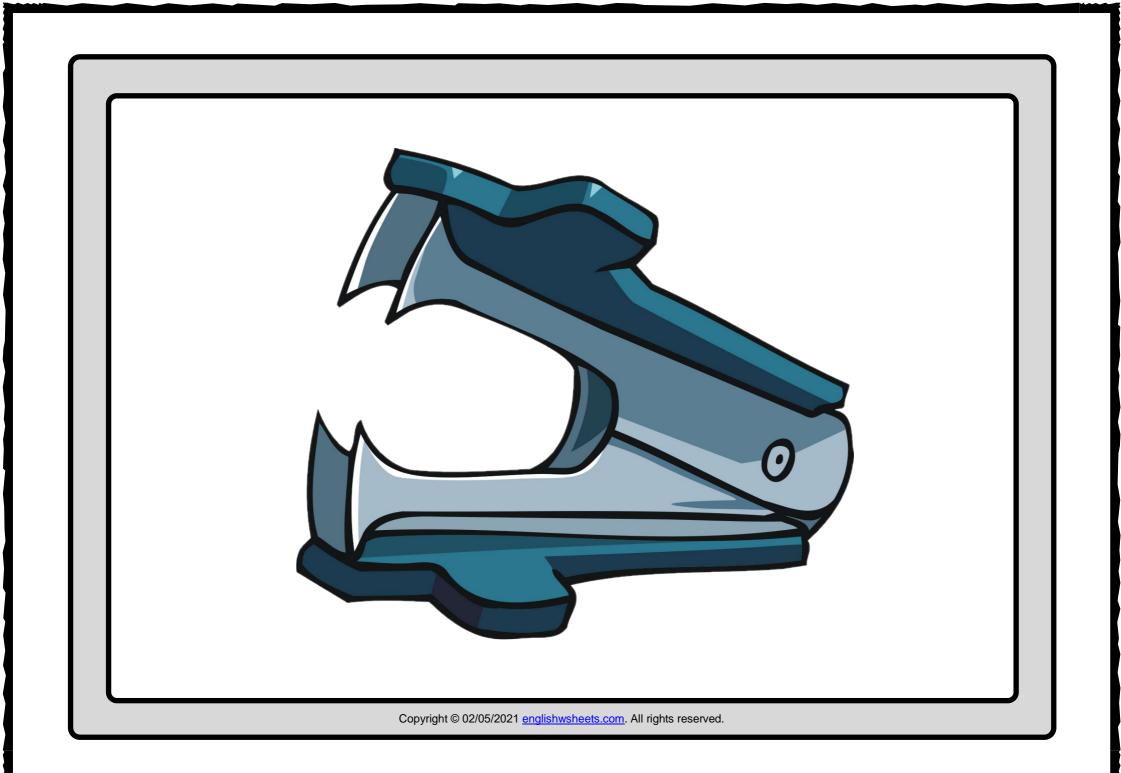


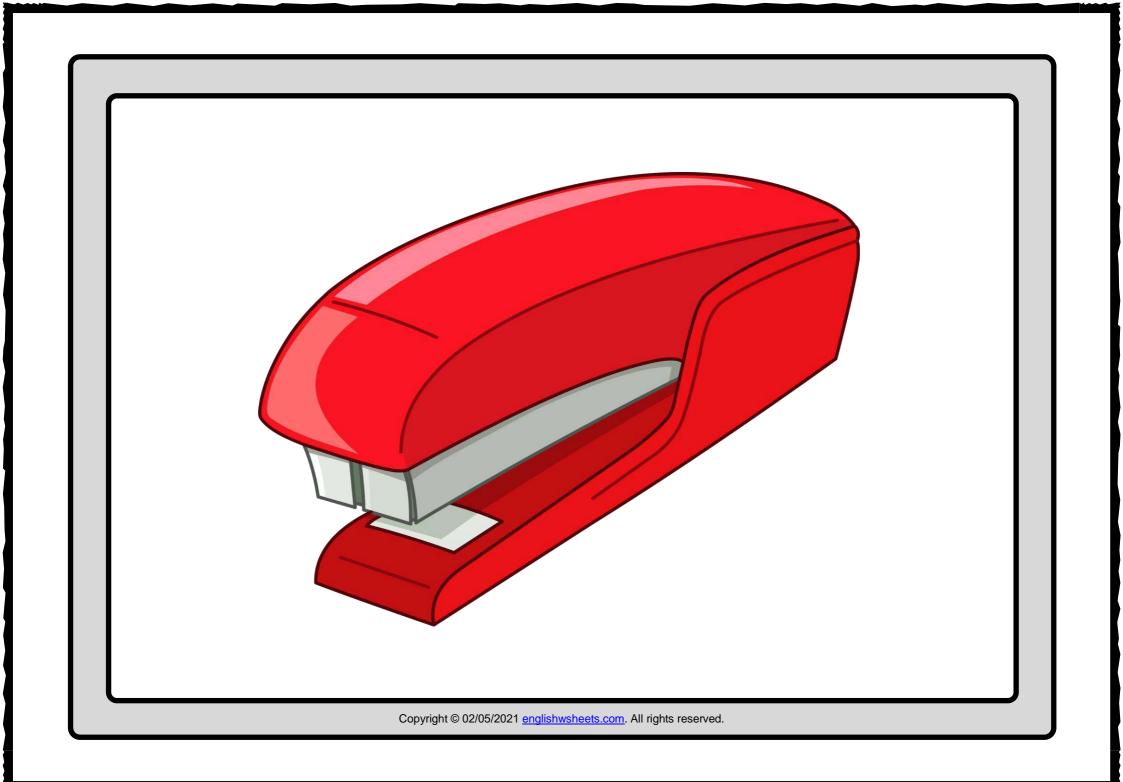


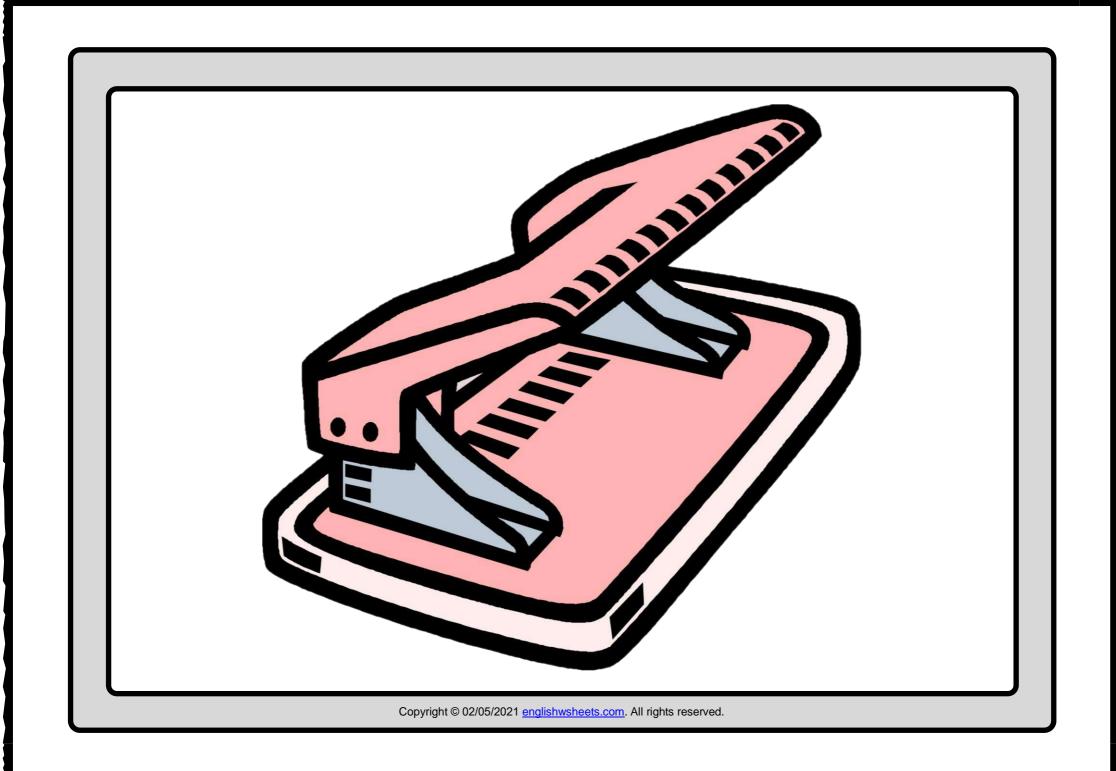


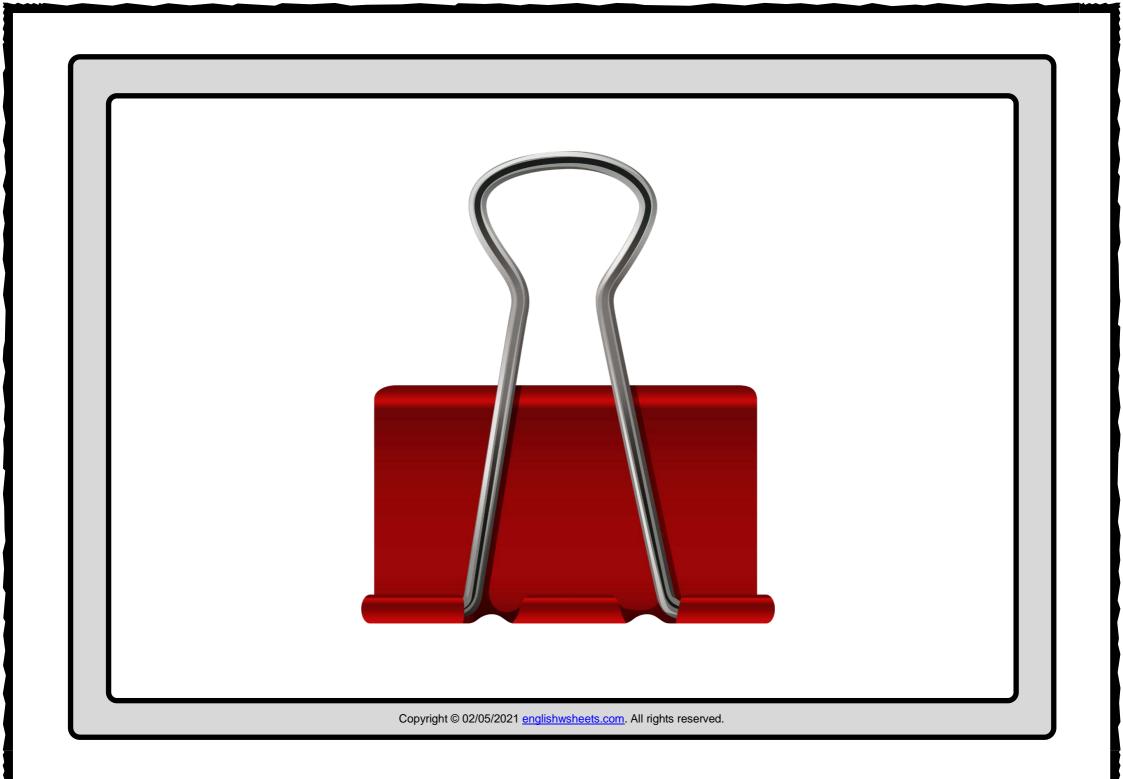


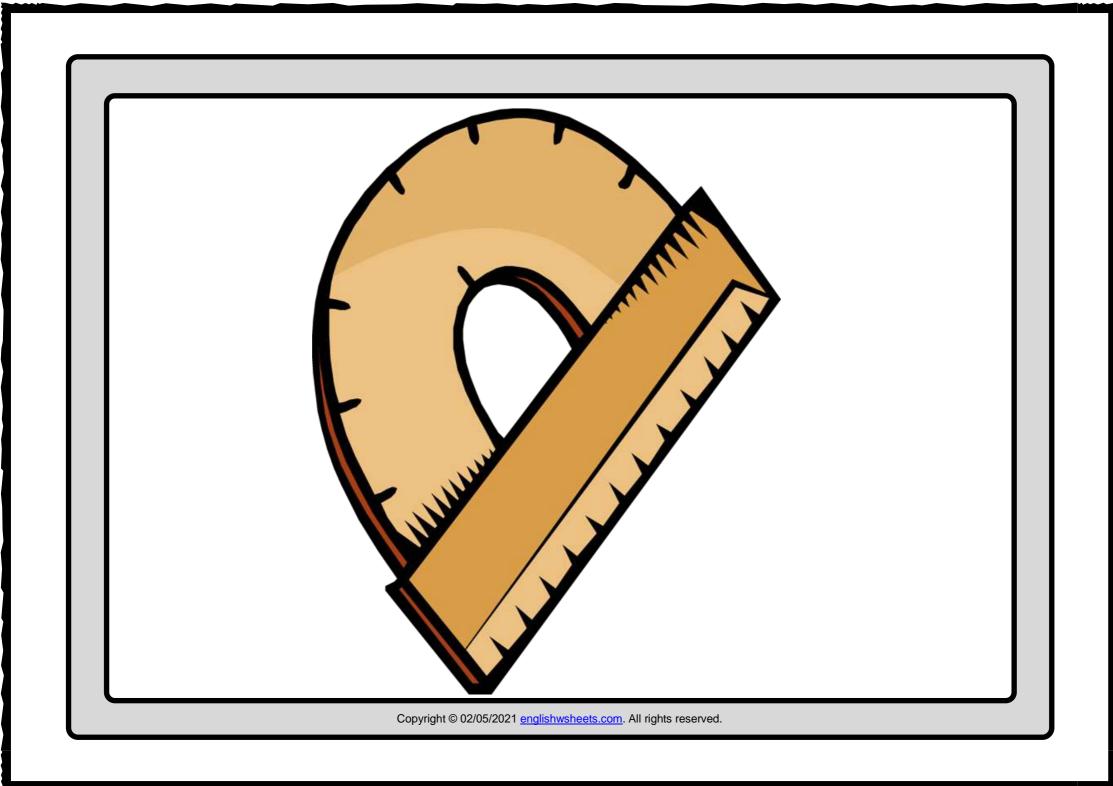


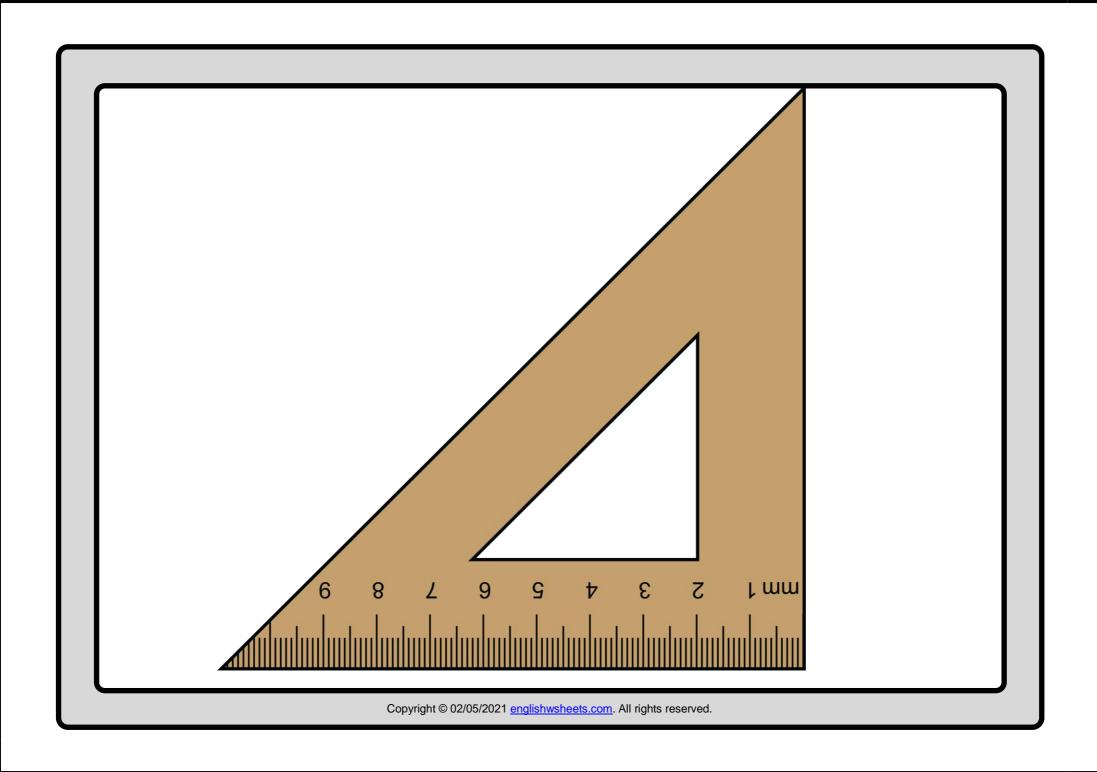


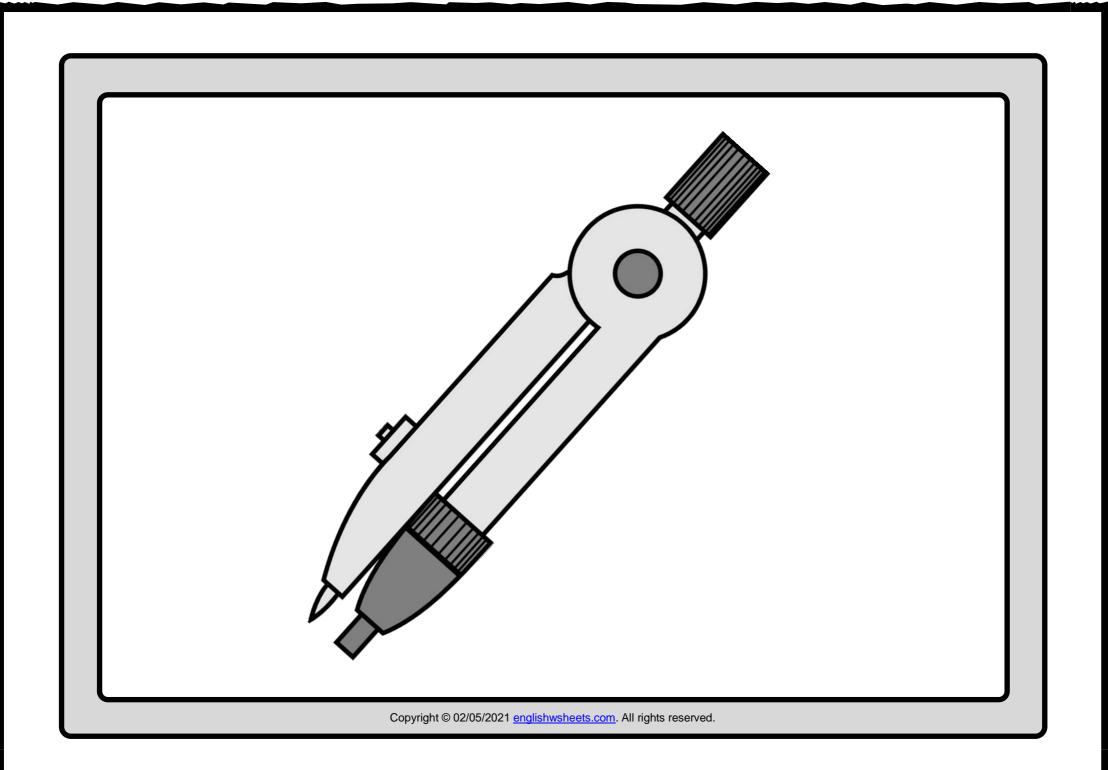


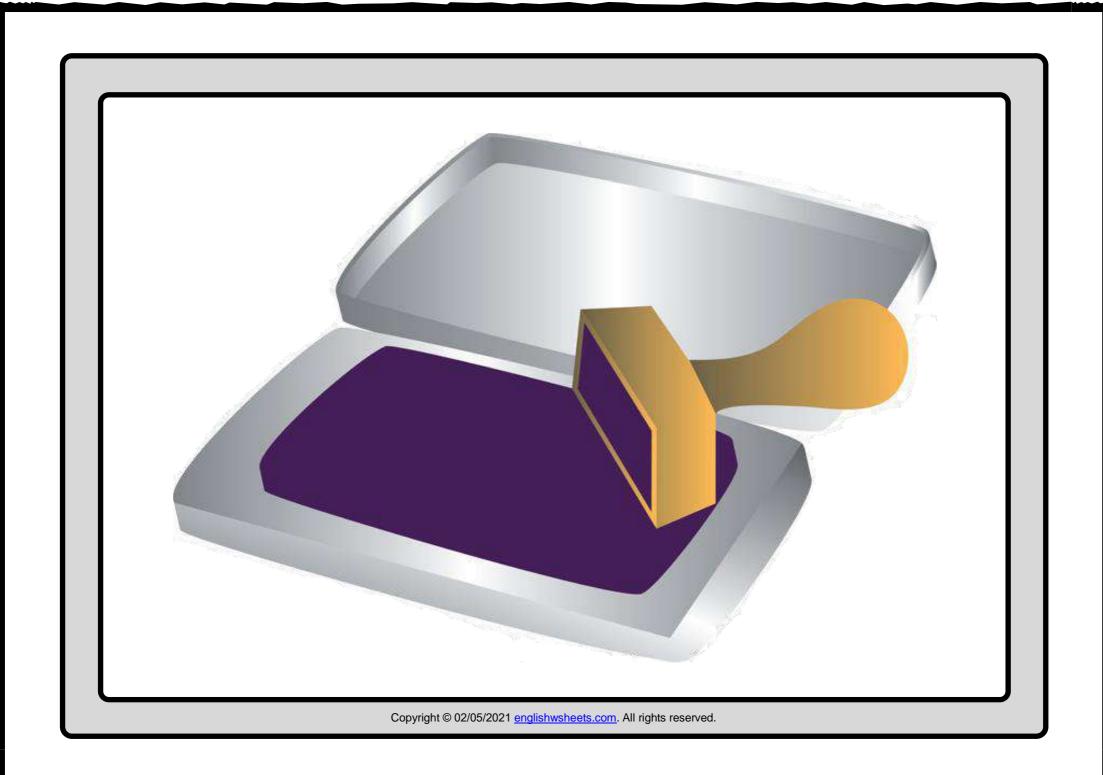


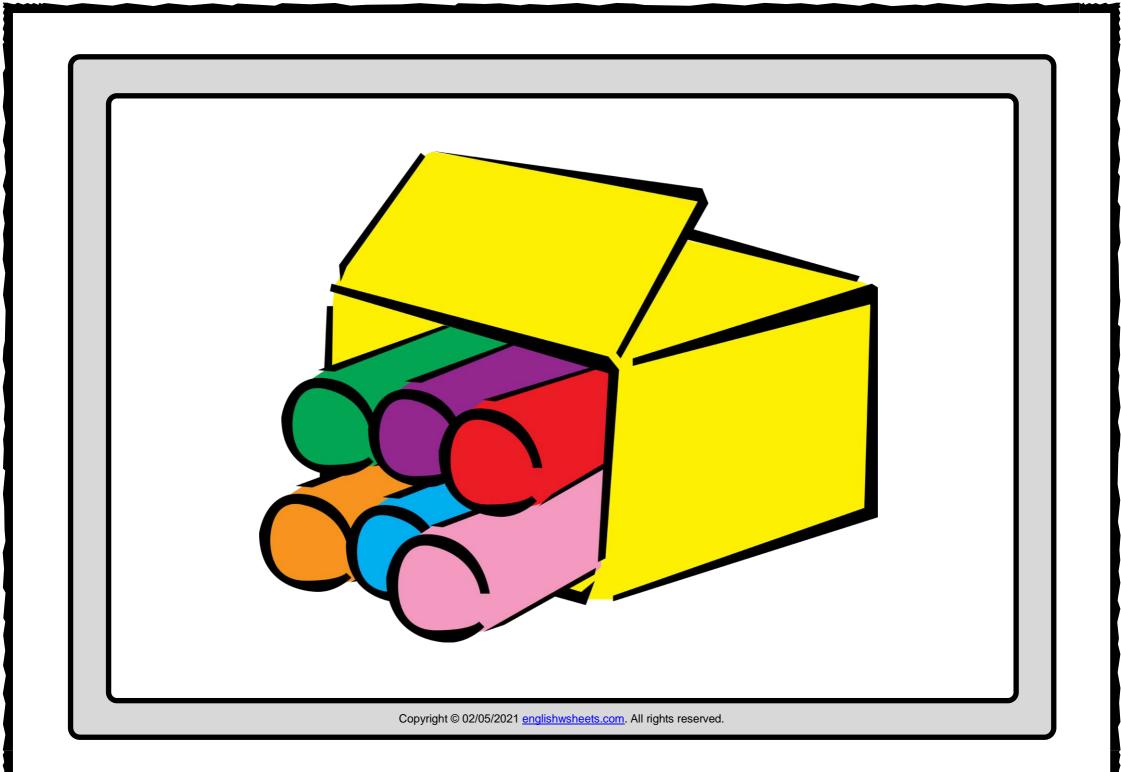






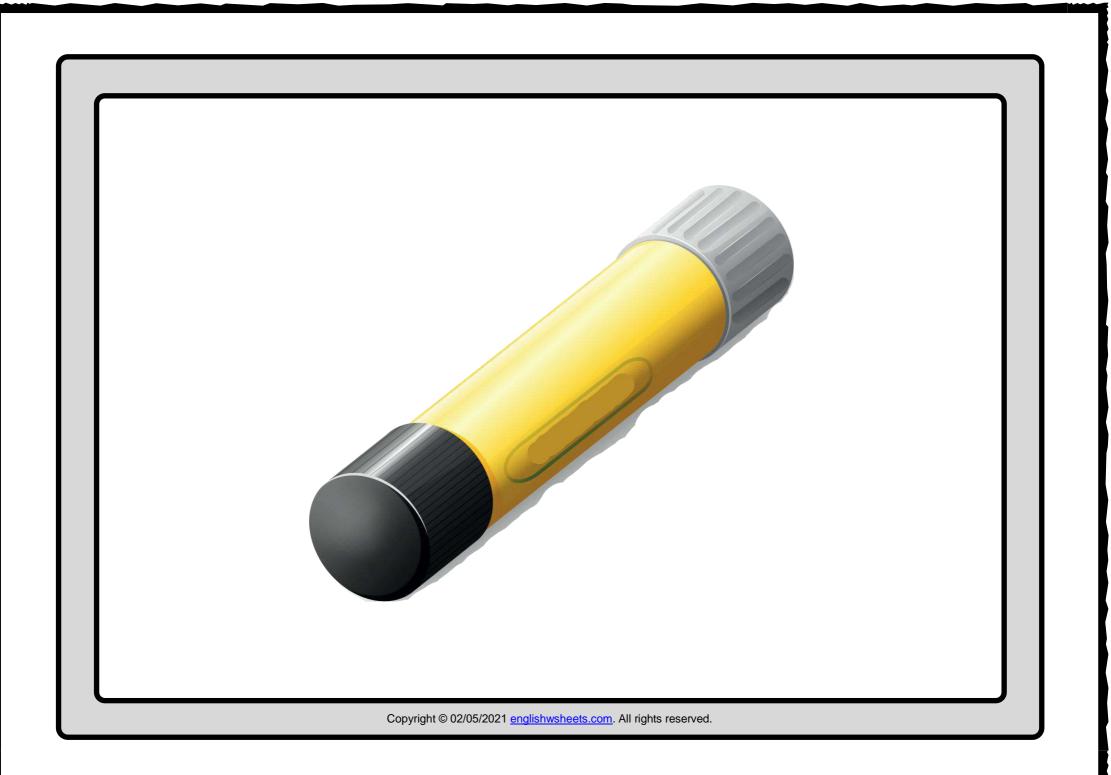


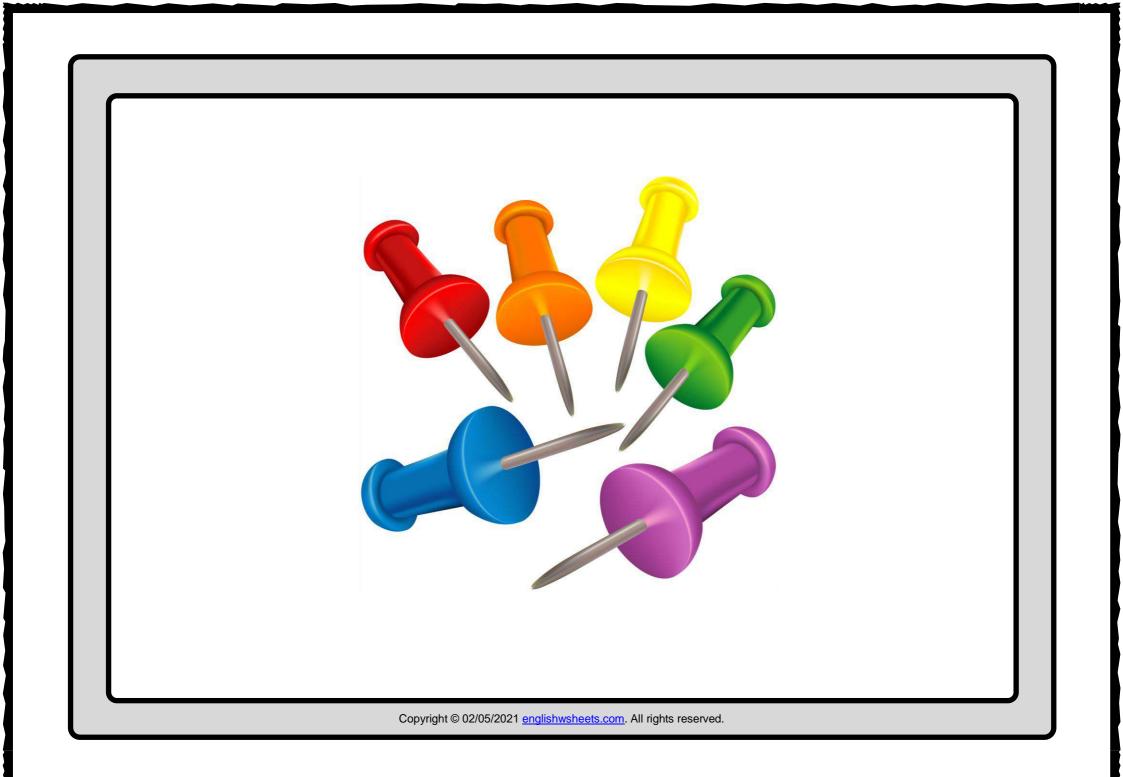


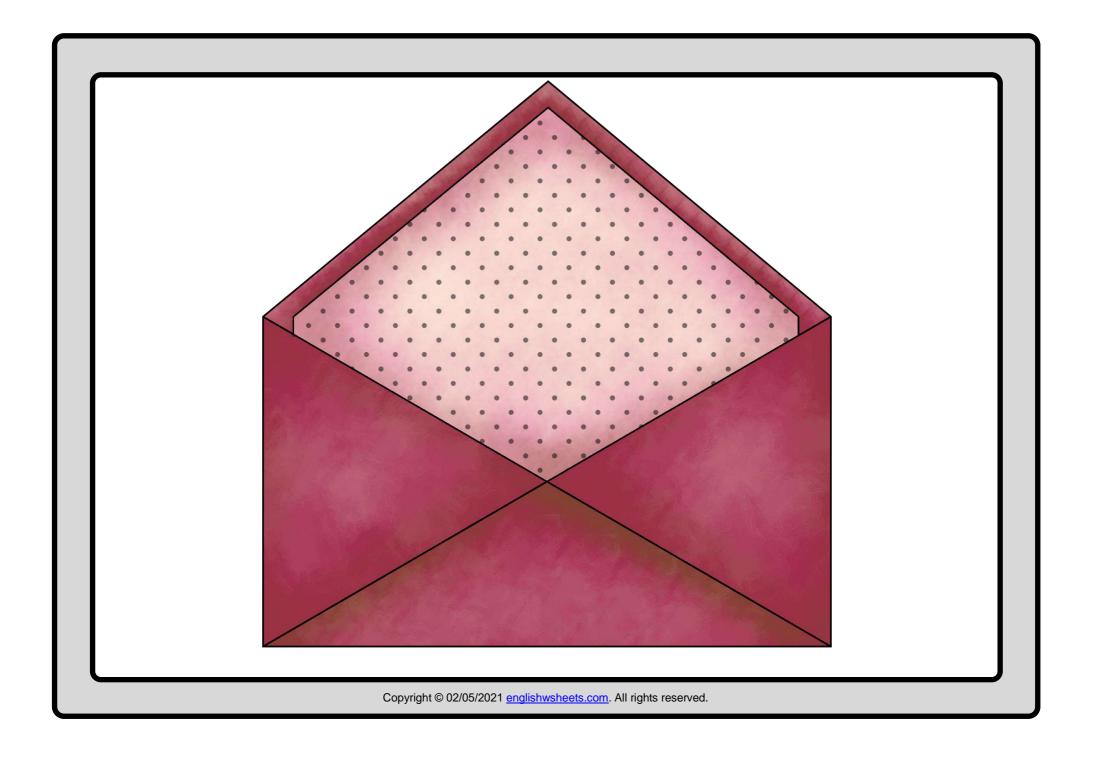


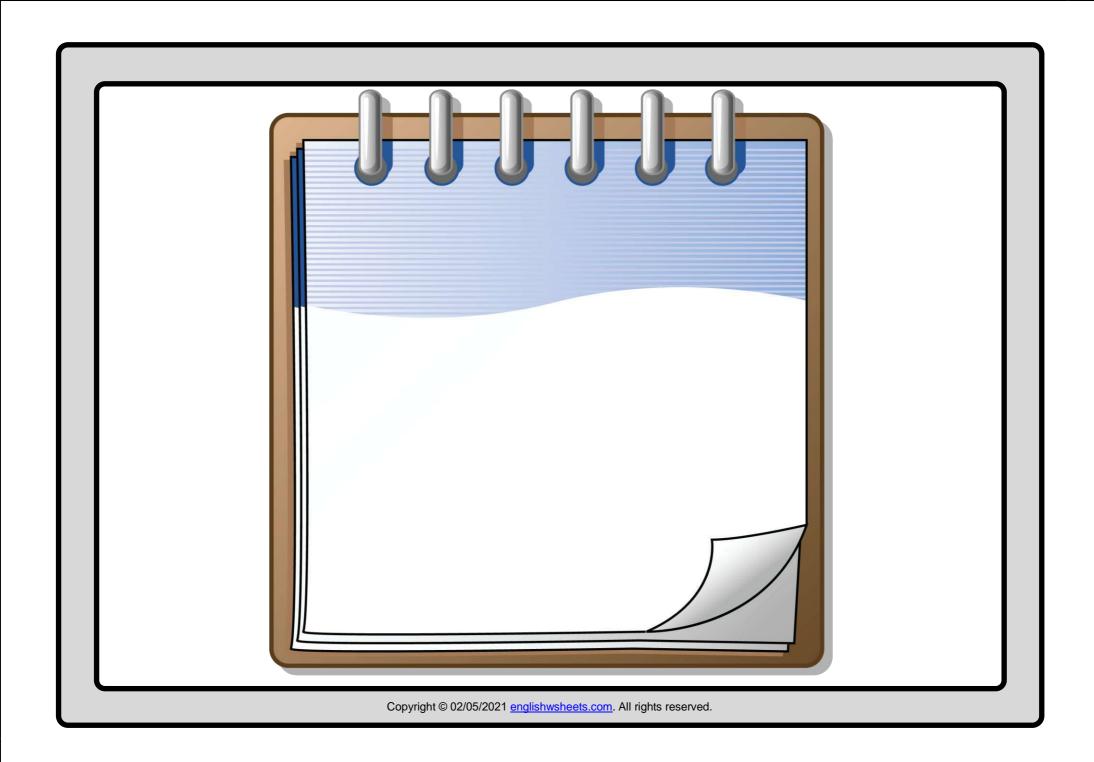


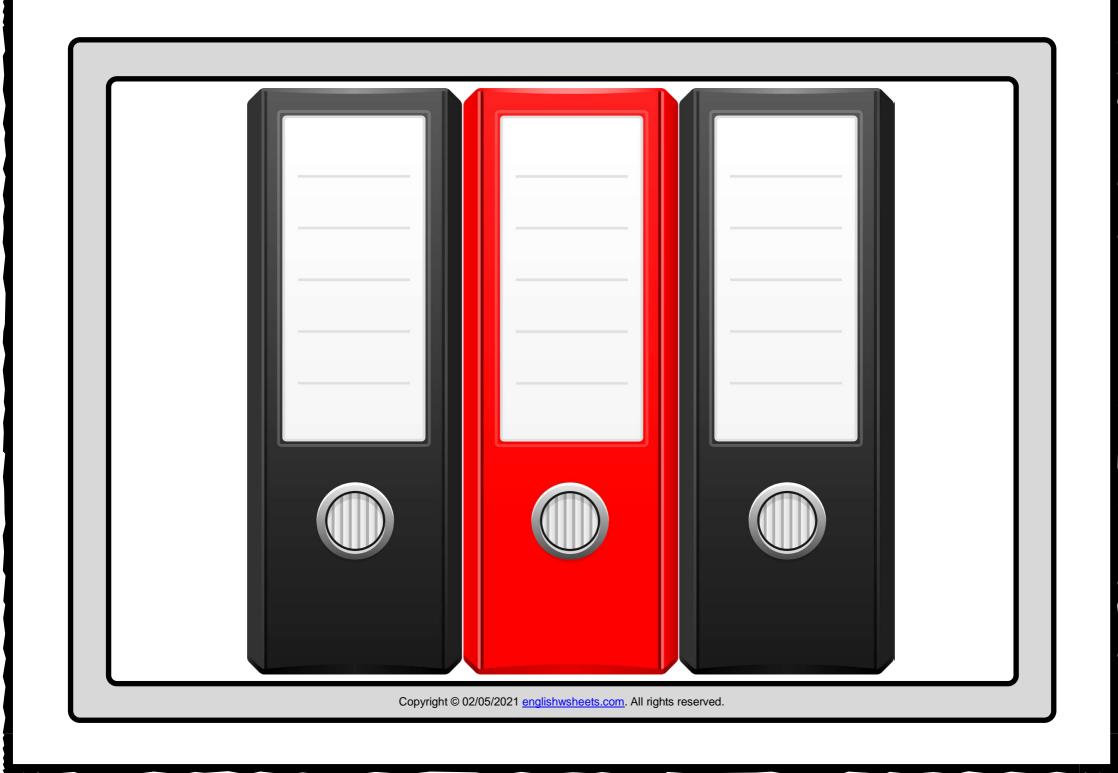


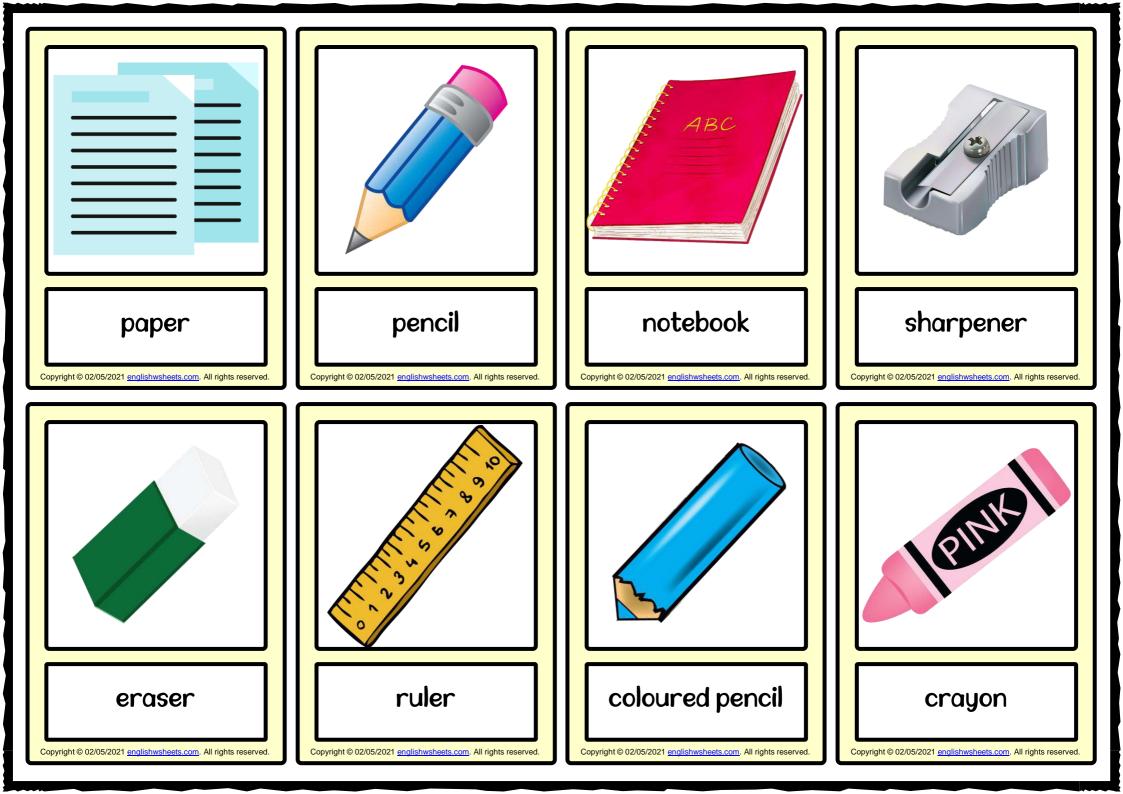


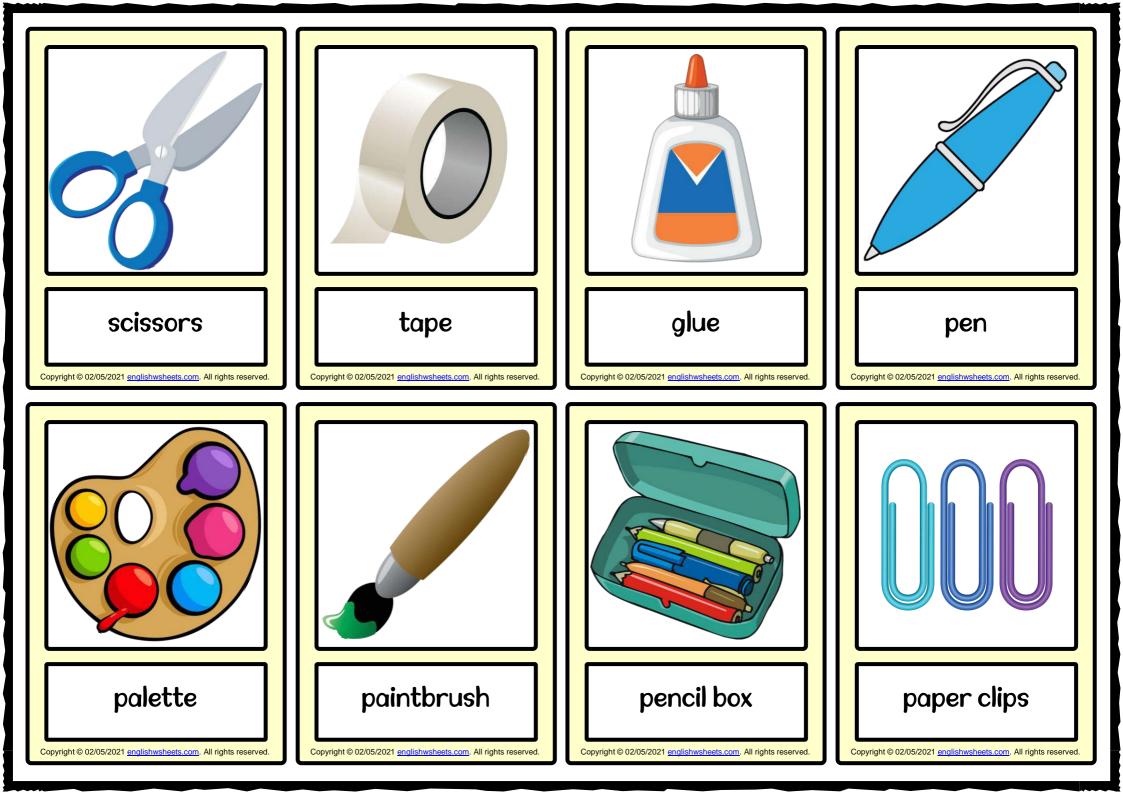






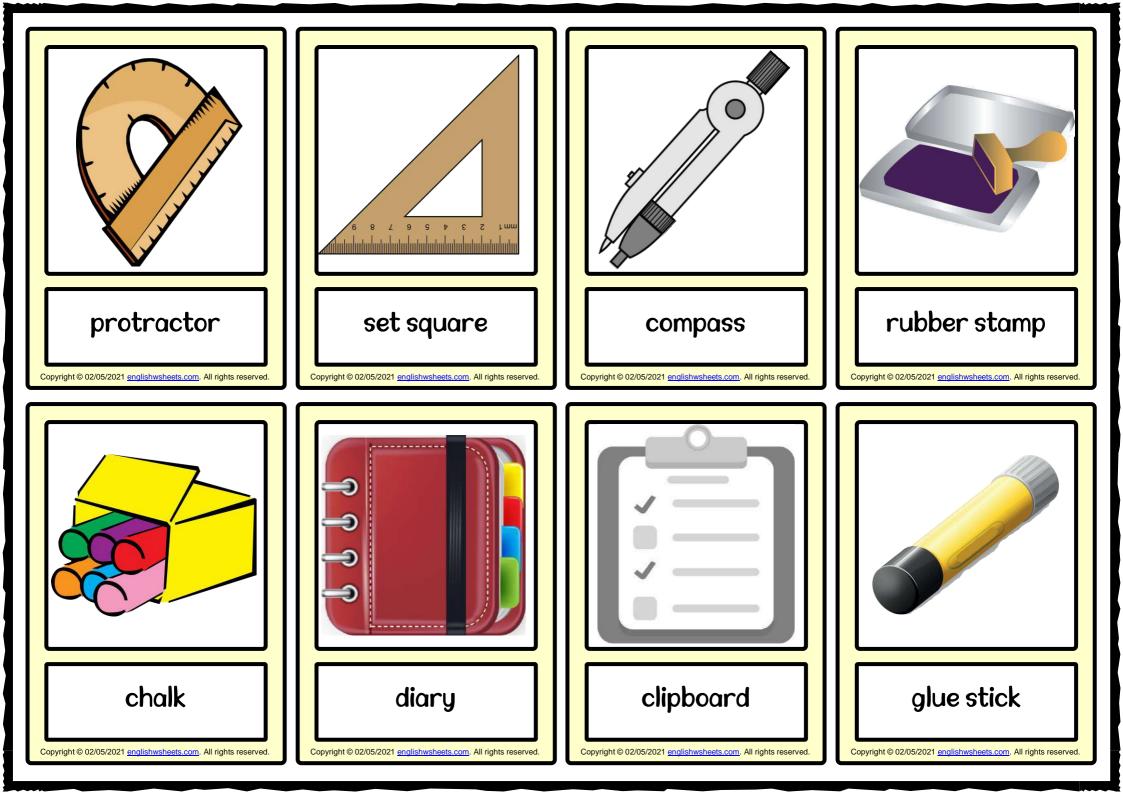


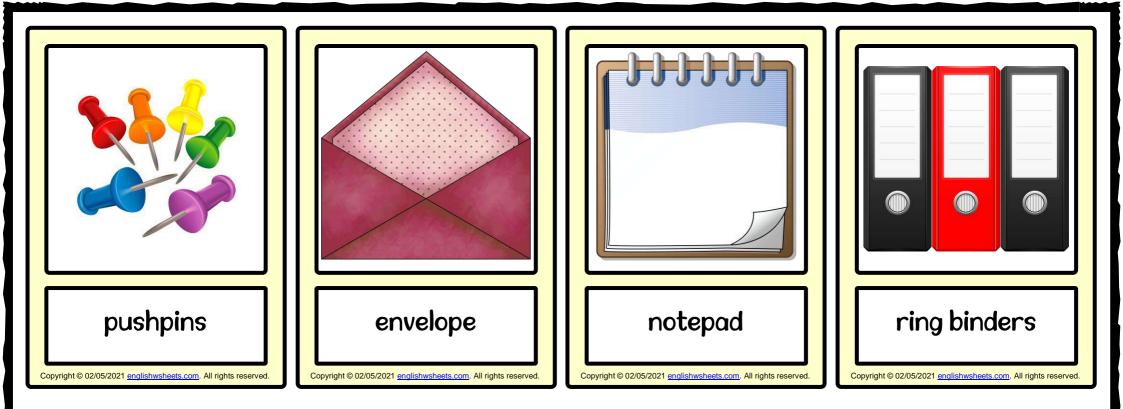


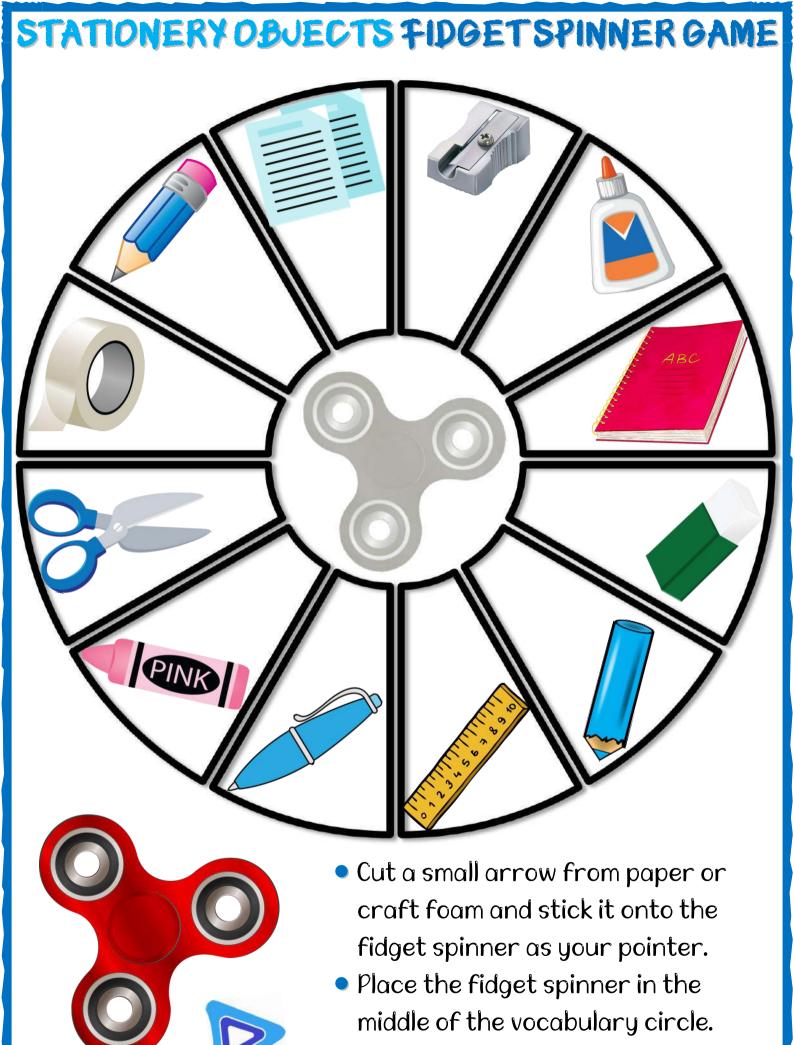












Spin it and say the word quickly!



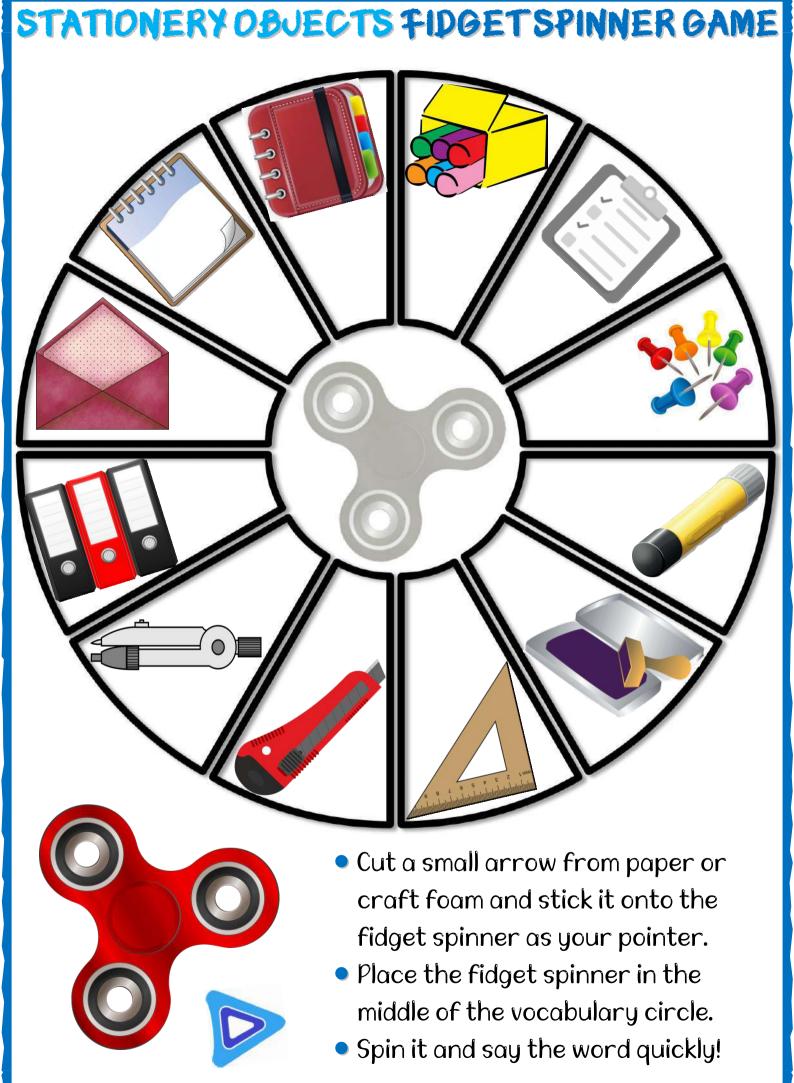


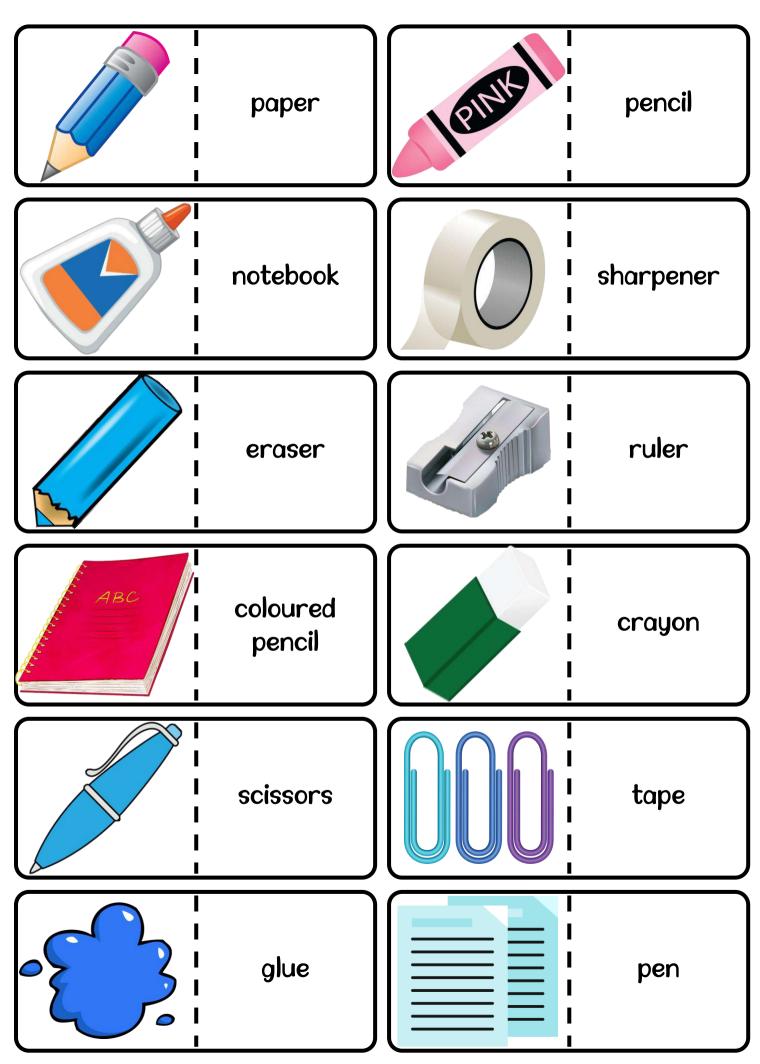
- Cut a small arrow from paper or craft foam and stick it onto the fidget spinner as your pointer.
- Place the fidget spinner in the middle of the vocabulary circle.
 Spin it and say the word quickly!

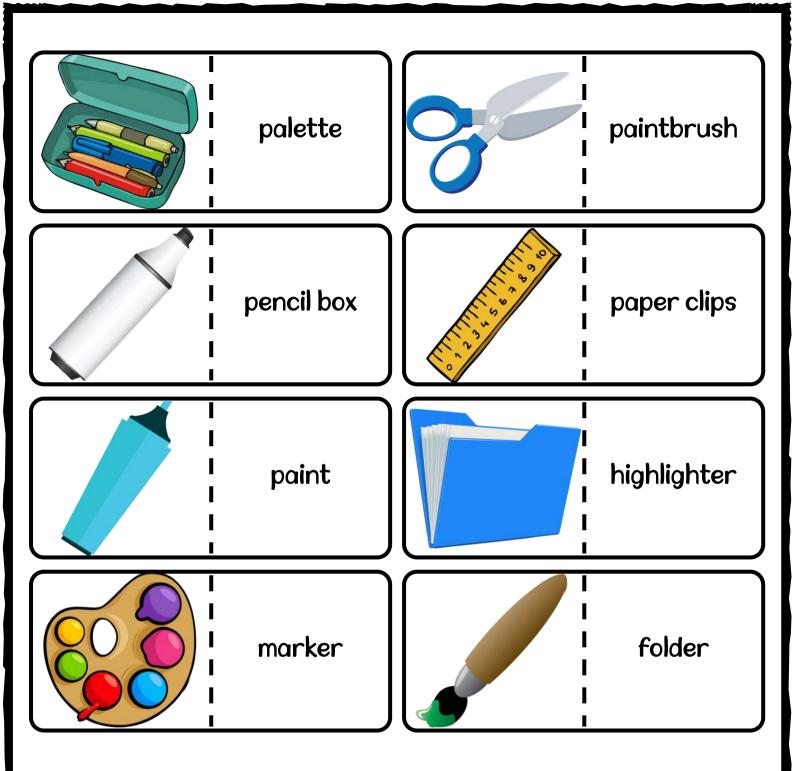


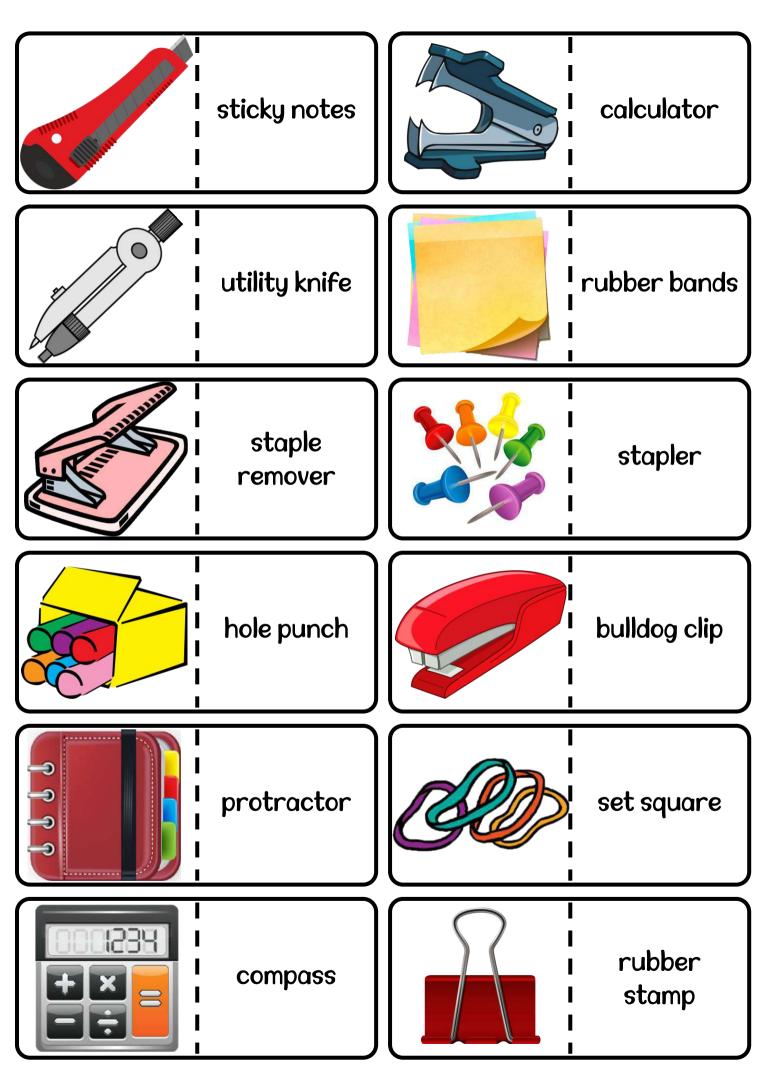


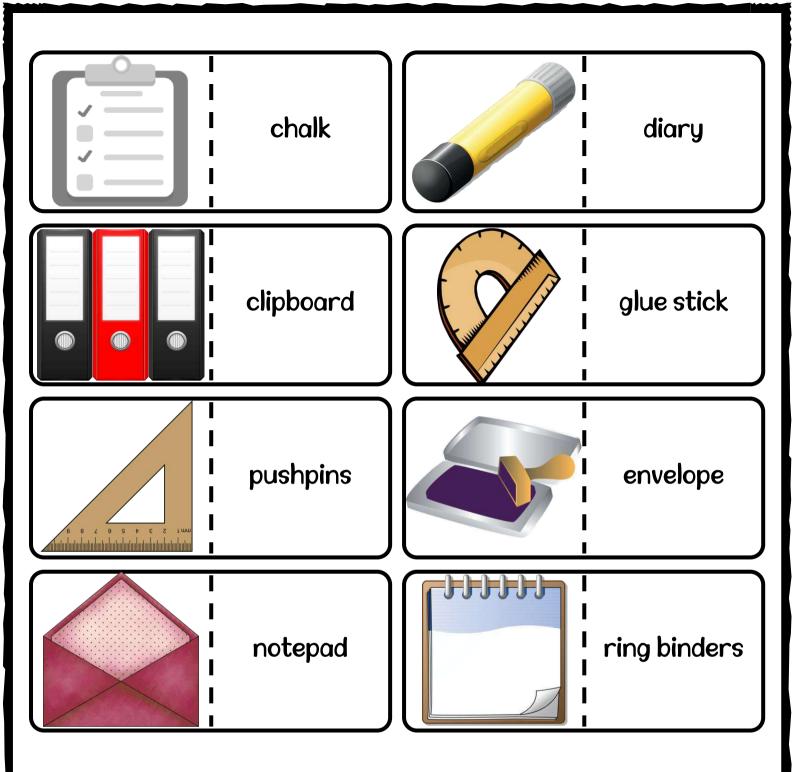
Spin it and say the word quickly!

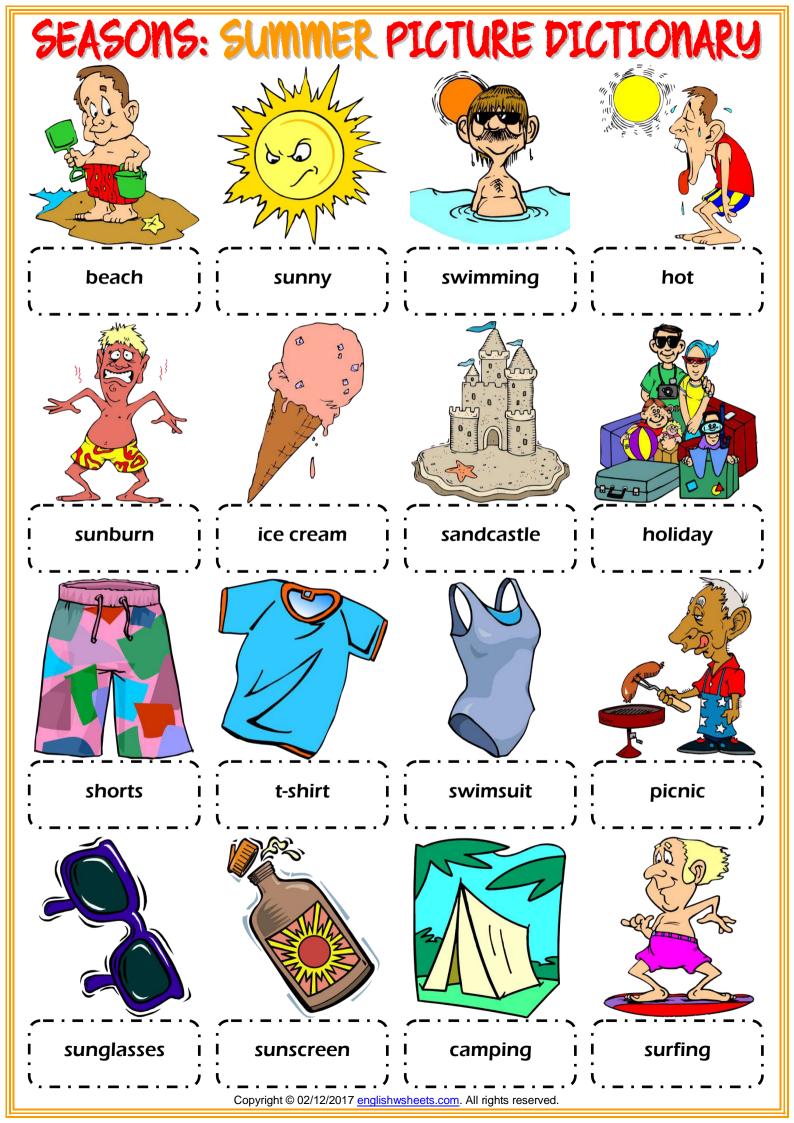


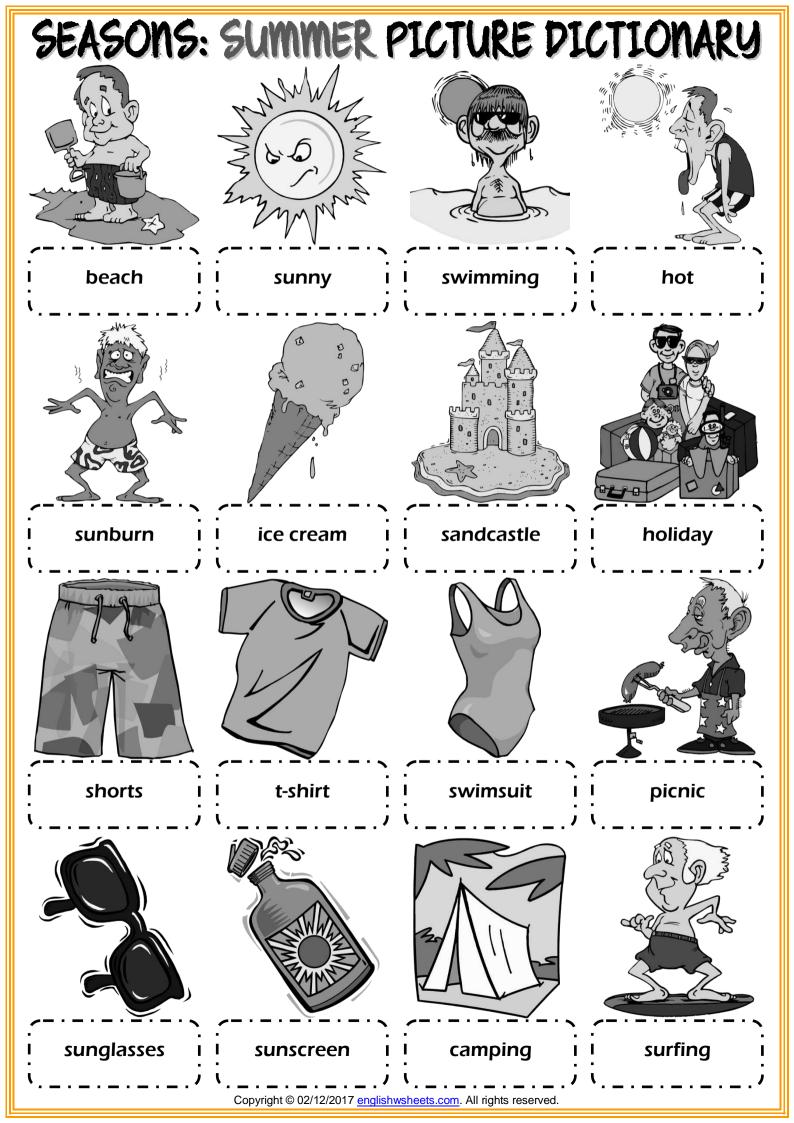


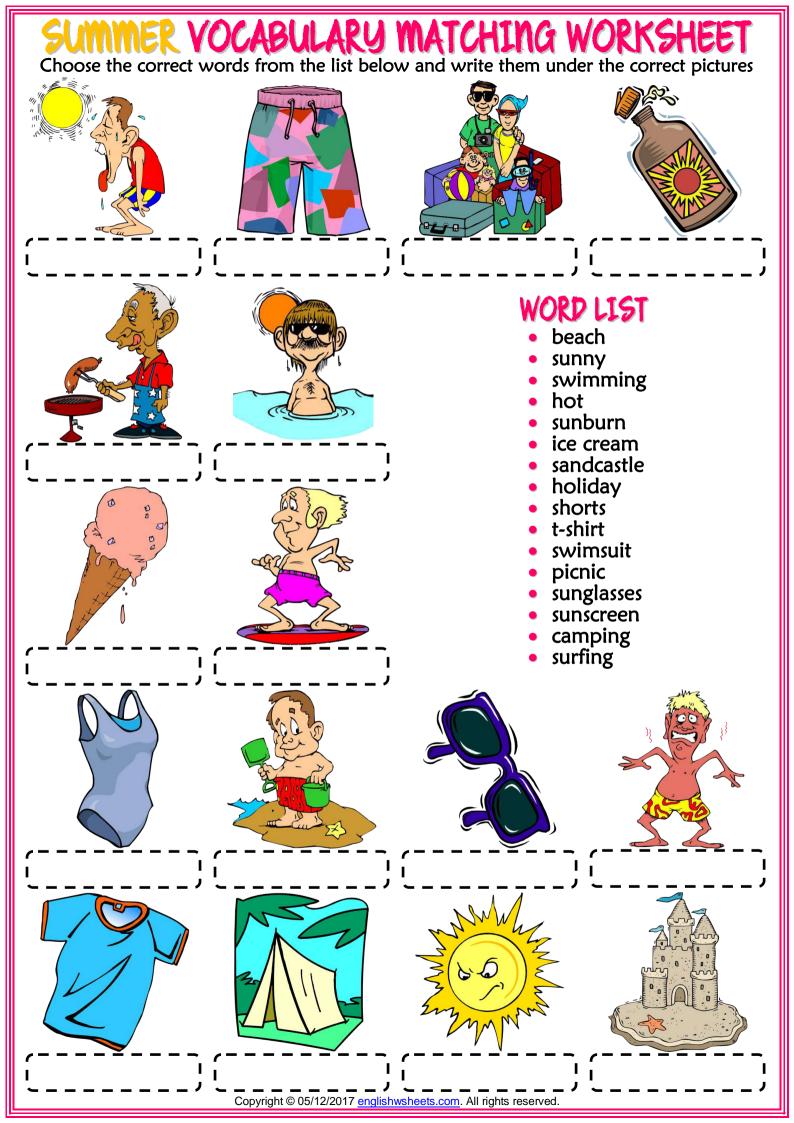


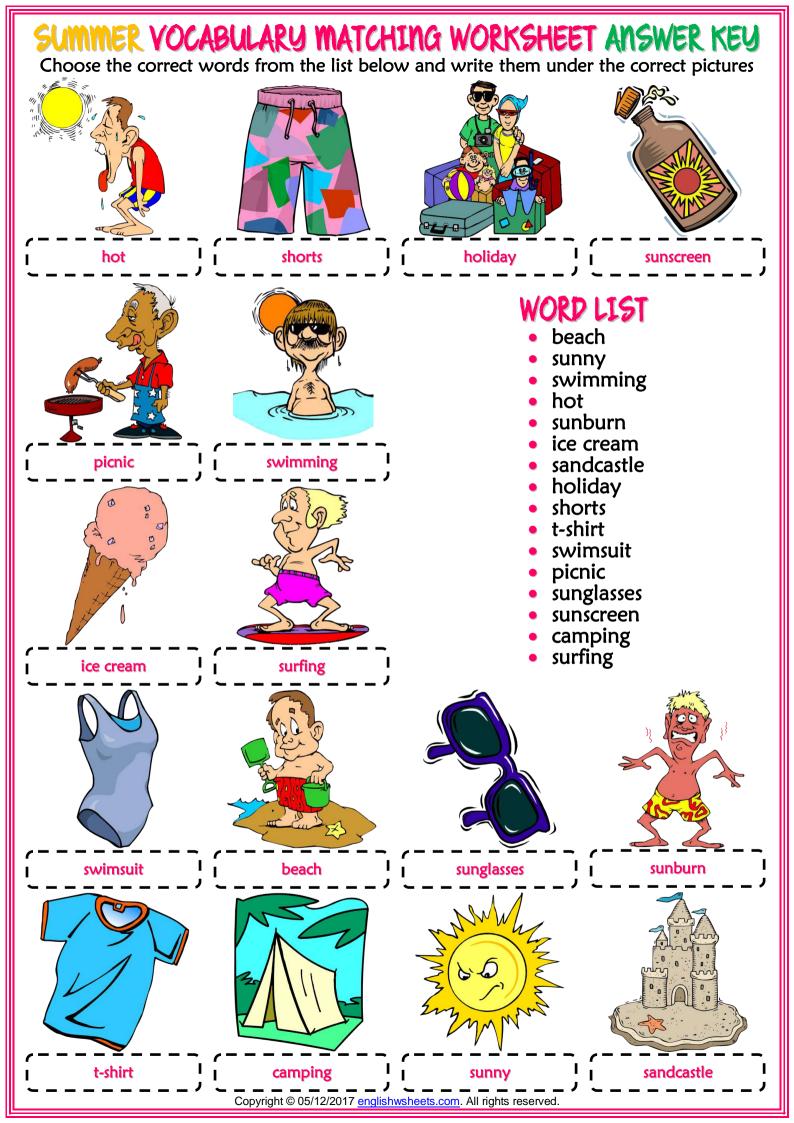


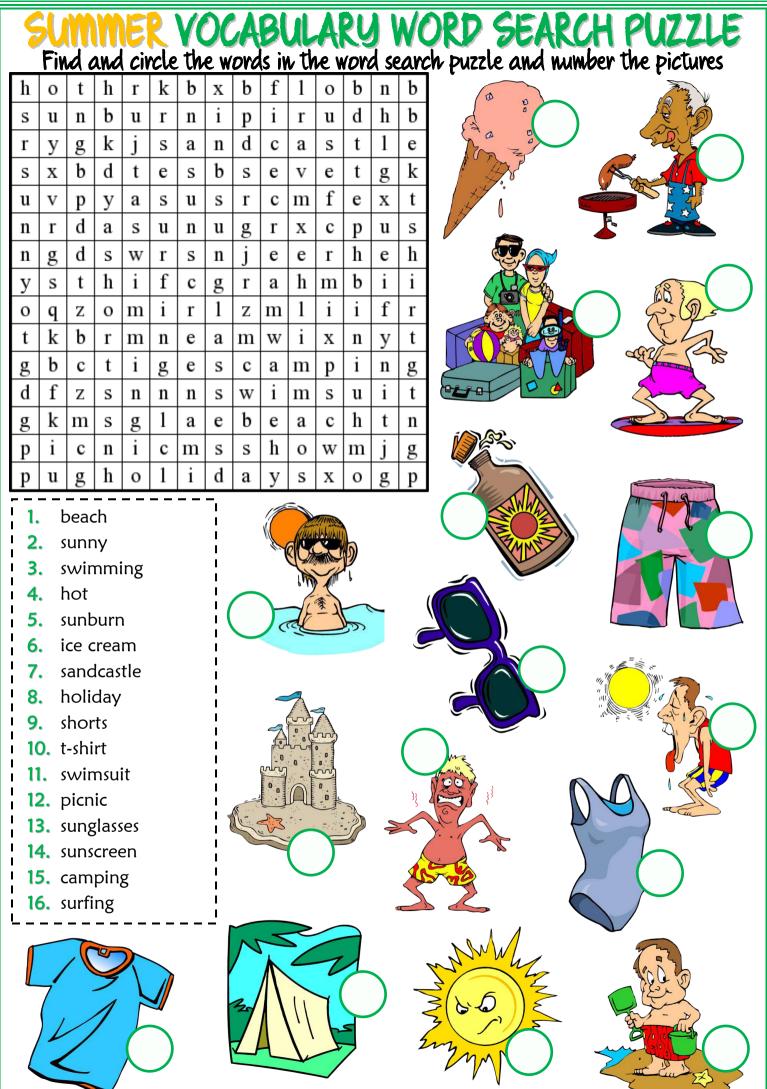


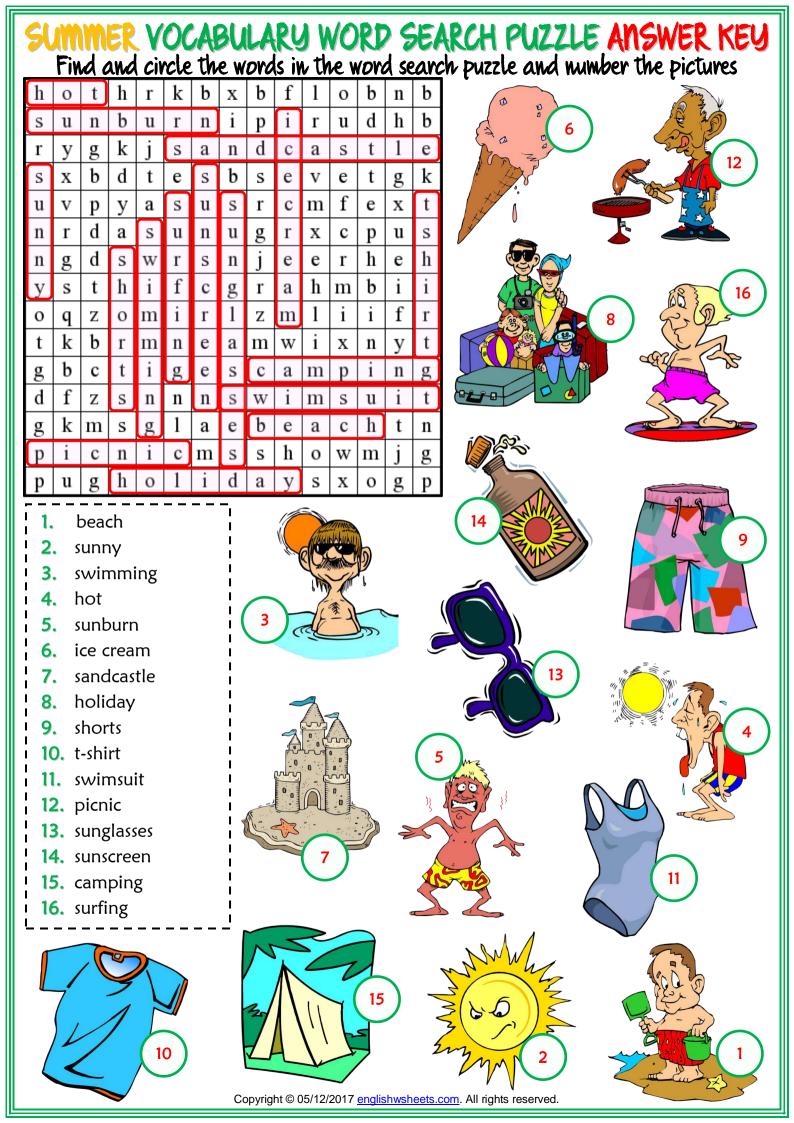


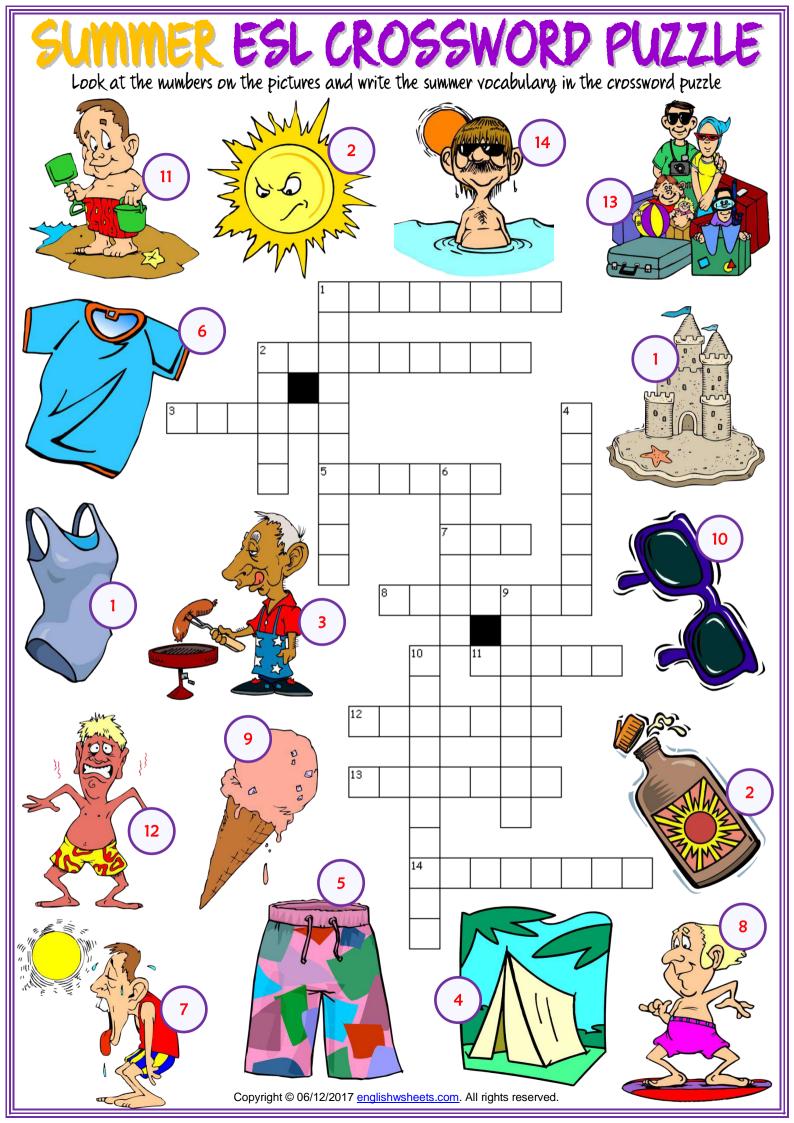












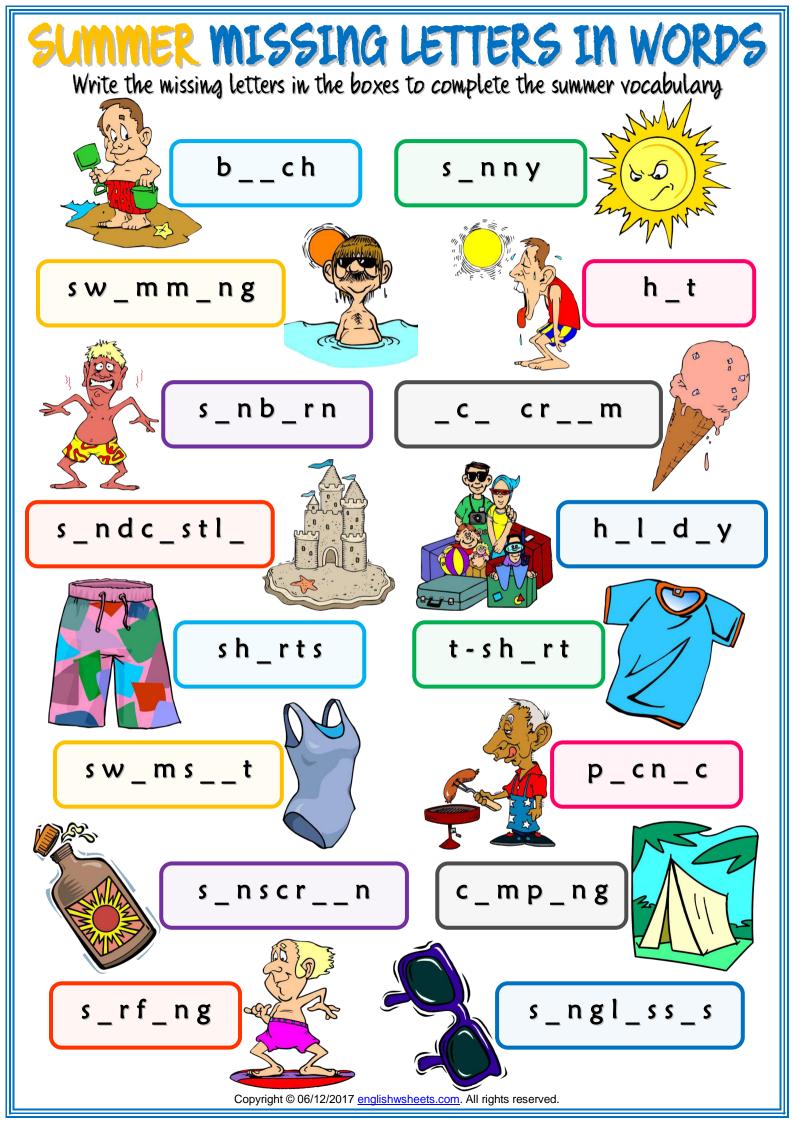
Answer key

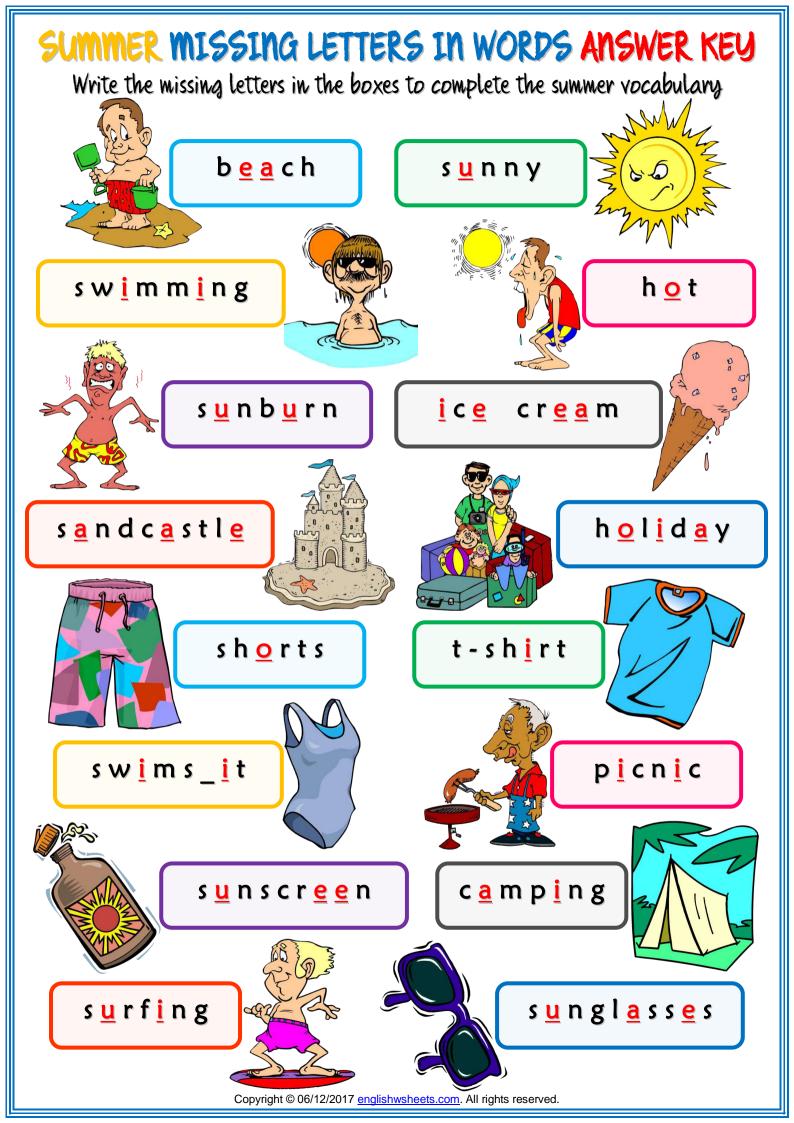
Across

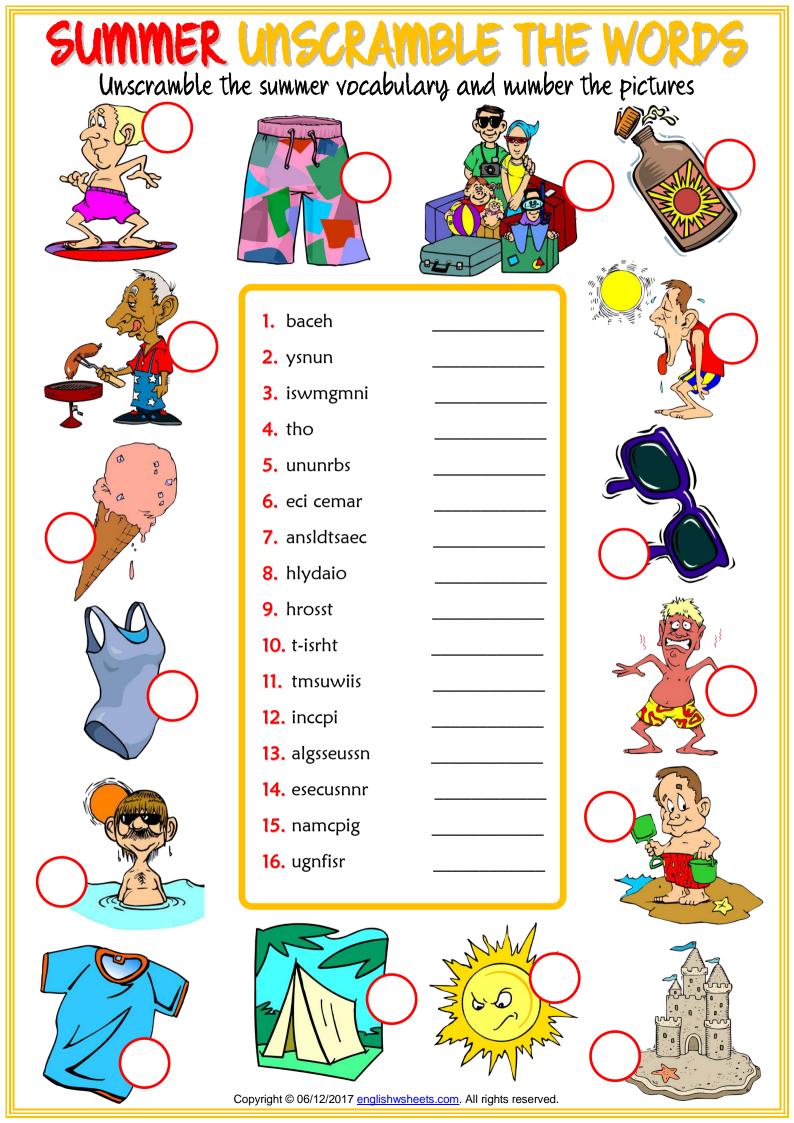
- 1. swimsuit
- 2. sunscreen
- 3. picwic
- 5. shorts
- 7. hot
- 8. surfing
- 11. beach
- 12. sunburn
- 13. holiday
- 14. swimming

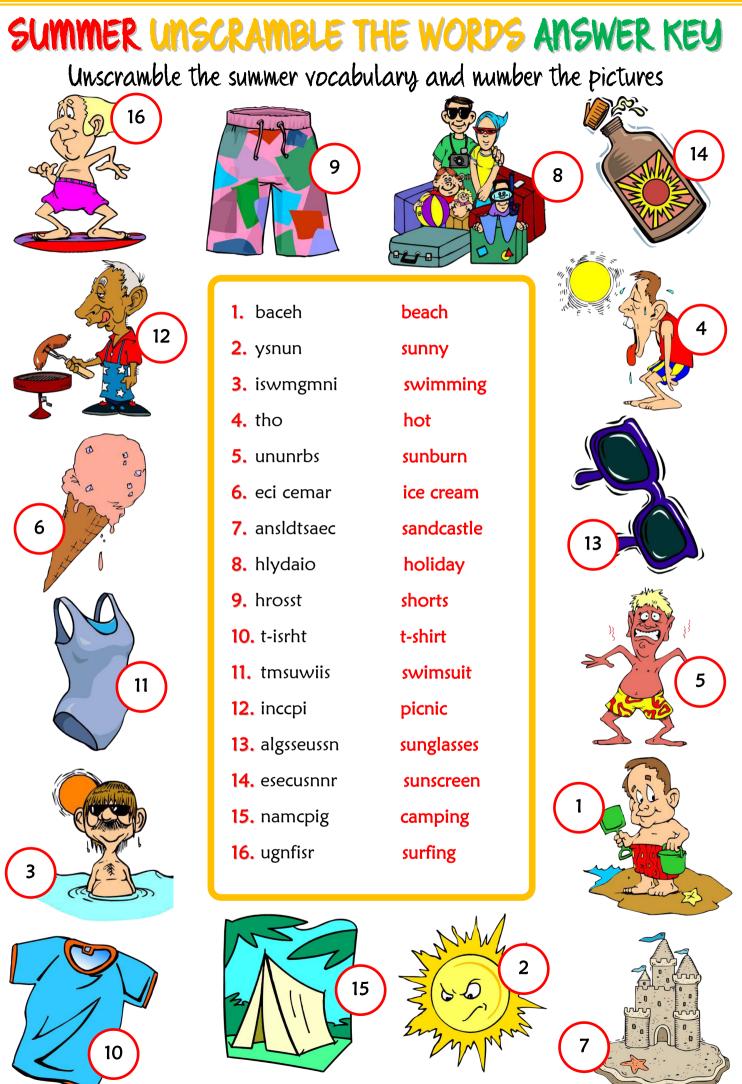
Down

- 1. sandcastle
- 2. sunny
- 4. camping
- 6. tshirt
- 9. icecream
- 10. sunglasses









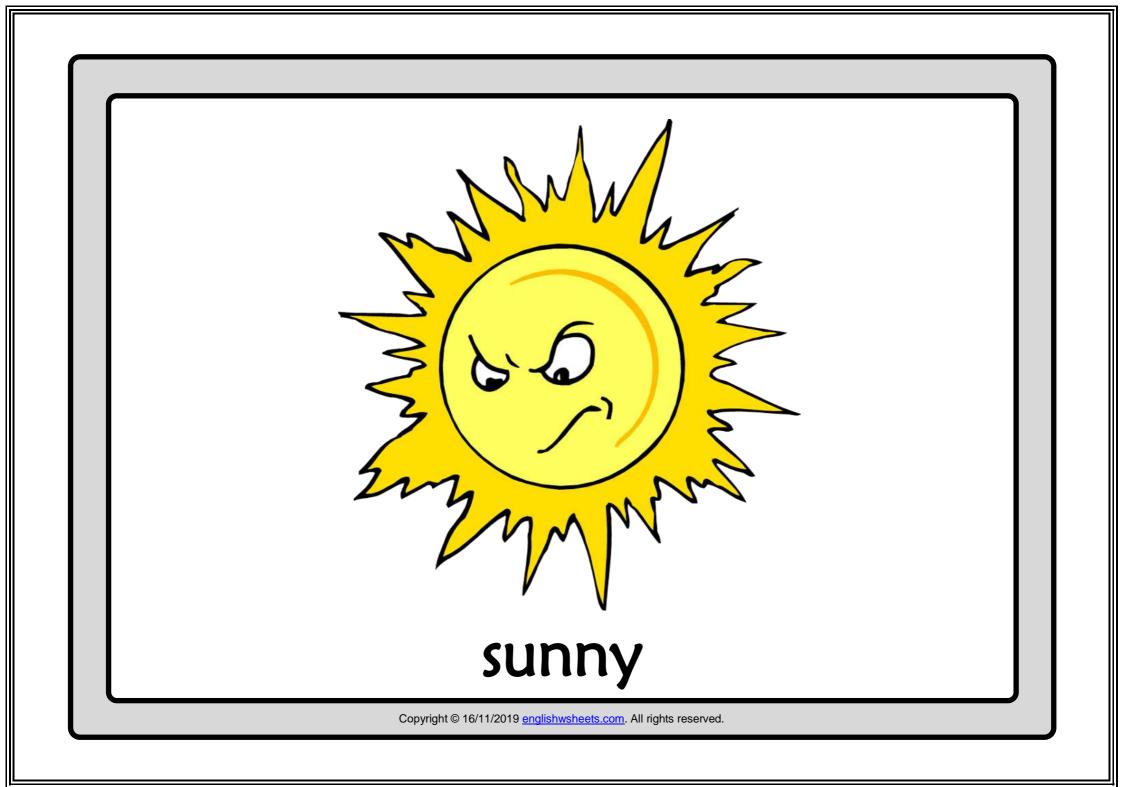


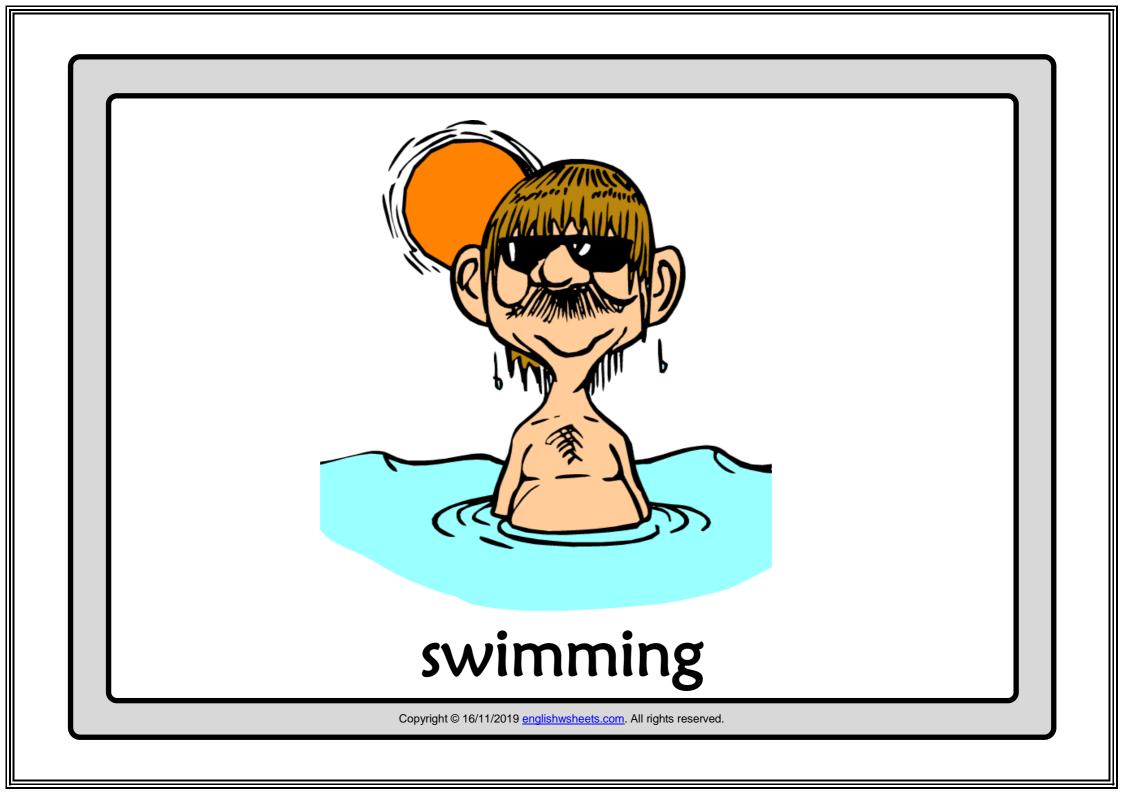
Summer multiple choice test answer key

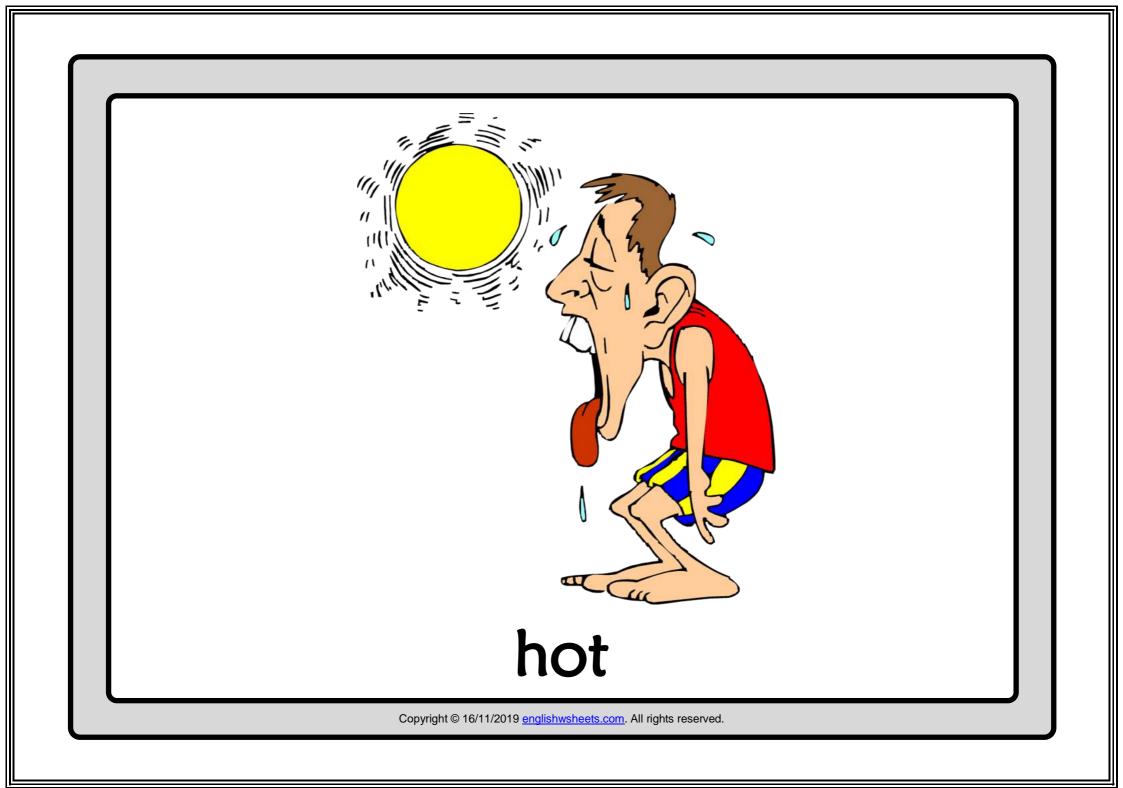
<u>TEST 1</u>

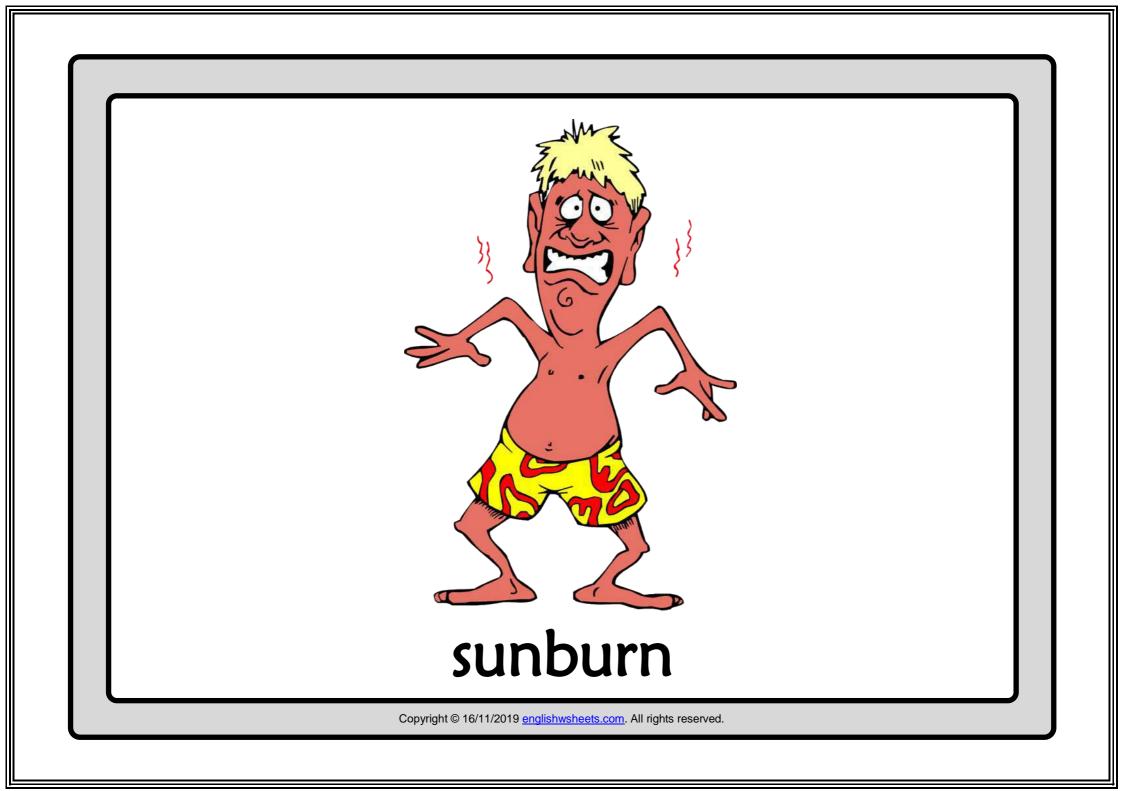
- 1) b 2) d
- 3) a 4) c
- 5) c
- 6) d
- **7)** a
- <mark>8)</mark> b
- 9) b
- 10) a
- 11) c
- 12) d
- 13) b
- **14)** a
- <mark>15)</mark> c
- <mark>16)</mark> a

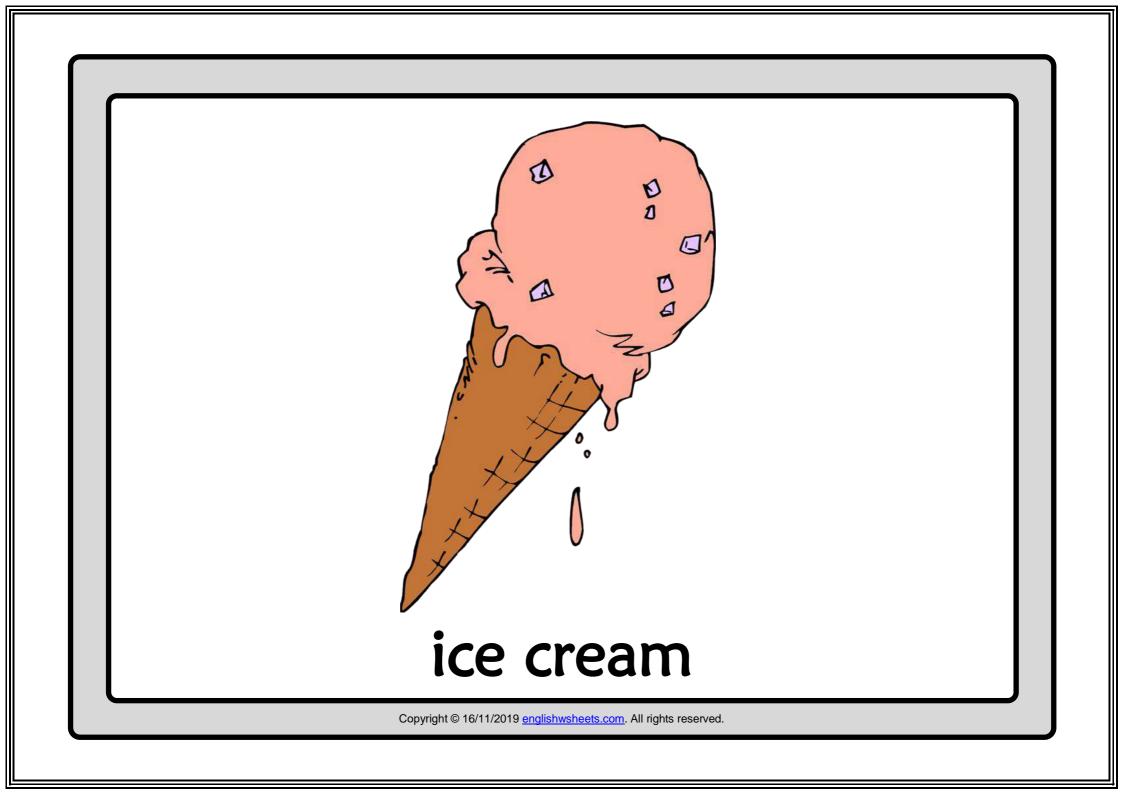


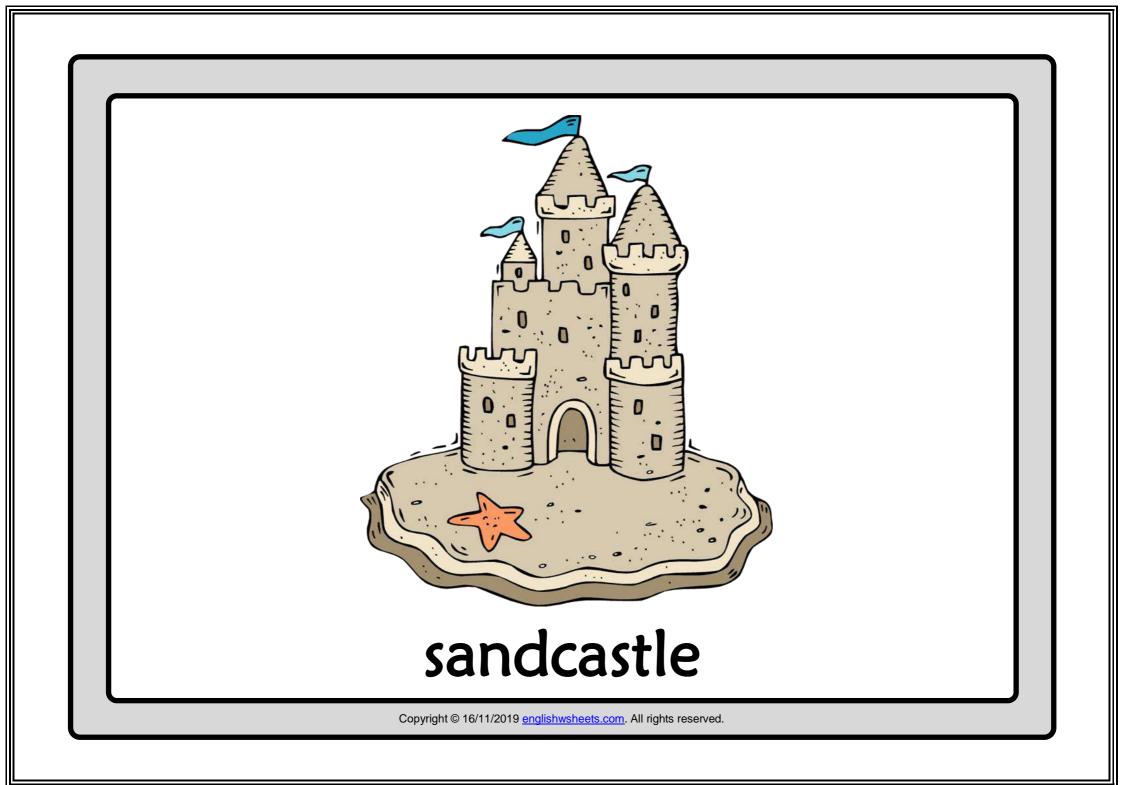


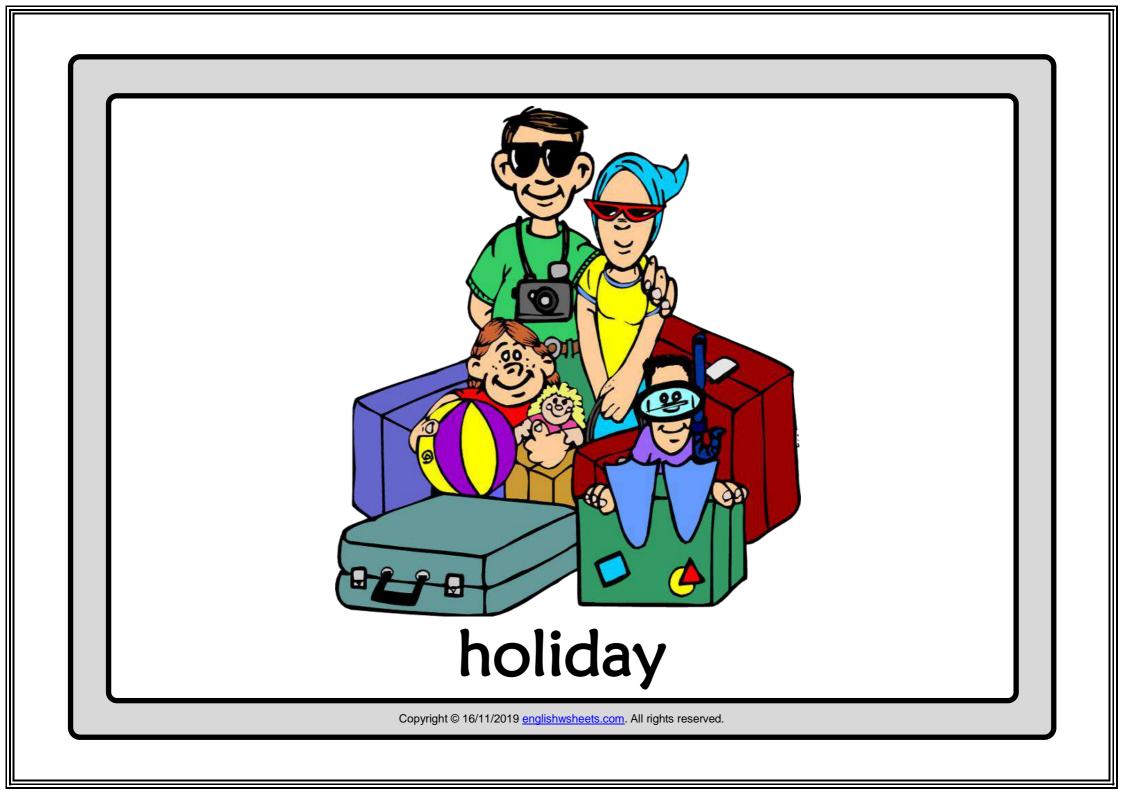


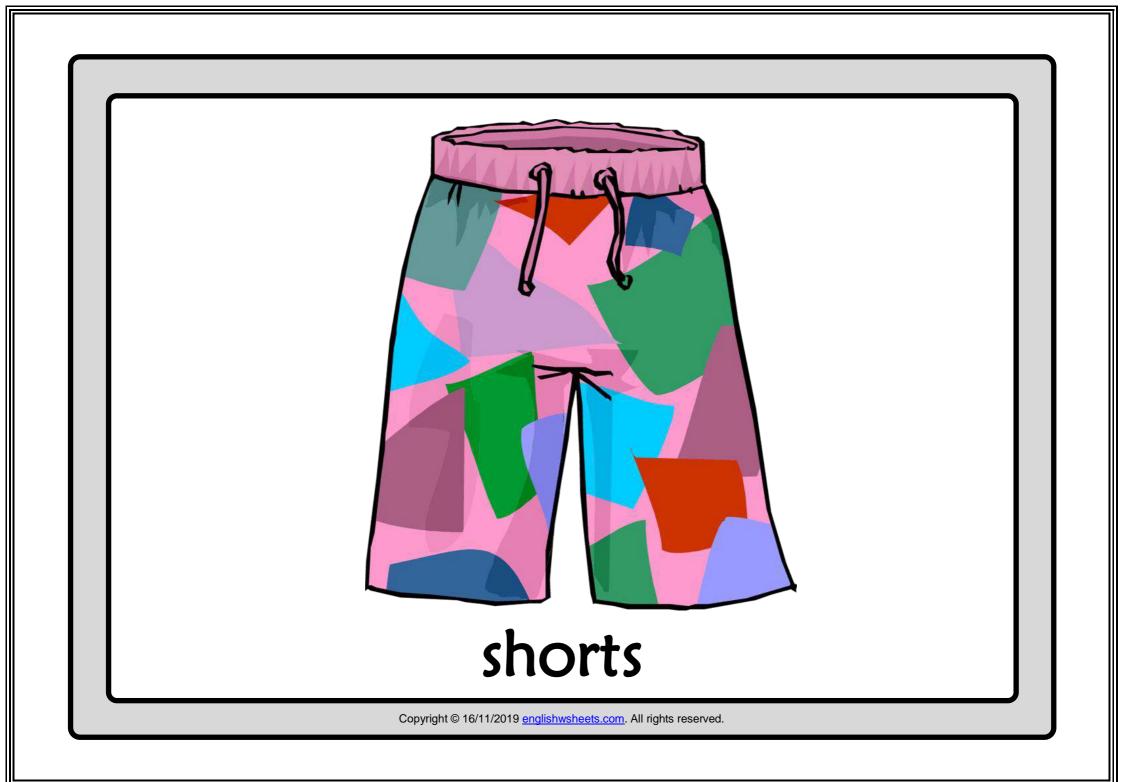


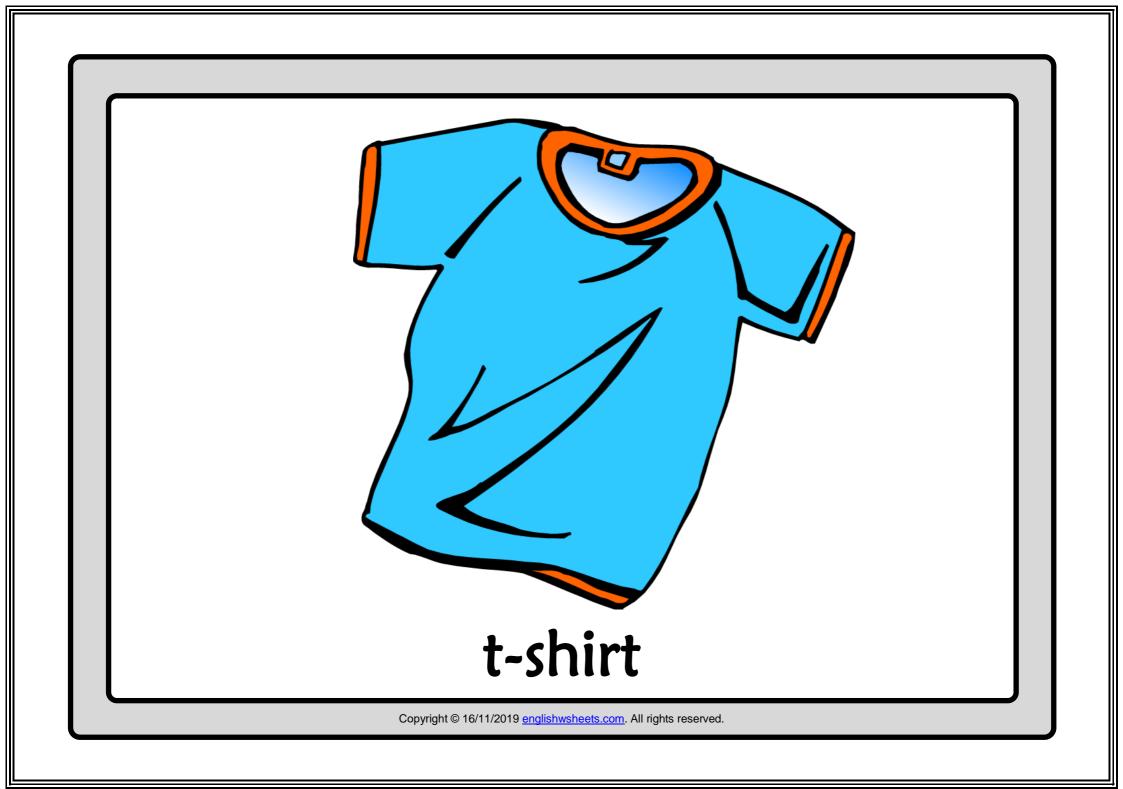


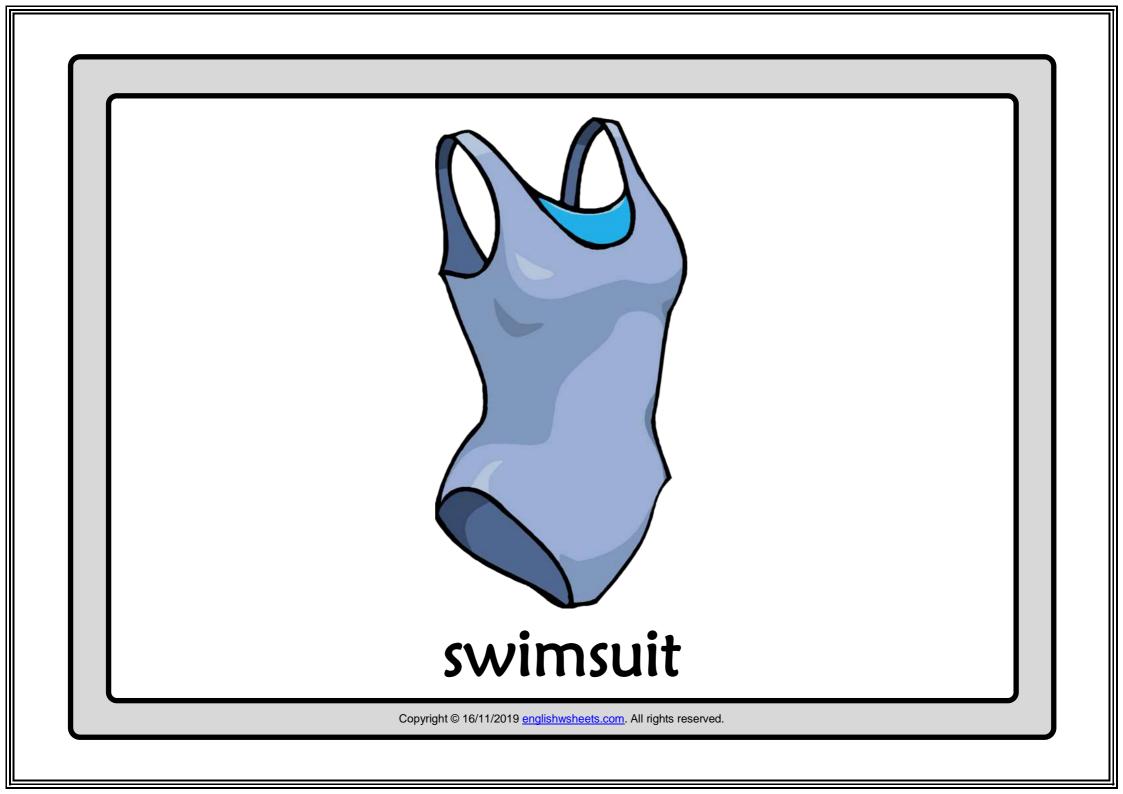


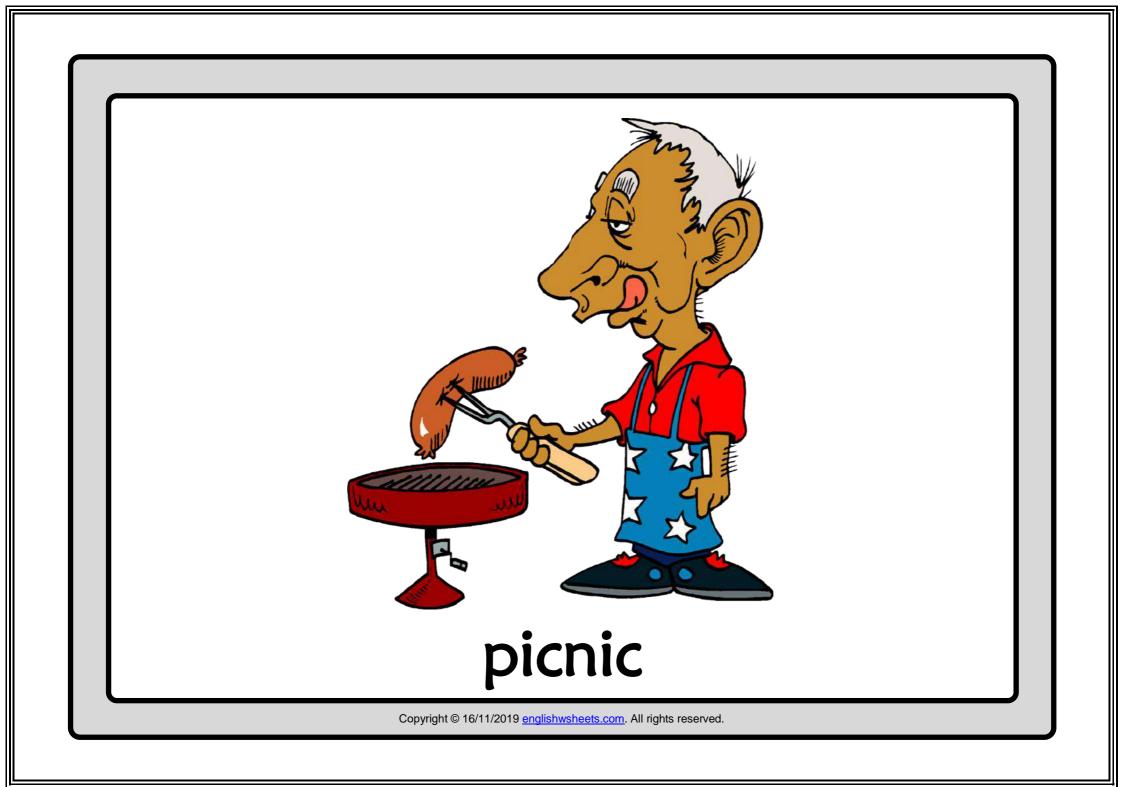


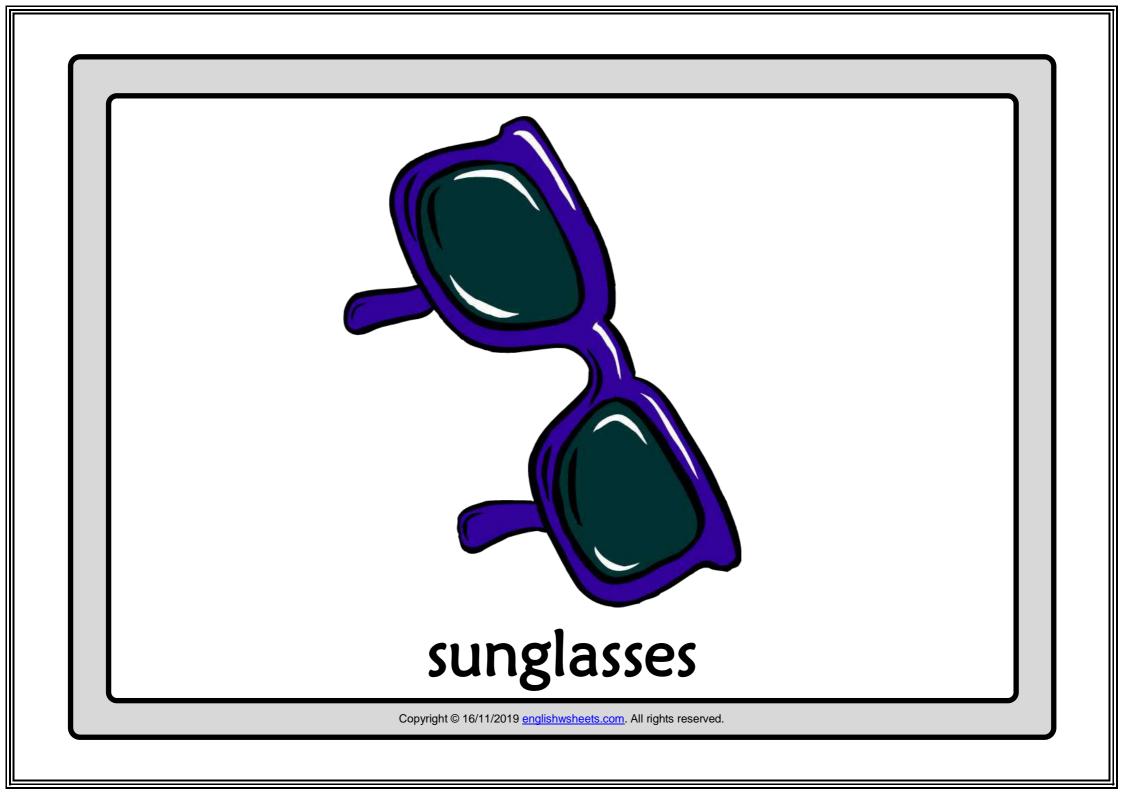


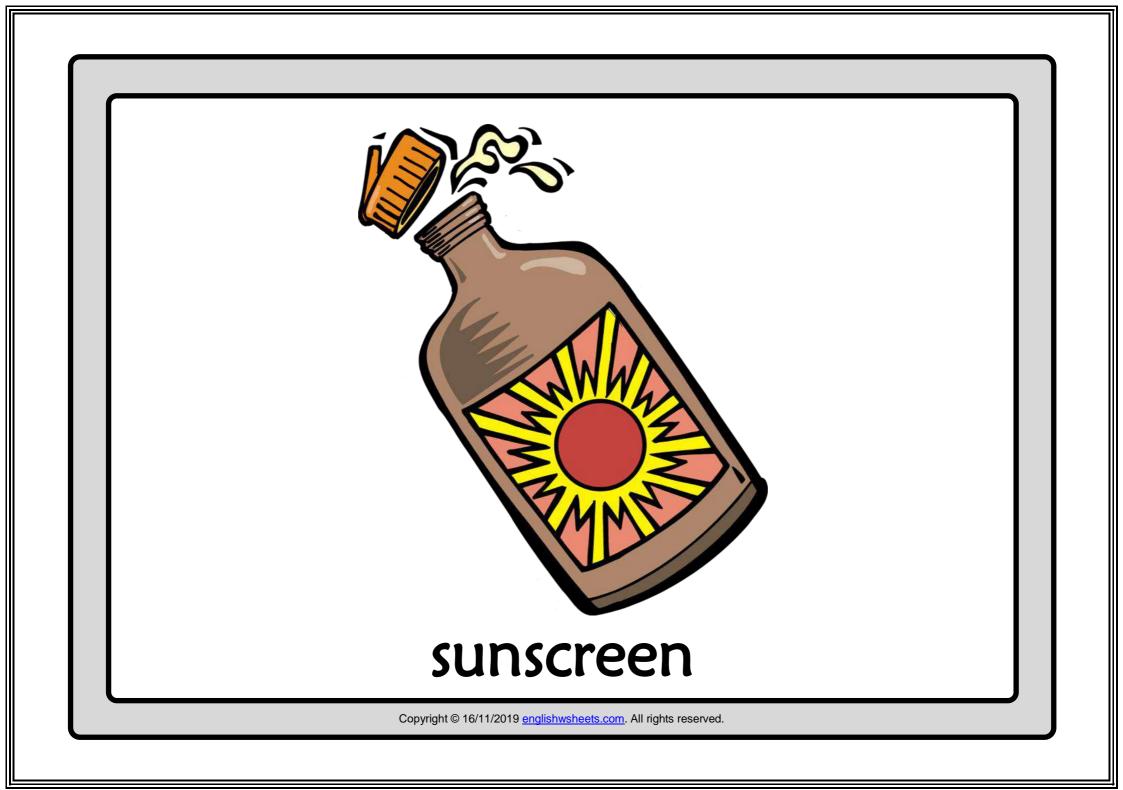


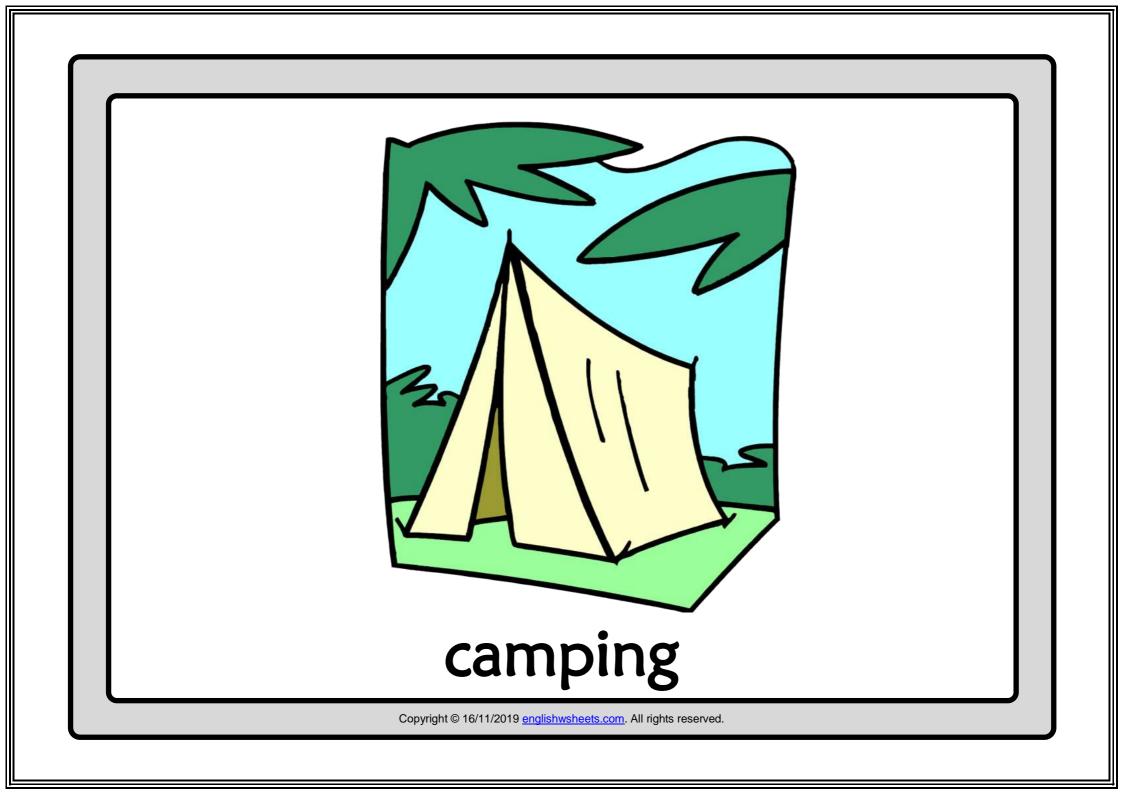


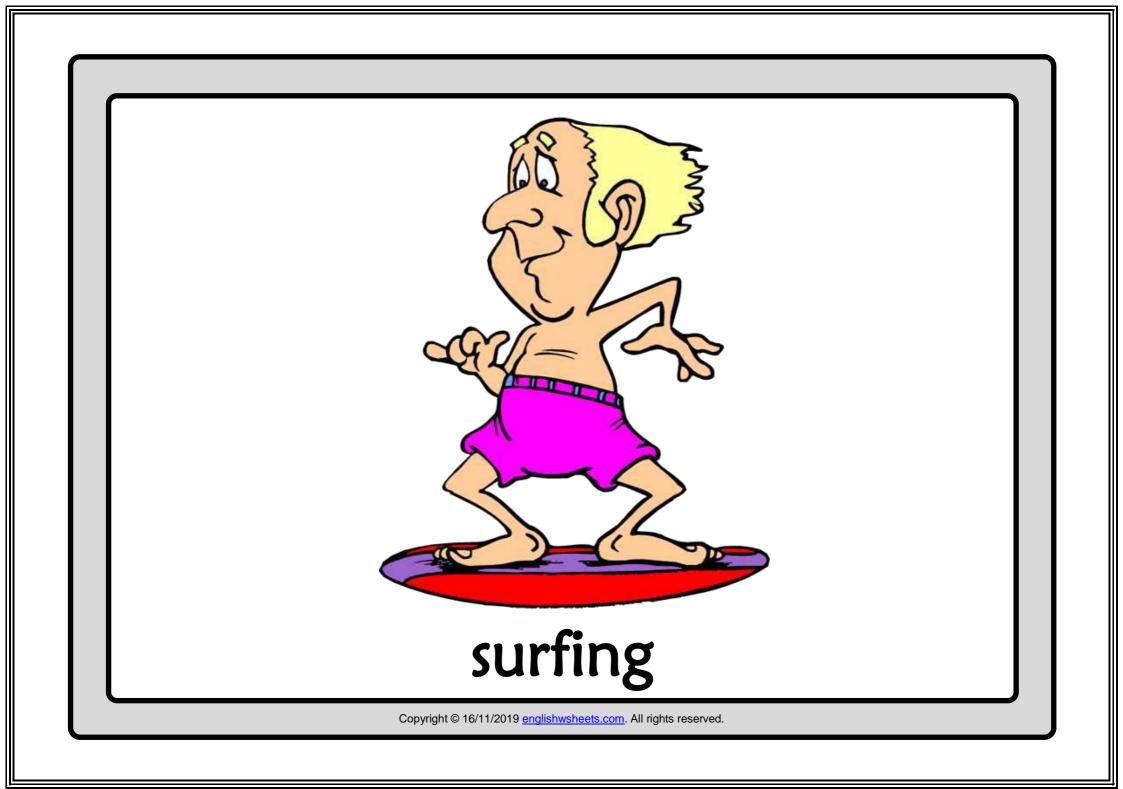


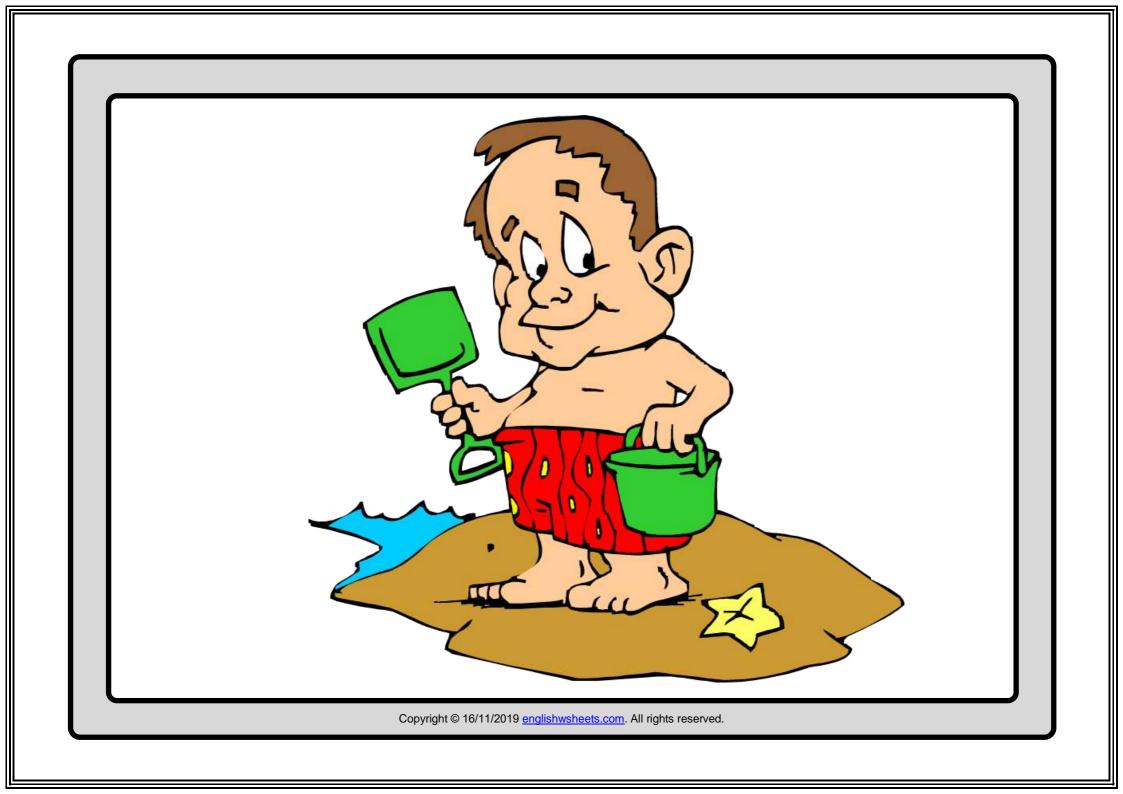


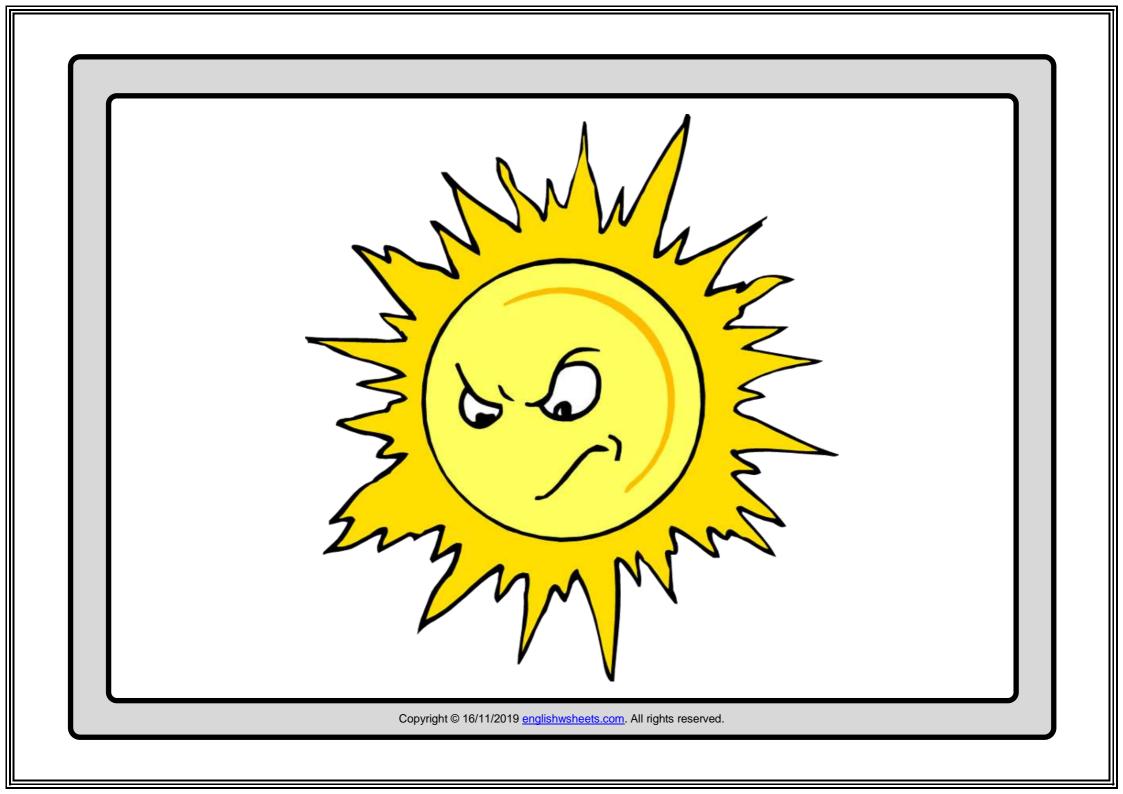


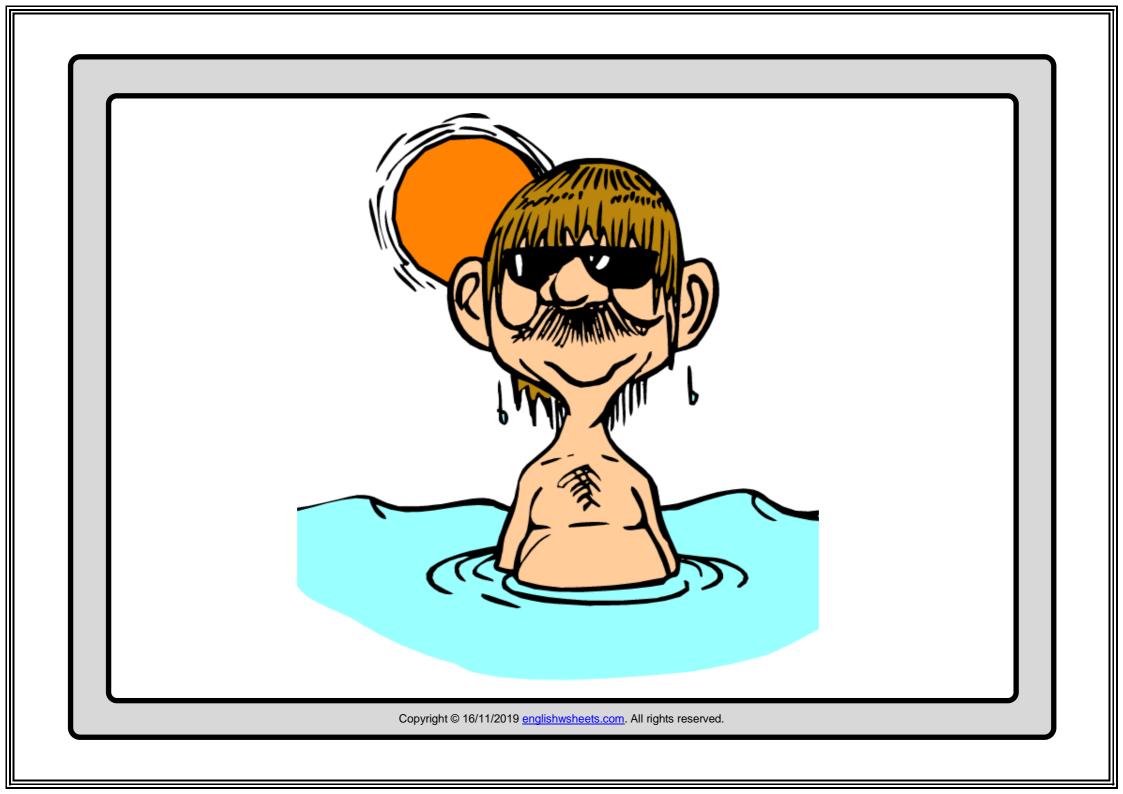


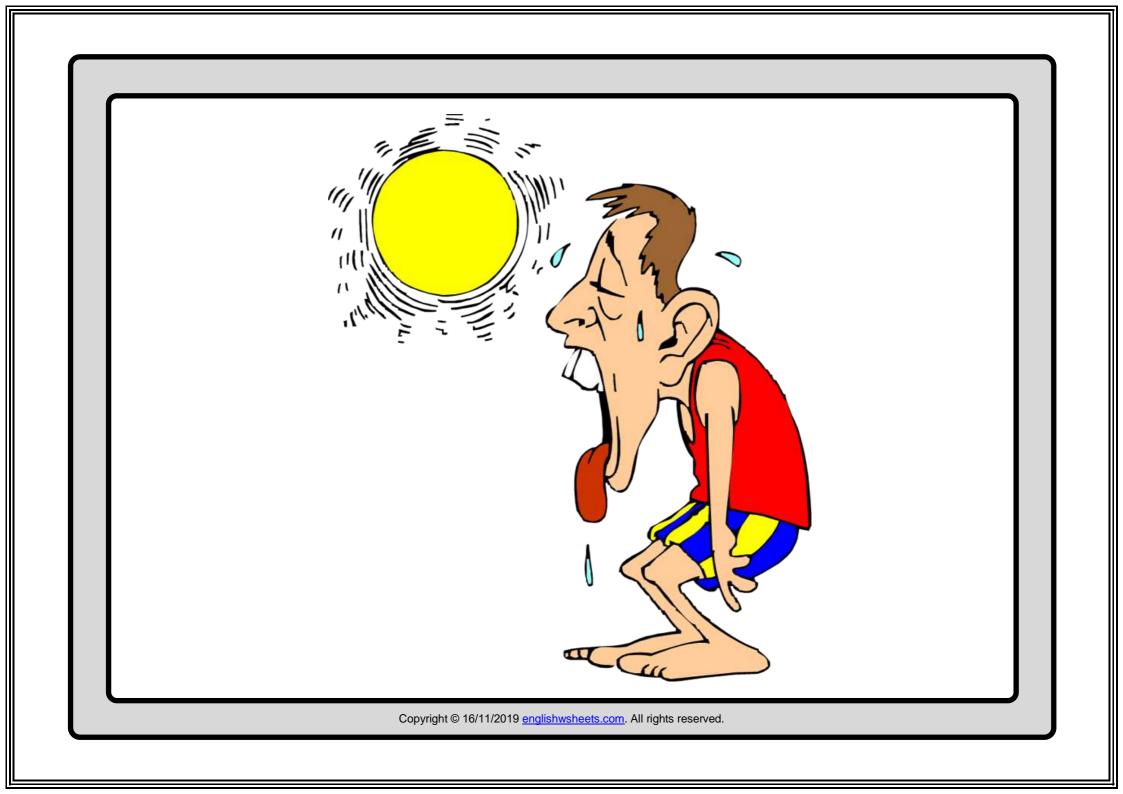


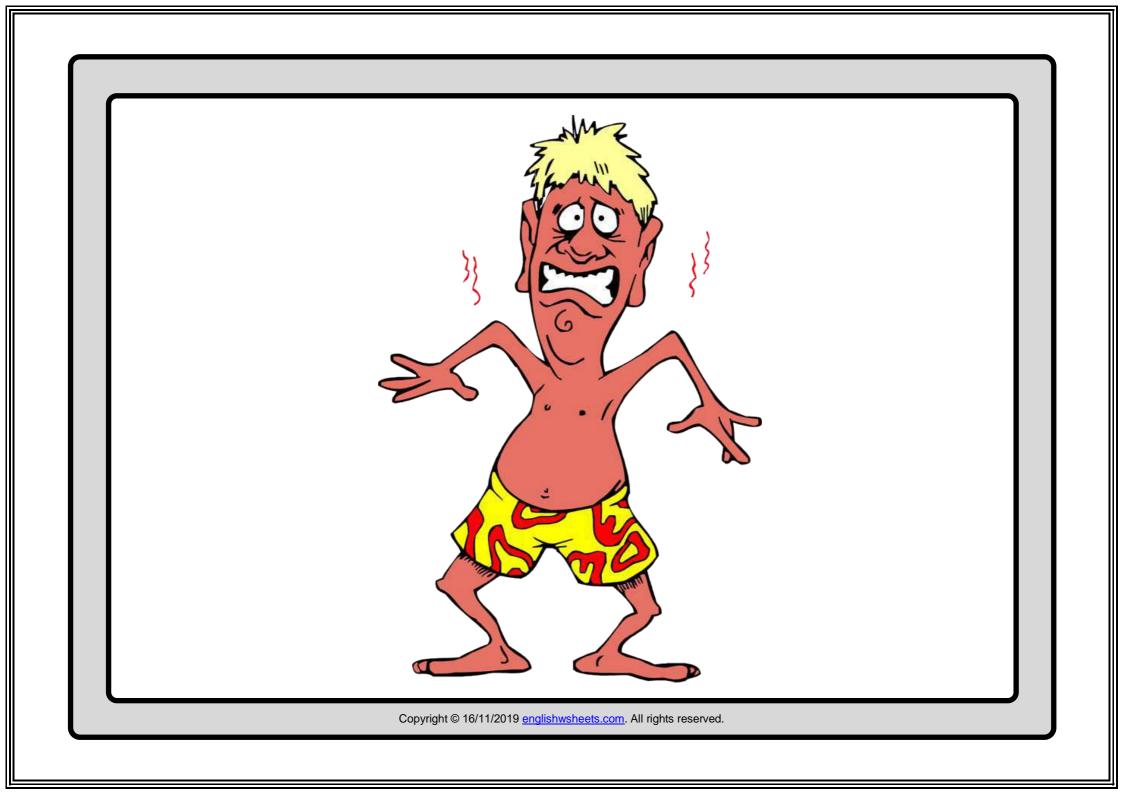


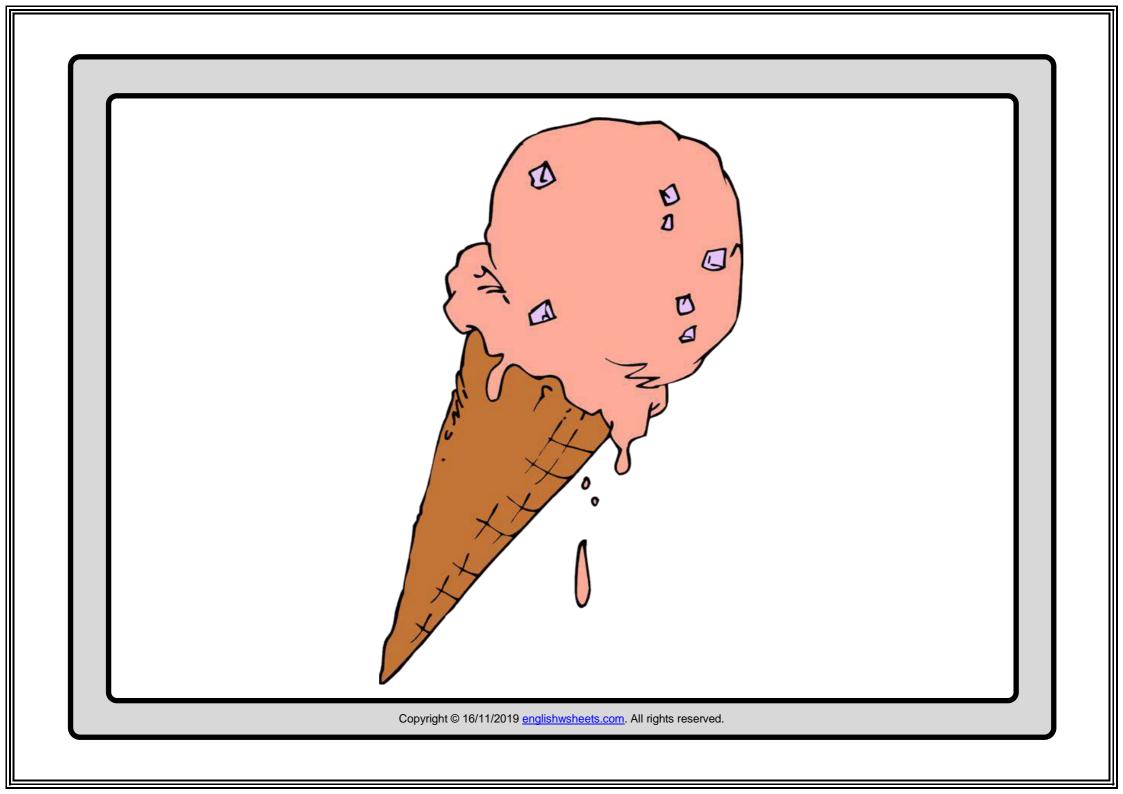


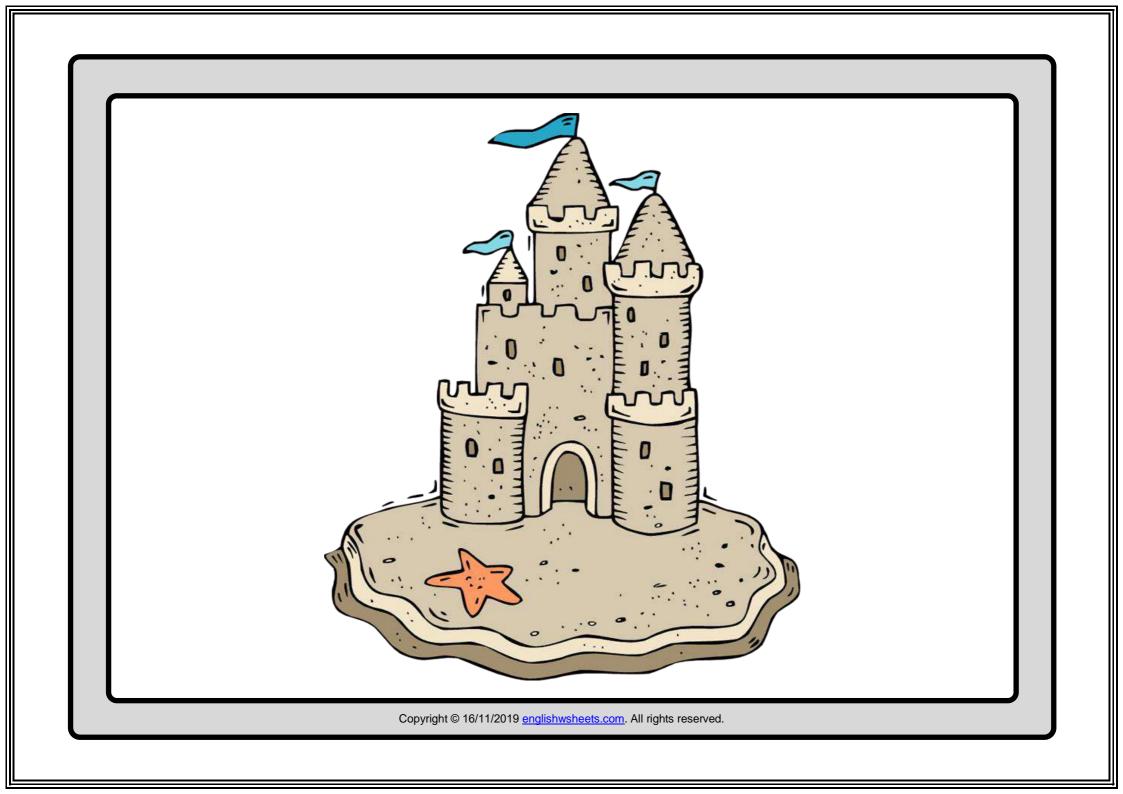






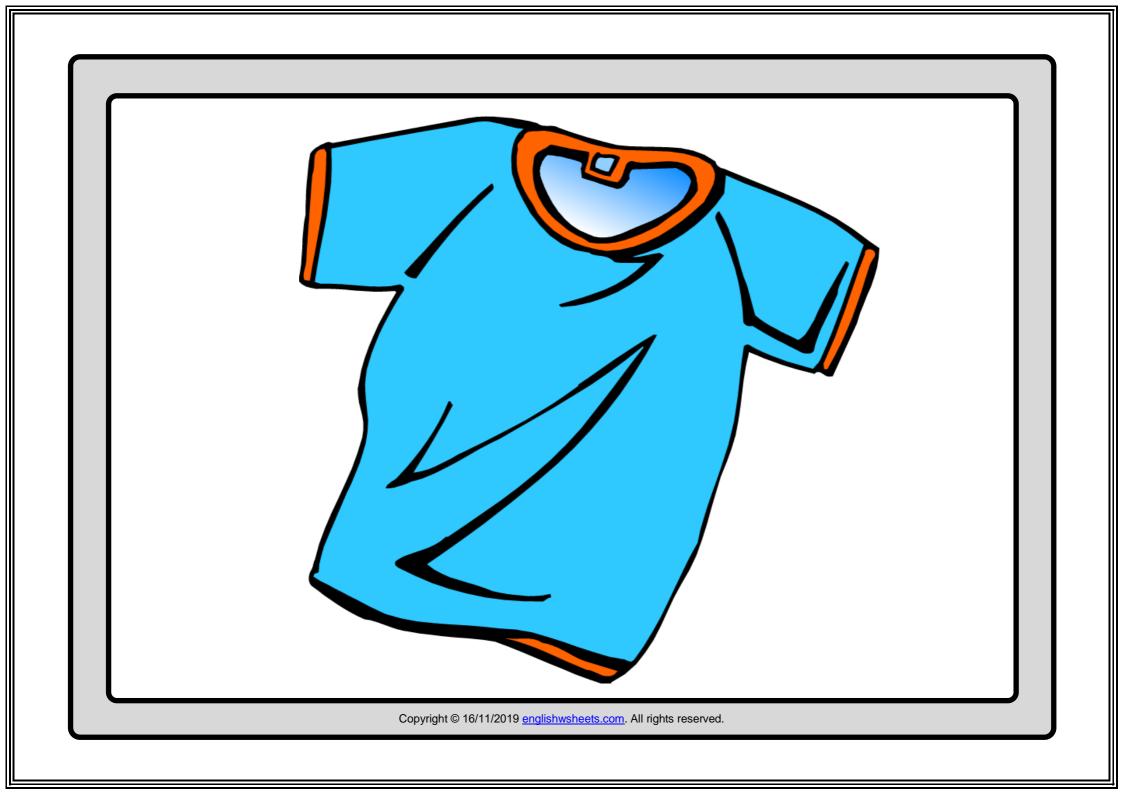


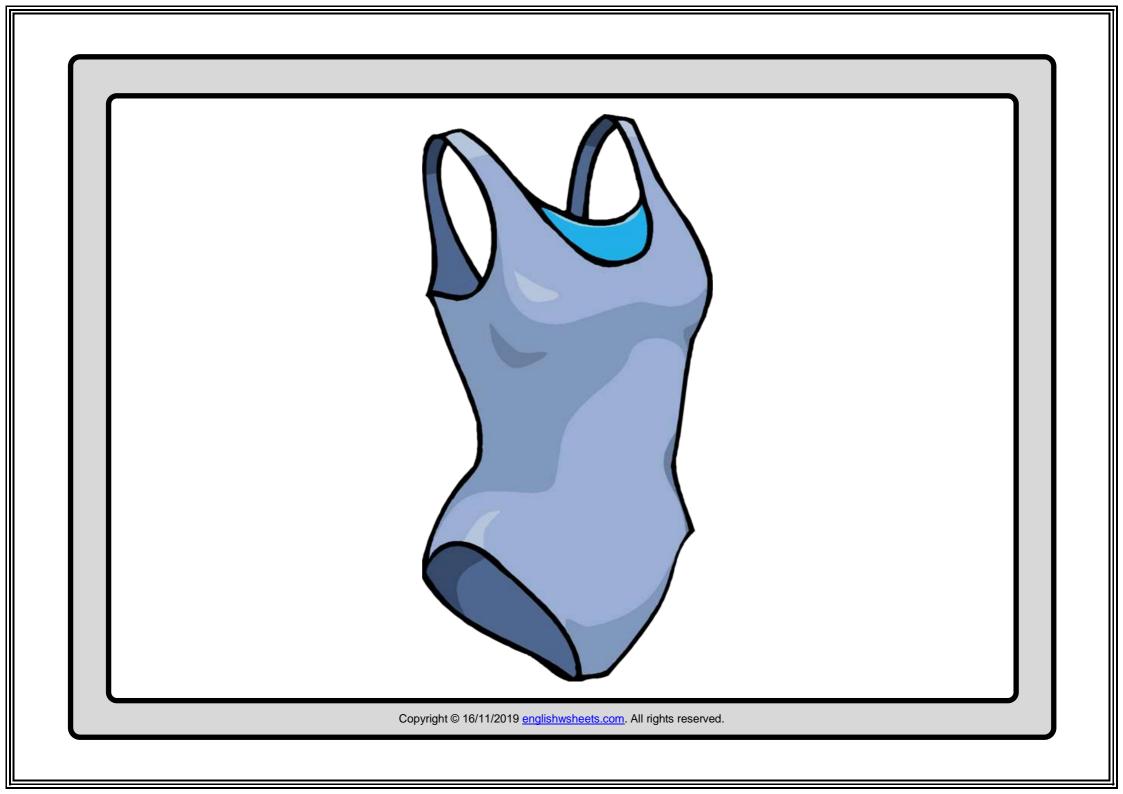




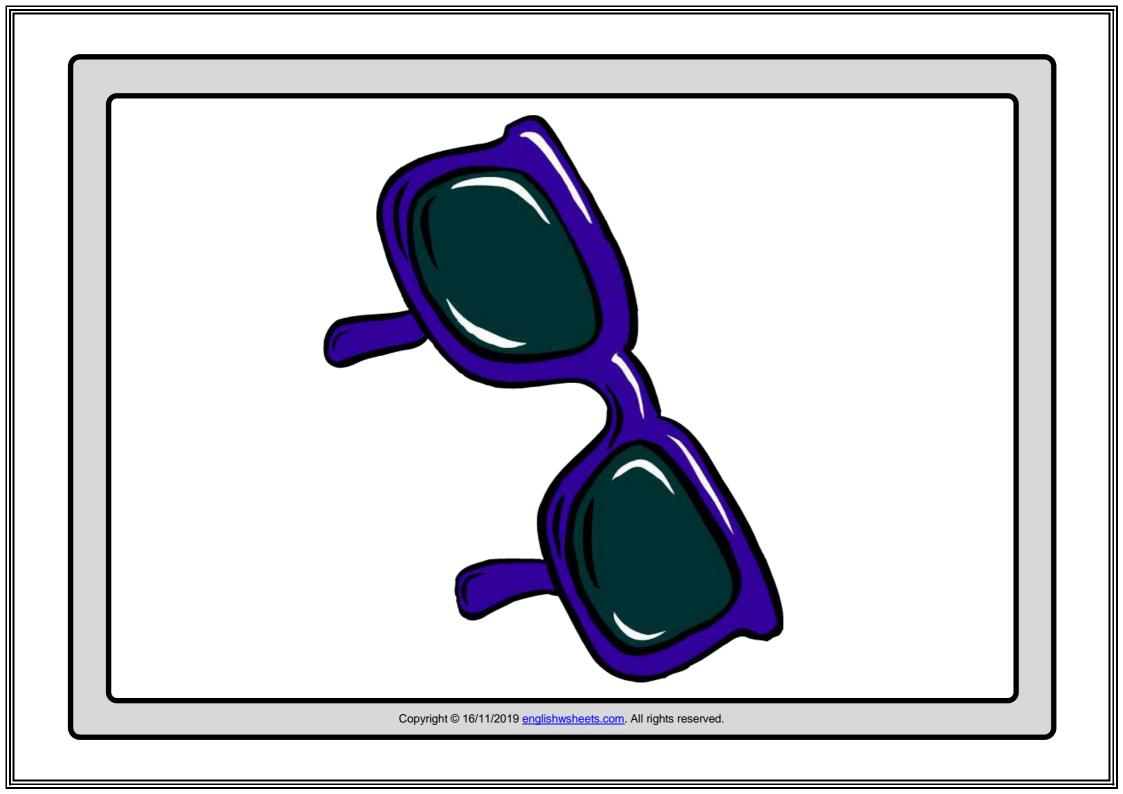




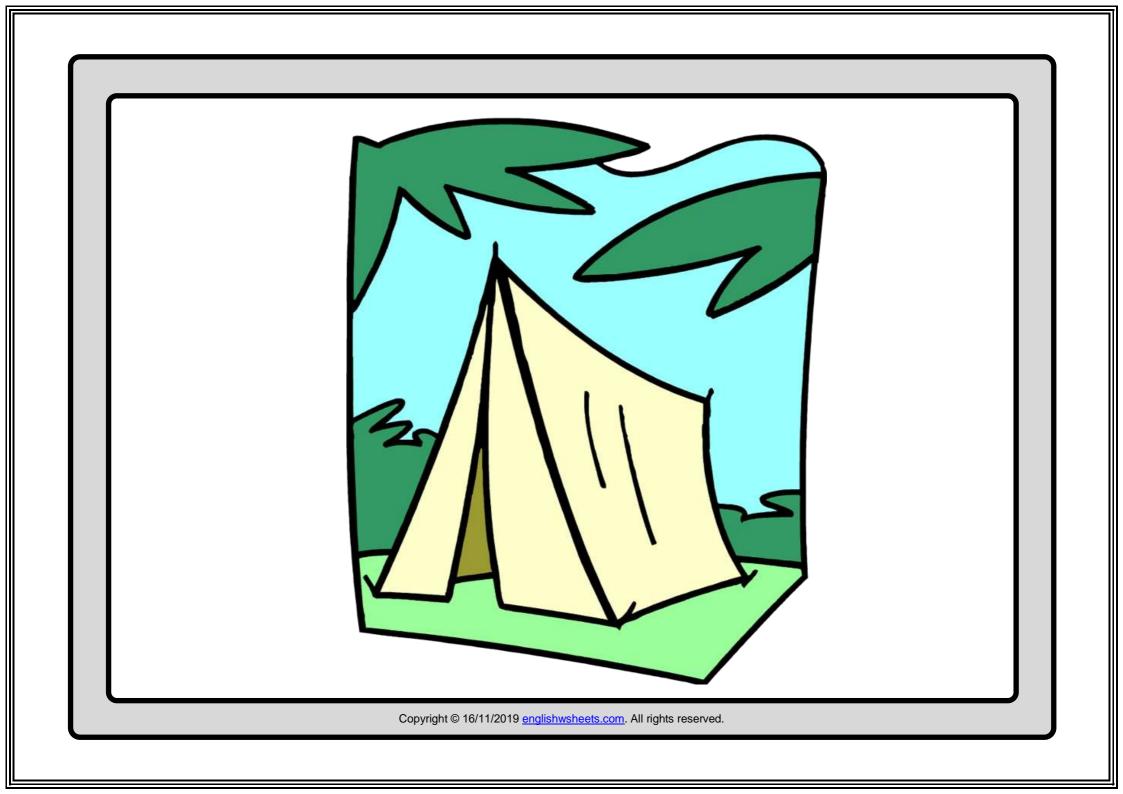


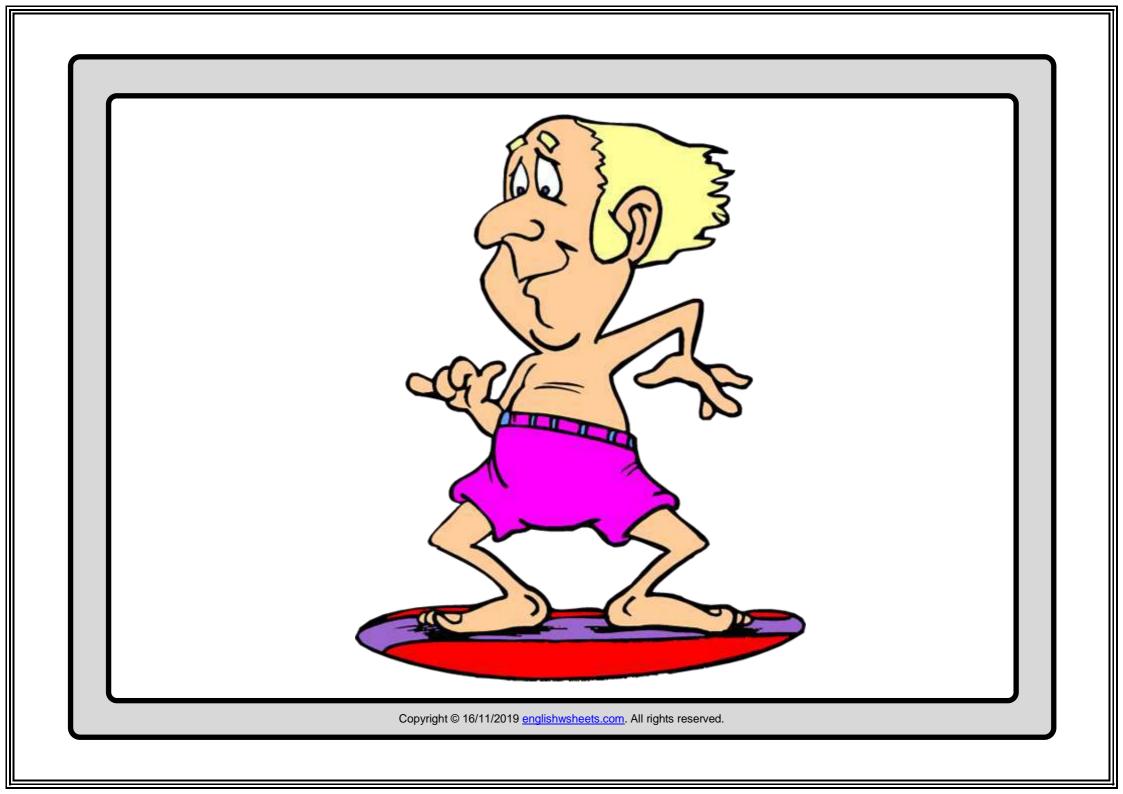


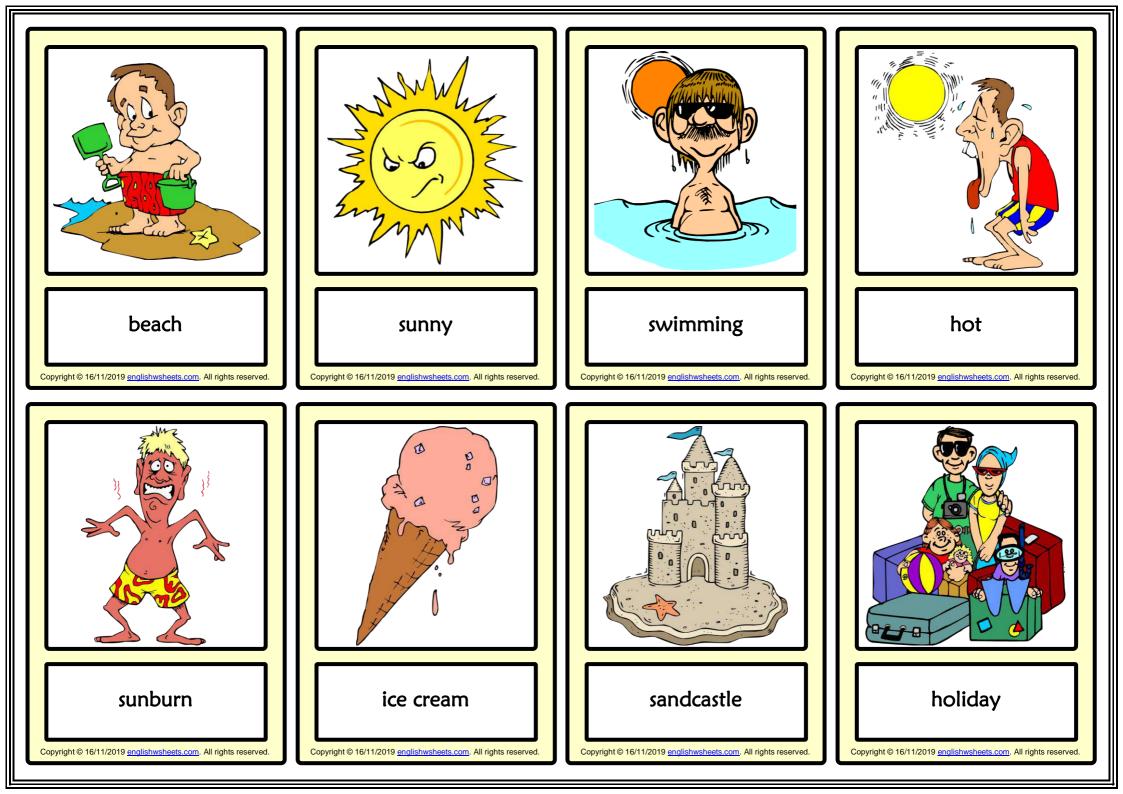




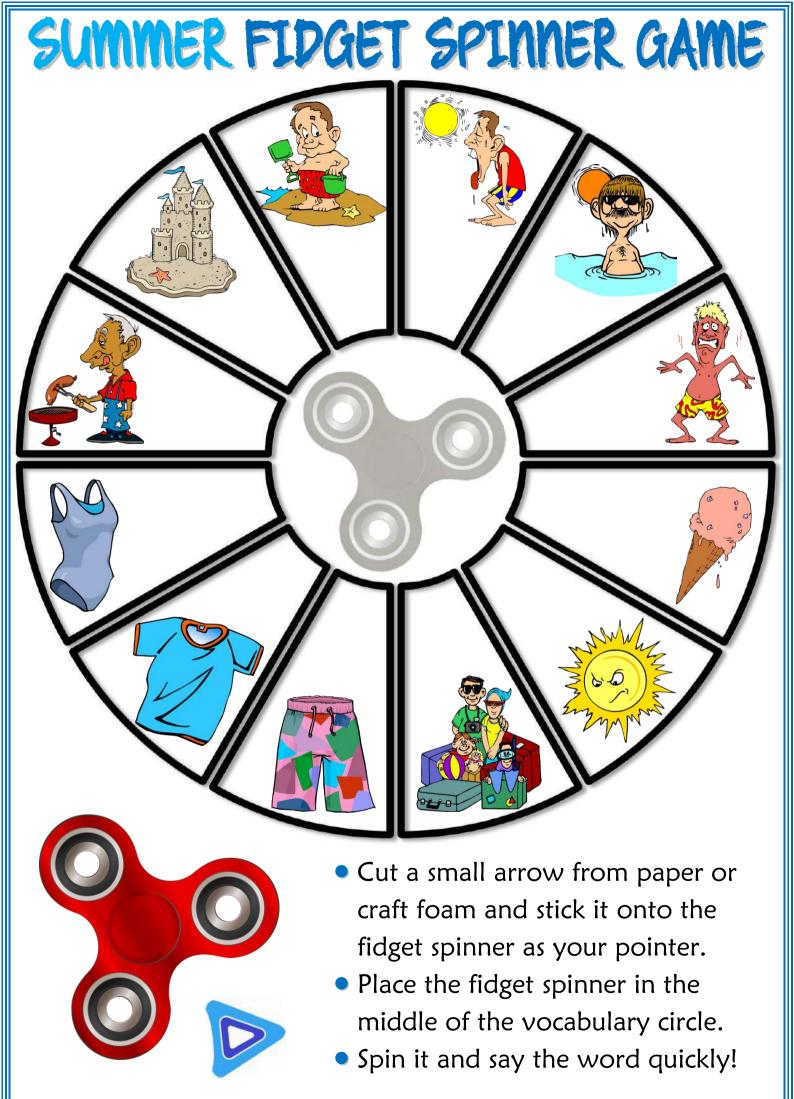




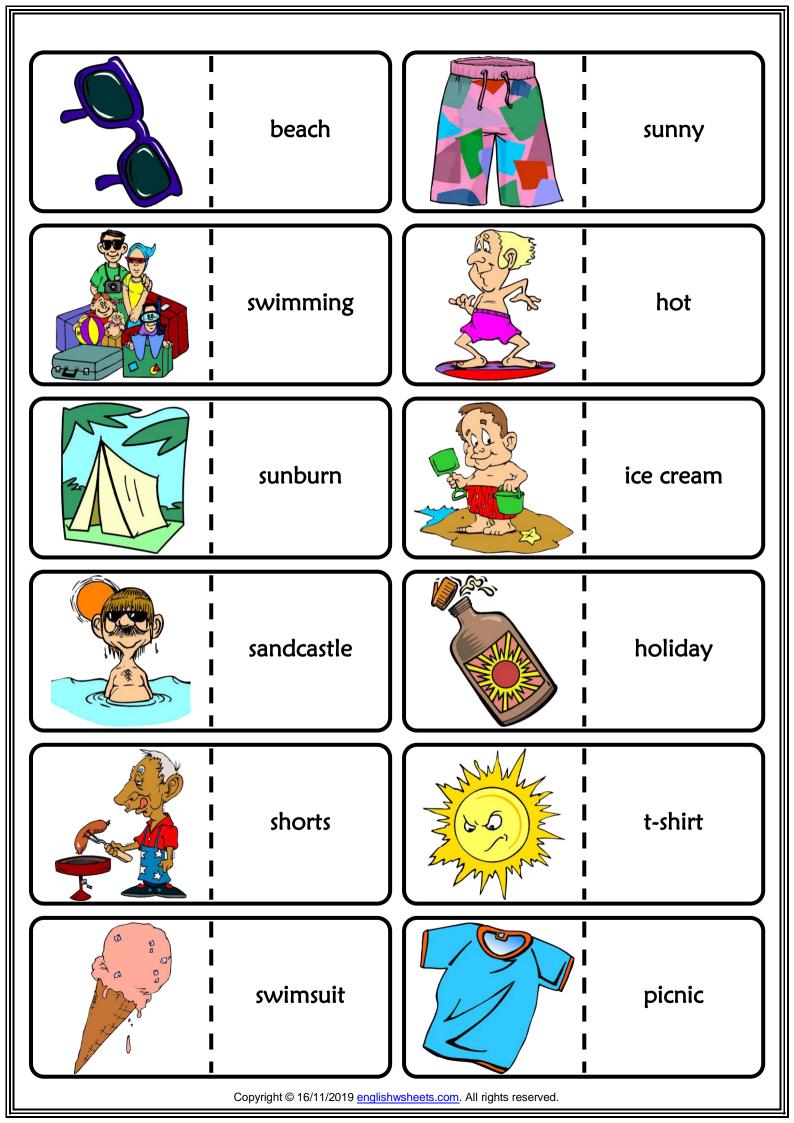


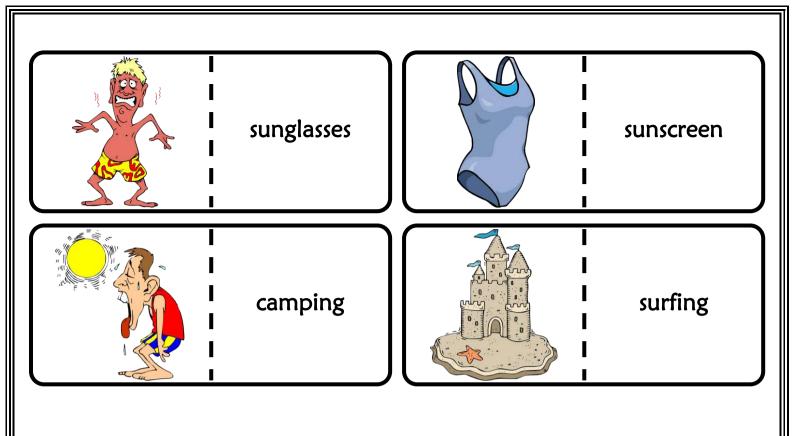












THE FROG PRINCE

One summer's evening a young princess was out for a stroll in the park. She held in her hands her favourite plaything - a golden ball. She was tossing the ball up in the air and as high as she could and waited for the ball to fall to the ground. She threw the ball so high that the princess didn't see where the ball had gone, but she heard a heavy splash coming from the nearby lake. "Oh,no! I can't believe I lost my ball," wept the princess in despair. "How am I going to tell my father that I lost the precious gift he gave me? I would give anything to be able to get it back."

A frog overheard what had happened. "Princess would you like me to help you get the ball out of the lake?" he asked, kindly.

"Yes, yes, that would be lovely," clapped the princess happily, "I will give you as many gems and diamonds as you ask for."



But the frog shook his head. "I don't want your

treasure; it's of no use to me. What I ask is that you love me and let me live with you and eat from your plate and sleep in your bed."

"What a terrible idea," thought the princess, "I doubt that the nasty frog will ever be able to find my ball and even if he did, he wouldn't be able to come to visit me - the castle is too far for him". So she replied:

"Yes, sure, just bring me my ball and I will grant your wishes."

The frog dived under the water and soon his head popped out of the surface. "Here you are, my queen - your ball," he said and, coming out of the lake, he rolled her golden ball towards her. The princess took her favourite plaything and ran towards the castle overjoyed. She forgot what she had promised the frog and left him calling after her, "Princess, take me with you as you promised." But she never turned back.

The next day the princess was sitting with her family at the dinner table when someone knocked gently on the door and was surprised to see that it was the frog, who had somehow succeeded to reach the palace on his own. The princess shut the door immediately and sat back at the table.

"Who was it that upset you so much, my darling?" her father asked.

"Oh, father..." said the princess not knowing how to explain what happened at the lake, "Yesterday I was playing with the gold ball that you gaveme as a present, when I dropped it in the lake. There was a frog there and the frog offered to help me get it out from the lake bottom. In return I had to promise that he could live with me here."

The king thought for a while, but then he said, "You are a princess and princesses should never give empty promises. Stick to your words and let him in."

The princess went to open the door and the frog jumped to the dinner table, making nasty tapping and splashing sounds. The frog turned his head to the princess. "Please lift me so that I can sit on the chair next to you," he asked. The princess placed the frog on the chair next to her. She was wiping her hand in disgust when the frog spoke again. "Lift me on the

table now, so that I can eat off your gold plate." The princess took him in her hand unwillingly and put him next to her plate. After dinner the frog spoke again. "I am so tired now" he said. "Take me to your bedroom and put me in your bed." So the princess took him to her chamber and left him on the pillow next to hers. The frog slept next to the princess as she had promised him and in the morning he hopped downstairs and went out of the castle. "Phew" sighed the princess when she woke up and saw that the frog was gone, "He won't bother me again, now that I have granted him the wish." But she was wrong, because the frog came back in the evening. She was already in bed when she heard the same gentle knock on the door. She opened the door and the frog jumped in with a tapping sound. He asked the princess to sleep next to her and the she put him on the pillow. The next morning the princess woke up and saw that the frog was gone. She really hoped that it was the last night she had to sleep next to a frog. But the evening came and the frog came along with it for a third time. She let him in her room again but she had started to think of a way to get rid of him. With plans running through her mind she fell asleep.

When she woke up in the morning the frog was gone and a handsome prince was looking at her with his beautiful brown eyes. She was pleasently shocked, but she couldn't understand what happened overnight. The prince told her the story of the curse that had been put on him. "I was a prince and I lived in a castle just like you, but then one day a spiteful fairy put a spell on me. I had to find a princess who would let me to live with her, eat from her plate and sleep in her bed, so that I could break the spell. I am so happy that you were that princess, who got me out of my misery," he said.

He kneeled down and took her hand in his. "I wish nothing else from you, but to marry me and live with me in my father's kingdom." The young princess didn't take long to agree. The king gave the princess one of his horses. The young prince and the princess rode off together to his father's castle. They married and lived together happily for a great many years.

THE FROG PRINCE

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS

- What was the princess doing when she dopped her golden ball into the lake?
- 2. What did she offer the frog for bringing the golden ball back to her?
- 3. What did she promise to do if the frog brought the golden ball back?
- 4. Did she keep her promise when the frog brought back the golden ball?
- 5. Who did she see when she left the table and opened the door?
- 6. Why did the princess have to let the frog live with her?
- 7. What happened to the frog in the end? ...

WRITE TRUE OR FALSE

- 1. _____ The princess was walking her dog in the park when she saw a frog.
- 2. ____ The frog dived under the water, but he could not find the golden ball.
- 3. _____ The princess was not happy to live with the frog, but she had to.
- 4. ____ The frog slept next to the princess for three days.
- 5. ____ The prince came to the castle to ask for his frog and get him back.



CIRCLE THE CORRECT CHOICE

- The princess thought that it was aidea when she heard the frog's offer. terrible / great / acceptable
- She thought that the frog could not come as the castle was too for him. cold / far / big
- The princess and her family were sitting at the table when the frog came. breakfast / lunch / dinner
- The king told the princess that a princess should never give promises. quick / little /empty
- The young princess found it
 when the frog sat and ate with her.
 enjoyable / disgusting / terrifying
- A fairy had put a curse on the handsome prince. pretty / lovely / spiteful

ANSWER KEY

Comprehension Questions

- 1. She was playing with it.
- 2. She offered him as many gems and diamonds as he asked for.
- 3. She promised to let him live with her, eat from her plate and sleep in her bed.
- 4. No, she didn't.
- 5. She saw the frog.
- 6. Because her father told that a princess should never give empty promises.
- 7. He turned into a handsome prince.

Write True or False

- 1. False
- 2. False
- 3. True
- 4. True
- 5. False

Circle the Correct Choice

- 1. terrible
- 2. far
- 3. dinner
- 4. empty
- 5. disgusting
- 6. spiteful

Read the texts in the boxes and number them from 1 to 8 to sequence the fairy tale

She was really disgusted. After dinner, the frog said that he was tired and wanted her to take him to her bedroom and put him in her bed. The frog slept in her bed as she had promised and left the

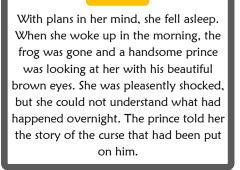
castle in the morning. The princess thought he would never come back, but the frog came back in the evening as she was about to sleep in her bed. He said he was a prince and he lived in a castle, but a spiteful fairy came and put a spell on him. He had to find a princess who would let him live with her, eat from her plate and sleep in her bed to break the spell. He added that he was happy that she was that princess. The prince took her to his kingdom. They married and lived together happily. A frog had overheard what had happened and asked her if she wanted him to bring the golden ball back. She said she would give him as many gems as he wanted in return but he refused. He only asked for the princess to love him and let him live with her, eat from her plate and sleep in her bed. The princess thought the idea was terrible.

One summer evening a young princess was out for a stroll in the park. She was playing with her golden ball that her father gave her as a gift. She was tossing it up in the air as high as she could. She threw the ball so high and it fell into the nearby lake. She wept hopelessly thinking how she could tell it to her father.

He asked the princess to sleep in her bed and she put him on the pillow. The next morning the frog was gone again. The princess hoped that it was the last night she had to sleep next to a frog. But the evening came and the frog came along for a third time. She let him in her room again, but she really wanted to get rid of him.



She immediately shut the door and sat back at the table. Her father asked her what the problem was and she told everything to him. The king thought for a while and told her that a princess should always keep her promises. Then she had to open the door and let the frog in. The frog jumped to the dinner table and ate from her plate.



But since she believed that the frog could not come to visit her as the castle was too far for him, she accepted it. When the frog dived into the lake and brought back her golden ball, she took it and ran towards the castle. The next day the princess was having dinner when someone knocked the door. She opened the door and it was the frog. Read the texts in the boxes and number them from 1 to 8 to sequence the fairy tale

8

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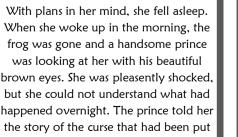
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6



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